



Y production at NLO and beyond

J.P. Lansberg IPN Orsay – Paris-Sud U. –CNRS/IN2P3

Workshop on Charmonium production and decays : new results and perspectives

LAL Orsay March 6-8, 2013

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Y production at NLO and beyond

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Part I

(Single) Y production in pp

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QCD corrections for Y at the Tevatron & the LHC

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Analogy with the P_T spectrum for the Z^0 boson



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CSM predictions account for the P_T -integrated yield

S. J. Brodsky and JPL, PRD 81 051502 (R), 2010; JPL, PoS(ICHEP 2010), 206 (2010); NPA (2012), 10.1016/j.nuclphysa.2012.12.051 \rightarrow The yield vs. \sqrt{s} (here only LO curves¹)

¹NLO not stable at large \sqrt{s} (small x) and small P_T ($rac{1}{2}$) ($rac{1}{2}$

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- Unfortunately, very large th. uncertainties: masses, scales (μ_R , μ_F), gluon PDFs at low *x* and Q^2 , ...
- Good agreement with RHIC, Tevatron and LHC data

(multiplied by a constant F^{direct})

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STAR PRD 82 (2010) 012004 ; CDF PRL 88 (2002) 161802; CMS PRD 83 (2011) 112004; LHCb EPJC 72 (2012) 2025

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- Simple ratios of Schrödinger wave function at the origin:

 $\frac{\sigma(\text{direct } \mathbf{Y}(3S))}{\sigma(\text{direct } \mathbf{Y}(1S))} = \frac{|\psi^{3S}(0)|^2}{|\psi^{1S}(0)|^2} \sim \mathbf{0.34} \qquad \frac{\sigma(\text{direct } \mathbf{Y}(2S))}{\sigma(\text{direct } \mathbf{Y}(1S))} = \frac{|\psi^{2S}(0)|^2}{|\psi^{1S}(0)|^2} \sim \mathbf{0.45}$

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• Extrapolated 3S direct yield: 0.34 imes150 nb \sim 50 nb

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- Extrapolated 3S direct yield: 0.34 imes150 nb \sim 50 nb
- $\sigma(\Upsilon(3S)(|y| < 2))Br_{\ell\ell} \simeq 1.0 \text{ nb} \xrightarrow{100\% \text{direct}} \sigma(\text{direct } \Upsilon(3S)) \sim 45 \text{ nb}$ CMS, PRD 83, 112004 (2011)

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- NEW: the 3*S* yield likely not 100% direct CMS, PRD 83, 112004 (2011) cf. $\chi_b(3P)$ observation by ATLAS PRL, 108, 152001 (2012)

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• *P_T* dependence of cross section ratios:

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- Harmless if $\frac{d\sigma}{dP_T} \propto P_T^{-n}$ with *n* fixed,
- harmful if *n* changes, esp. true at low P_T where $\frac{d\sigma}{dP_T}$ can be flat

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ChiGen: L. A. Harland-Lang and W. J. Stirling, http:// projects.hepforge.org/ superchic/chigen.html

NLO NRQCD: Y.-Q. Ma, K. Wang, K.-T. Chao, Phys. Rev. D83 (2011) 111503 (R) The most important and overlooked theory paper on quarkonium physics in 2010 ! LHCb, Phys.Lett. B718 (2012) 431-440

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• LHCb: first indication that the χ_c fraction increases

Note: NLO NRQCD does not necessarily mean "Colour Octet dominance". At NLO, the Colour-Singlet and Colour-Octet transition yields depend –for the P waves– on the unphysical scale Λ_{NROCD} and the NRQCD subtraction scheme

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CDF, PRL 84, 2094 (2000).

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At the LHC:



A priori: no P_T dependence. However, the plot scales are different

LHCb JHEP 1211 (2012) 031

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B. Gong, J.X Wang, Phys. Rev. Lett. 100,232001,2008. P.Artoisenet, J.Campbell, JPL, F.Maltoni, F. Tramontano, Phys. Rev. Lett. 101,152001,2008 JPL, EPJC 61,693,2009. JPL, PLB 695,149,2011.

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→ Polarisation from χ_Q Feed-down at NLO ?

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• If
$$\chi_Q \rightarrow^3 S_1 \gamma$$
 is E1: $\alpha_{from \chi_Q}^{max} = +1.00$ and $\alpha_{from \chi_Q}^{min} = -0.45$
• For the J/ψ :

JPL J. Phys. G 38 (2011) 124110

B. Gong, J.X Wang, Phys. Rev. Lett. 100,232001,2008. P.Artoisenet, J.Campbell,JPL, F.Maltoni, F. Tramontano. Phys. Rev. Lett. 101,152001,2008 → Complete modification of the CSM polarisation at NLO (also at NNLO*)



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QCD corrections, feed-down and polarisation

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Part II

Associated Y production

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Associated production: J/ψ vs. Y

• A number of associated-production channels proposed for J/ψ

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Associated production: J/ψ vs. Y

• A number of associated-production channels proposed for J/ψ

•
$$J/\psi + J/\psi$$

• $J/\psi + \gamma$
• $J/\psi + c \text{ or } J/\psi + D \text{ or } J/\psi + lepton$
• $J/\psi + Z$
• $J/\psi + W$

- Less studies for Y
 - rates are usually lower
 - $J/\psi + c$ and $J/\psi + J/\psi$, sometimes motivated by intrinsic charm Intrinsic bottom expected to be 10 times smaller

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• At high energy, 2 gluons in the initial states: no quark

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- The photon needs to be emitted by the *b*-quark loop

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- Gluon fragmentation associated with C = +1 octet $\binom{1}{S_0^{[8]}}$ and $\binom{3}{P_j^{[8]}}$

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- Gluon fragmentation associated with C = +1 octet $({}^{1}S_{0}^{[8]}$ and ${}^{3}P_{J}^{[8]})$
- CO rates may be clearly lower if ${}^{1}S_{0}^{[8]}$ and ${}^{3}P_{J}^{[8]}$ are indeed suppressed

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JPL, PLB 679,340,2009.

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• Clearly, new info on CS vs CO w.r.t inclusive case !

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- Possible: see $(c, b) jet + \gamma$ studies by D0 up to $P_T^{\gamma} \simeq 150 \text{ GeV}$!

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 D0, PRL102 (2009) 192002.

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Y + b-tagged jet



Y + b: ~ 0.1 pb/GeV at the Tevatron, ~ 1 pb/GeV at the LHC (14 TeV)
hard P_T spectrum w.r.t. the inclusive LO CSM

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- Y + b: CSM vs. COM channels



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Y + b-tagged jet



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- hard P_T spectrum w.r.t. the inclusive LO CSM
- Y + b: CSM vs. COM channels
- Different topologies:
- CSM: 1 b away, 1 b near(er)
- COM: 2 b's away (from a recoiling gluon)



\mathcal{Q} + vector boson

• Y+ vector boson

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 $\sigma[p\bar{p} \rightarrow Y(1S) + W^{\pm}] \times Br(Y(1S) \rightarrow \mu\mu) < 2.3 \text{ pb}$
 $\sigma[p\bar{p} \rightarrow Y(1S) + Z^{0}] \times Br(Y(1S) \rightarrow \mu\mu) < 2.5 \text{ pb}$
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CDF Collaboration, PRL. 90 (2003) 221803

NRQCD predictions (Signal dominated by CO into χ_b)

$$\sigma[p\bar{p} \to Y(1S) + W^{\pm}] \times Br(Y(1S) \to \mu\mu) \simeq 0.025 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma[p\bar{p} \to Y(1S) + Z^{0}] \times Br(Y(1S) \to \mu\mu) \simeq 0.0075 \text{ pb}$$
(2)

E. Braaten, J. Lee, and S. Fleming, PRD 60, 91501 (1999)

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• Y+ vector boson

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CDF Collaboration, PRL. 90 (2003) 221803

NRQCD predictions (Signal dominated by CO into χ_b)

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• 95% C.L. upper limits obtained with
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- $J/\psi + Z$ and $J/\psi + W$ recently computed at NLO in α_s

L.Gang et al. PRD83,014001,2011; JHEP02(2011)071

• $J/\psi|Y + Z$ at NLO in α_s + Polarisation B.Gong *et al.* arXiv:1210.2430 [hep-ph] to appear in JHEP

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Y + Z cross sections

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- Mass effects ($m_c \leftrightarrow m_b$ less relevant because of m_Z)
- $|R(0)|^2$ is 10 times larger for Y than for J/ψ
- Branching "only" 2.5 times smaller



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J.P. Lansberg (IPNO)

Y production at NLO and beyond

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- CSM predictions seem robust both for the yield and the polarisation

Part III

Y in p(d)A at RHIC and the LHC

J.P. Lansberg (IPNO)

Y production at NLO and beyond

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E.G. Ferreiro et al. arXiv:1110.5047 v4 [hep-ph]

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• at y > 0, $t_f = \gamma \times 0.4 \text{fm} \gg r_{Au}$: pre-resonant state exiting the nucleus $\sigma_{abs}^{b\bar{b}} \simeq 0.1 \sigma_{abs}^{c\bar{c}}$

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- Yet, equal suppression found by E772 in the backward region:

$$\sigma_{abs}^{\mathrm{Y}(2S)} - \sigma_{abs}^{\mathrm{Y}(1S)} \text{ small} \Rightarrow \sigma_{abs}^{\mathrm{Y}(1S)} \text{ small}$$

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At the LHC, the $b\bar{b}$ pair propagating in the nuclear matter (the Pb nucleus) is nearly always in a pre-resonnant (small) state

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nPDF uncertainty on Y production in *d*Au collisions at RHIC E.G. Ferreiro *et al.* arXiv:1110.5047 v4 [hep-ph]



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Idea of a measurement for LHCb

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• Cross section ratio for opposite rapidities in cms frame

[shift y_{lab} by -0.47]

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- Suggestion for the pPb data: forward-backward ratio

[pp reference irrelevant]

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