

# 2 mirrors cavity status report

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KEK-Hiroshima-LAL Meeting

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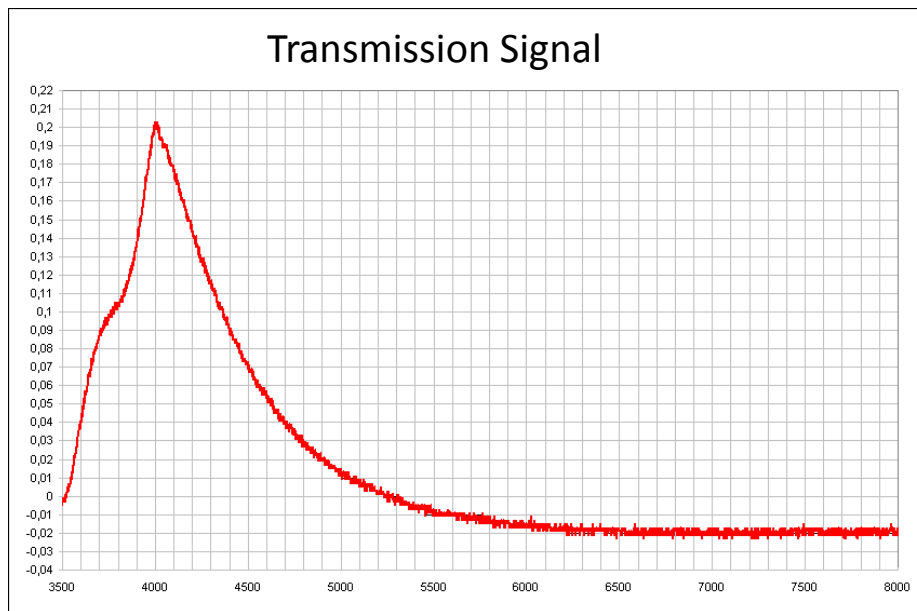
F. Zomer

# Contents

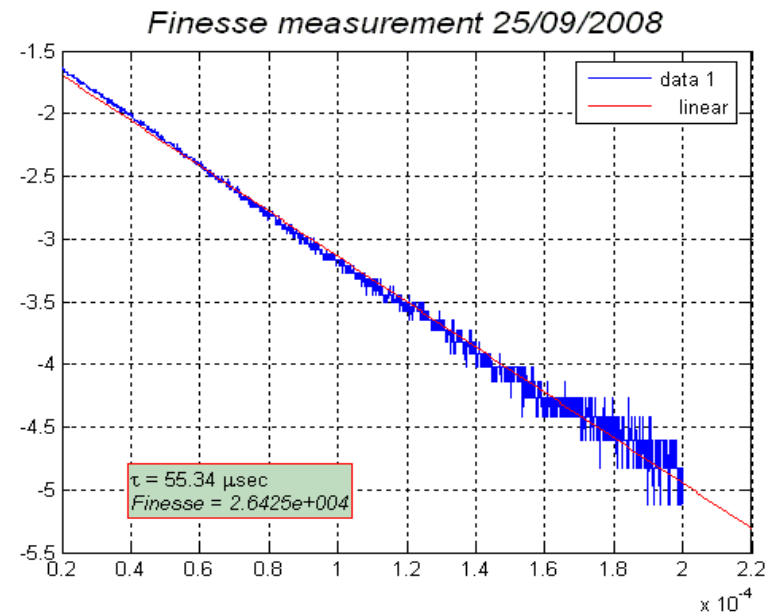
- Fabry-Perot cavity Finesse upgrade & locking
- Locking performances
  - Phase noise and stability for  $F_{rep}$  parameter
  - Exploring control of the  $\Delta\Phi_{ce}$  parameter
- OneFive laser (to be used at KEK) issues
- Prospects

# Cavity Finesse upgrade

- Cavity Finesse upgrade :  $\sim 3000 \Rightarrow \sim 30000$
- Finesse measurement



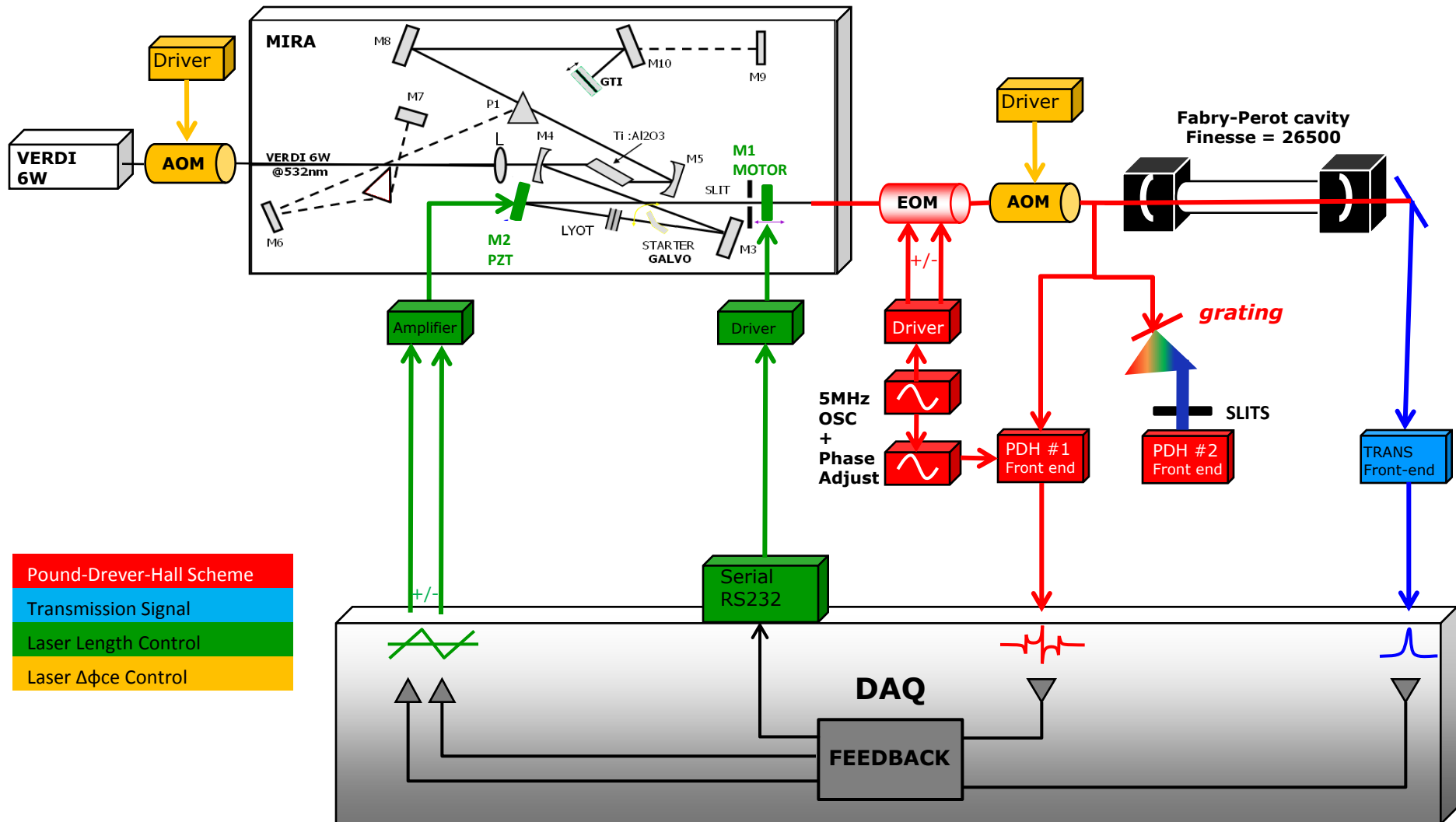
Fabry-Perot decay time fit  
in open loop



$$\mathbb{F} = 2\pi F_{rep} \tau \approx 26500$$

Courtesy to V. Soskov

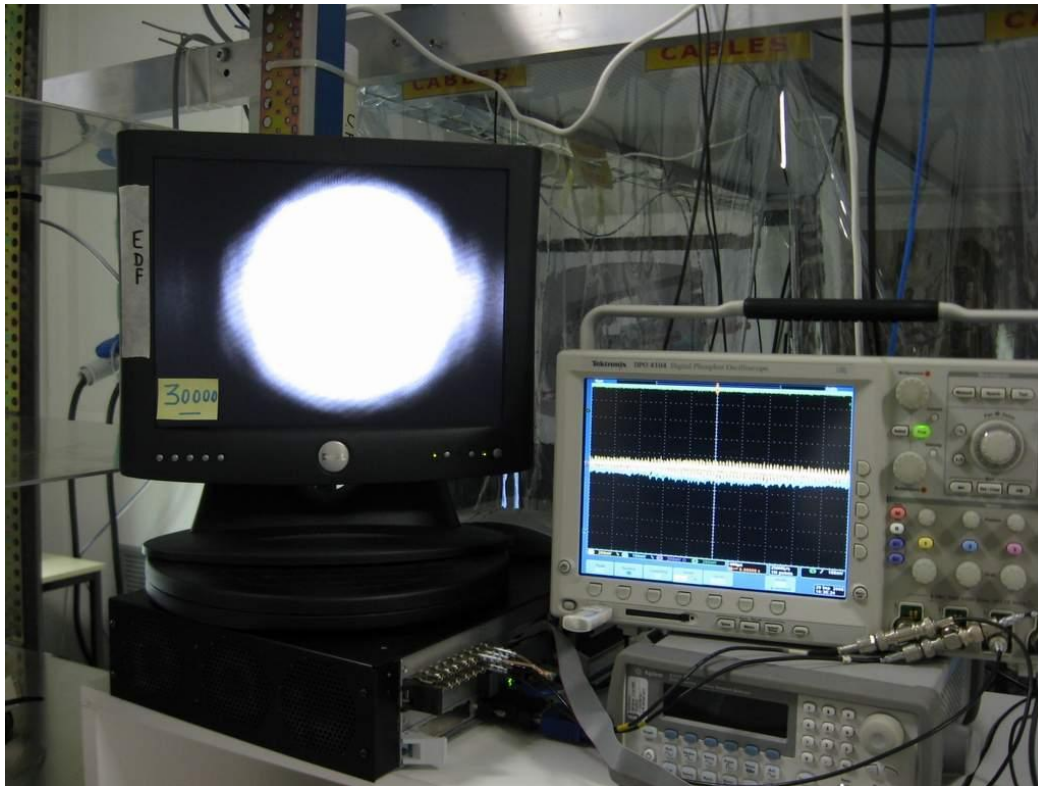
# Cavity locking setup



- Pound-Drever-Hall Scheme
- Transmission Signal
- Laser Length Control
- Laser  $\Delta\phi_{ce}$  Control

# Cavity locking

PZT gain adaptation :  $G_{\text{pzt}}=3,6 \Rightarrow G_{\text{pzt}}=10$

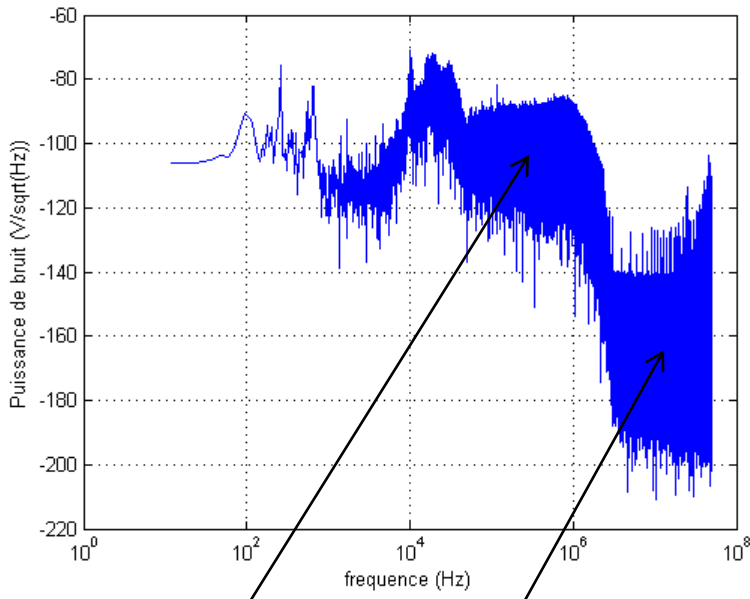


Picture of the Locking : 26 sept. 2008

Very stable during time but poor coupling < 10%

# Frep phase noise

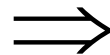
PDH voltage noise power density  
in closed loop  $S_v(f)$



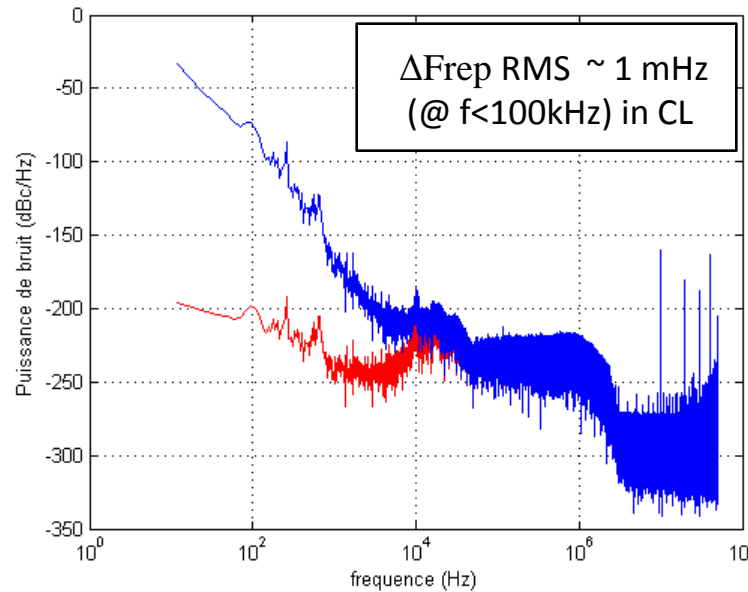
PDH noise floor

Detection noise floor

Unity gain frequency  $\sim 10$  kHz



Estimation of  
Phase noise in closed loop  
and in open loop



For coupling 90% of the power  
One needs  $\Delta F_{rep}$  RMS  $\sim 0.1$  mHz

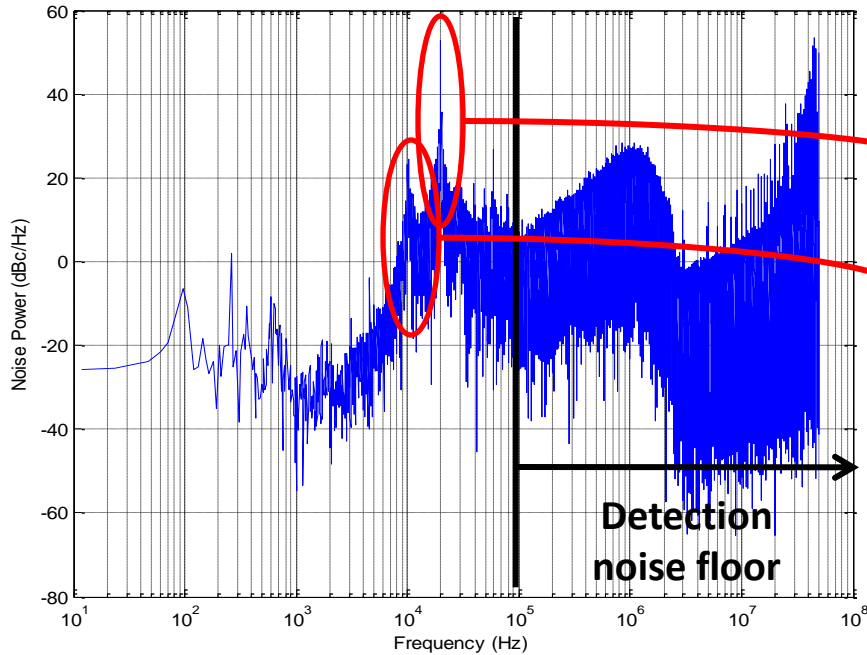
$$\Delta f(n_0) \approx n_0 \Delta F_{rep} < \frac{F_{rep}}{6\mathbb{F}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta F_{rep} < \frac{F_{rep}}{6n_0\mathbb{F}} \approx 0.1 \text{ mHz}$$

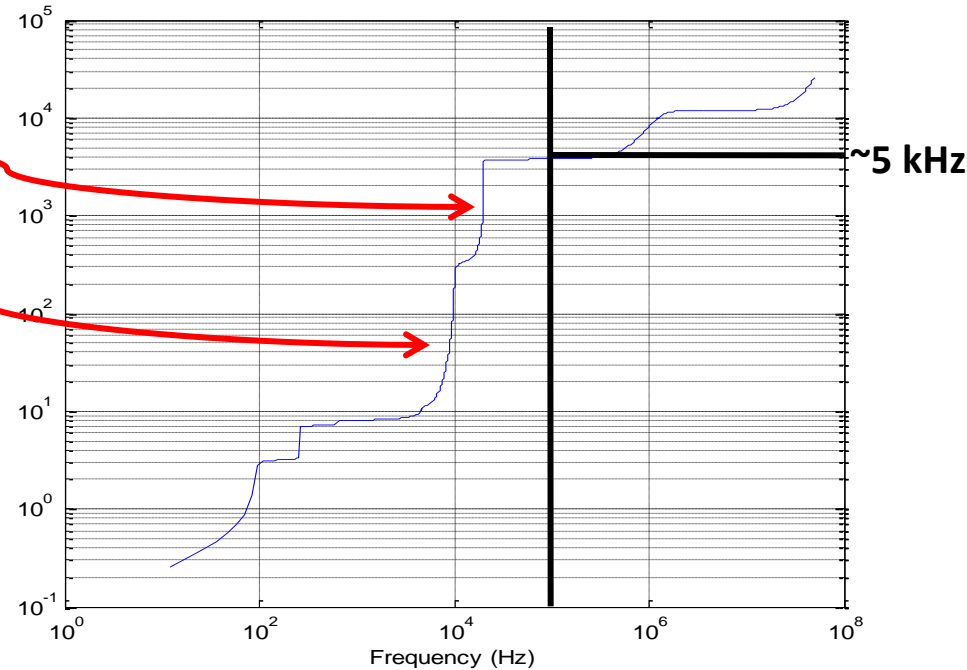
More gain @  $f > 1$  kHz needed but stability @ 10 kHz must be maintained  
 $\Rightarrow$  Find an other actuator ?

# Frep frequency noise

Estimation of the Frequency noise power density of the carrier in closed loop



Estimation of the Integrated Frequency noise power of the carrier in closed loop



$$\Delta f(n_0) < \frac{F_{rep}}{6F} \approx 500 \text{ Hz}$$

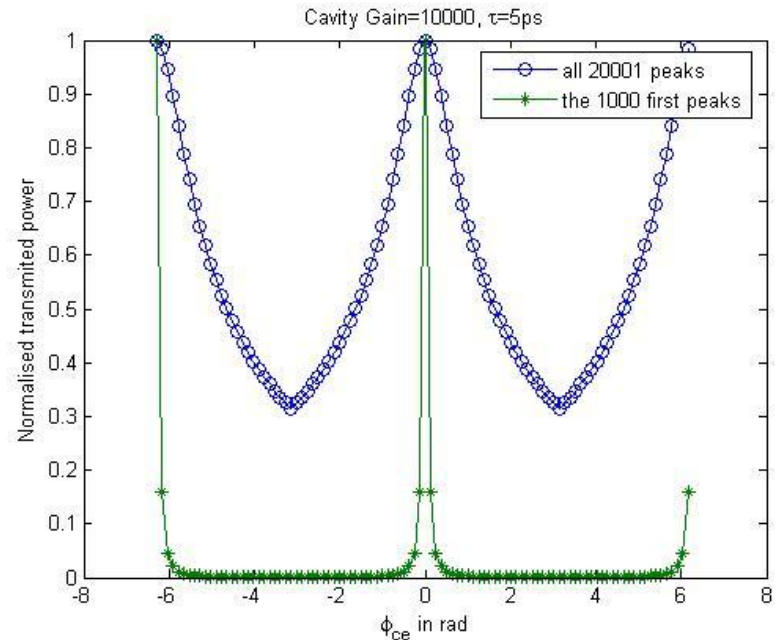
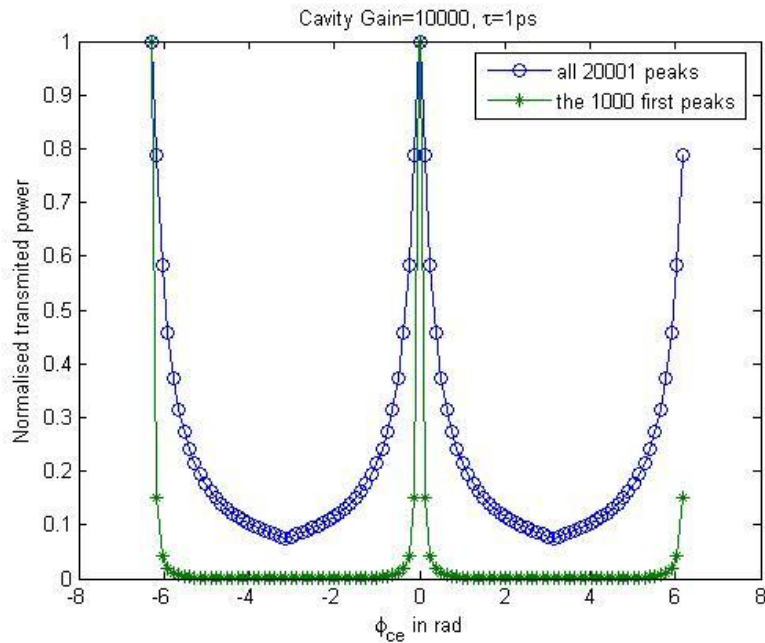
Need to better control the unity gain frequency region of the feedback

# $\Delta\Phi_{ce}$ effect on coupling

$n_0$  is the mode number of the center of the laser spectrum

$$\text{Locking} \Rightarrow \left( n_0 + \frac{\Delta\phi_{ce}}{2\pi} \right) F_{rep} = n_0 F_{cav} \Rightarrow F_{cav} - F_{rep} = \frac{\Delta\phi_{ce}}{2\pi} \frac{F_{rep}}{n_0} < 2.5 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\text{Detuning} \Rightarrow \Delta f(n) = \Delta n (F_{rep} - F_{cav}) < \frac{F_{rep}}{2\mathbb{F}} \approx 1.5 \text{ kHz} \Rightarrow \Delta n < \frac{1.5 \text{ kHz}}{2.5 \text{ Hz}} \approx 500$$

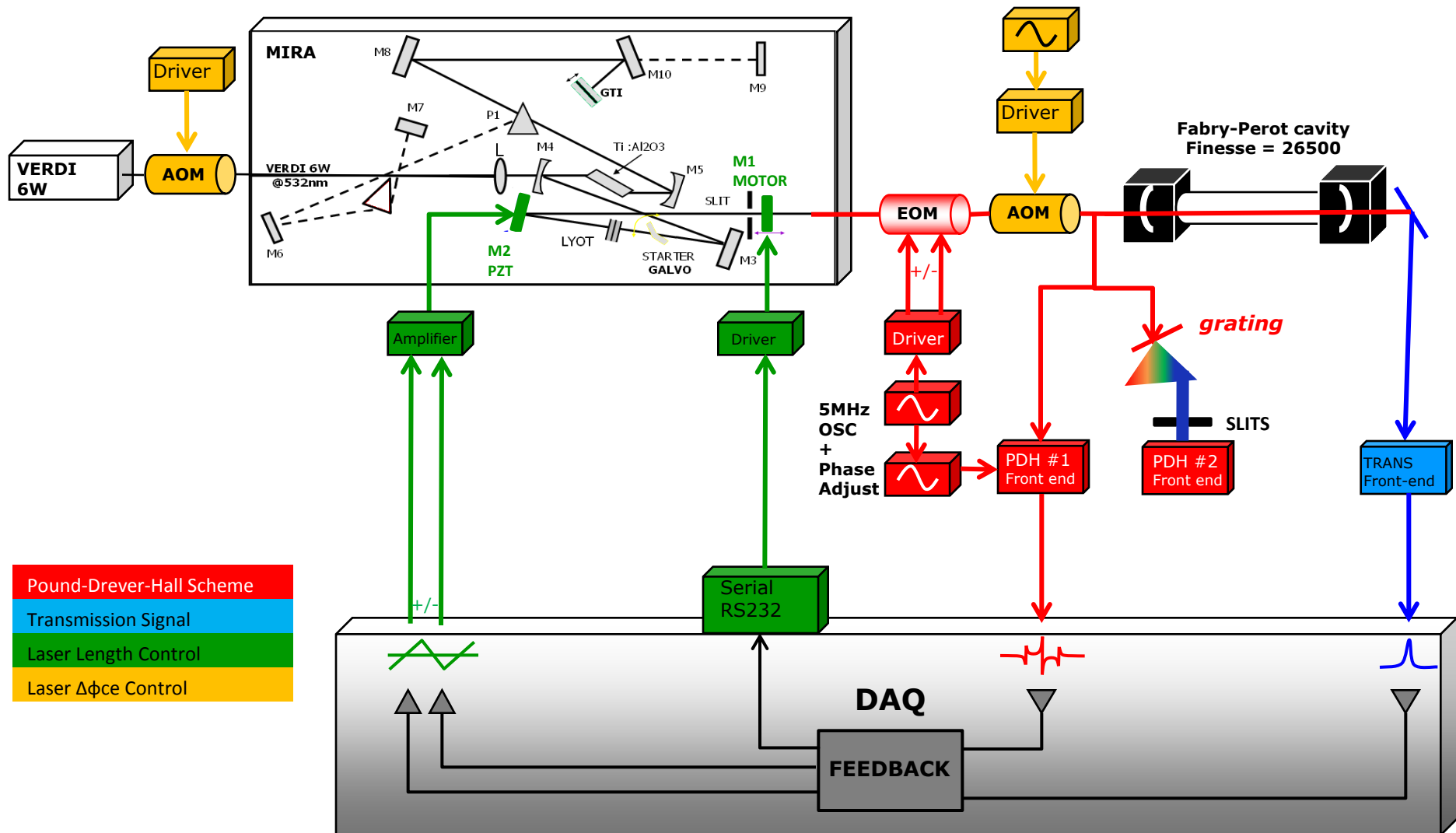


One must be able to adjust  $\Delta\phi_{ce}$  over  $2\pi$

Courtesy to F. Zomer

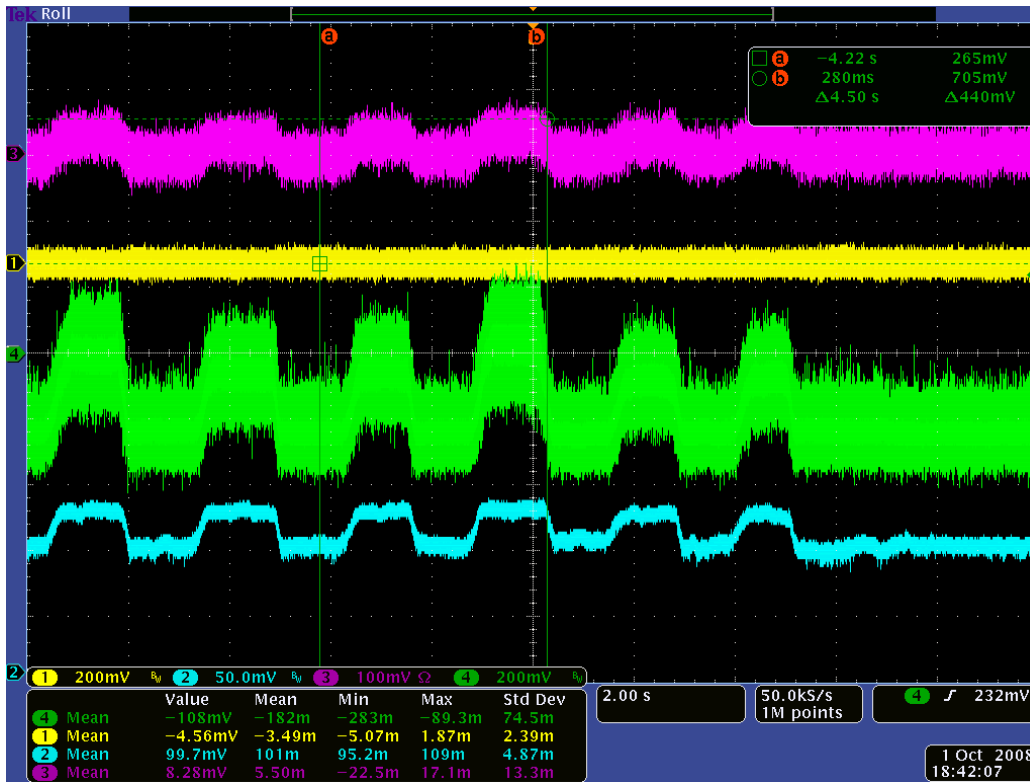


# $\Delta\phi_{ce}$ with Frequency Shifter setup



# $\Delta\Phi_{ce}$ with Frequency Shifter

- Very good dynamic range : 5MHz/V (One needs a variation of Freq  $\sim$  75MHz).
- Poor efficiency : < 50%



(purple) : Signal on PZT  
=> Freq correction

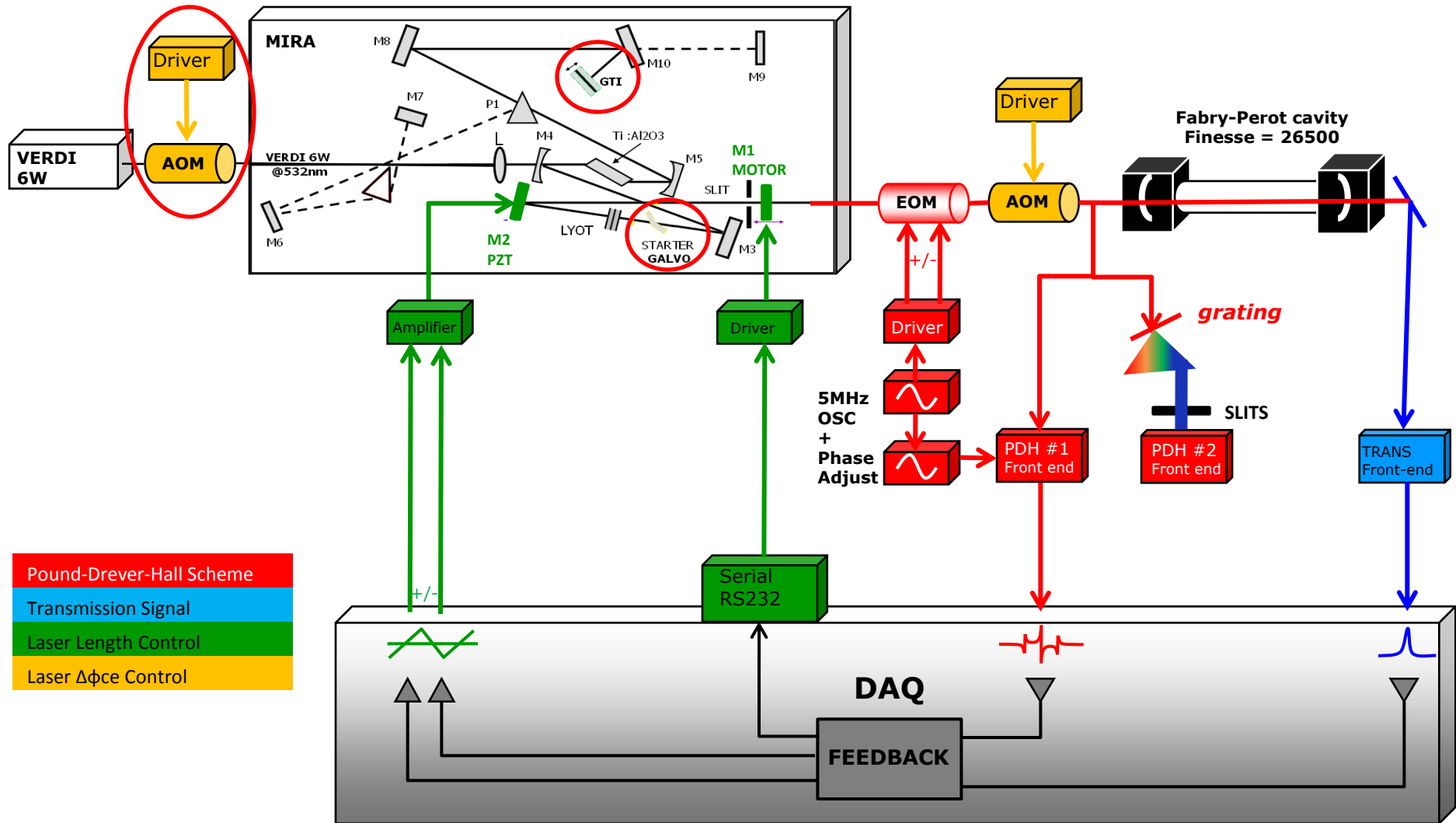
(yellow) : Signal on PDH1  
=> Used for feedback = 0

(green) : Signal on PDH2  
=> Look at the  $\Delta\phi_{ce}$  effect

(blue) : Signal on Transmission PH  
=> Improved by changing  $\Delta\phi_{ce}$

But optical misalignment during wide range use  
=> cavity unlock (even with a double optical path)

# $\Delta\phi_{ce}$ with other actuators setup



# $\Delta\Phi_{ce}$ with other actuators

We tried several other  $\Delta\Phi_{ce}$  modulation schemes :

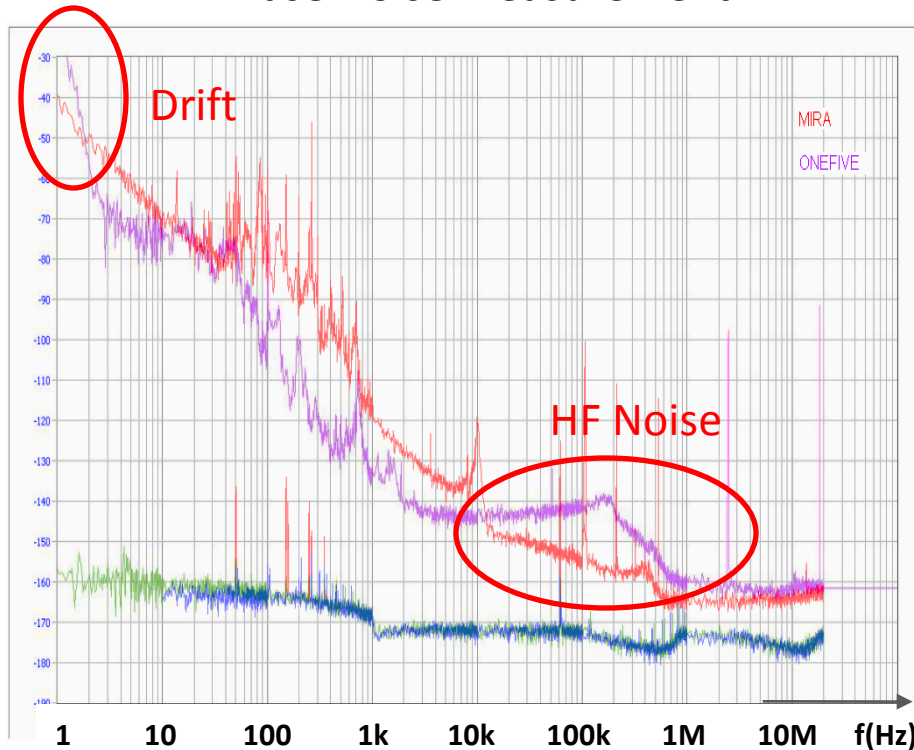
- AOM modulating the pumping power  
=> dynamic range not enough but can be used for feedback at « high speed »
- GTI inside laser  
=> No effect
- Starter-Galvanometer inside laser  
=> No effect
- Starter-« Butterfly » Galvanometer inside laser  
=> No effect (not enough ?)

Actuator to work on  $\Delta\Phi_{ce}$  over  $2\pi$  has not been found yet

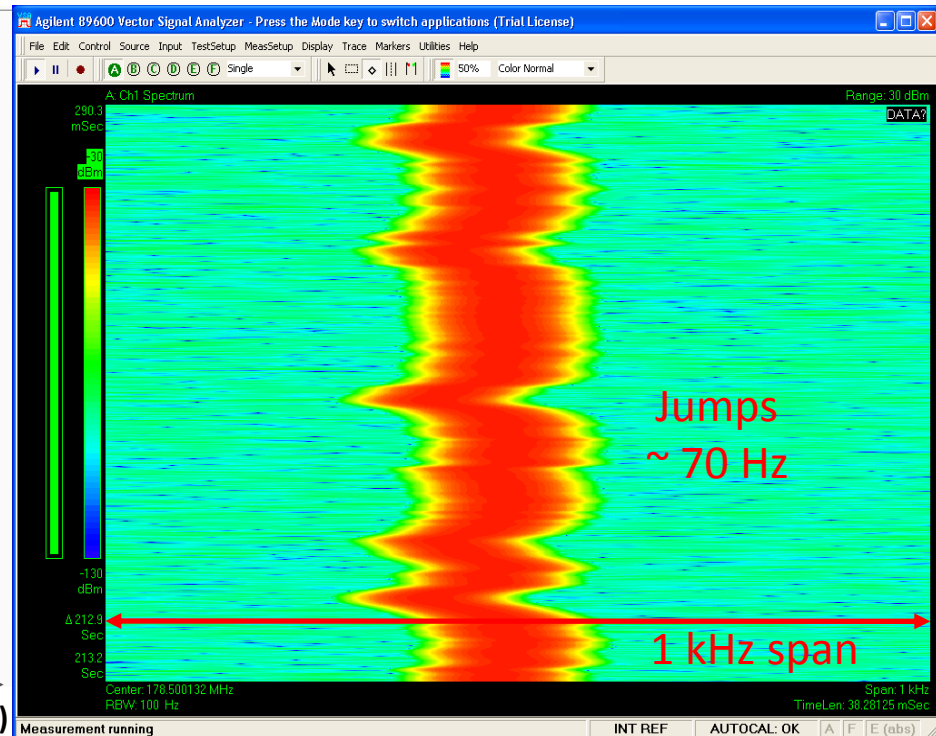
# OneFive laser stability issues

- $\langle P \rangle = 1.7 \text{ W}$
- $\lambda = 1030 \text{ nm}$
- Repetition rate = 178.5 MHz
- $\Delta t = 0.9 \text{ ps}$

Phase Noise measurement

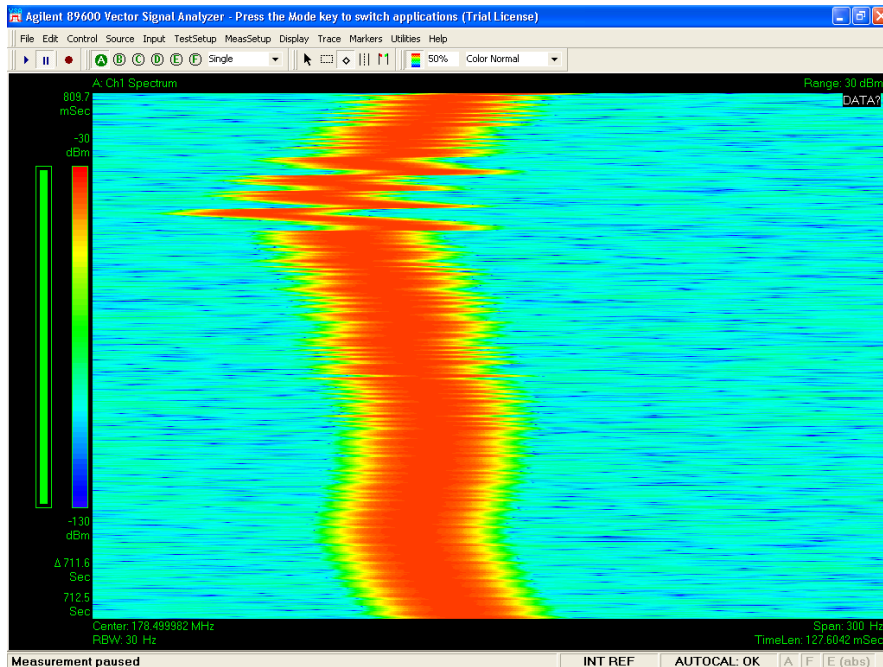


Frequency drift during 3.5 min

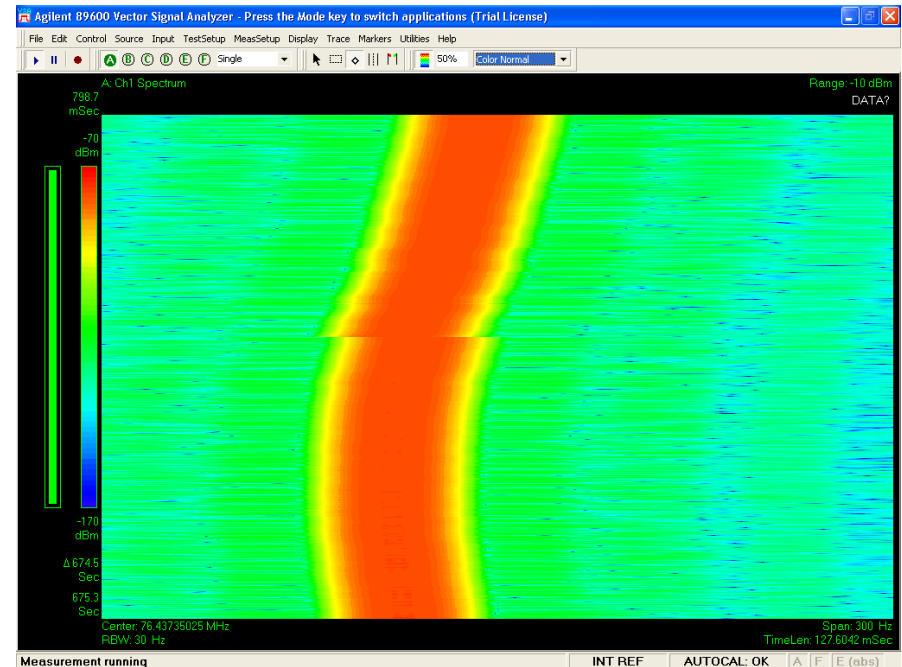


# OneFive laser stability

- Drift and jumps could be improved with a simple cover  
=> to be studied (new software bought for our Agilent RF spectrum analyzer)
- HF phase noise has to be checked as measurements near the instrument noise floor are not very easy (saturation) => Fabry-Perot absorption measurement ?



OneFive frequency stability with cover  
Span : 300 Hz



Comparison with Mira frequency stability  
Span : 300 Hz

# Prospects

- $\Delta\Phi_{ce}$  :
  - 1st priority : find a candidate to work on the full  $\Delta\Phi_{ce}$  dynamic range  
if we dont find a candidate => insert a double prism inside the Mira : standard solution
  - Copy the feedback channel (inside the DAQ) from Frep to  $\Delta\Phi_{ce}$
- Noise improvement :
  - Estimate the system parameters to improve the locking filters to increase stability : already tried in closed loop but without success => open loop
  - Increase the gain on the high frequency part of the Frep loop to improve the RMS noise
  - Improve the PDH floor noise to have a better sensitivity in high frequency for the measurement
- OneFive laser :
  - Improve the phase noise measurement front-end to validate the high frequency behavior of the OneFive laser
  - Fix the low frequency stability issue of the OneFive laser : design of a special cover ?
- DAQ change :
  - Change the present PDH scheme to a Digital PDH scheme to fulfill the new DAQ board constraints (board which will be installed at KEK) : local oscillators and mixers will be made inside DAQ, only preamp and band-pass filter will stay in analog way.
  - Re-writting the C++ code to bypass some software issues : very slow access to the GUI in programming mode