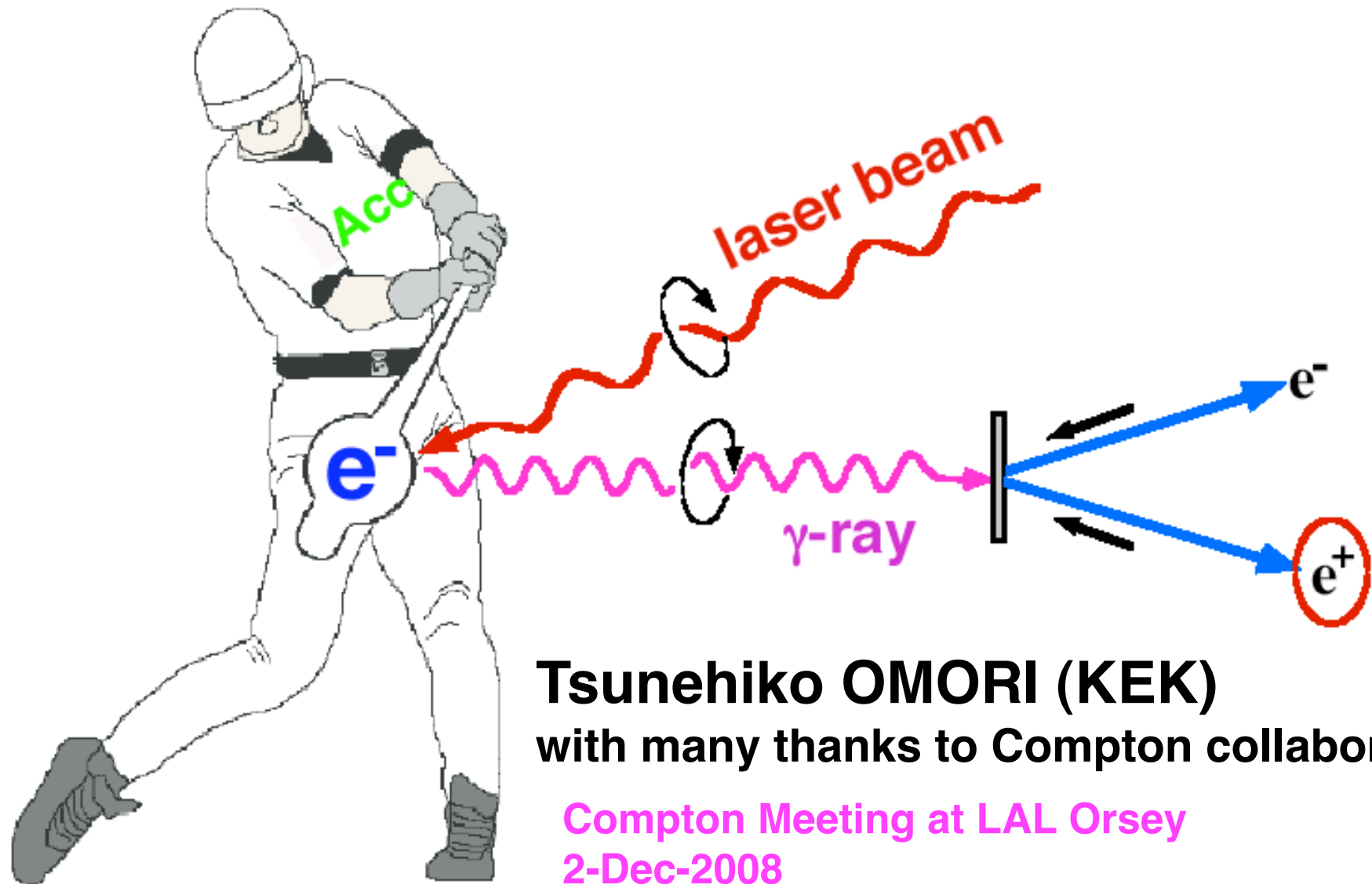


# Compton Experiment at ATF

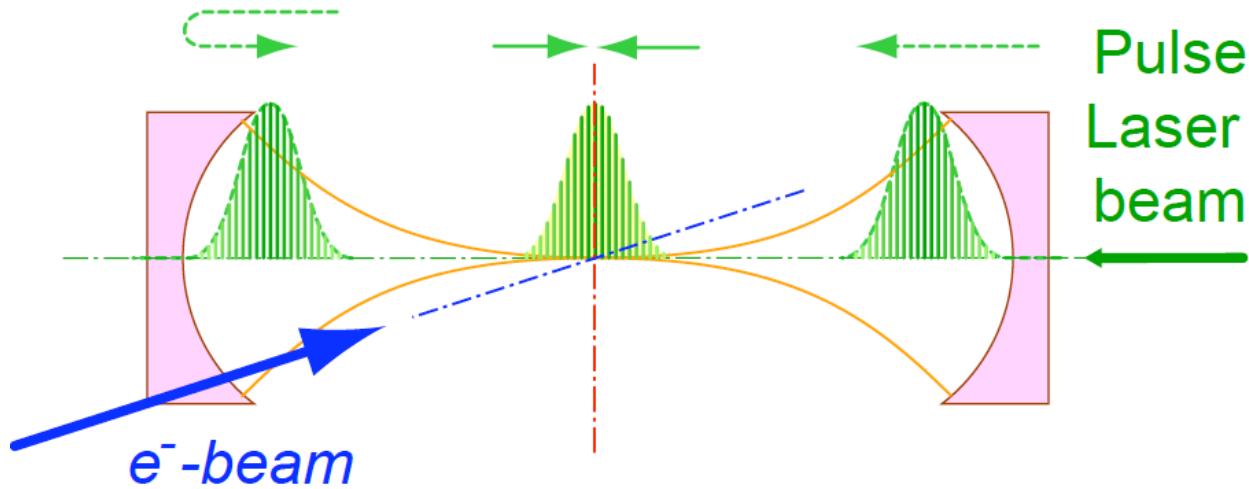


**Tsunehiko OMORI (KEK)**  
with many thanks to Compton collaborators

Compton Meeting at LAL Orsey  
2-Dec-2008

# Experimental R/D in ATF

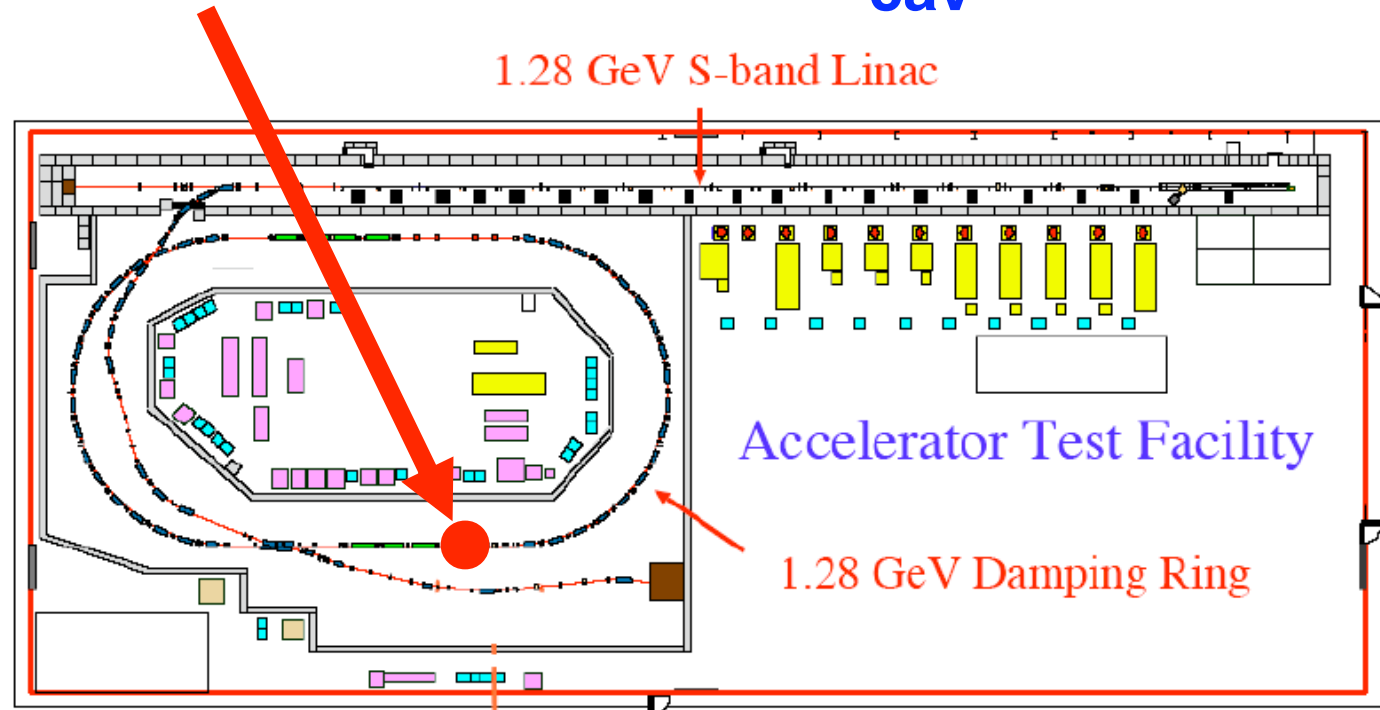
Hiroshima-Waseda-Kyoto-IHEP-KEK



Make a fist  
prototype  
2-mirror cavity

$$L_{\text{cav}} = 420 \text{ mm}$$

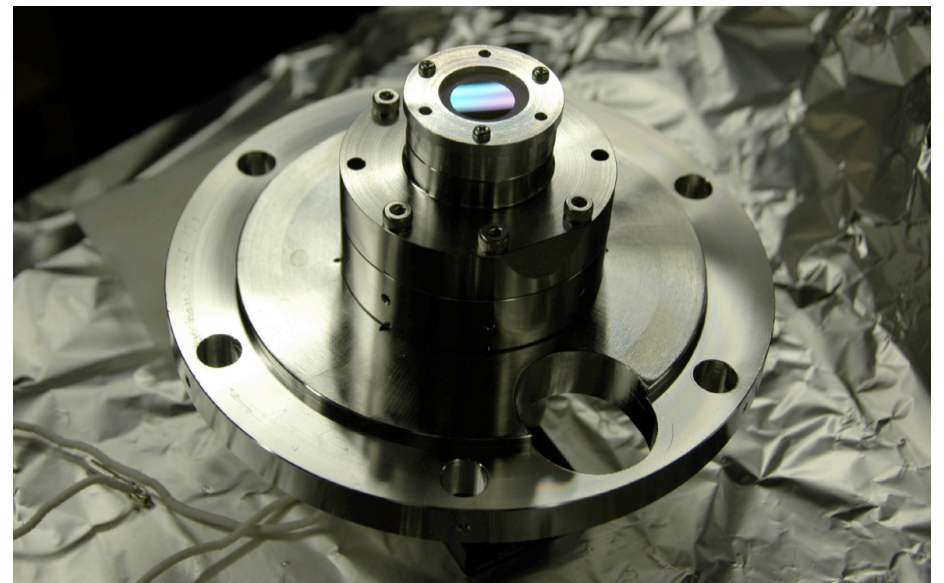
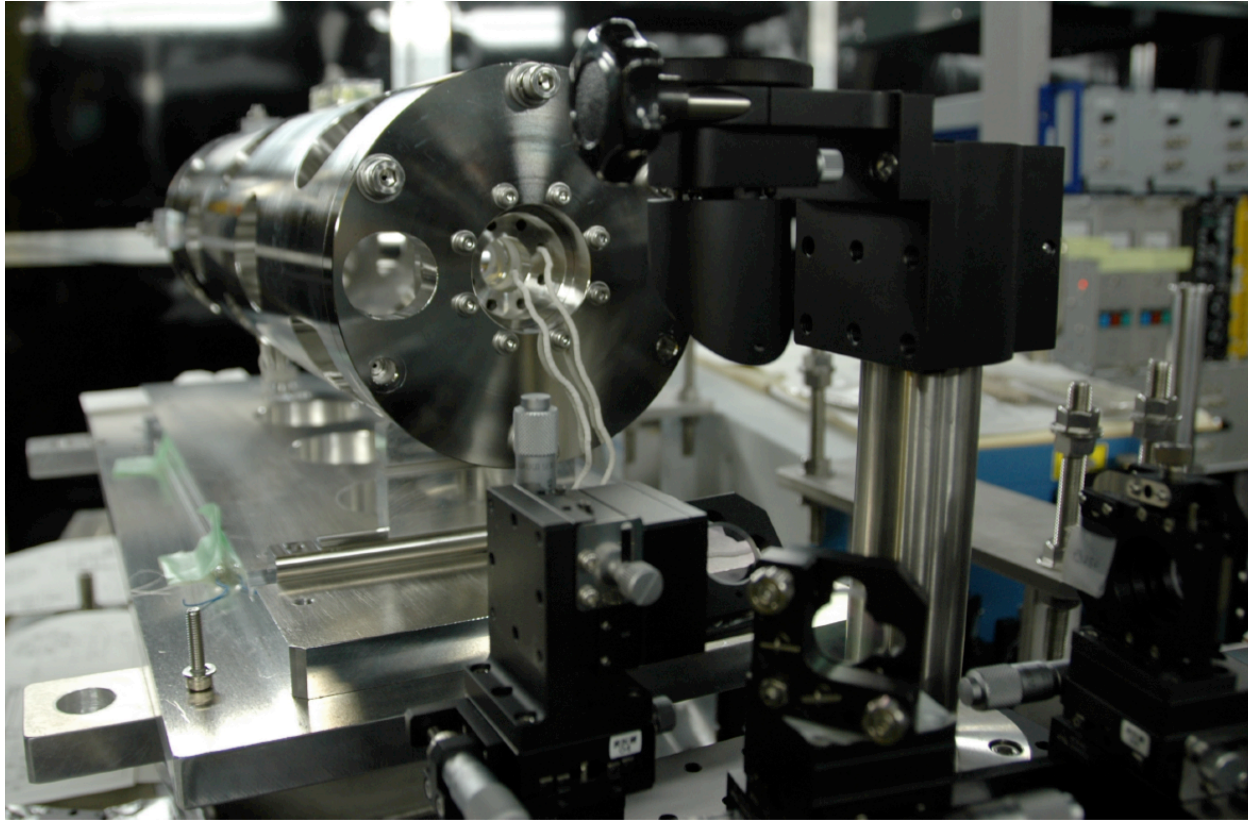
Put it in  
ATF ring



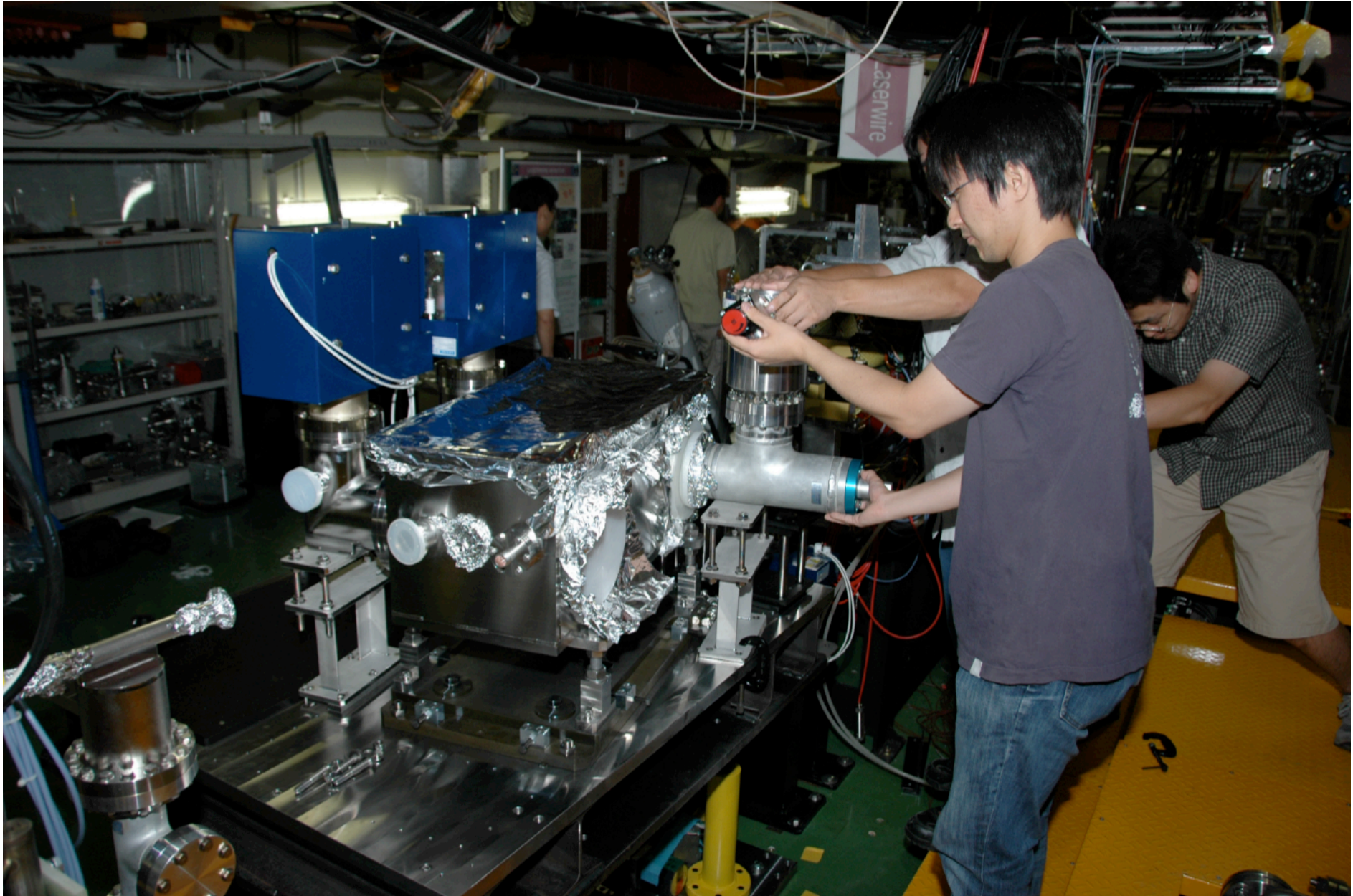
# Laser Stacking Optical Cavity in Vacuum Chamber



# Summer 2007: Assembling the Optical Cavity

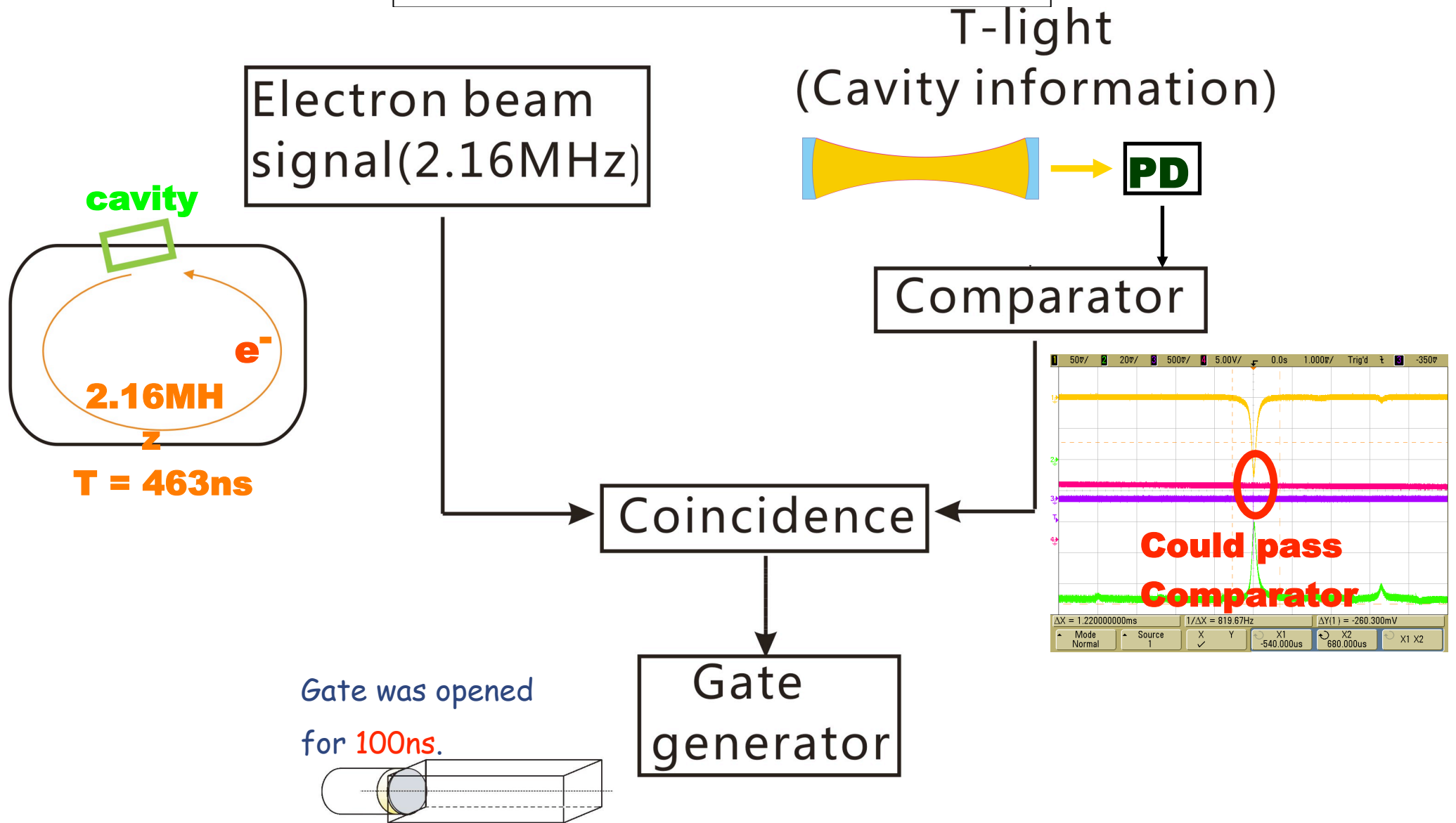


# October 2007: Install the 2-mirror cavity into ATF-DR



**Before Summer**

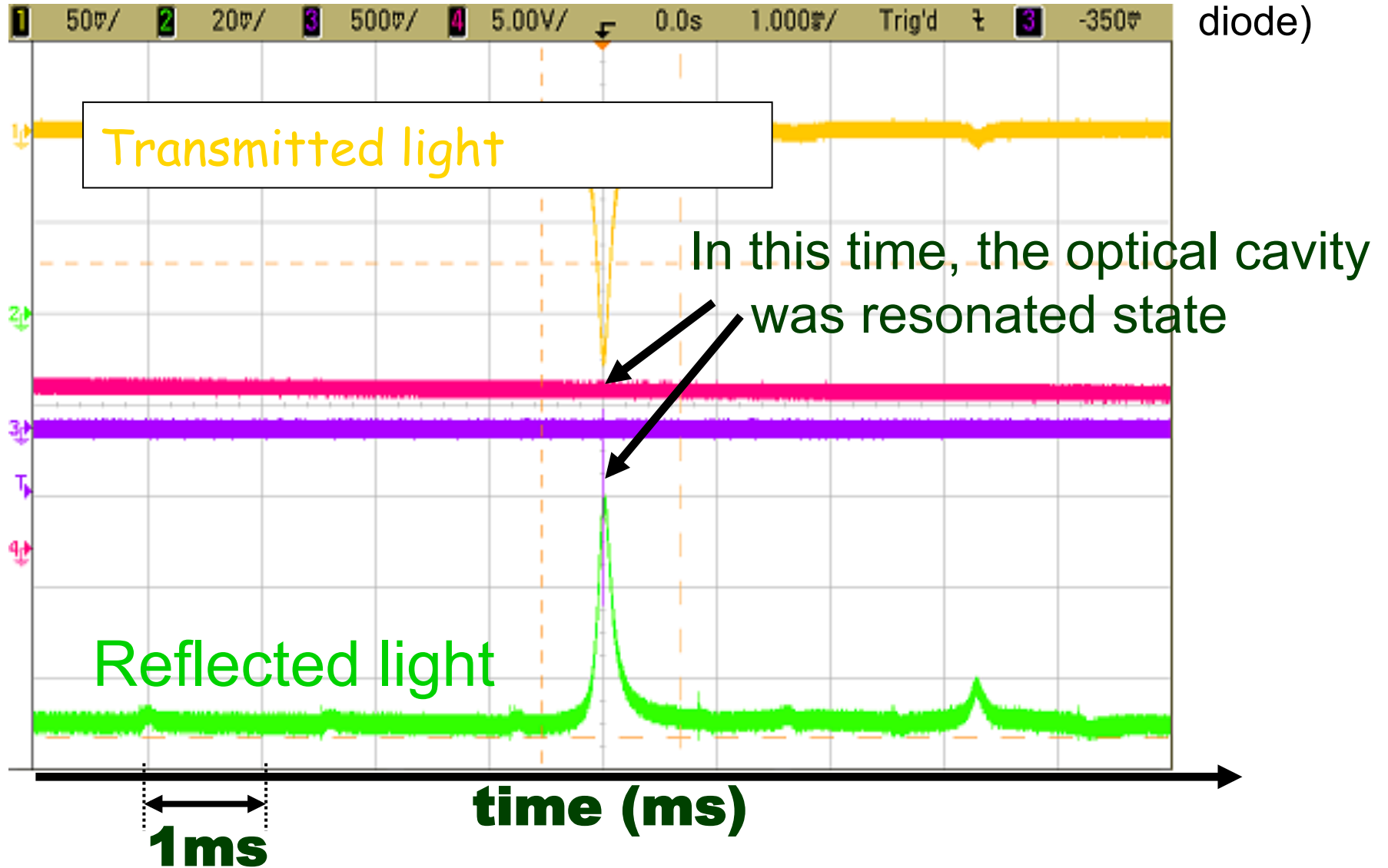
# DAQ Schematic



Continued to change the length of the external cavity.  
Only picked up the data when the cavity was resonated.

# The appearance of light resonance signal

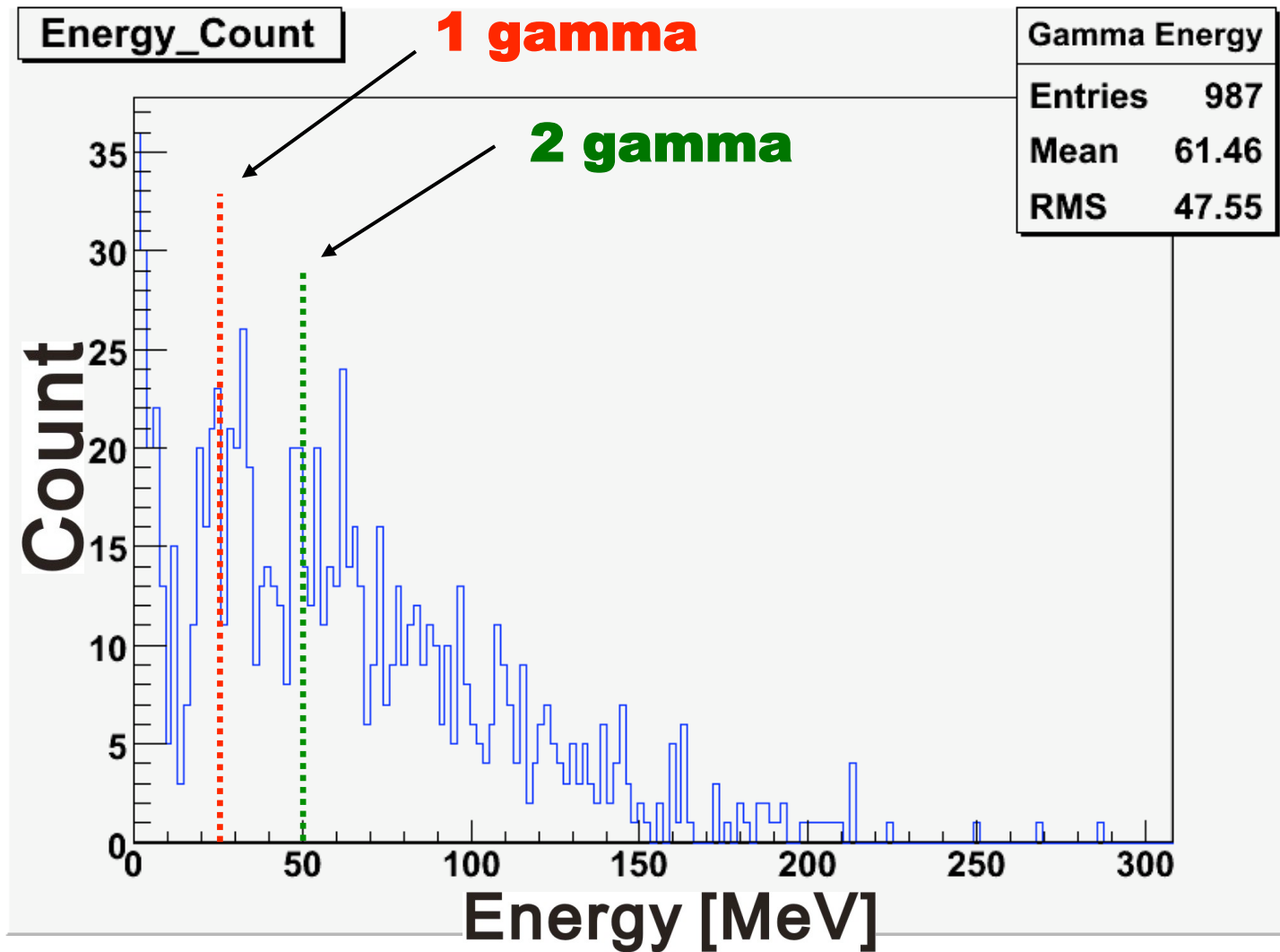
Mirror reflectivity : 99.6%



Continued to change the length of the external cavity.



# Gamma Energy distribution 2



This graph shows the appearance of gamma energy distribution.

one of gamma had 16~28 MeV energy.

# The number of gamma

date	bunch	the number of electron	transmitted power	stack power estimate	$\gamma$
		1/pulse (included in one train)	W	W	
2008/4/22	20	2.6E+10 (in 20 bunches)	1.55	388	3.1
2008/5/27	1	7.2E+9 (in 1 bunch)	1.09	272	3.27

Mirror reflectivity : 99.6%  $\longrightarrow$  stack power =  $\frac{\text{transmitted power}}{1 - 0.996}$

bunch distance : 2.8 ns

We estimated the number of gamma to use a simulation software "CAIN".

20 bunches : experiment  $\gamma \sim 3.1$  simulated by CAIN  $\gamma \sim 20$

1 bunch : experiment  $\gamma \sim 3.3$  simulated by CAIN  $\gamma \sim 4.5$

In the case of 1 bunch, the number of gamma seems to consist comparing our experiment data with estimate by CAIN.

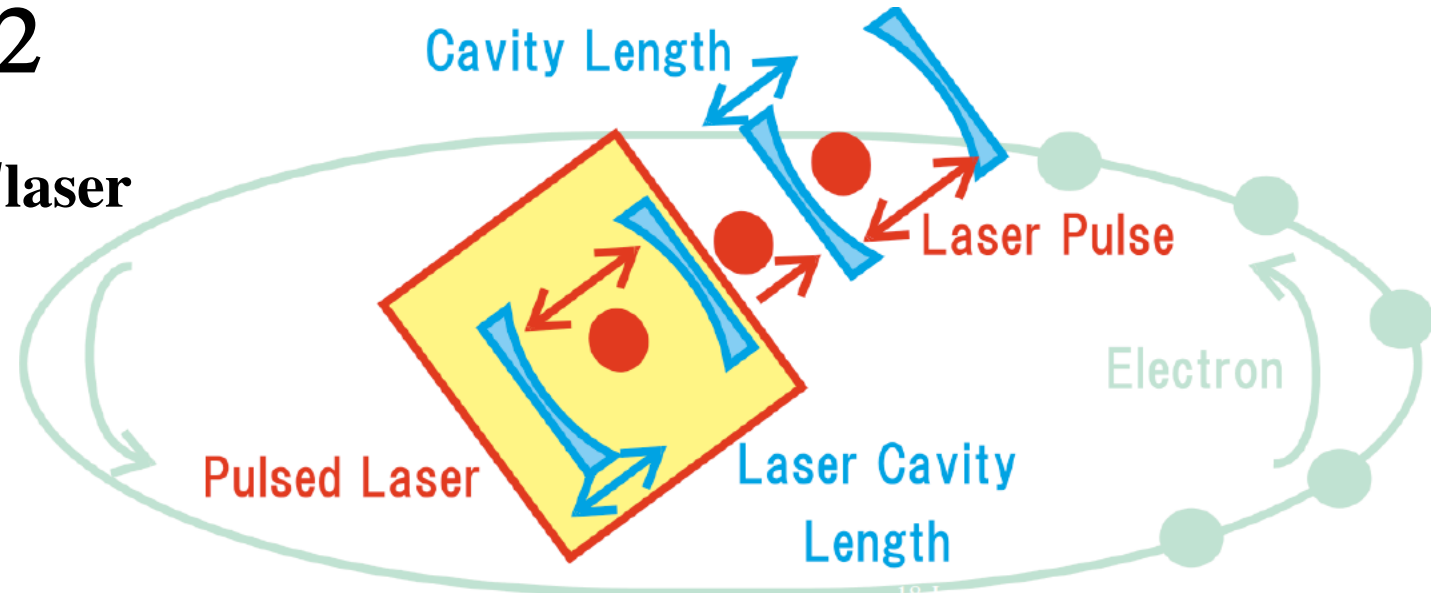
However, the data of **20 bunches were inconsistent**. The reason of this, there was a possibility that not every electron bunches were collided.

# Present Status

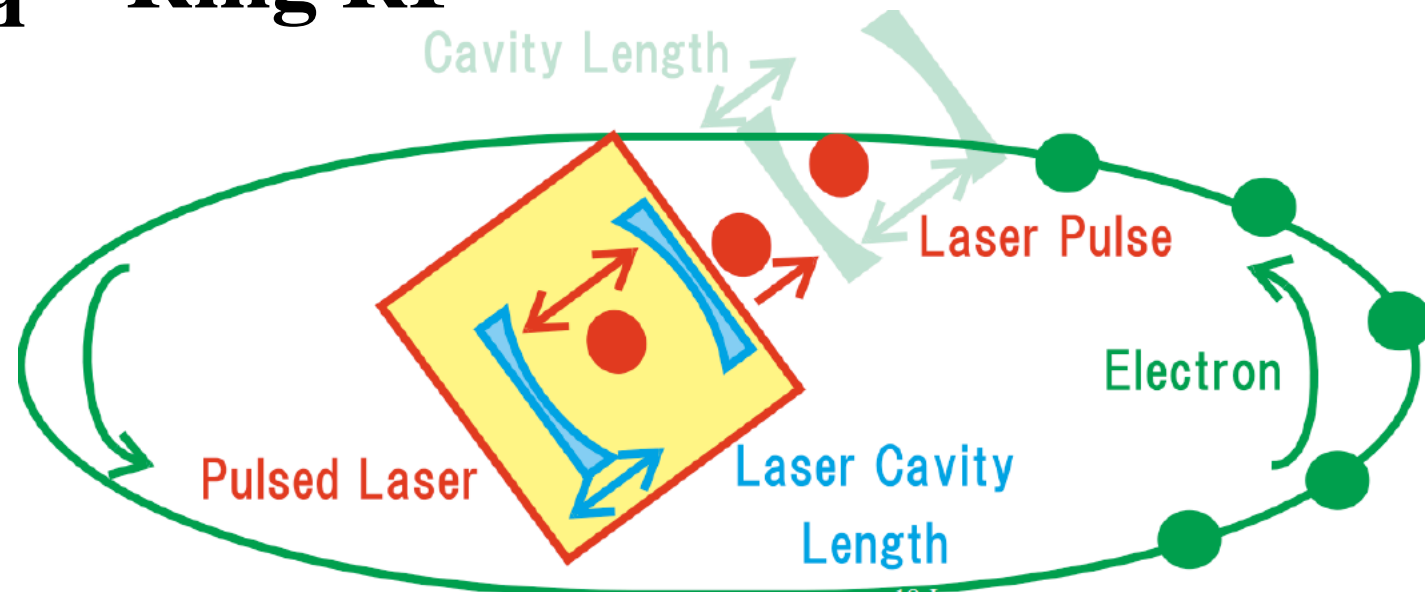
# Feedback to Achieve 3 Conditions

$$L_{\text{cav}} = n \lambda / 2$$

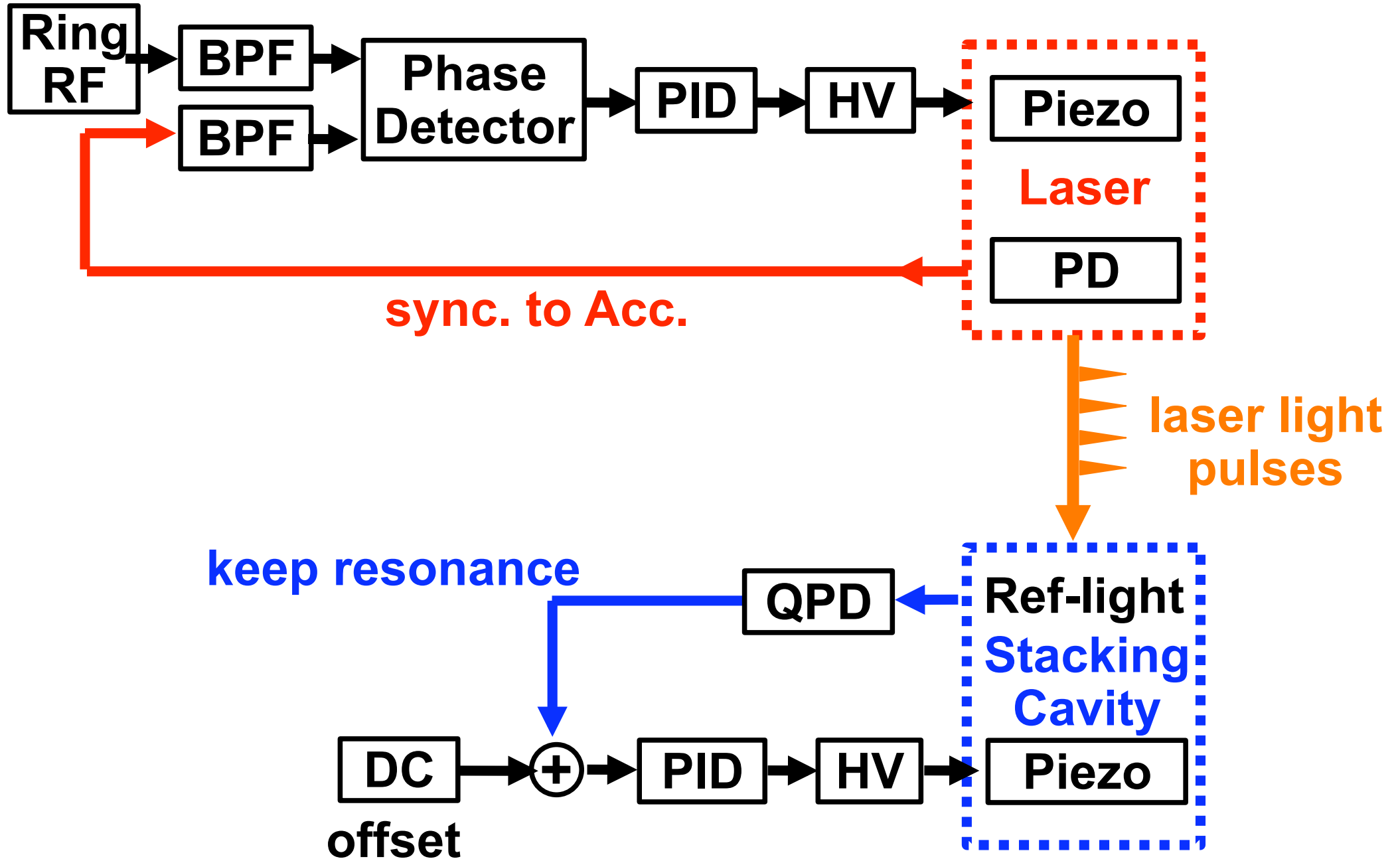
$$L_{\text{cav}} = m L_{\text{laser}}$$



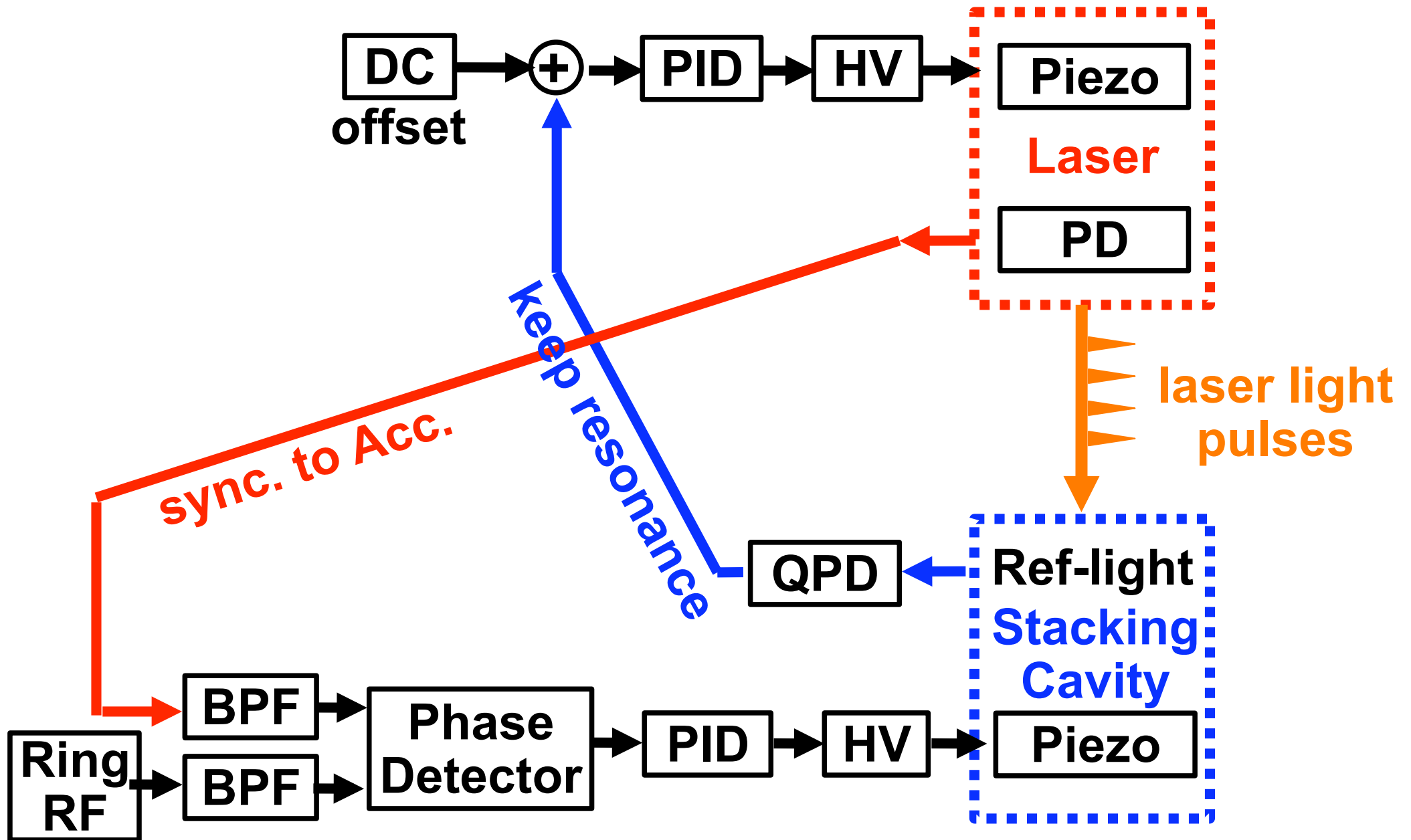
**Laser freq = Ring RF**



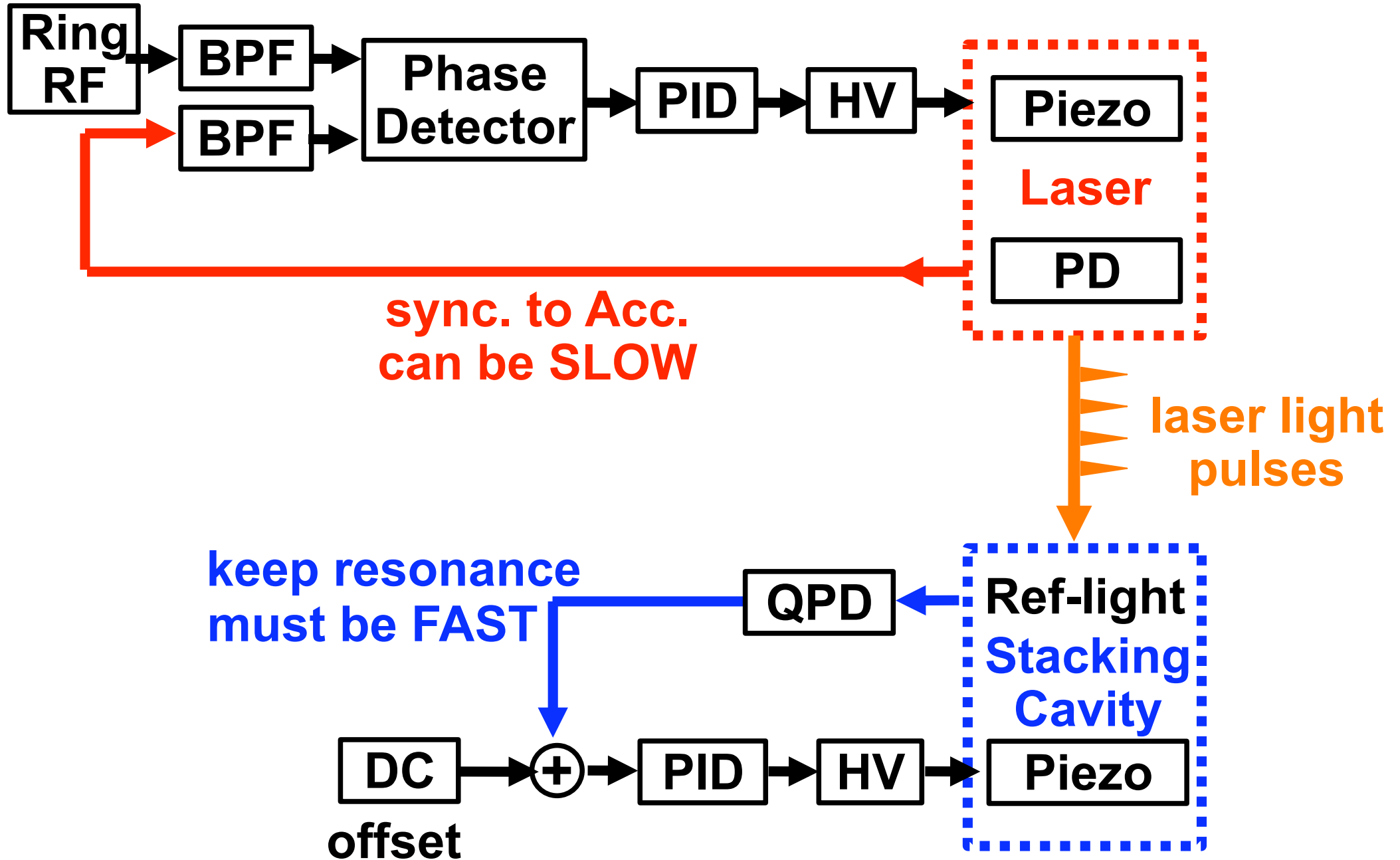
# Normal Solution



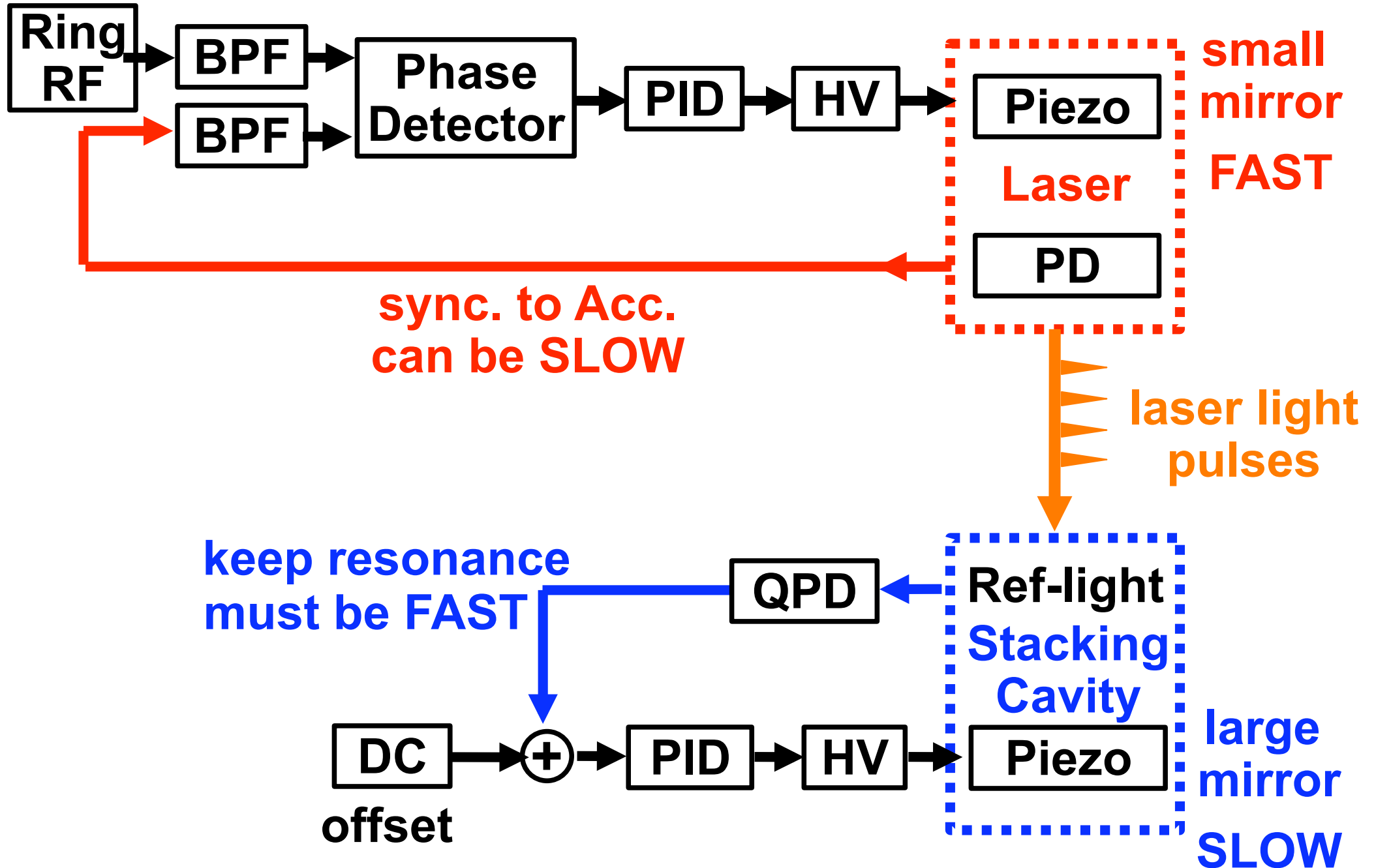
# Cross-feedback Solution (Sakaue)



# Normal Solution

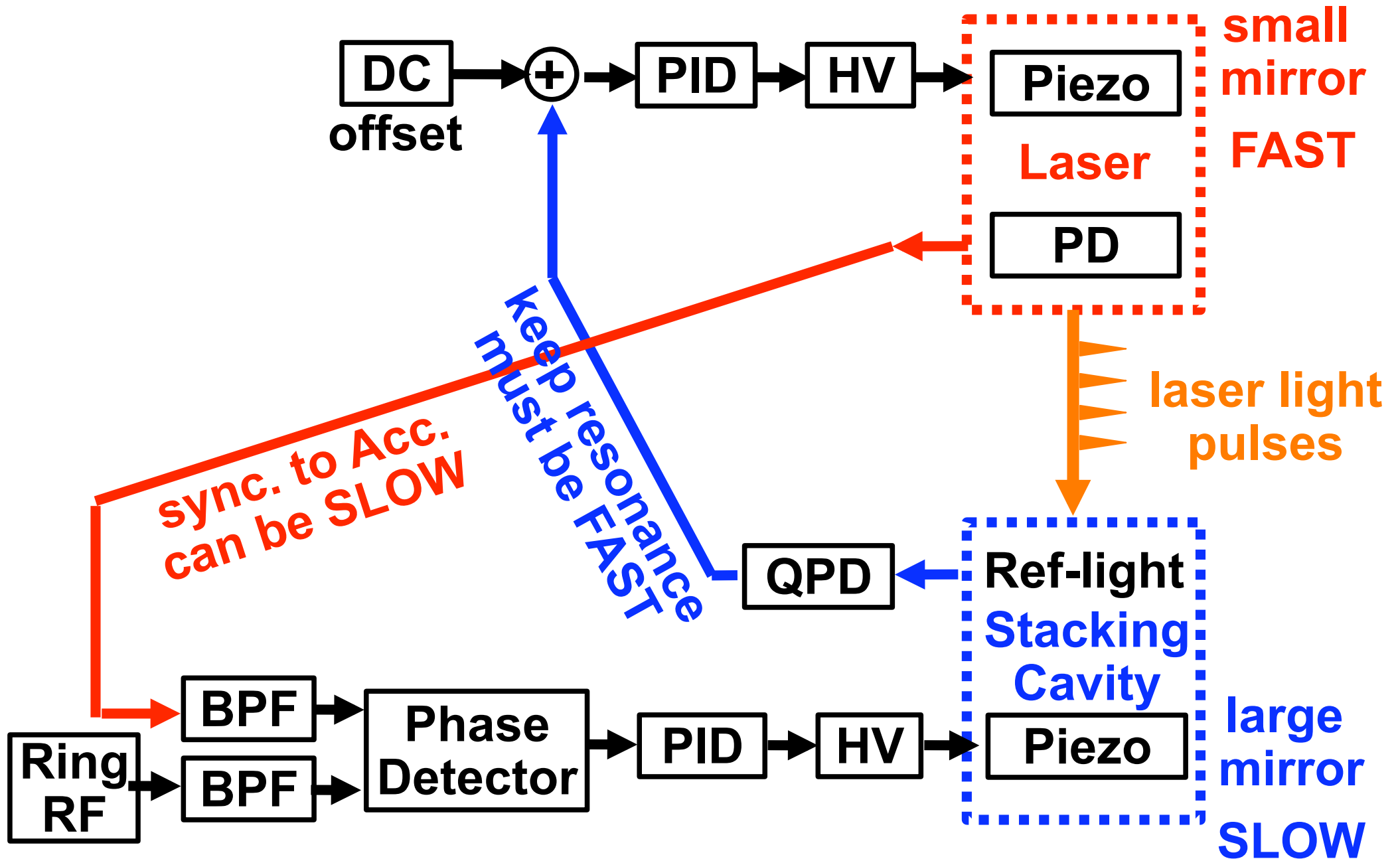


# Normal Solution



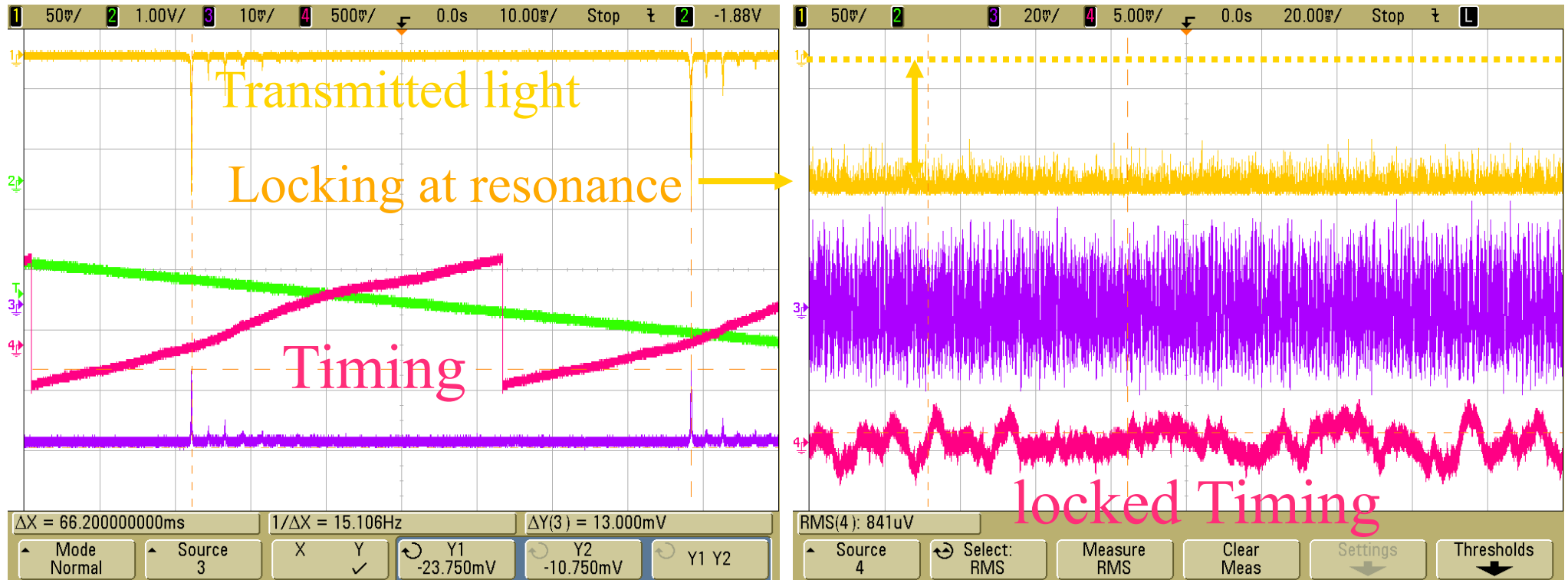


# Cross-feedback Solution (Sakaue)



# Optical cavity condition

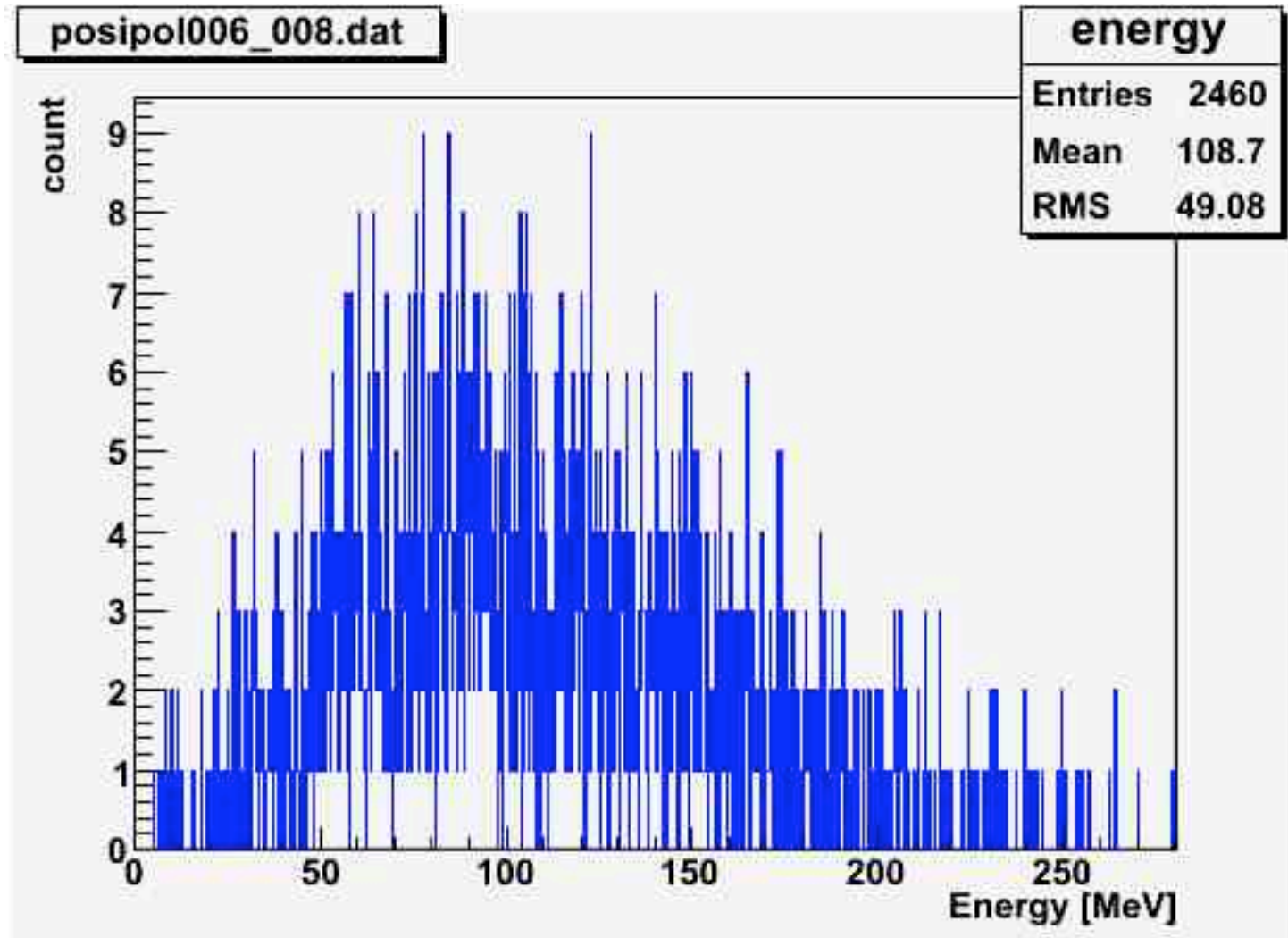
In summer time, we succeeded to keep condition of optical cavity timing lock and locking at resonance point.



Last week beam time, Optical cavity was to keep condition timing lock and locking at resonance point.

# Energy Distribution

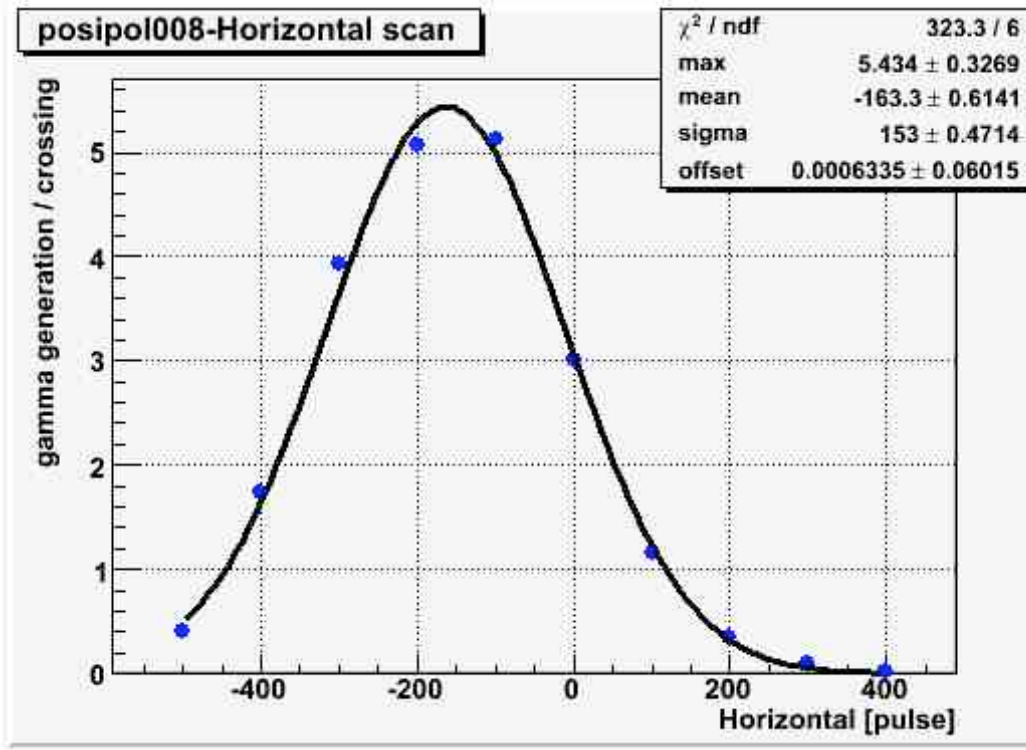
single-bunch operation



# Best collision point data in 1 bunch and 2 bunches

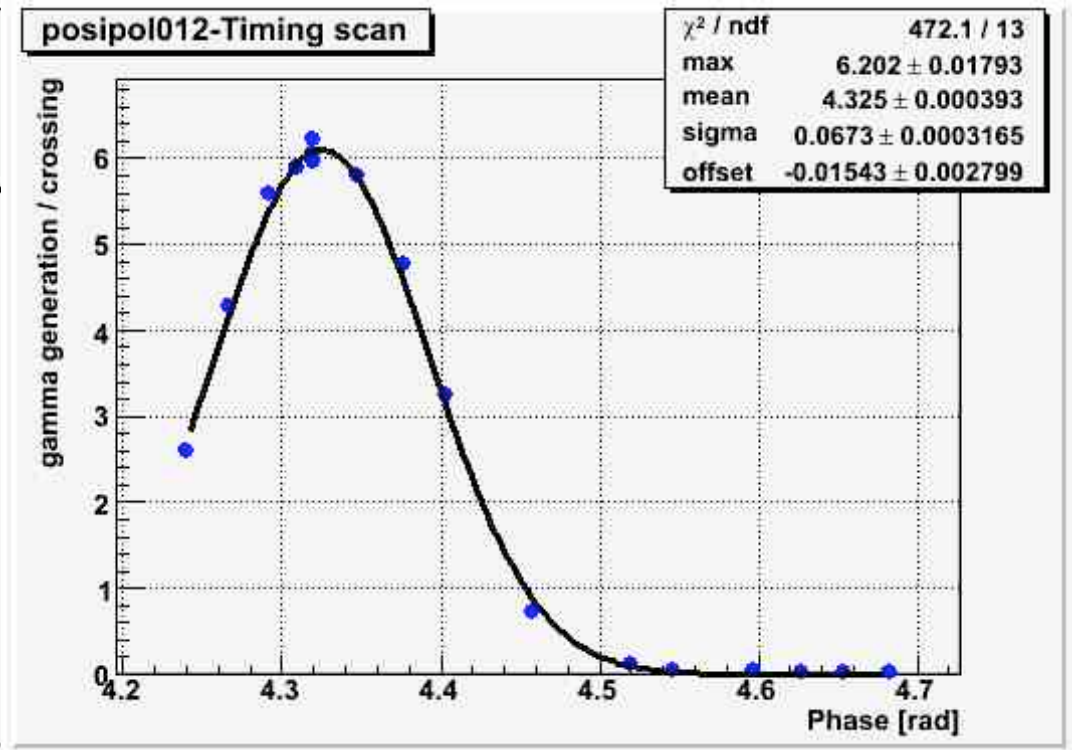
1 bunch

Scanning to Horizontal position



2 bunches

Scanning to Timing



After that, we tried to take 3 bunches data.

However, gamma detector was broken.



Now, gamma detector is recovered.

date	run #	electron	the number of electron	stack power estimate	$\gamma$
	posipol	bunch(es)	1/pulse	by trans [W]	1/crossing
2008 11/20	8-005	1	7.20E+09	413	5.1
2008 11/20	12-012	2	1.24E+10	291	6.2

The number of  $\gamma$  :  $6.2 \times 2.16 \times 10^6$  [1/second]

Simulated by Cain 1bunch  $\gamma$  : 5.7 2 bunches :6.7

#### Rough consistency check

$\gamma \div$  the number of electron  $\div$  stack power

1 bunch  $1.715 \times 10^8$

2 bunches  $1.718 \cdot 10^8$

1 bunch data and 2 bunches data seem to consistent

This week  
We try 10-bunch and 20-bunch operation

# Summary

# Summary

## 1. Success : Resonance Feedback + Phase Lock on Acc RF

**Before Summer**

**No feedback**

**Trigger : Acc + Transmitted Light**

**Present**

**Normal Feedback ---> Cross-feedback**

**Resonance Feedback + Phase Lock on ACC RF**

**Trigger : Acc**

## 2. Collision Experiment on going

**5 gamma / crossing (single-bunch op.)**

**6 gamma / crossing (two-bunch op.)**

**Consistent: Experiment <--> CAIN simulation**

**Consistent: single-bunch <--> two-bunch**

**This week : collision in 10-bunch and 20-bunch op.**