

# ***EWSB sector of Higgs-less and Composite Higgs models***

**Slava Rychkov**

(Univ. Pierre et Marie Curie &  
École Normale Supérieure, Paris)



Some contributors (surely forgot someone, sorry)

Weinberg; Susskind; Appelquist; CCWZ; Casalbuoni, De Curtis, Dominici,  
Dolce; Bagger et al; Csaki, Grojean, Pilo, Terning; Barbieri, Rattazzi,  
Pomarol...

Giorgi, Kaplan, Dimopoulos, Banks, Arkani-Hamed, Cohen, Katz, Nelson,  
Nomura, Pomarol, Sundrum, Contino, Agashe, Da Rold, Luty, Rattazzi,  
Carena, Wagner, Santiago, Ponton...

### Some contributors (surely forgot someone, sorry)

Weinberg; Susskind; Appelquist; CCWZ; Casalbuoni, De Curtis, Dominici,  
Dolce; Bagger et al; Csaki, Grojean, Pilo, Terning; Barbieri, Rattazzi,  
Pomarol...

Giorgi, Kaplan, Dimopoulos, Banks, Arkani-Hamed, Cohen, Katz, Nelson,  
Nomura, Pomarol, Sundrum, Contino, Agashe, Da Rold, Luty, Rattazzi,  
Carena, Wagner, Santiago, Ponton...

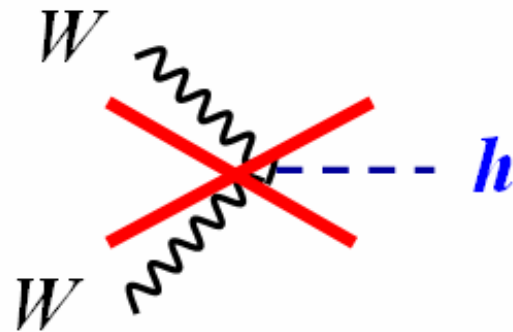
### Disclaimer

- no (warped) extra dimensions
- no Little Higgs

# Terminology

- *Higgs-less* models  
= models without Higgs boson

i.e. no CP-even scalar  
with significant coupling to  $WW$

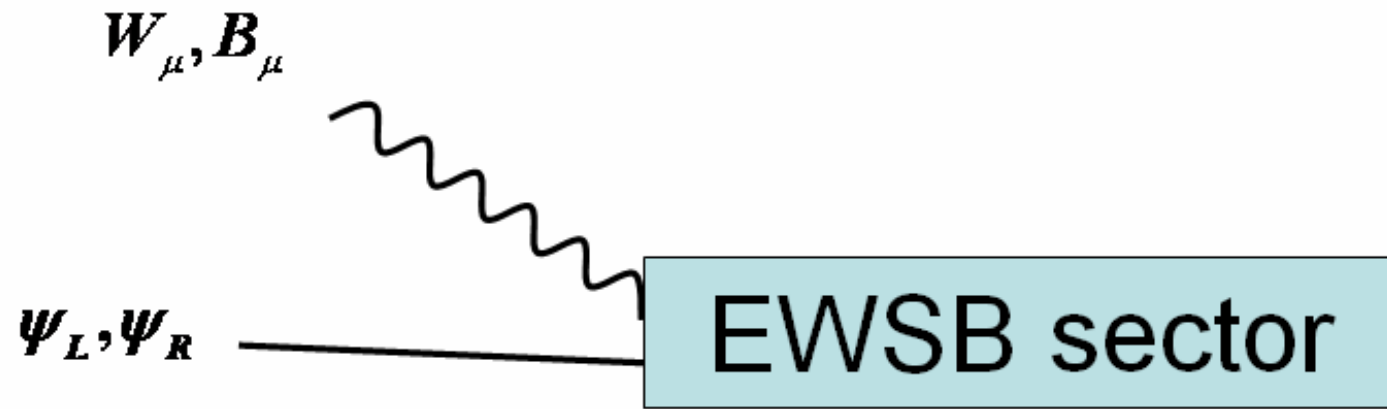


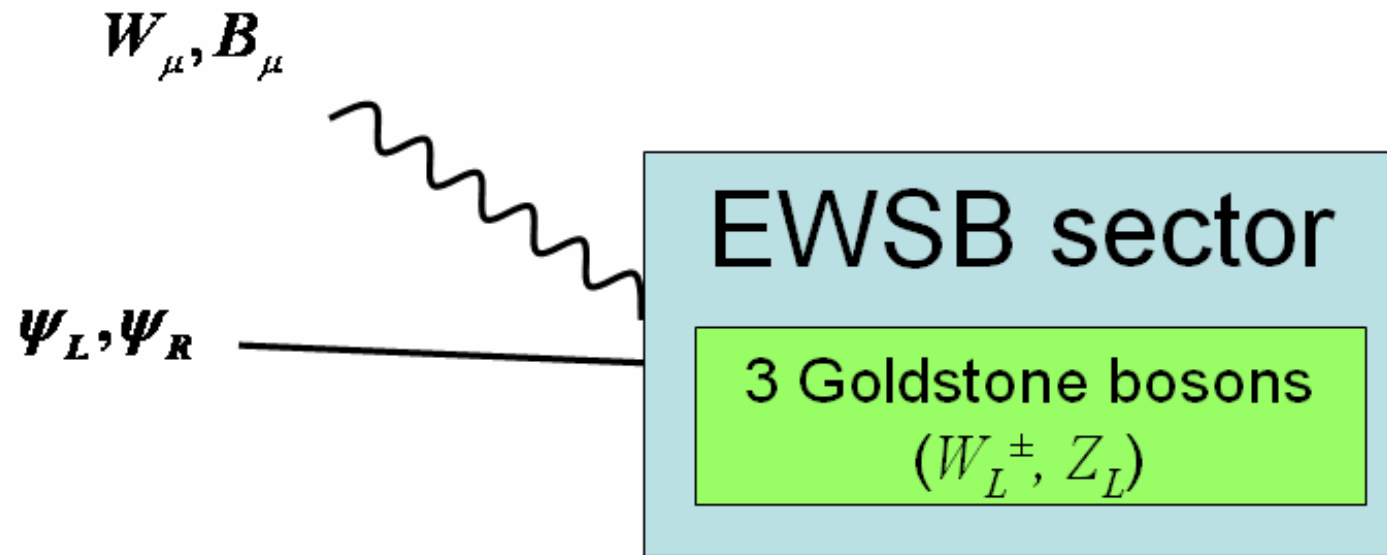
# EWSB sector

$W_\mu, B_\mu$

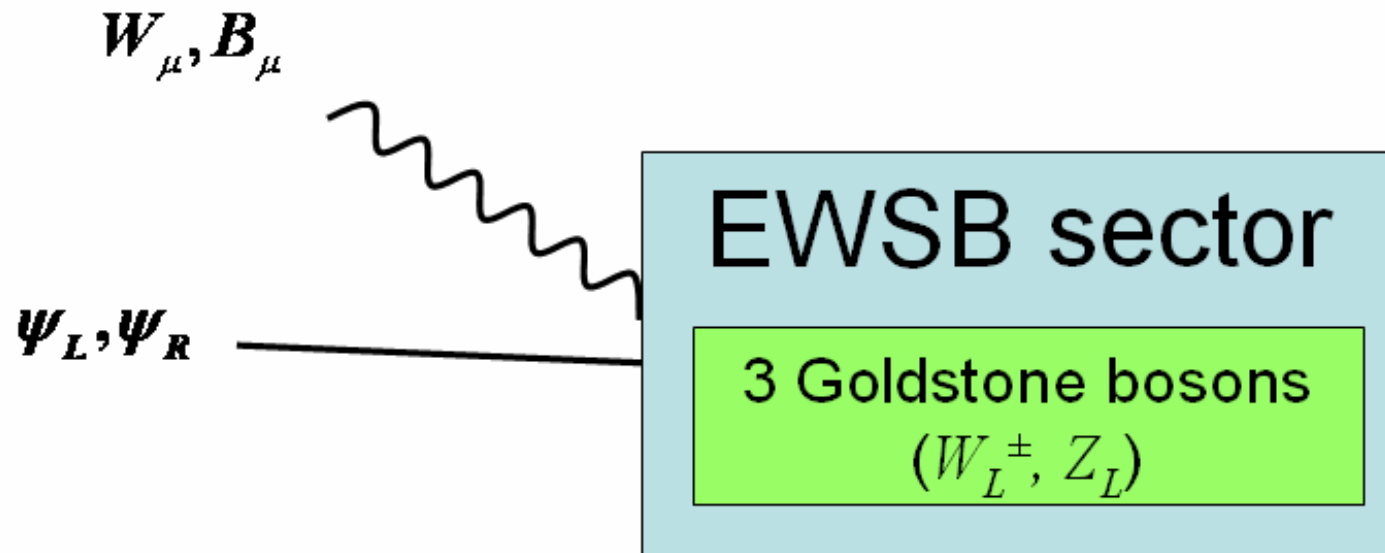


EWSB sector









Goldstones must be related by symmetry  
(to explain  $\rho=1.00\dots$  )

$\Rightarrow$  Symmetry breaking pattern (at least)

$$SO(4) \rightarrow SO(3)$$

“custodial symmetry”

# Minimal EWSB sector

(just Goldstones)

= nonlinear  $SO(4)/SO(3)$  sigma-model for  
Goldstone interactions

$$\phi_1^2 + \phi_2^2 + \phi_3^2 + \phi_4^2 = v^2$$

$$v = 174 \text{ GeV}$$

# Minimal EWSB sector

(just Goldstones)

= nonlinear  $SO(4)/SO(3)$  sigma-model for Goldstone interactions

$$\phi_1^2 + \phi_2^2 + \phi_3^2 + \phi_4^2 = v^2$$

$$v = 174 \text{ GeV}$$

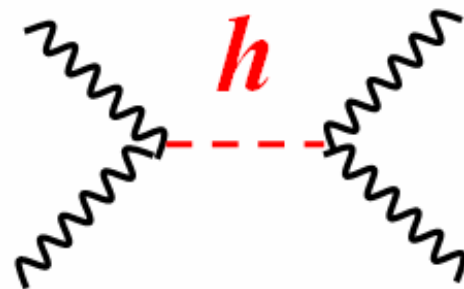
- not UV-complete
- $W_L W_L$  scattering violates perturbative unitarity:

$$\sim \frac{S}{v^2}$$

# SM - weakly coupled UV-completion

$$L_{SM} = |\partial H|^2 + \lambda(|H|^2 - v^2)^2$$

- Just 1 extra scalar (Higgs boson)
- Unitarizes  $WW$  scattering



- Model valid up to arbitrary high energies
- Disfavored by naturalness

# Technicolor – strongly coupled UV-completion

QCD-like scaled up to TeV:

$$L_{TC} = \frac{1}{g^2} (F_{\mu\nu}^a)^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{N_f} \bar{\Psi}^i D \Psi^i$$

# Technicolor – strongly coupled UV-completion

QCD-like scaled up to TeV:

$$L_{TC} = \frac{1}{g^2} (F_{\mu\nu}^a)^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{N_f} \bar{\Psi}^i D \Psi^i$$

number of new fermions feeling the technicolor force

# Technicolor – strongly coupled UV-completion

QCD-like scaled up to TeV:

$$L_{TC} = \frac{1}{g^2} (F_{\mu\nu}^a)^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{N_f} \bar{\Psi}^i D\Psi^i$$

number of new fermions feeling the technicolor force

Chiral symmetry breaking:  $SU(N_f) \times SU(N_f) \rightarrow SU(N_f)$

$$\cong SO(4) \rightarrow SO(3) \quad \text{for } N_f = 2$$

# Technicolor – strongly coupled UV-completion

QCD-like scaled up to TeV:

$$L_{TC} = \frac{1}{g^2} (F_{\mu\nu}^a)^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{N_f} \bar{\Psi}^i D\Psi^i$$

number of new fermions feeling the technicolor force

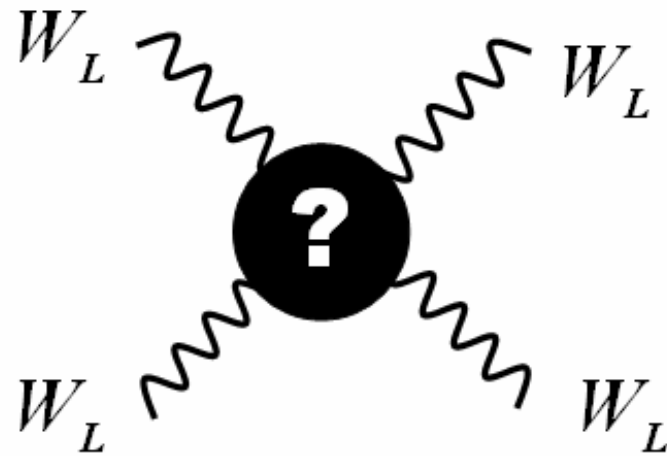
Chiral symmetry breaking:  $SU(N_f) \times SU(N_f) \rightarrow SU(N_f)$

$$\cong SO(4) \rightarrow SO(3) \quad \text{for } N_f = 2$$

- ▶ EW scale neatly explained via dimensional transmutation
- ▶ no *a priori* reason to expect a light scalar resonance (thus Higgs-less)

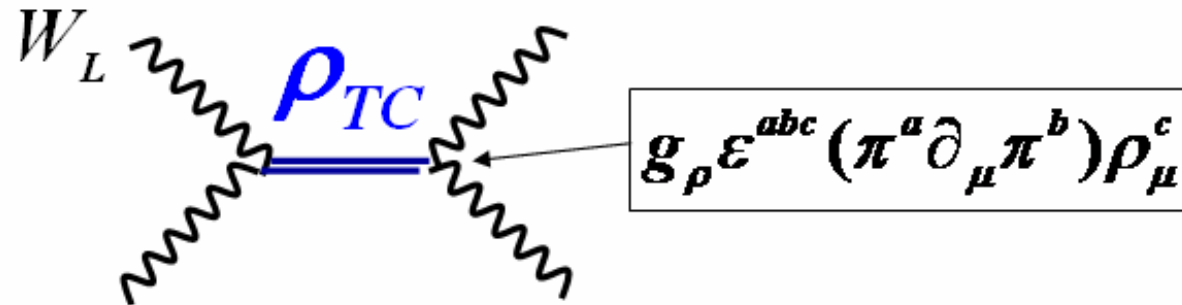


# A basic question



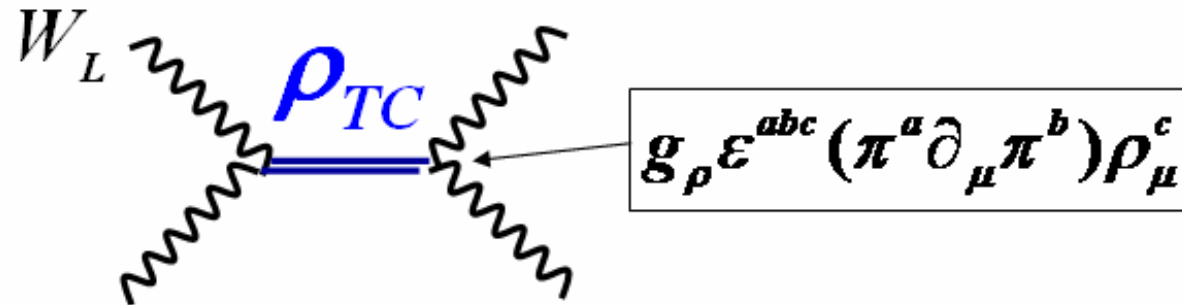
Who unitarizes the  $W_L W_L$  scattering in Higgs-less models?

# Heavy vector resonances (techni-rho)



- After scalar, the only other way to restore unitarity (however, not fully perfect)

# Heavy vector resonances (techni-rho)

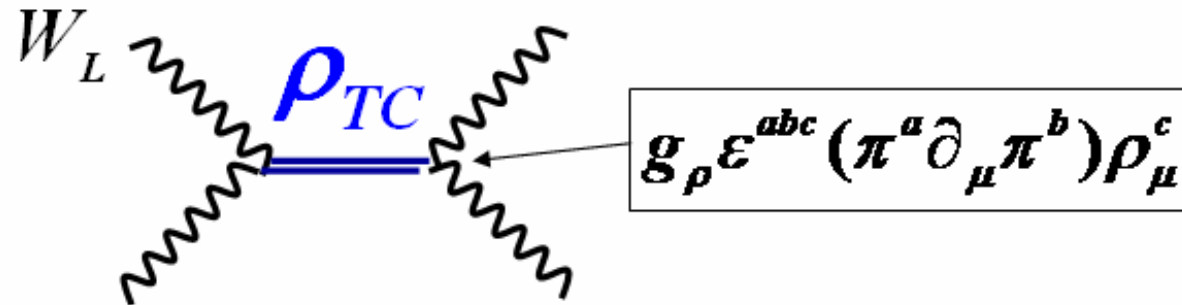


- After scalar, the only other way to restore unitarity (however, not fully perfect)
- mass, coupling, width relation:

$$M_\rho = 0.5 \div 2 \text{ TeV} \leftrightarrow g_\rho \leftrightarrow \Gamma(\rho \rightarrow \pi\pi) = 4\% \left( \frac{M_\rho}{\text{TeV}} \right)^2$$

50% for Higgs boson

# Heavy vector resonances (techni-rho)

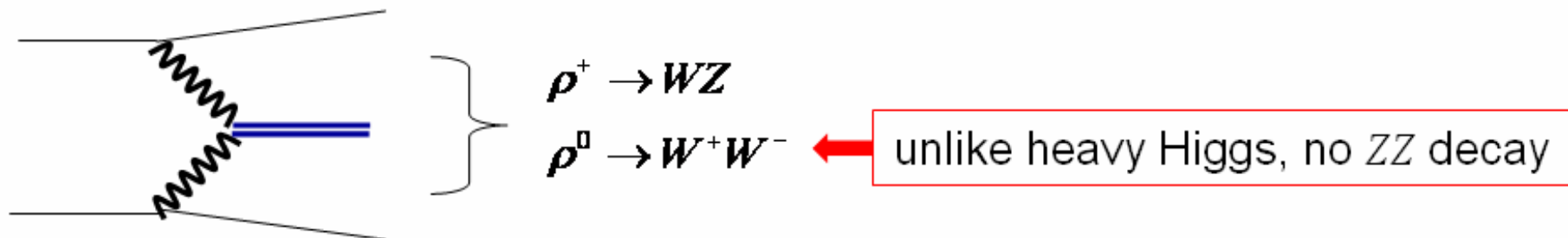


- After scalar, the only other way to restore unitarity (however, not fully perfect)
- mass, coupling, width relation:

$$M_\rho = 0.5 \div 2 \text{ TeV} \leftrightarrow g_\rho \leftrightarrow \Gamma(\rho \rightarrow \pi\pi) = 4\% \left( \frac{M_\rho}{\text{TeV}} \right)^2$$

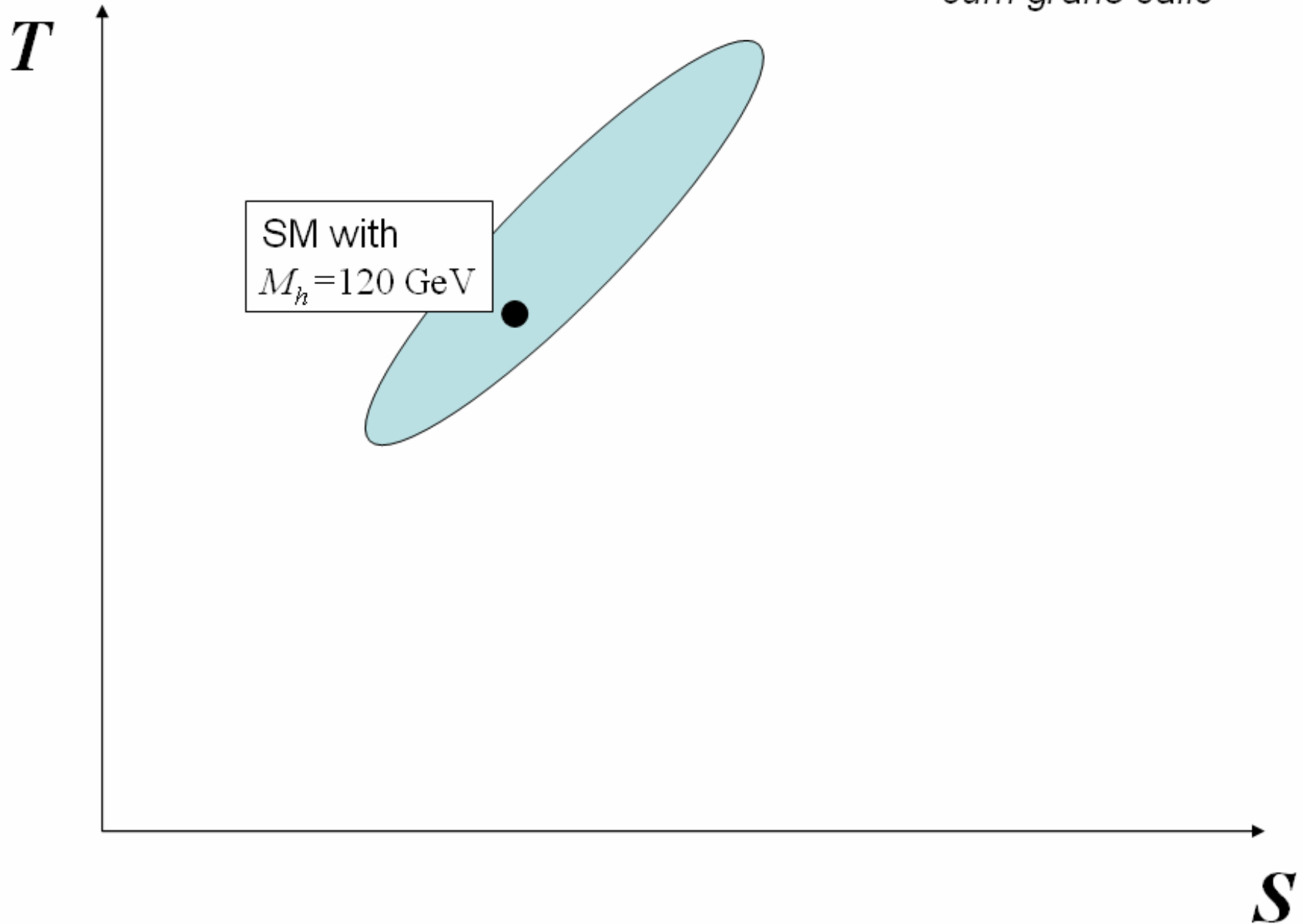
50% for Higgs boson

- can be detected in VBF at  $O(100) \text{ fb}^{-1}$



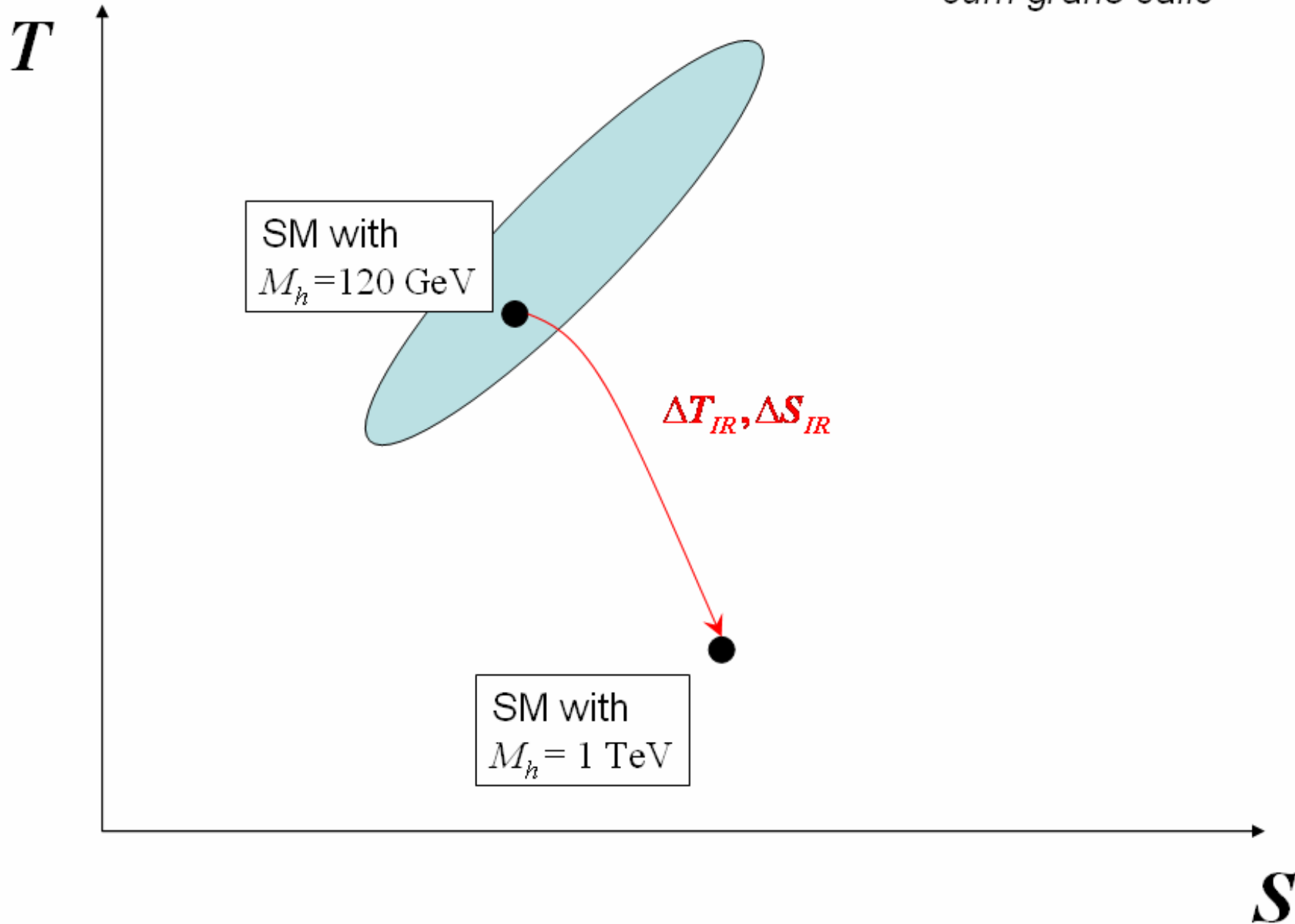
# EW precision tests

*cum grano salis*



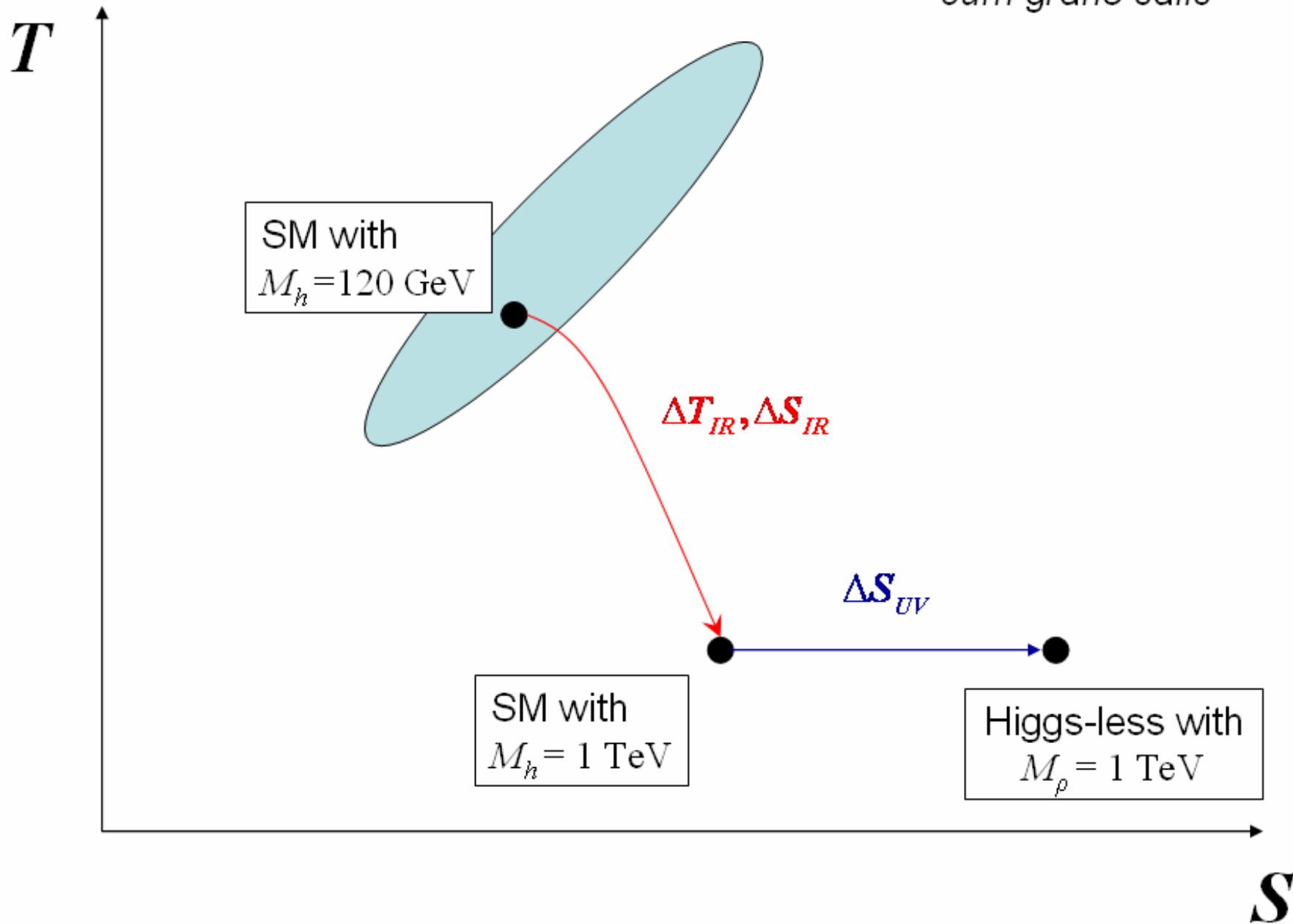
# EW precision tests

*cum grano salis*



# EW precision tests

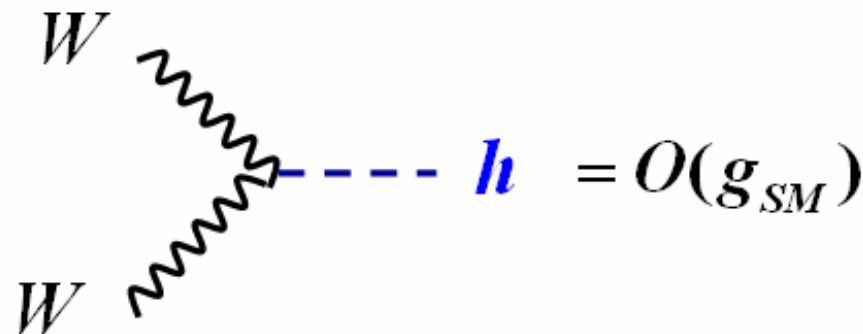
*cum grano salis*



# Terminology

Composite Higgs model  
= 'pseudo-Goldstone Higgs'

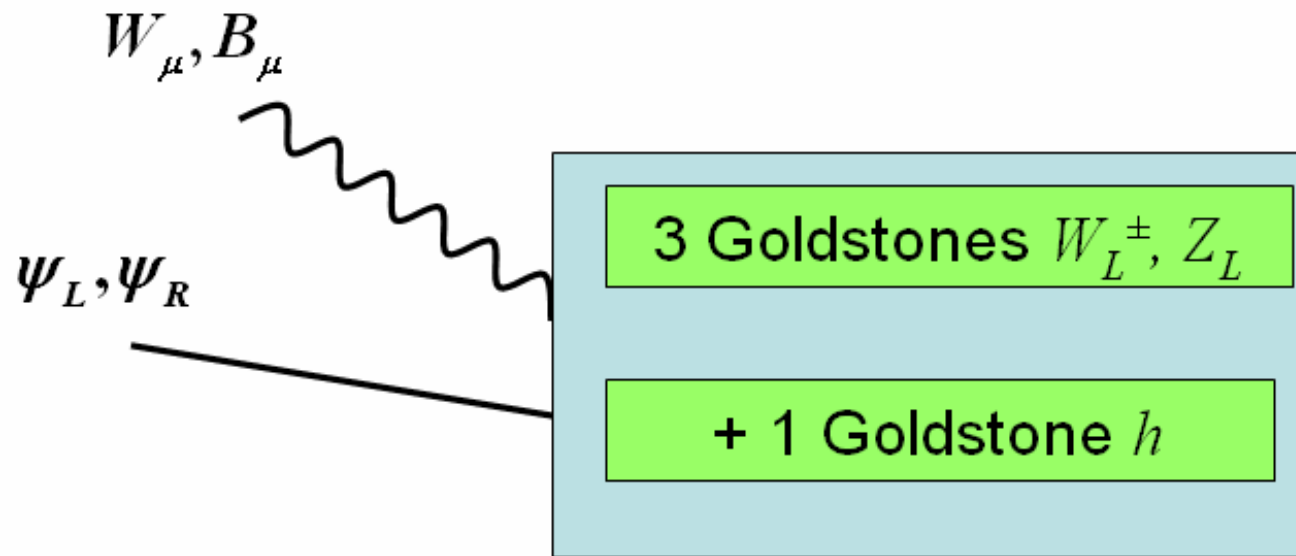
= light CP-even scalar with SM-like couplings,  
mass protected by (approximate) spontaneously  
broken global symmetry



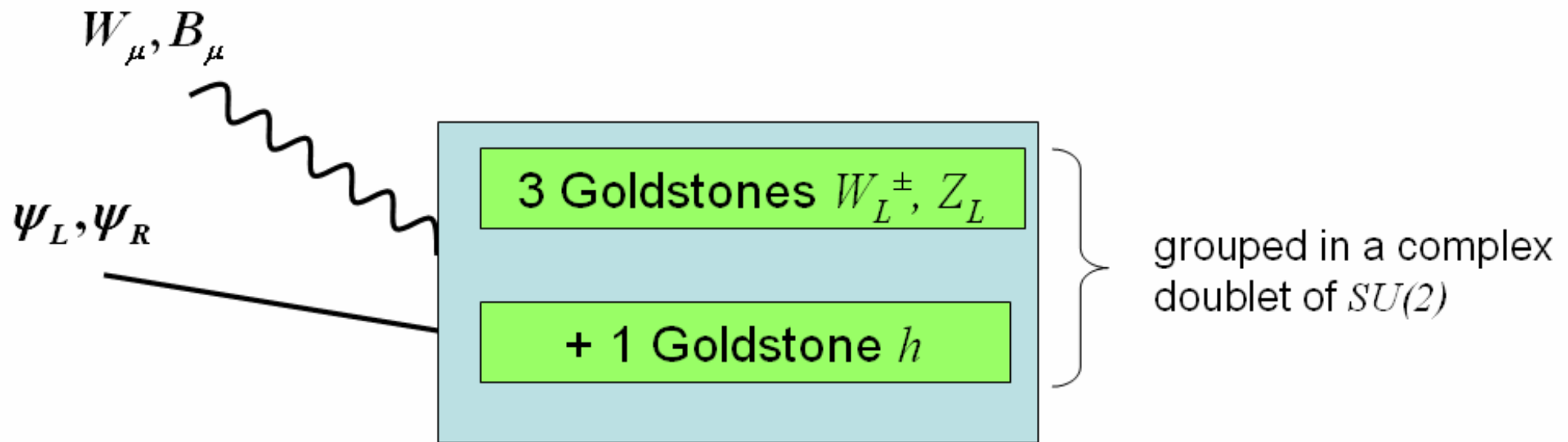
$W$   $W$   $h = O(g_{SM})$



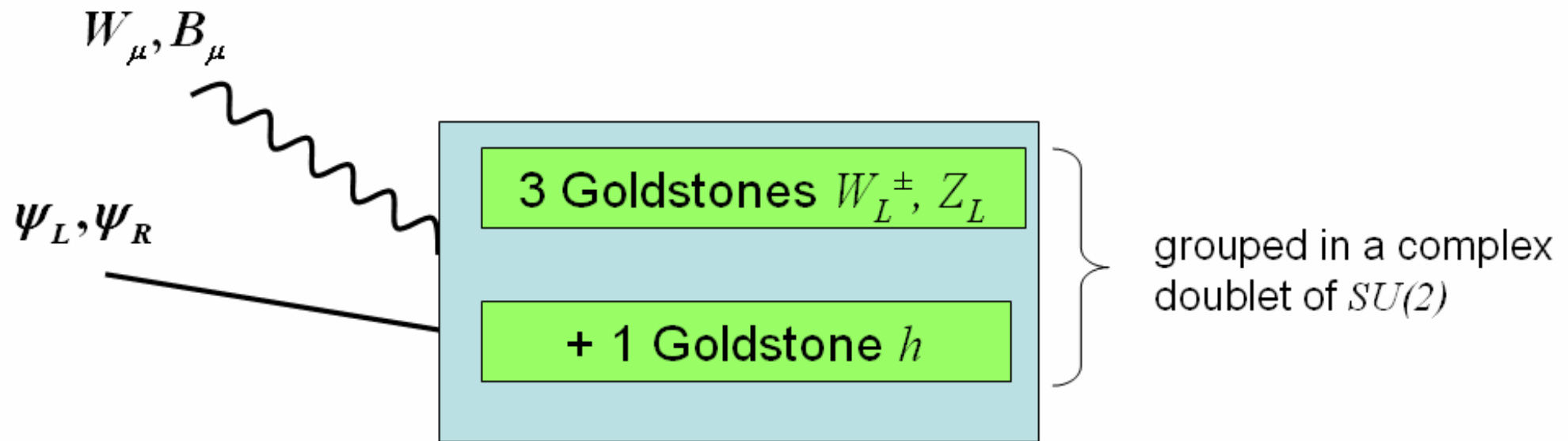
# EWSB sector with composite Higgs



# EWSB sector with composite Higgs

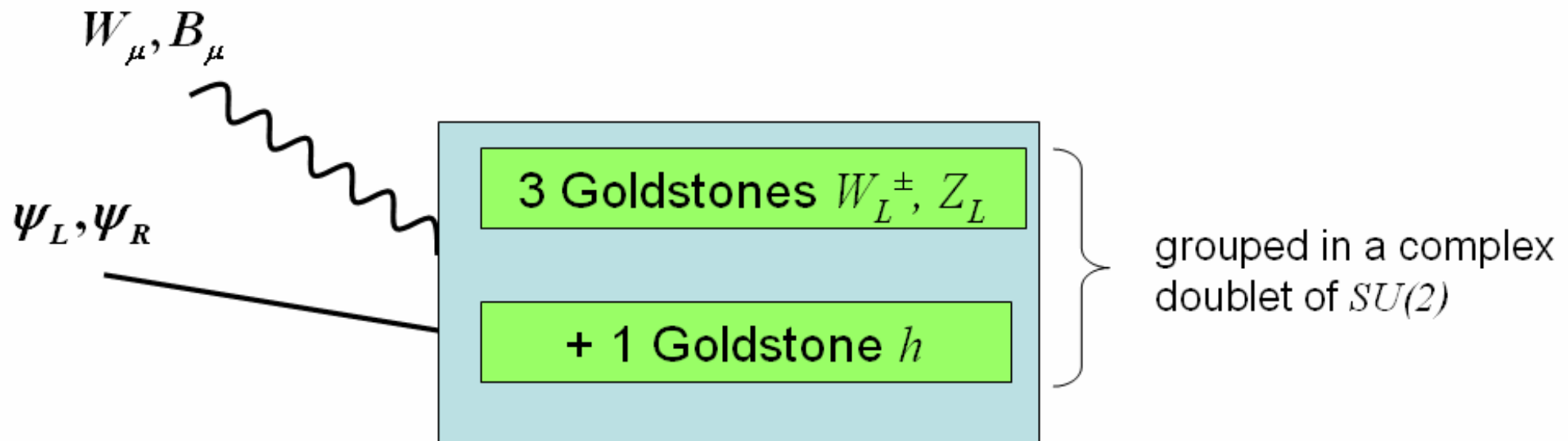


# EWSB sector with composite Higgs



$\Rightarrow$  Symmetry breaking pattern (at least)  $SO(5) \rightarrow SO(4)$

# EWSB sector with composite Higgs



$\Rightarrow$  Symmetry breaking pattern (at least)  $SO(5) \rightarrow SO(4)$

Many non-minimal models are possible

$$SO(6) \rightarrow SO(5)$$

$$SO(6) \rightarrow SO(4) \times SO(2) \quad \Rightarrow \text{extended Higgs sectors}$$

$$SO(7) \rightarrow SO(6) \quad \dots$$

# Minimal Composite Higgs: $SO(5)/SO(4)$

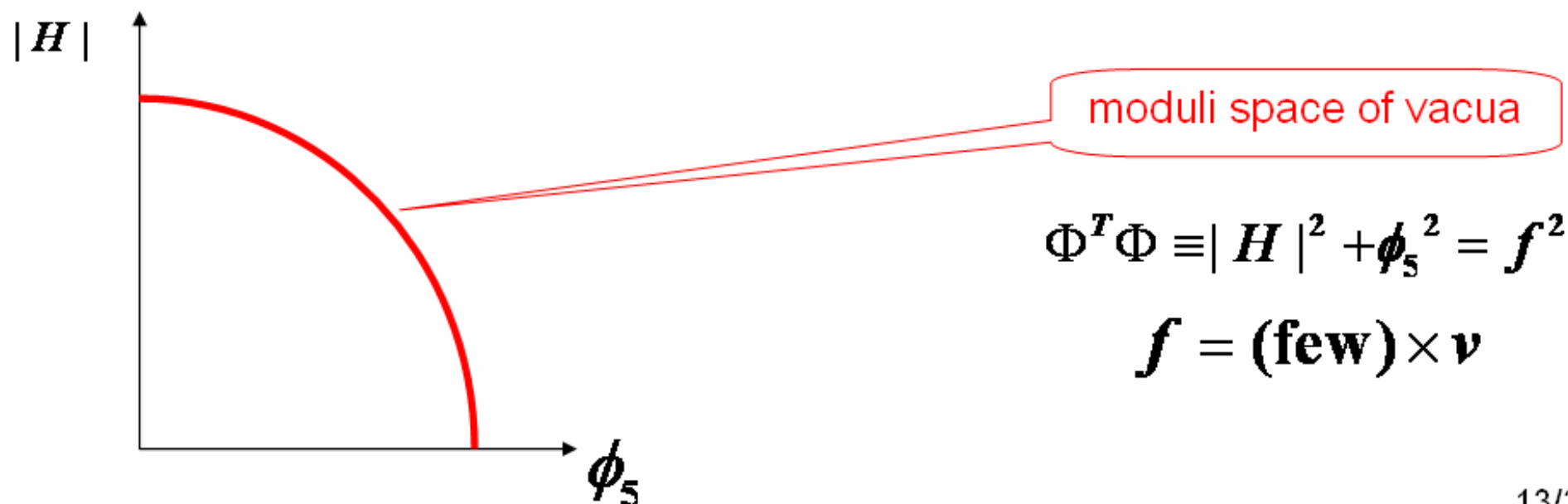
$$\Phi = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} \left. \vphantom{\begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix}} \right\} \mathbf{H} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{"Goldstone Higgs doublet"} \\ \\ \mathbf{SO}(4) \supset \mathbf{SU}(2)_w \times \mathbf{U}(1)_Y \end{array}$$

# Minimal Composite Higgs: $SO(5)/SO(4)$

$$\Phi = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} \left. \vphantom{\begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix}} \right\} \mathbf{H} \quad \text{"Goldstone Higgs doublet"}$$

$SO(4) \supset SU(2)_w \times U(1)_Y$

EWSB via vacuum disalignment:

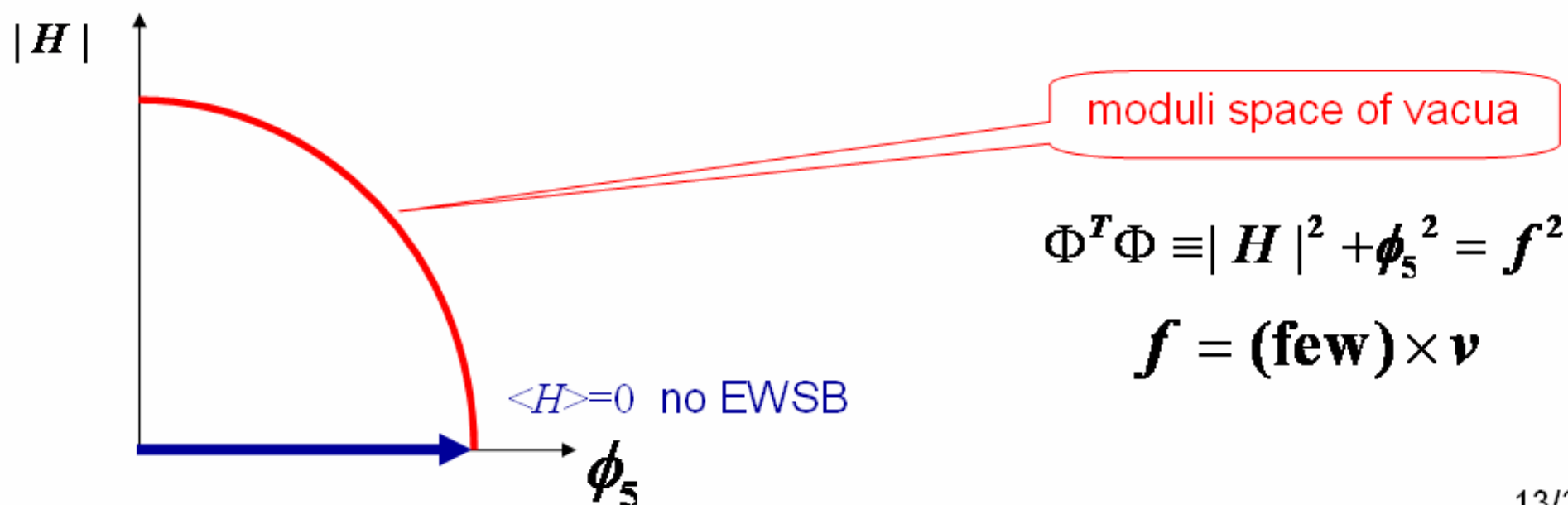


# Minimal Composite Higgs: $SO(5)/SO(4)$

$$\Phi = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} \left. \vphantom{\begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix}} \right\} \mathbf{H} \quad \text{"Goldstone Higgs doublet"}$$

$SO(4) \supset SU(2)_w \times U(1)_Y$

**EWSB via vacuum disalignment:**

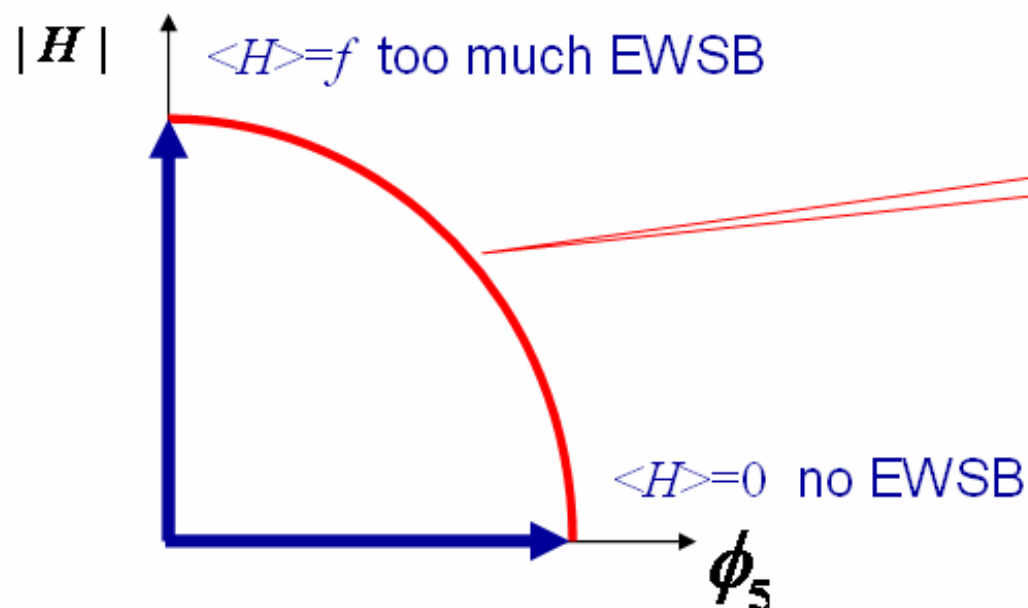


# Minimal Composite Higgs: $SO(5)/SO(4)$

$$\Phi = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} \left. \vphantom{\begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix}} \right\} \mathbf{H} \quad \text{"Goldstone Higgs doublet"}$$

$SO(4) \supset SU(2)_w \times U(1)_Y$

**EWSB via vacuum disalignment:**



moduli space of vacua

$$\Phi^T \Phi \equiv |H|^2 + \phi_5^2 = f^2$$

$$f = (\text{few}) \times v$$

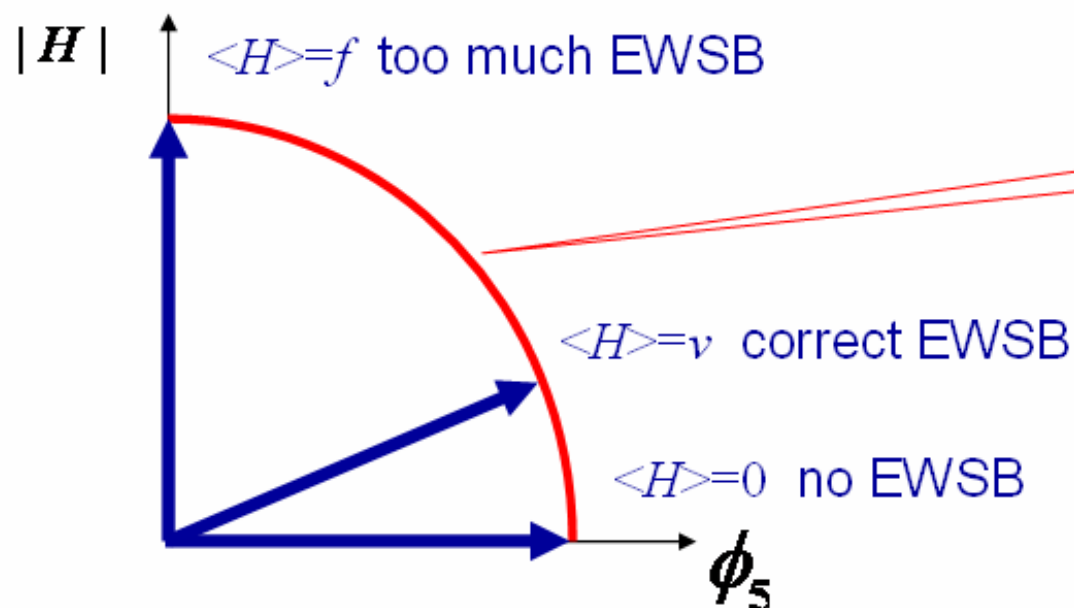


# Minimal Composite Higgs: $SO(5)/SO(4)$

$$\Phi = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} \left. \vphantom{\begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix}} \right\} \mathbf{H} \quad \text{"Goldstone Higgs doublet"}$$

$SO(4) \supset SU(2)_w \times U(1)_Y$

**EWSB via vacuum disalignment:**



moduli space of vacua

$$\Phi^T \Phi \equiv |H|^2 + \phi_5^2 = f^2$$

$$f = (\text{few}) \times v$$

# Deviations in Higgs couplings

Consequence of nonlinear structure:

$$O_H = \frac{c_H}{f^2} \partial(H^2) \partial(H^2)$$

$$O_Y = \frac{c_Y}{f^2} H^2 (\bar{\psi}_L H \psi_R)$$

with model-dependent coefficients  $c_H, c_Y = O(1)$  [e.g.  $c_H = 1$  for  $\text{SO}(5)/\text{SO}(4)$ ]

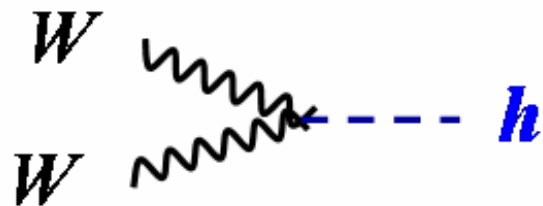
# Deviations in Higgs couplings

Consequence of nonlinear structure:

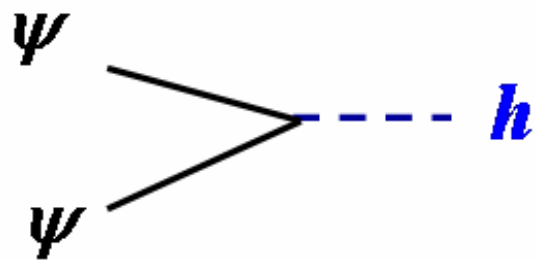
$$O_H = \frac{c_H}{f^2} \partial(H^2) \partial(H^2)$$

$$O_Y = \frac{c_Y}{f^2} H^2 (\bar{\psi}_L H \psi_R)$$

with model-dependent coefficients  $c_H, c_Y = O(1)$  [e.g.  $c_H = 1$  for SO(5)/SO(4)]



$$g_{WWH} = (1 - c_H \xi) g_{SM}$$



$$g_{\psi\psi h} = (1 - (c_H + c_Y) \xi) g_{SM}$$

$$\xi = \frac{v^2}{f^2}$$

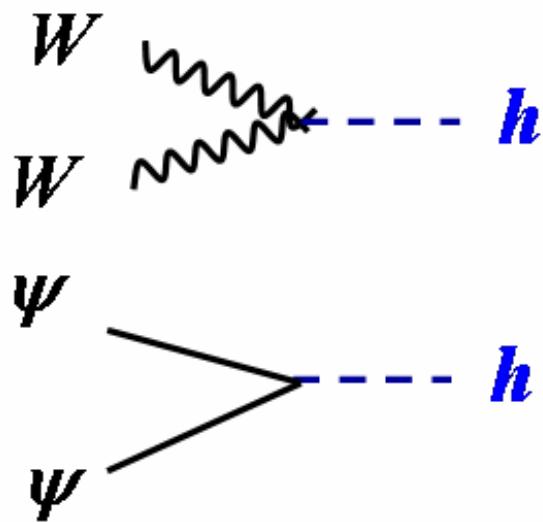
# Deviations in Higgs couplings

Consequence of nonlinear structure:

$$O_H = \frac{c_H}{f^2} \partial(H^2) \partial(H^2)$$

$$O_Y = \frac{c_Y}{f^2} H^2 (\bar{\psi}_L H \psi_R)$$

with model-dependent coefficients  $c_H, c_Y = O(1)$  [e.g.  $c_H = 1$  for SO(5)/SO(4)]



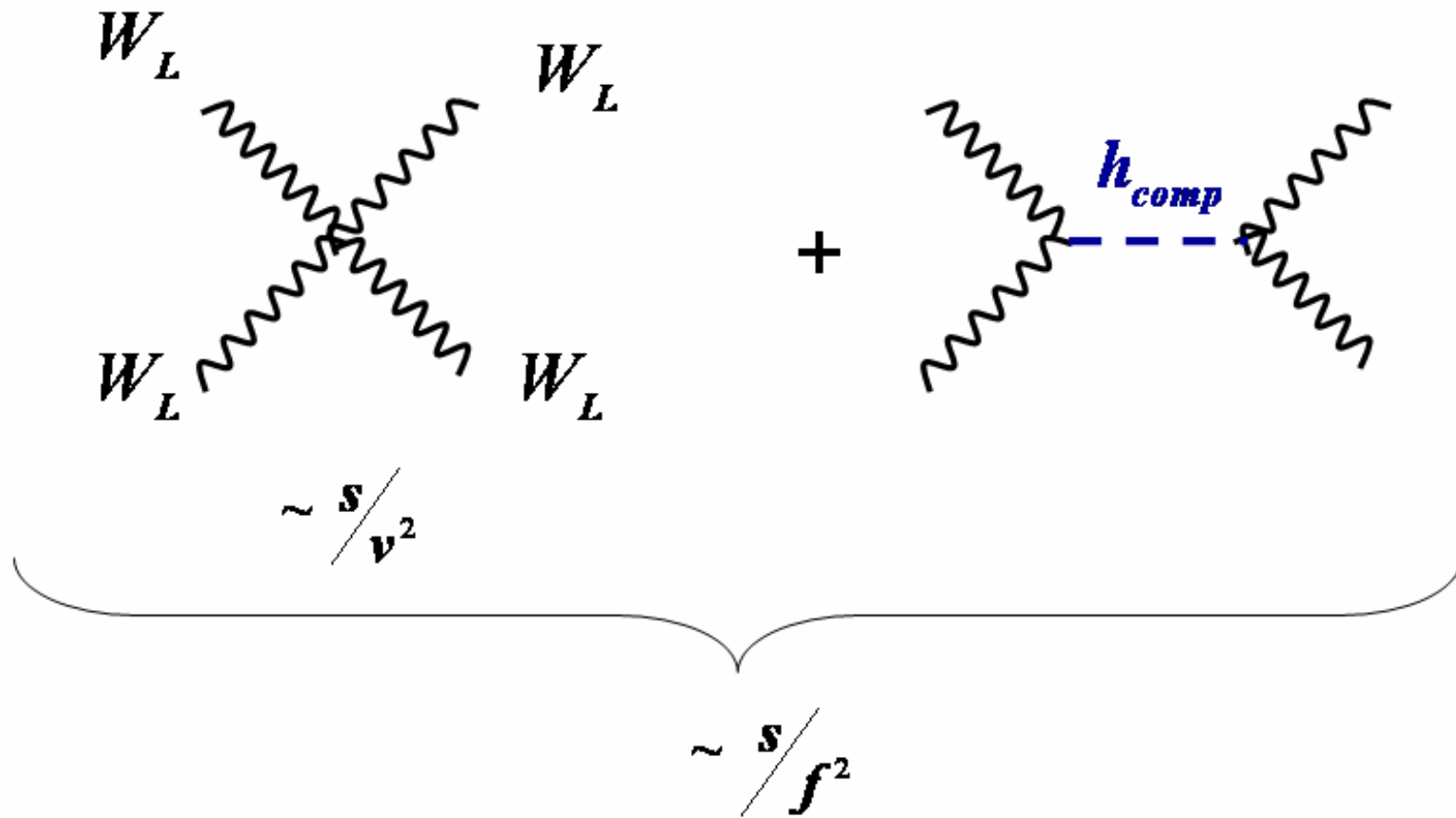
$$g_{WWh} = (1 - c_H \xi) g_{SM}$$

$$g_{\psi\psi h} = (1 - (c_H + c_Y) \xi) g_{SM}$$

$$\xi = \frac{v^2}{f^2}$$

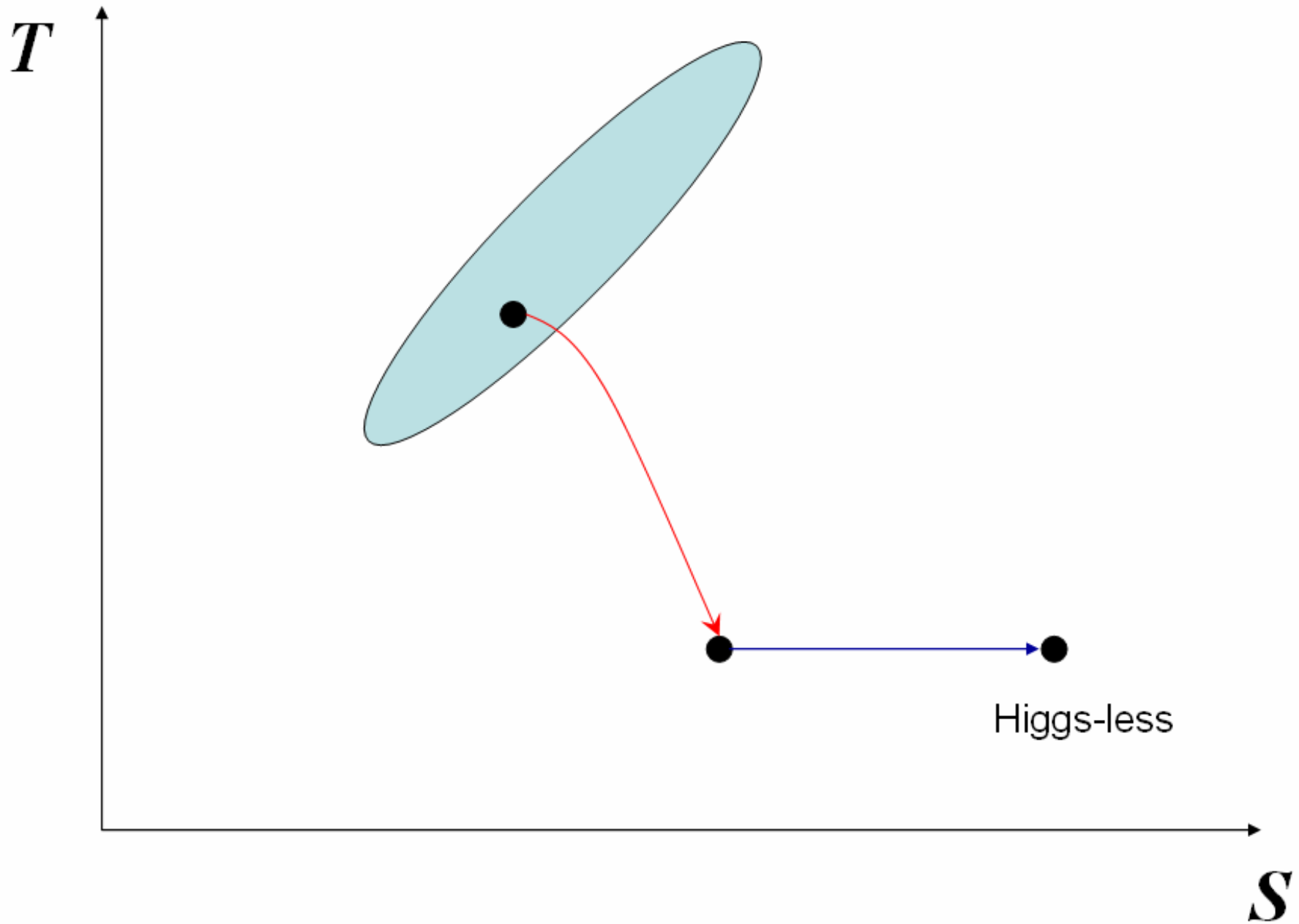
predicted positive, i.e. couplings reduced

# Incomplete unitarization

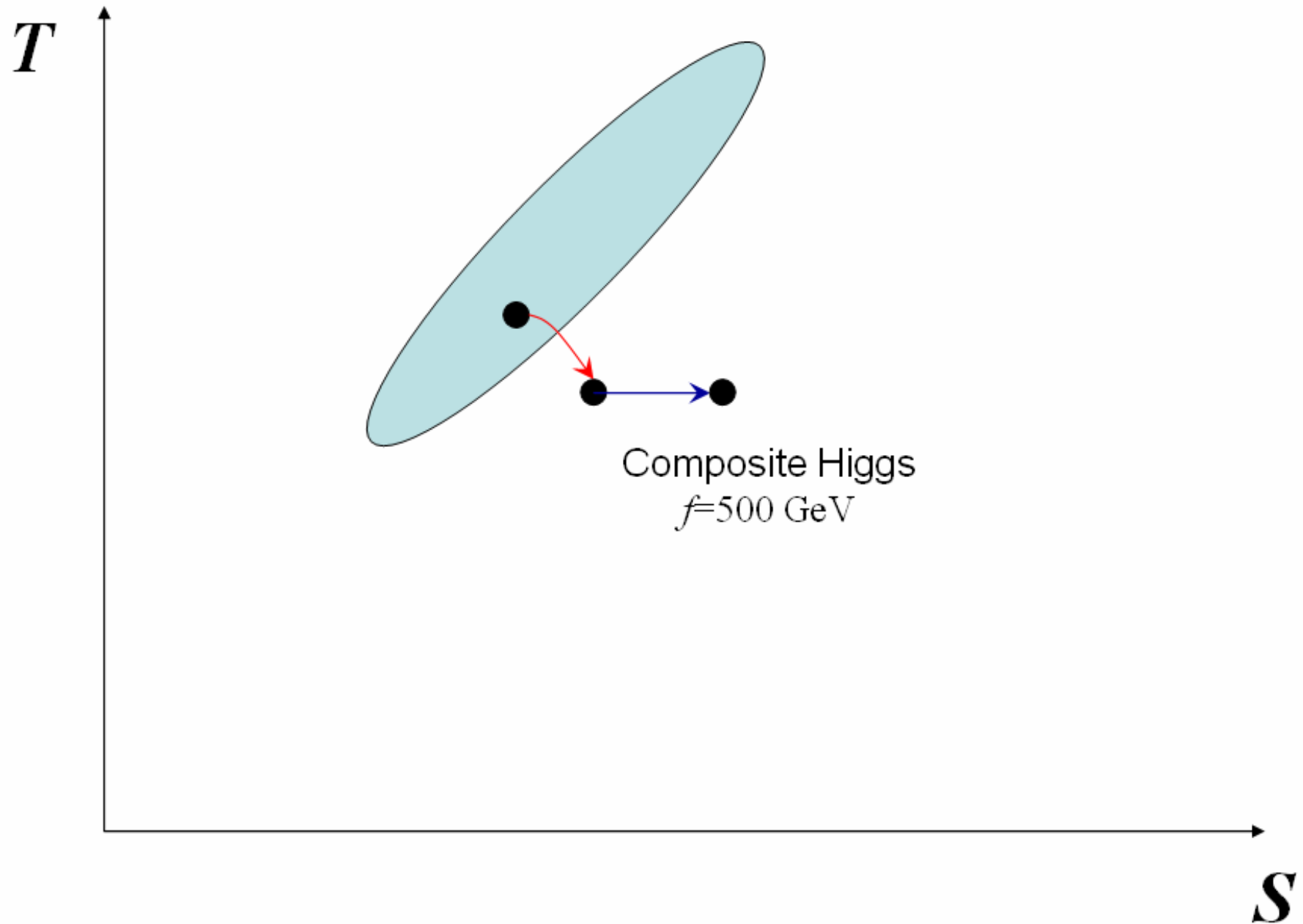


[presumably restored completely by super-heavy vectorial resonances with mass beyond LHC reach]

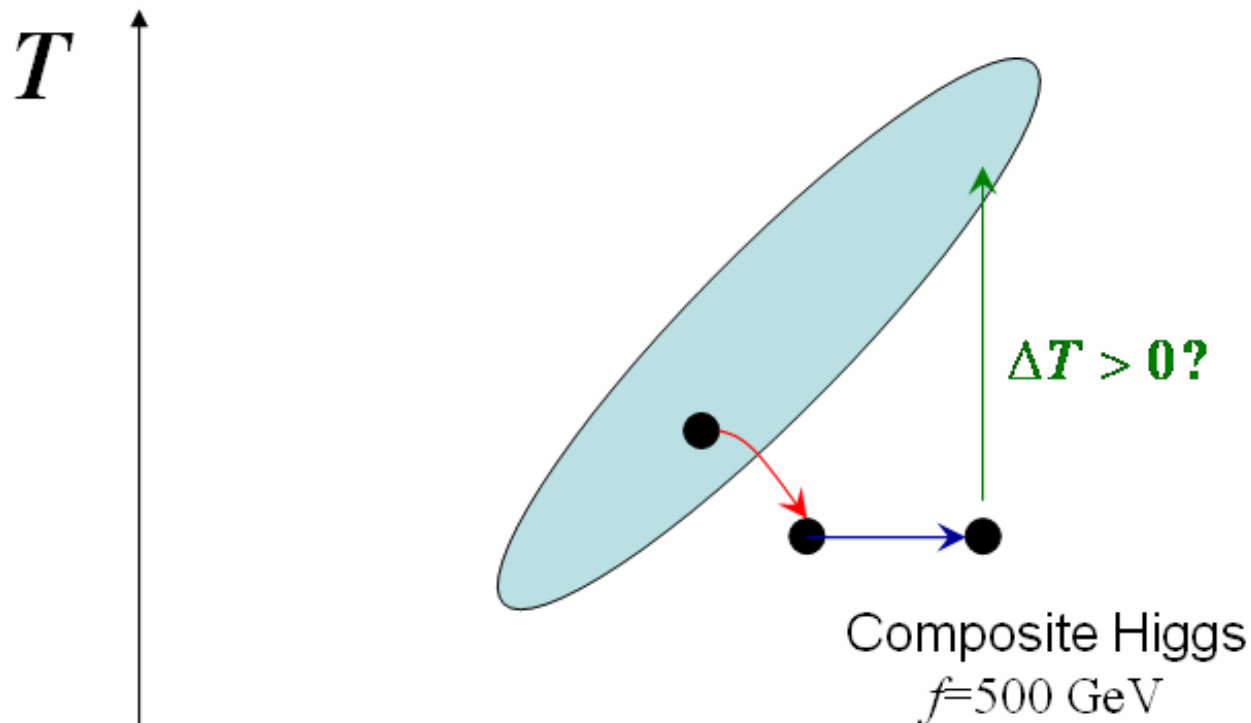
# EW precision tests



# EW precision tests



# EW precision tests



$\Delta T > 0$  from “top partners” – extra vector-like quarks:

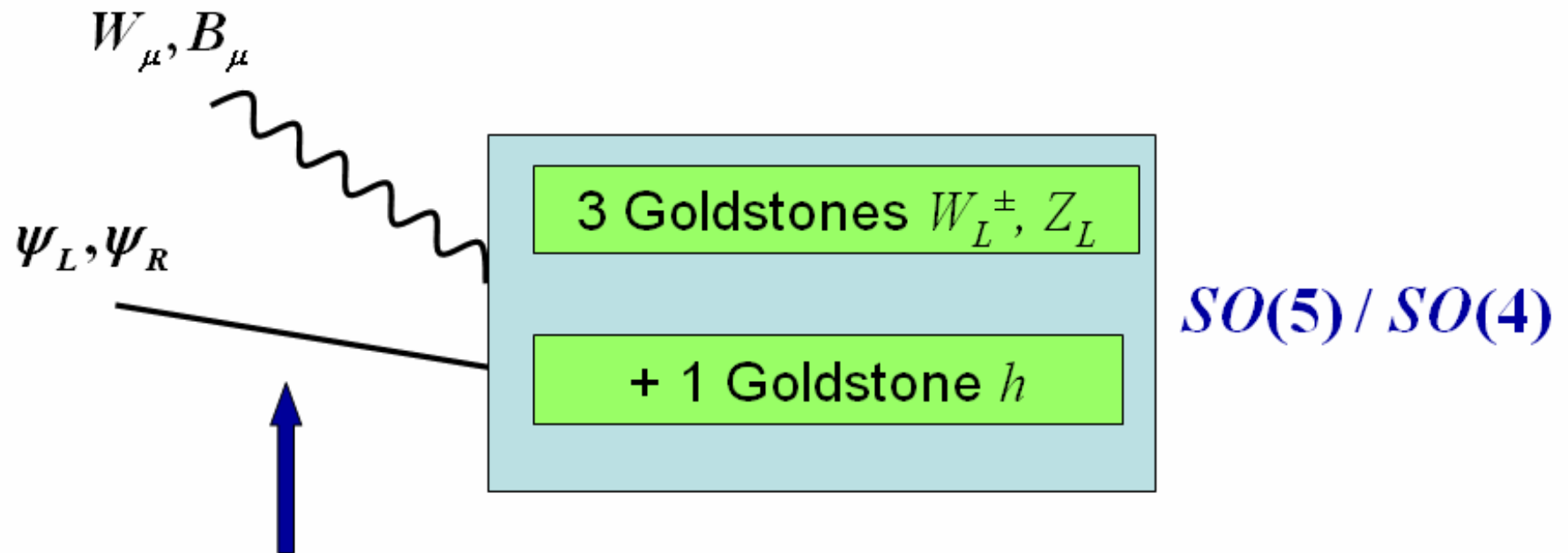
Carena, Ponton, Santiago, Wagner;  
Barbieri, Bellazzini, S.R., Varagnolo;  
Lodone; Gillioz; Pomarol, Serra;  
Anastasiou, Furlan, Santiago

→  
**S**



# EWSB via vacuum disalignment

What causes it?



These couplings necessarily break global  $SO(5)$ , generate potential  $V(h)$

In simplest models,  $f/v$  hierarchy requires mild finetuning

$$O(v^2 / f^2) \sim 10\%$$

# Summary of composite Higgs pheno

## EWSB sector

- ▶ Lightish (100-200 GeV) SM-like Higgs boson
- ▶  $O(10-20\%)$  reductions in main Higgs boson couplings  $hWW, h\bar{t}t, h\bar{b}b, h\bar{\tau}\tau$   
 $\Rightarrow$  changes in production cross sections and BR (including  $h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ )
- ▶ In non-minimal models,  
more pseudo-Goldstones  $\Rightarrow$  extended Higgs sector  
[e.g. in  $SO(6)/SO(5)$  pseudo-scalar  $\eta$  which may appear in  $h \rightarrow \eta\eta$ ,  
in  $SO(6)/SO(4) \times SO(2)$  two Higgs doublets etc.]

# Summary of composite Higgs pheno

## EWSB sector

- ▶ Lightish (100-200 GeV) SM-like Higgs boson
- ▶  $\mathcal{O}(10-20\%)$  reductions in main Higgs boson couplings  $hWW, h\bar{t}t, h\bar{b}b, h\bar{\tau}\tau$   
 $\Rightarrow$  changes in production cross sections and BR (including  $h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ )
- ▶ In non-minimal models,  
more pseudo-Goldstones  $\Rightarrow$  extended Higgs sector  
[e.g. in  $SO(6)/SO(5)$  pseudo-scalar  $\eta$  which may appear in  $h \rightarrow \eta\eta$ ,  
in  $SO(6)/SO(4) \times SO(2)$  two Higgs doublets etc.]

100 fb<sup>-1</sup> stuff...  
Bock, Lafaye, Plehn, Rauch, D.Zerwas, P.Zerwas

# Summary of composite Higgs pheno

## EWSB sector

- ▶ Lightish (100-200 GeV) SM-like Higgs boson
- ▶  $\mathcal{O}(10-20\%)$  reductions in main Higgs boson couplings  $hWW, h\bar{t}t, h\bar{b}b, h\bar{\tau}\tau$   
 $\Rightarrow$  changes in production cross sections and BR (including  $h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ )
- ▶ In non-minimal models,  
more pseudo-Goldstones  $\Rightarrow$  extended Higgs sector  
[e.g. in  $SO(6)/SO(5)$  pseudo-scalar  $\eta$  which may appear in  $h \rightarrow \eta\eta$ ,  
in  $SO(6)/SO(4) \times SO(2)$  two Higgs doublets etc.]

100 fb<sup>-1</sup> stuff...

Bock, Lafaye, Plehn, Rauch, D. Zerwas, P. Zerwas

**Extended quark sector (“top partners”)... subject of another talk**

# Conclusions

- Higgs-less scenarios – keep in the back of your mind
  - need  $O(100 \text{ fb}^{-1})$  to explore the likely mass region of vectorial resonances
- Composite Higgs is a more likely possibility
  - need  $O(100 \text{ fb}^{-1})$  to test crucial predictions of nonlinear structure in EWSB sector