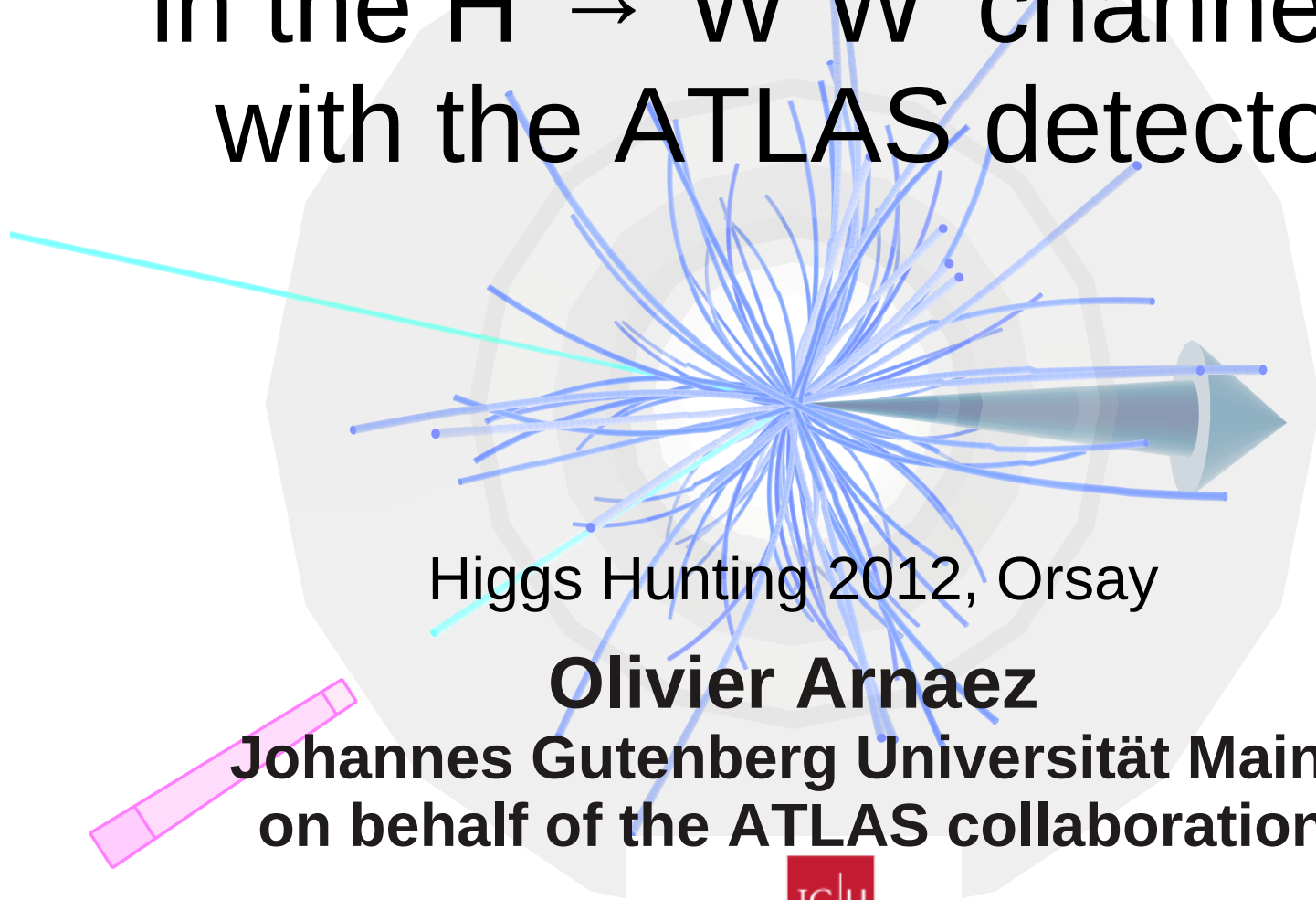


# Searches for the SM scalar boson in the $H \rightarrow W^+W^-$ channels with the ATLAS detector

A schematic diagram of the ATLAS detector, showing a central interaction point with numerous blue lines radiating outwards, representing particle tracks. A large blue arrow points to the right, indicating the direction of the beam. A cyan line and a pink line are also shown, likely representing specific particle paths or decay channels.

Higgs Hunting 2012, Orsay

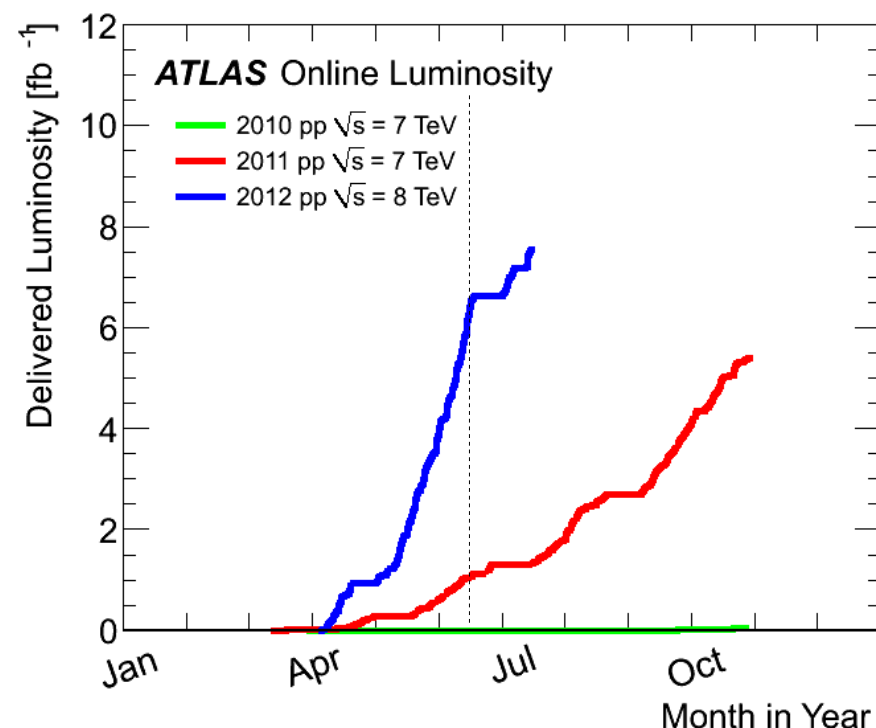
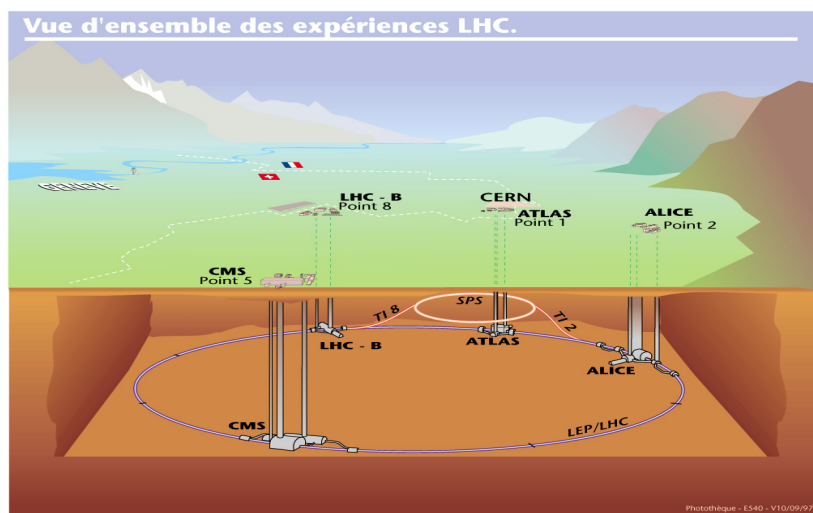
**Olivier Arnaez**

**Johannes Gutenberg Universität Mainz  
on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration**



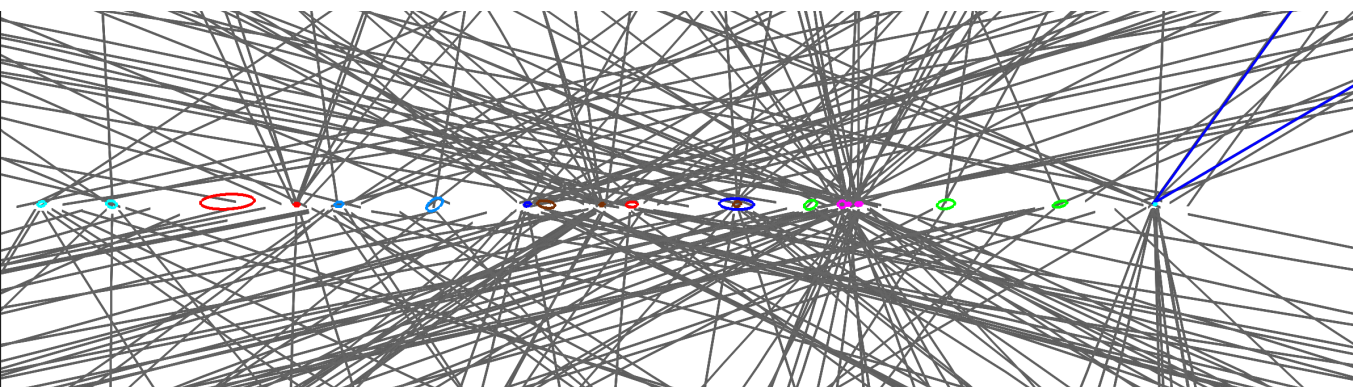
JOHANNES GUTENBERG  
UNIVERSITÄT MAINZ

# 2012 is a great year !



|                 | 2011                                          | 2012                                         |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| $E_{\text{CM}}$ | 7 TeV                                         | 8 TeV                                        |
| Inst. lumi.     | $\sim 3.10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ | $[3-7].10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ |
| Int. lumi       | ( $\sim 500 \text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{week}$ )    | $25 \text{ fb}^{-1}/\text{year} ?$           |
| Bunch spacing   | 50 ns                                         | 50 ns                                        |

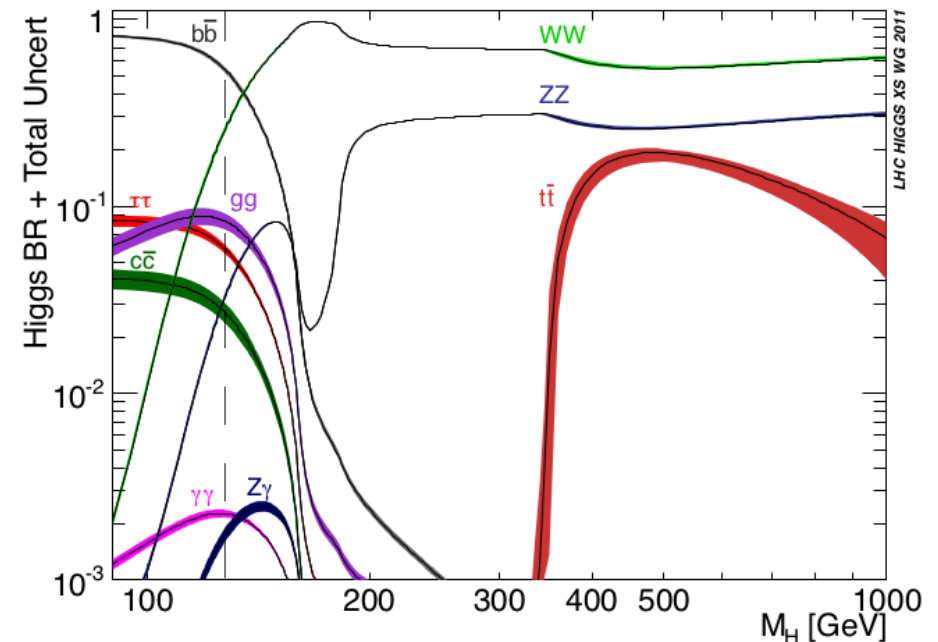
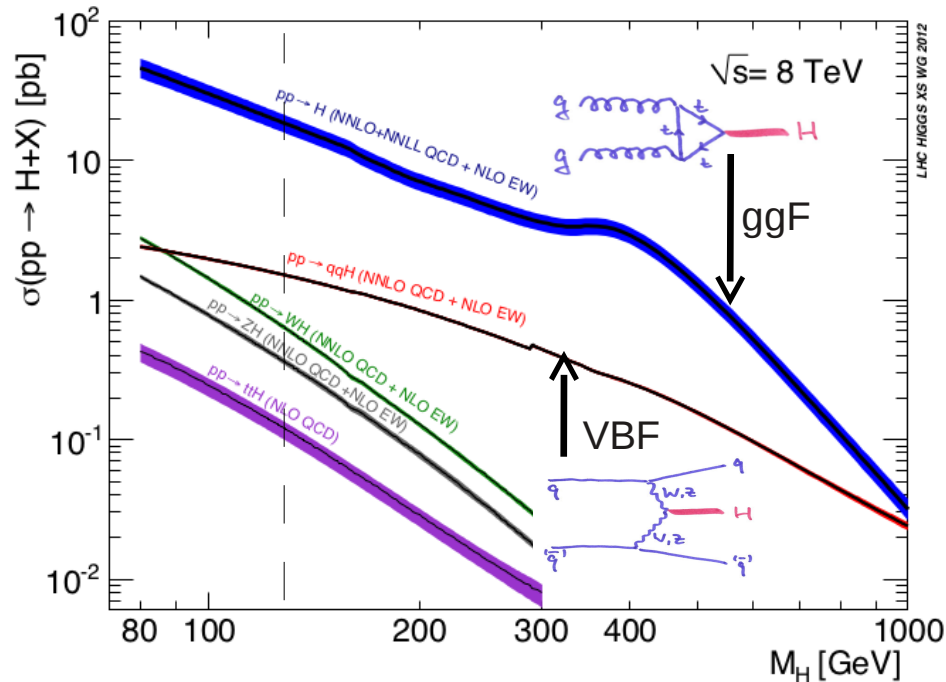
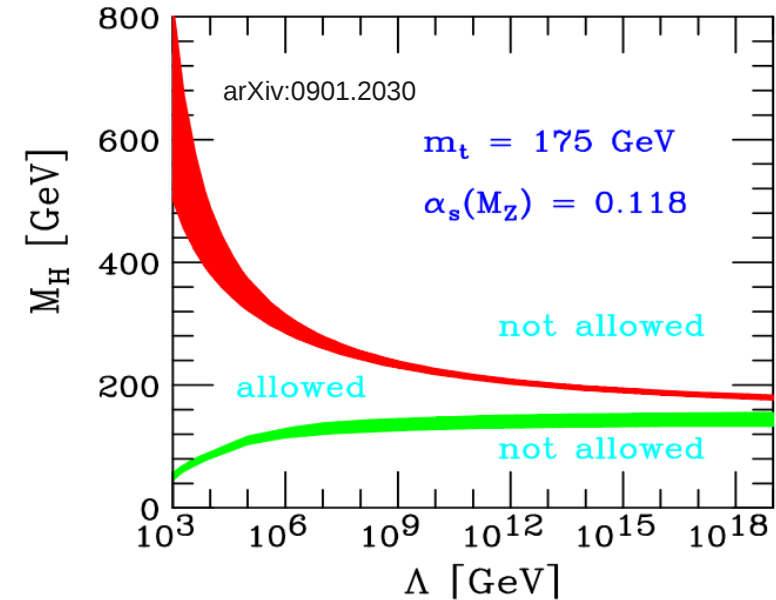
- Price to pay is high pile-up
- It complicates :



- Triggering
- Reconstruction and identification of physics objects
- Resolutions ( $E_{\text{tmiss}}$ )
- Computing resources
- Simulation

# Searches for the SM scalar boson

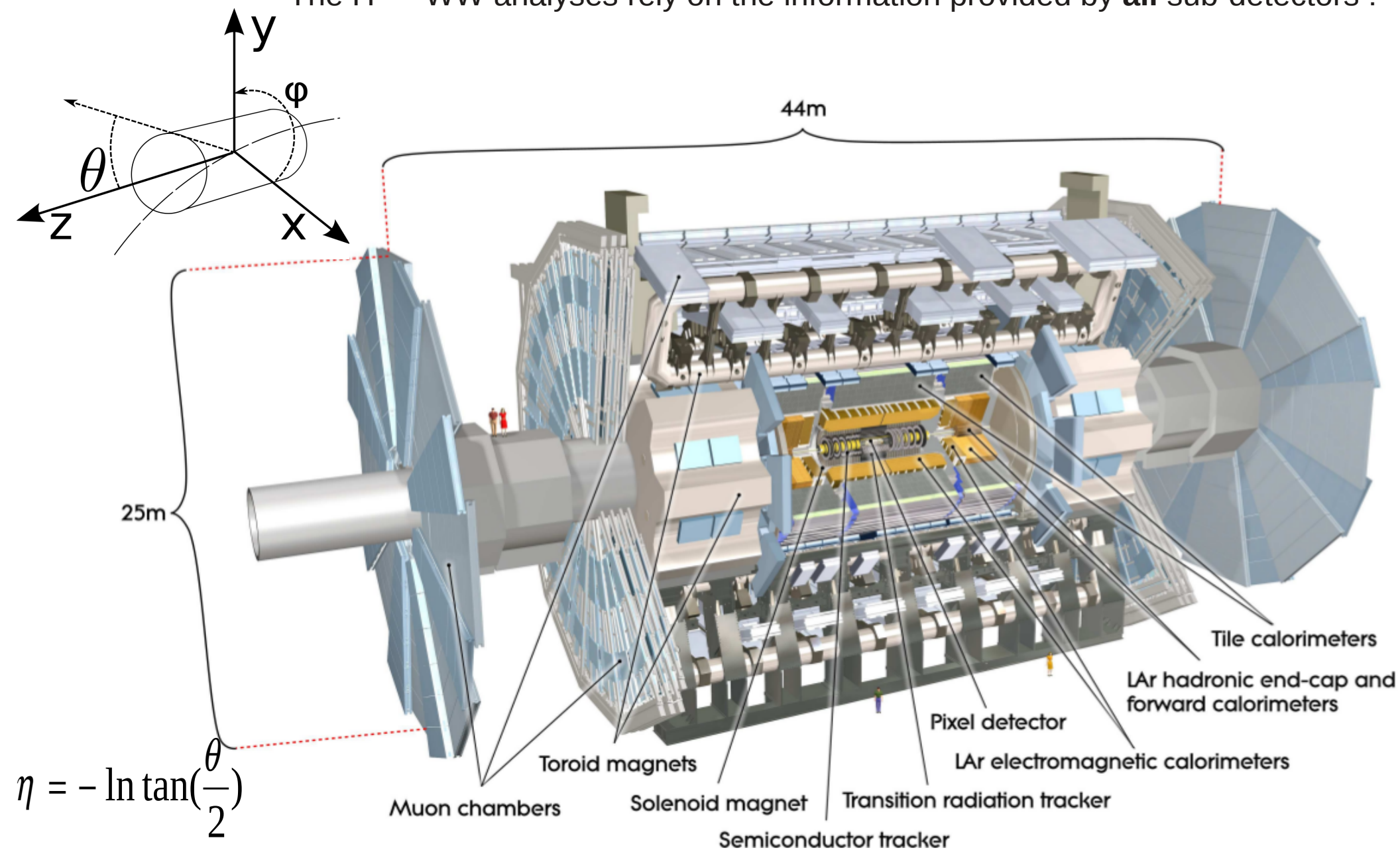
- Missing element of the Standard Model in order to explain the masses of the elementary particles
- Large production cross-section at LHC thanks to the large presence of gluons
- WW decays make searches in this channel the most efficient in the range in mass  
~120-190 GeV



arXiv:1201.3084

# A Toroidal LHC ApparatuS

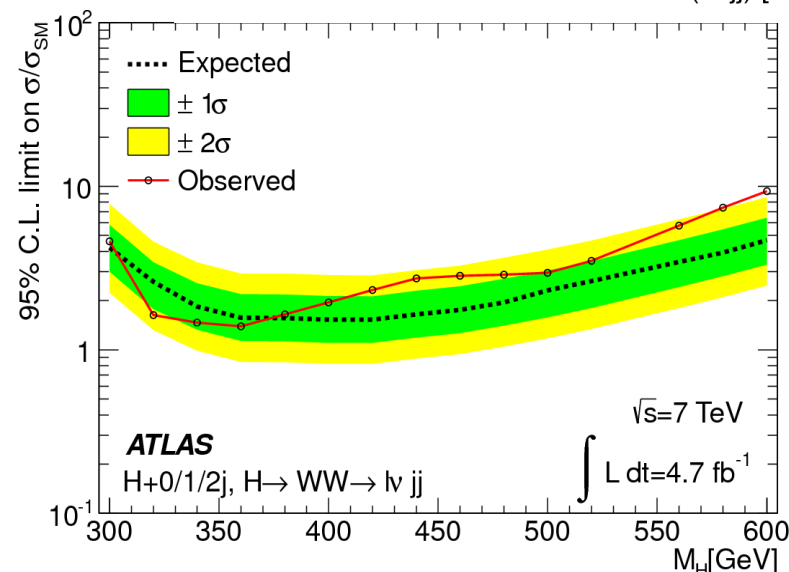
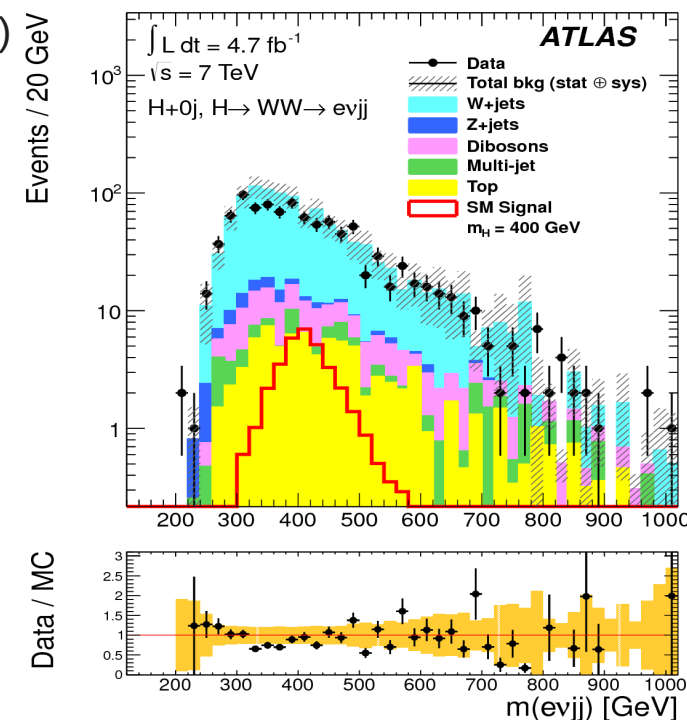
The  $H \rightarrow WW$  analyses rely on the information provided by **all** sub-detectors !



# Recent 2011 results : $lvjj$ (1)

Based on arXiv:1206.6074

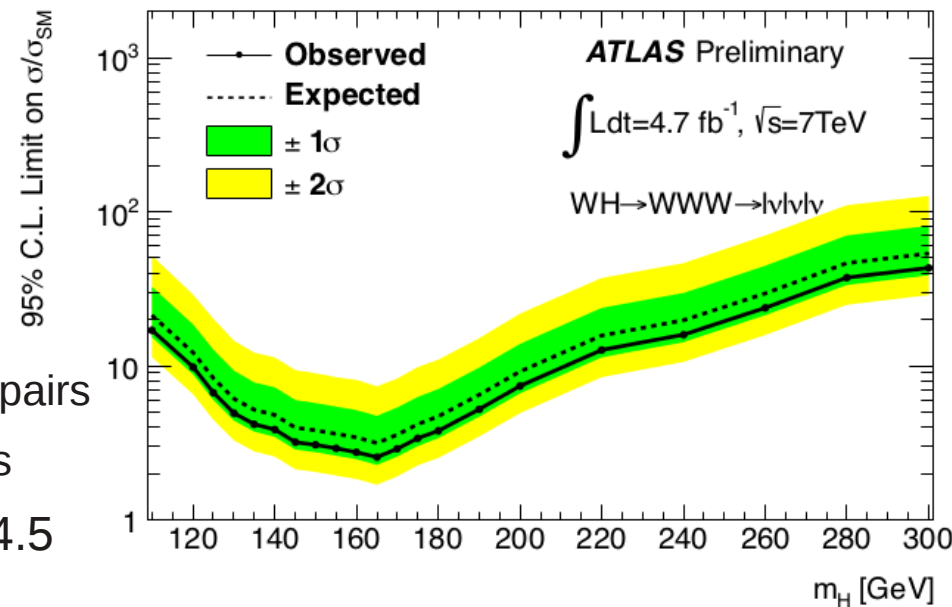
- Analysis selection targeted to high masses :
  - Electron or muon above  $p_T = 40$  GeV (Veto extra one with  $p_T > 20$  GeV)
  - 2 jets within  $|\eta| < 2.8$  above  $p_T = 40$  GeV (one with  $p_T > 60$  GeV)
    - $\Delta R_{jj} < 1.3$  to suppress W+jets
    - b-tagged jet veto to suppress top background
    - Binning with 0 or 1 extra jet within  $|\eta| < 4.5$
  - Missing transverse energy above 40 GeV
  - W mass constrain on  $m_{jj}$  : [71, 91] GeV
  - Alternative selection for VBF with increased acceptance, opposite hemisphere and separation requirements for the tagging jets ( $\Delta\eta_{jj} > 3$ ) and  $m_{jj} > 600$  GeV
- Background dominated by W+jets (~70%), top (~20%), Z+jets, diboson and multijets
- Non-resonant background modelled by a smooth function validated on MC and fitted in the W mass sidebands:
 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{1 + |a(x-m)^b|} e^{-c(x-200)}$$
- Results well consistent with background-only hypothesis within 300 and 600 GeV



# Recent 2011 results : $WH \rightarrow WWW \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$

Based on ATLAS-CONF-2012-078

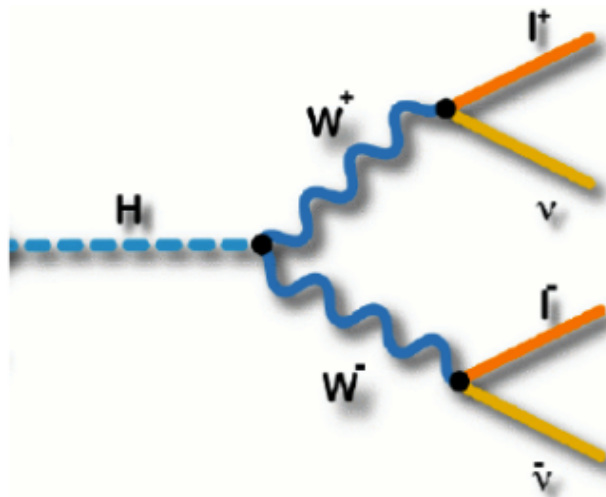
- Analysis selection:
  - Three isolated leptons above 10 GeV within  $|\eta| < 2.5$ 
    - At least one triggering (i.e.  $>24$  GeV for electrons or  $>21$  GeV for muons)
  - Missing transverse energy above
    - 40 GeV for same flavour opposite-signs lepton pairs
    - 25 GeV for different flavour opposite-signs pairs
  - Counting of jets above  $p_T = 25$  GeV with  $|\eta| < 4.5$
  - Z mass veto



|                                   | $W(H \rightarrow WW)$ | $Z(H \rightarrow WW)$ | $V(H \rightarrow \tau\tau)$ | $H \rightarrow ZZ$ | Observed | Total Bkg.       |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|----------|------------------|
| Pre-selection                     | $1.78 \pm 0.15$       | $3.56 \pm 0.30$       | $0.66 \pm 0.06$             | $0.97 \pm 0.08$    | 2077     | $2240 \pm 260$   |
| Z enriched                        | $1.36 \pm 0.11$       | $3.50 \pm 0.28$       | $0.54 \pm 0.05$             | $0.97 \pm 0.08$    | 2056     | $2220 \pm 260$   |
| At most 1 jet,<br>not $b$ -tagged | $1.24 \pm 0.12$       | $2.22 \pm 0.21$       | $0.48 \pm 0.05$             | $0.80 \pm 0.07$    | 1801     | $1960 \pm 240$   |
| $E_{T,rel}^{miss} > 40$ GeV       | $0.61 \pm 0.05$       | $0.54 \pm 0.05$       | $0.10 \pm 0.01$             | $0.01 \pm 0.01$    | 114      | $115 \pm 10$     |
| Z mass veto                       | $0.47 \pm 0.05$       | $0.04 \pm 0.01$       | $0.04 \pm 0.01$             | --                 | 13       | $9.9 \pm 2.2$    |
| All cuts                          | $0.34 \pm 0.06$       | $0.03 \pm 0.01$       | $0.02 \pm 0.01$             | --                 | 3        | $3.7 \pm 0.9$    |
| Z depleted                        | $0.43 \pm 0.06$       | $0.06 \pm 0.01$       | $0.12 \pm 0.02$             | --                 | 21       | $12.49 \pm 1.07$ |
| At most 1 jet,<br>not $b$ -tagged | $0.40 \pm 0.06$       | $0.04 \pm 0.01$       | $0.11 \pm 0.02$             | --                 | 7        | $4.9 \pm 0.9$    |
| $E_{T,rel}^{miss} > 25$ GeV       | $0.26 \pm 0.03$       | $0.02 \pm 0.01$       | $0.04 \pm 0.01$             | --                 | 1        | $1.22 \pm 0.24$  |
| All cuts                          | $0.18 \pm 0.04$       | $0.01 \pm 0.01$       | $0.03 \pm 0.01$             | --                 | 0        | $0.25 \pm 0.15$  |

# Higgs decaying $WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$

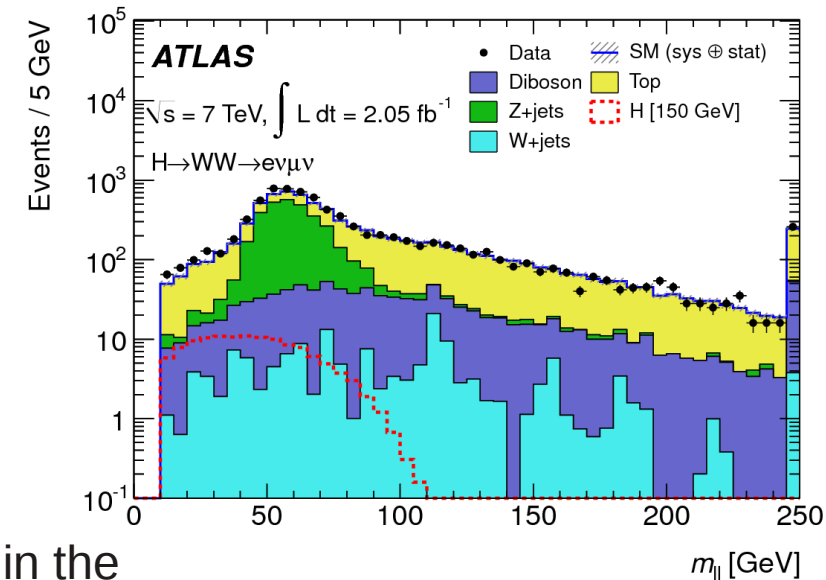
Presentation based on  
the latest 2012 results at  
ATLAS-CONF-2012-098  
(or earlier publications for  
illustrative figures)



- Presence of two isolated high- $p_T$  leptons with opposite charges  
→ suppresses part of the large multi-jets and  $W/Z$ +jets background
- Large missing transverse energy due to the escaping neutrinos  
→ distinguishing from Drell-Yan  $Z/\gamma^*$  processes
- Standard Model scalar boson with spin 0 → small lepton opening angle  
→ topology different from the di-boson  $WW$  continuum
- Privileged channel thanks to its high branching ratio but limited mass resolution
- « Counting experiment » carried out on the Higgs mass spectrum between 110 and 200 GeV
- Results presented here for an integrated luminosity of  $5.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  collected in 2012 at  $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$  in the opposite flavour ( $e\mu$  and  $\mu e$ ) channels

# Selection (1) : leptons & missing $E_T$

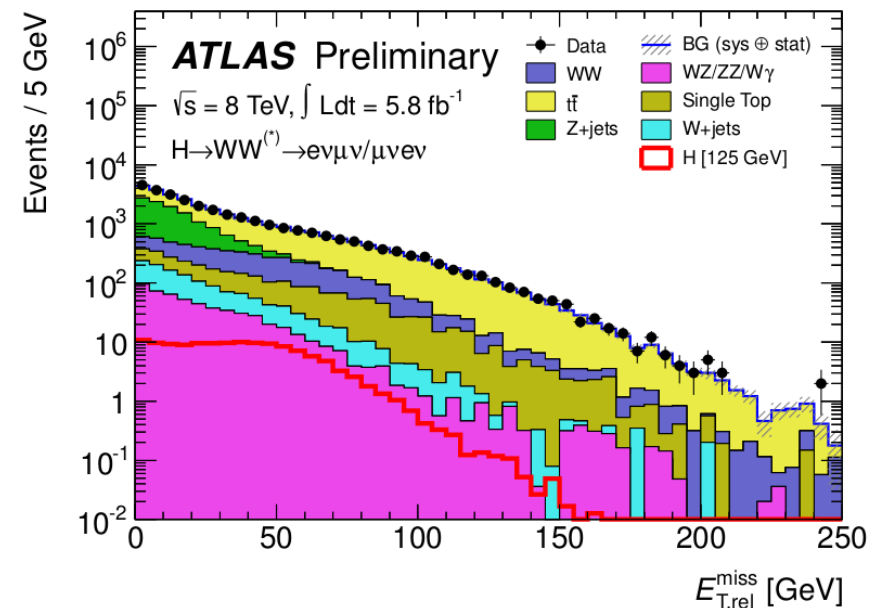
- Each event should contain two tightly-identified isolated leptons with opposite charges
  - $p_T > 15$  GeV
  - At least one with  $p_T > 25$  GeV to fire the trigger
- Dilepton invariant mass  $m_{ll} > 10$  GeV
- In order to reduce the background without any neutrino in the final state (Z+jets, di-jets), a large missing transverse energy is required



- Actually, to reduce the impact on the missing transverse energy of particles energy mis-measurements, a projection ( $E_{T,miss_{rel}}$ ) of this  $E_{T,miss}$  is used:

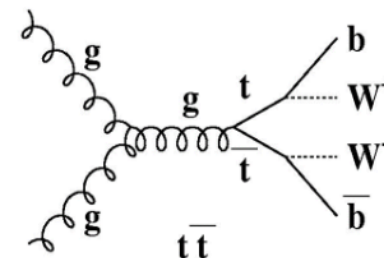
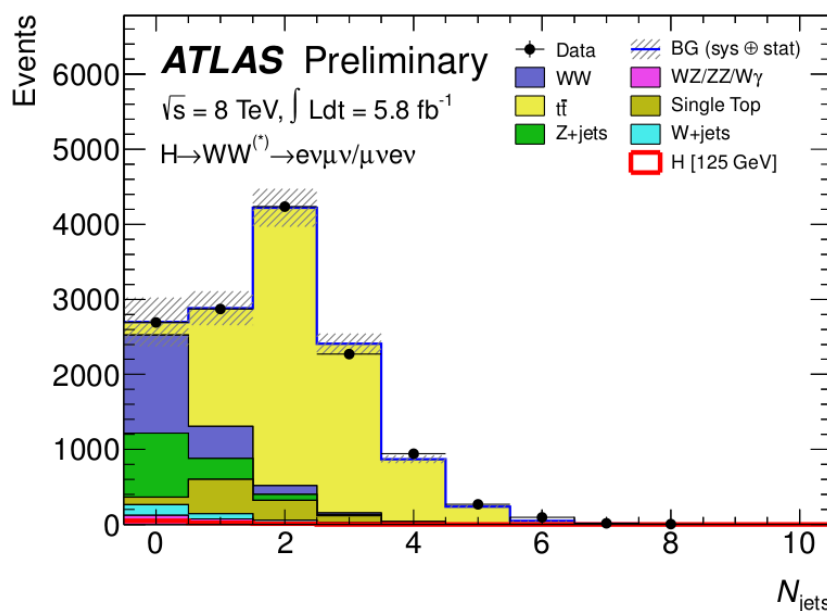
- $E_{T,miss_{rel}} = E_{T,miss}$  if  $\Delta\phi > \pi/2$
  - $E_{T,miss_{rel}} = E_{T,miss} \cdot \sin(\Delta\phi)$  if  $\Delta\phi < \pi/2$
- With  
 $\Delta\phi = \min(\Delta\phi(E_{T,miss}, l), \Delta\phi(E_{T,miss}, jet))$

- $E_{T,miss_{rel}} > 25$  GeV



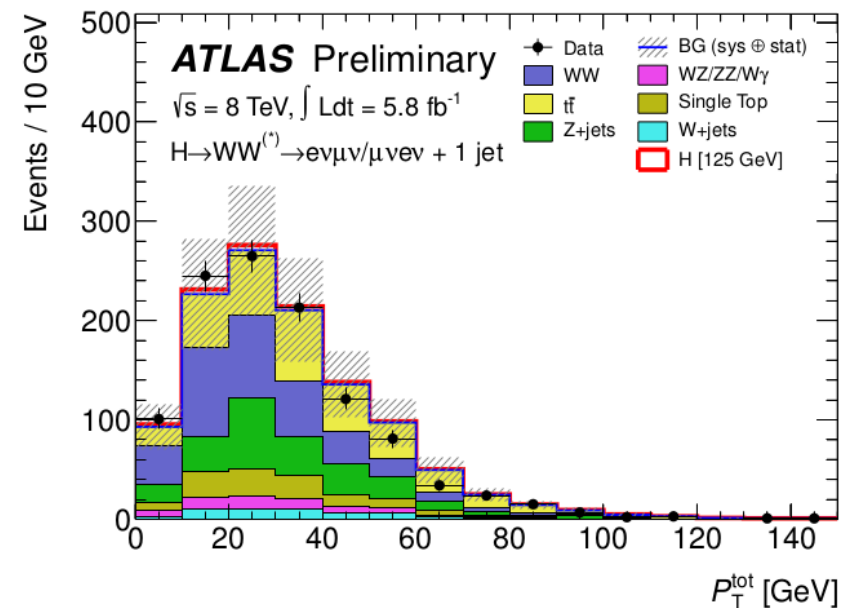
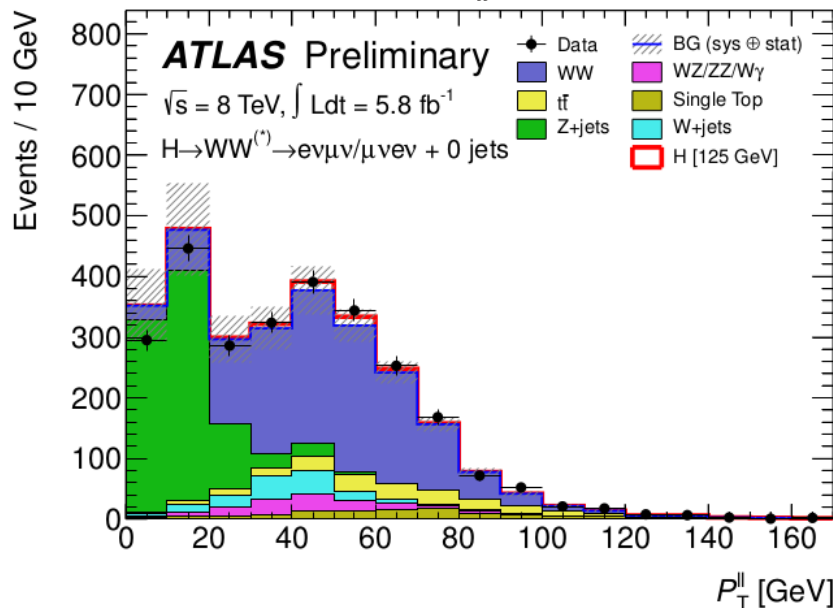
# Selection (2) : Jet counting

- The background composition and the scalar boson production mode (ggF, VBF, VH) being different, it is more efficient to proceed in optimizing the selection cuts as a function of the number of reconstructed jets
- Because of pile-up effects, the jet counting uses only jets with  
 $E_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$  and  $|\eta| < 2.5$  or  $E_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$  and  $2.5 < |\eta| < 4.5$
- Analysis split into the 0, 1 and 2-jets channels :
  - Highest sensitivity in the 0-jet channel (WW is the main background)
  - 1-jet channel also very sensitive but large top background
  - 2-jets channel suffers from lack of statistics but allows for probing the VBF production



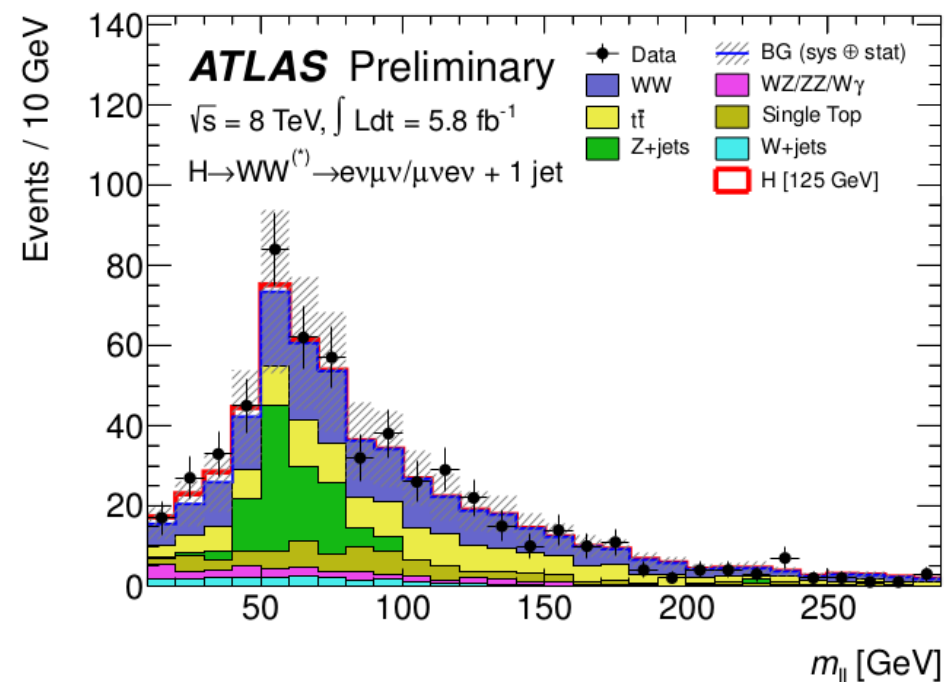
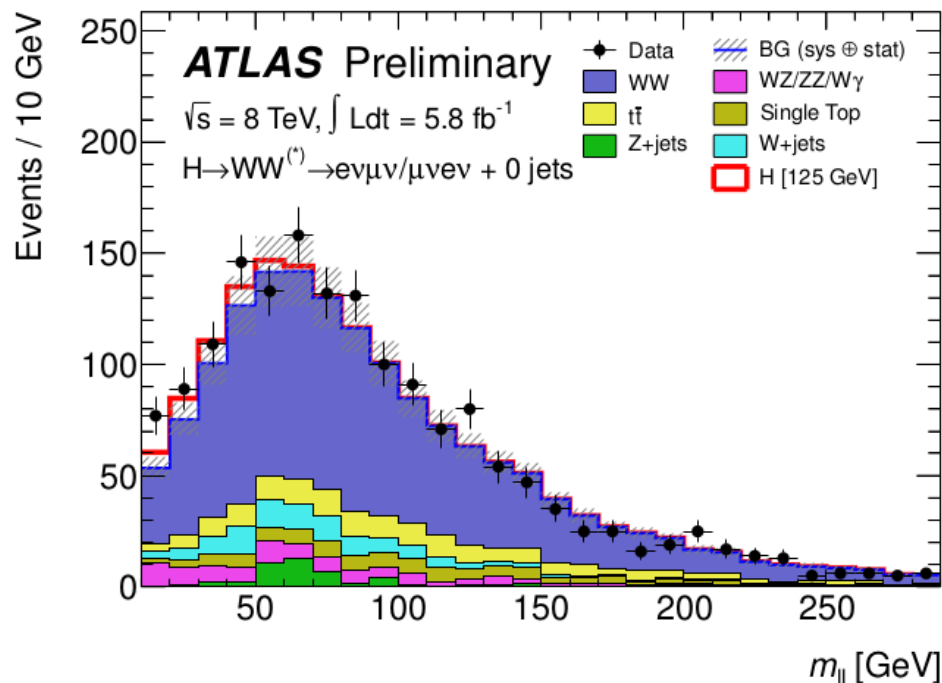
# Selection (3) : analysis-dependent cuts

- In 0-jet, DY/Z is a large background which can be rejected by a cut on the transverse momentum of the di-lepton system  $p_T(l\bar{l}) > 30$  GeV
- In 1-jet, top is the dominant background after the preselection :
  - Rejection of events with *b-tagged* jet (track impact parameters and topological cuts on secondary vertices)
  - $|p_{T,tot}| < 30$  GeV with  $p_{T,tot}$  the vectorial sum of the leptons momenta, the jet and the missing transverse energy direction
  - $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$  veto :  $|M_{\tau\tau} - M_Z| < 25$  GeV using the collinear approximation for  $M_{\tau\tau}$
- In 2-jets, on top of the 1-jet cuts, the two “tag” (i.e. highest  $p_T$ ) jets must be separated by  $|\Delta y| > 3.8$ , must have  $m_{jj} > 500$  GeV and no other jet with  $p_T > 20$  GeV in between



# Selection (4) : Topological cuts

- The continuum QCD WW and top backgrounds can be controlled using cuts on:
  - the dilepton invariant mass:  $m_{ll} < 50 \text{ GeV}$  for 0/1-jet  
 $m_{ll} < 80 \text{ GeV}$  for 2-jets
  - the azimuthal angle between the leptons (exploiting the spin correlation in the scalar boson decays):
 
$$\Delta\phi_{ll} < 1.8$$
  - the transverse mass:  $m_T^2 = m_v^2 + 2(\mathbf{e}_v |\mathbf{p}_{T,i}| - \mathbf{p}_{T,v} \cdot \mathbf{p}_{T,i})$  and  $e_v^2 = \mathbf{p}_{T,v} \cdot \mathbf{p}_{T,v} + m_v^2$   
 (v=visible, i=invisible)

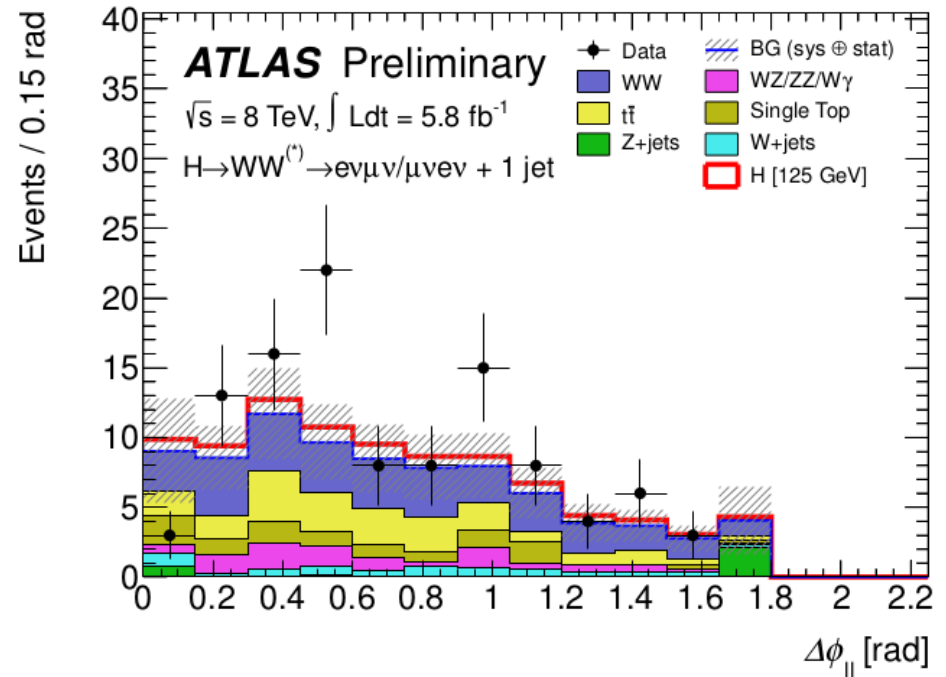
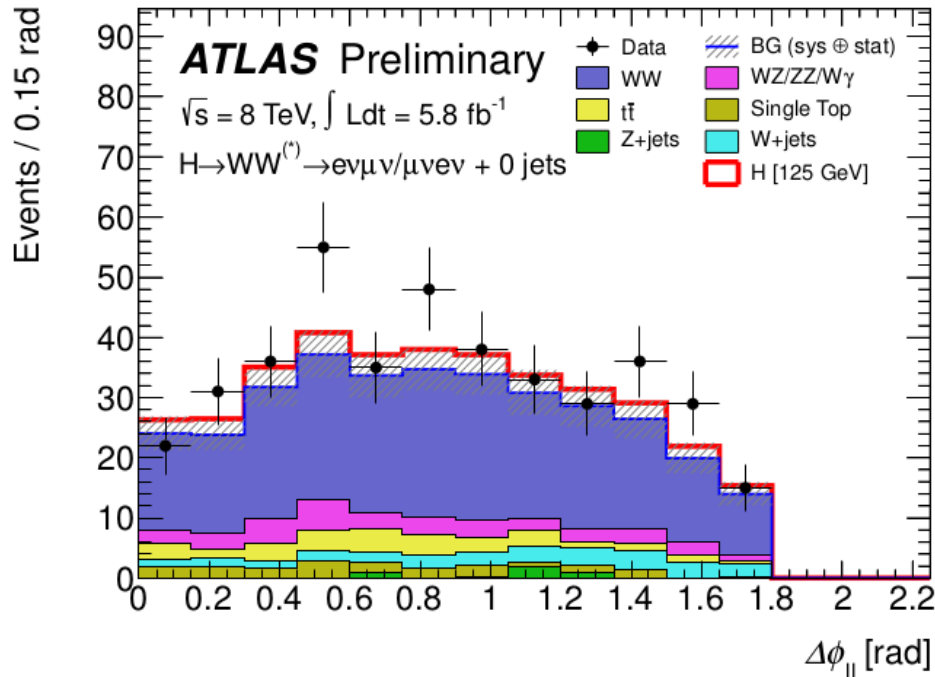


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 $m_{ll} < 80 \text{ GeV}$  for 2-jets
  - the azimuthal angle between the leptons (exploiting the spin correlation in the scalar boson decays):

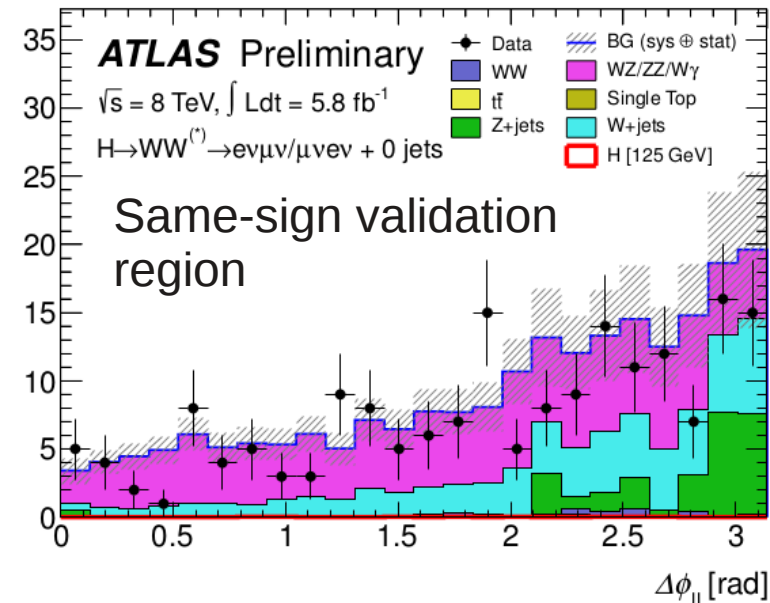
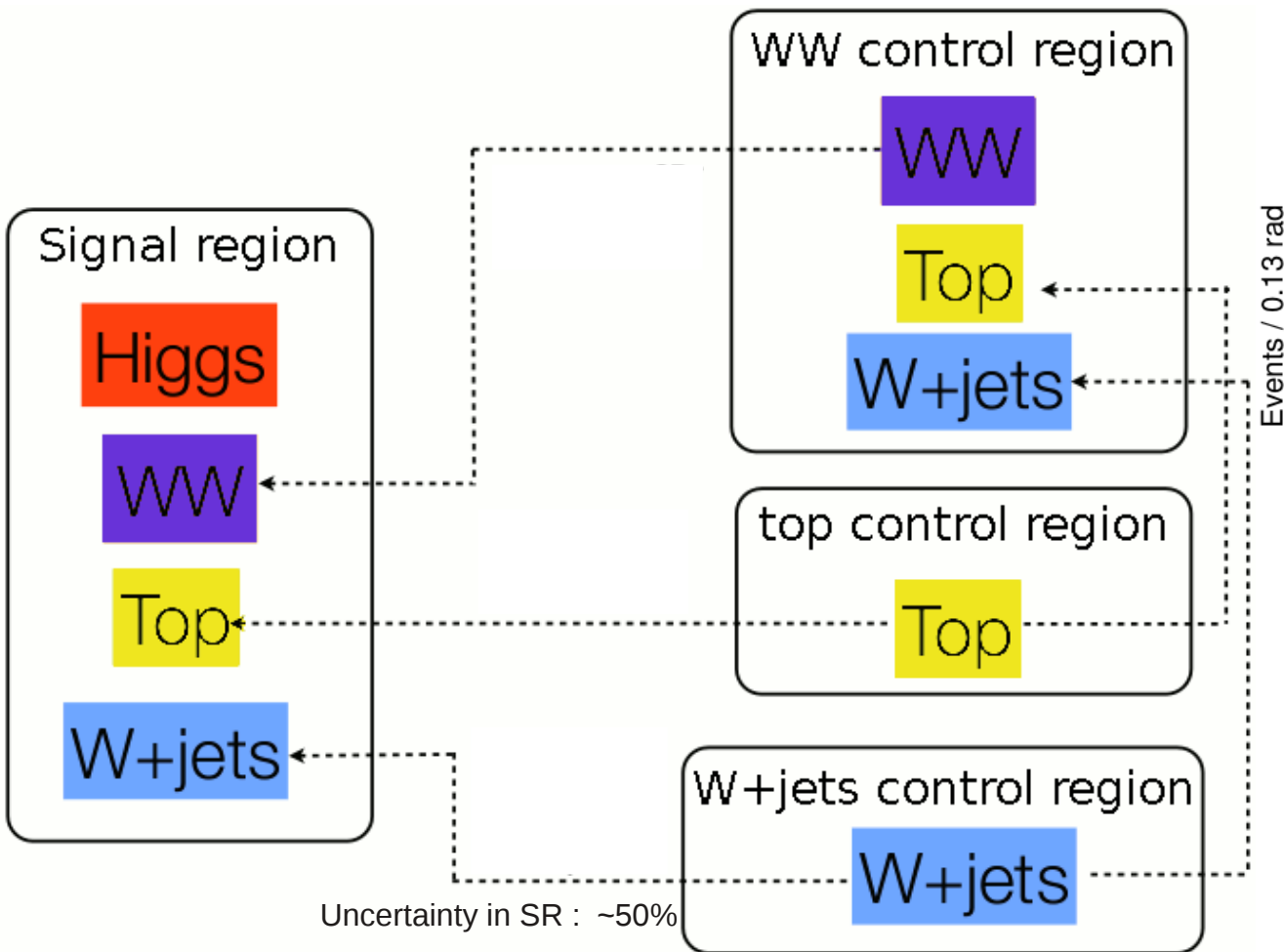
$$\Delta\phi_{ll} < 1.8$$

- the transverse mass:  $m_T^2 = m_v^2 + 2(\mathbf{e}_v |\mathbf{p}_{T,i}| - \mathbf{p}_{T,v} \cdot \mathbf{p}_{T,i})$  and  $e_v^2 = \mathbf{p}_{T,v} \cdot \mathbf{p}_{T,v} + m_v^2$   
 (v=visible, i=invisible)



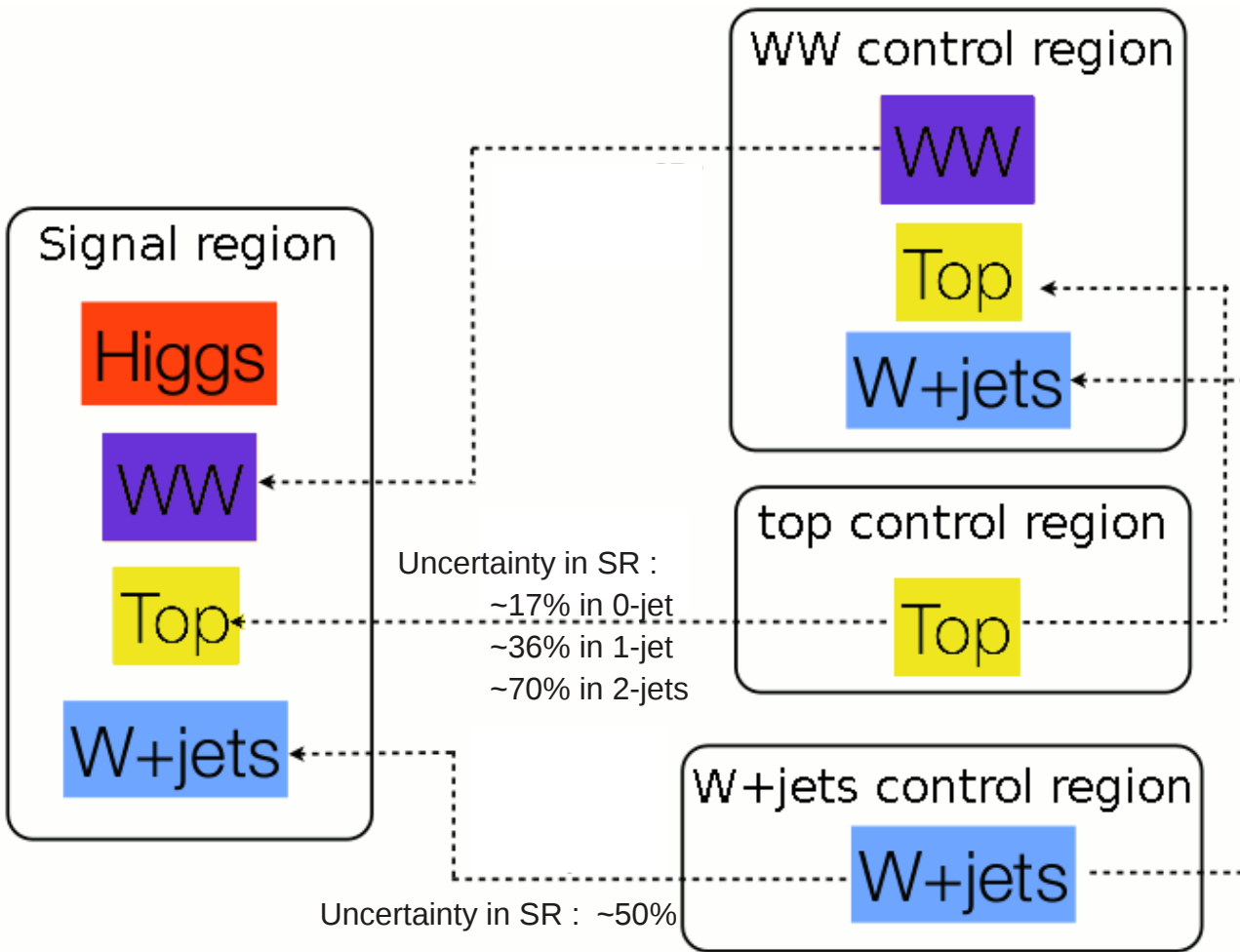
# Control regions (1)

- The dominant backgrounds are estimated from data :



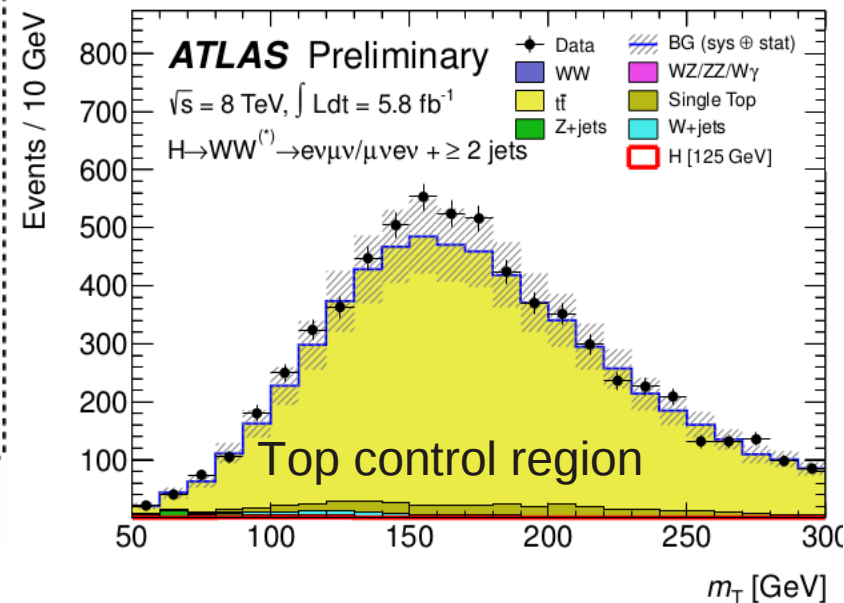
- Based on a sample failing the complete lepton selection + a “fake factor” estimated on di-jets events

# Control regions (2)



• 0 jet : preselection multiplied by (probability that top passes b-jet veto)<sup>2</sup> (estimated on a sample containing a b-jet)

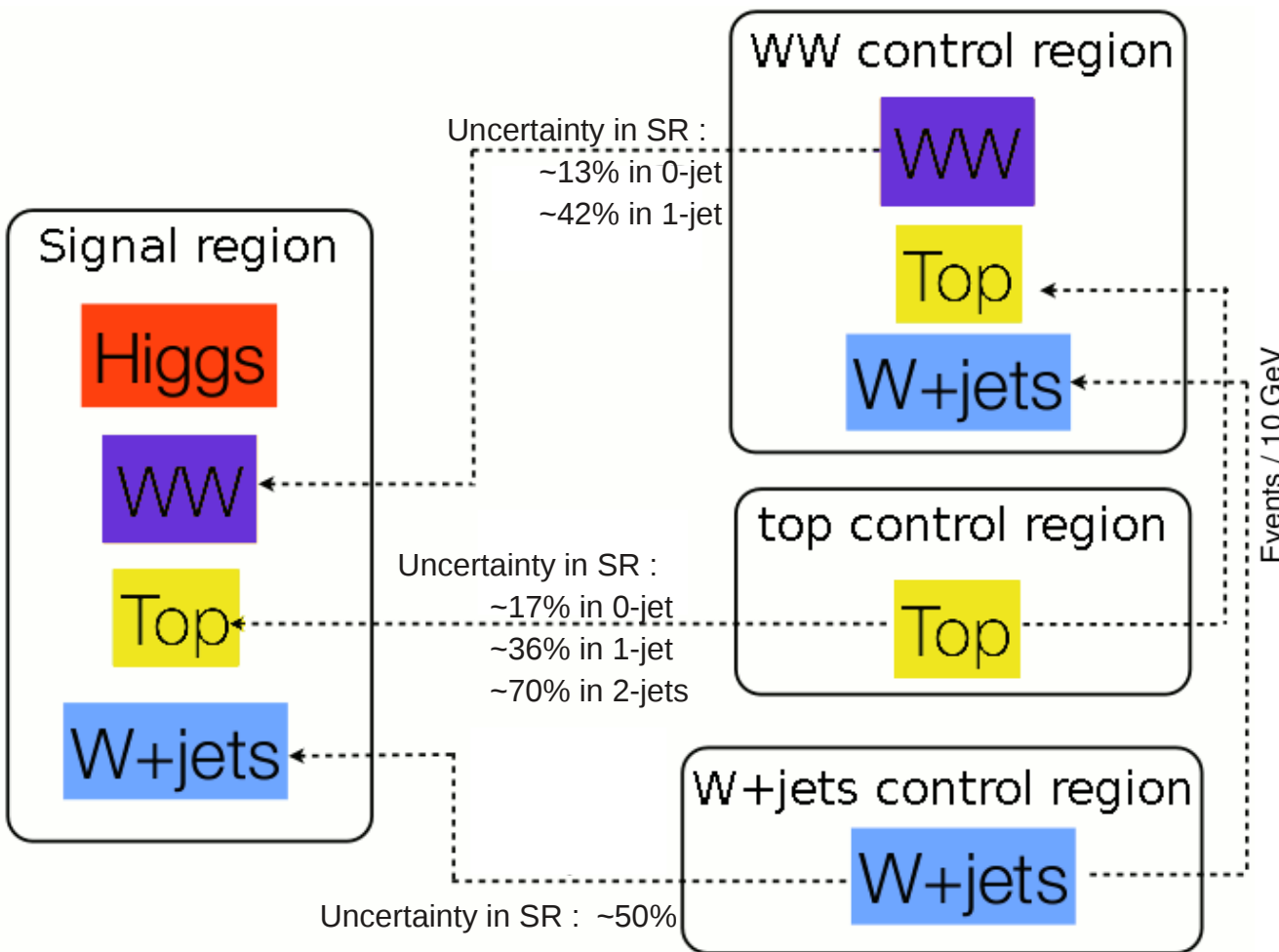
• 1/2 jet : based on an sample enriched in b-jets and built without cuts on  $\Delta\phi_{ll}$ ,  $m_{ll}$  et  $m_T$



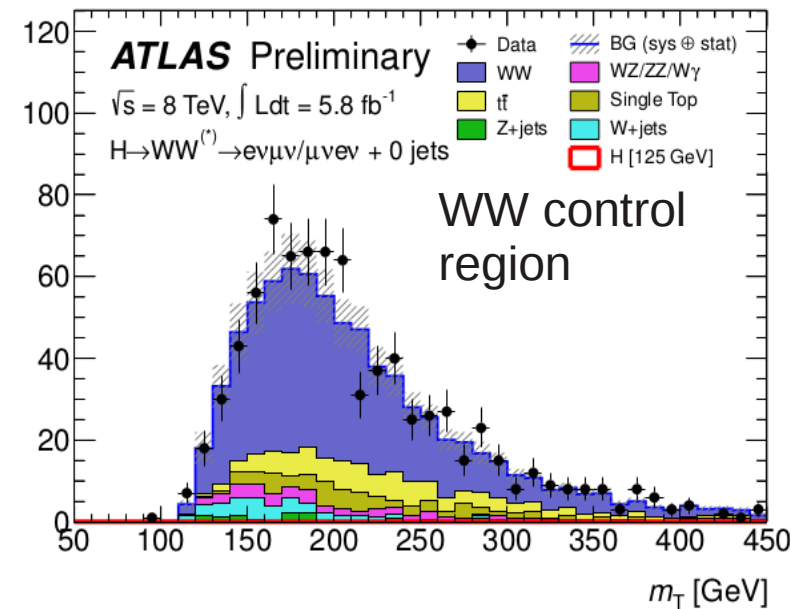
Composition of main control regions

|           | Signal        | WW          | WZ/ZZ/ $W\gamma$ | $t\bar{t}$    | $tW/tb/tqb$  | Z/ $\gamma^*$ + jets | W + jets      | Total Bkg.    | Obs. |
|-----------|---------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| WW 0-jet  | $0.3 \pm 0.0$ | $531 \pm 5$ | $43 \pm 2$       | $104 \pm 3$   | $62 \pm 4$   | $11 \pm 4$           | $38 \pm 1$    | $789 \pm 9$   | 820  |
| WW 1-jet  | $0.1 \pm 0.0$ | $112 \pm 3$ | $13 \pm 1$       | $80 \pm 3$    | $34 \pm 3$   | $9 \pm 4$            | $7.7 \pm 0.8$ | $256 \pm 6$   | 255  |
| Top 1-jet | $2.2 \pm 0.1$ | $39 \pm 2$  | $10 \pm 1$       | $489 \pm 6$   | $195 \pm 7$  | $28 \pm 7$           | $7 \pm 1$     | $768 \pm 12$  | 840  |
| Top 2-jet | $4.9 \pm 0.1$ | $45 \pm 2$  | $11.7 \pm 1.0$   | $6371 \pm 23$ | $315 \pm 10$ | $45 \pm 8$           | $52 \pm 3$    | $6840 \pm 26$ | 7178 |

# Control regions (3)



- WW control region built:
  - without cuts on  $\Delta\phi_{||}$  and  $m_T$
  - Requiring  $m_{||} > 80$  GeV



Composition of main control regions

|           | Signal        | WW          | WZ/ZZ/W $\gamma$ | $t\bar{t}$    | $tW/tb/tqb$  | Z/ $\gamma^*$ + jets | W + jets      | Total Bkg.    | Obs. |
|-----------|---------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| WW 0-jet  | $0.3 \pm 0.0$ | $531 \pm 5$ | $43 \pm 2$       | $104 \pm 3$   | $62 \pm 4$   | $11 \pm 4$           | $38 \pm 1$    | $789 \pm 9$   | 820  |
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# Systematic uncertainties

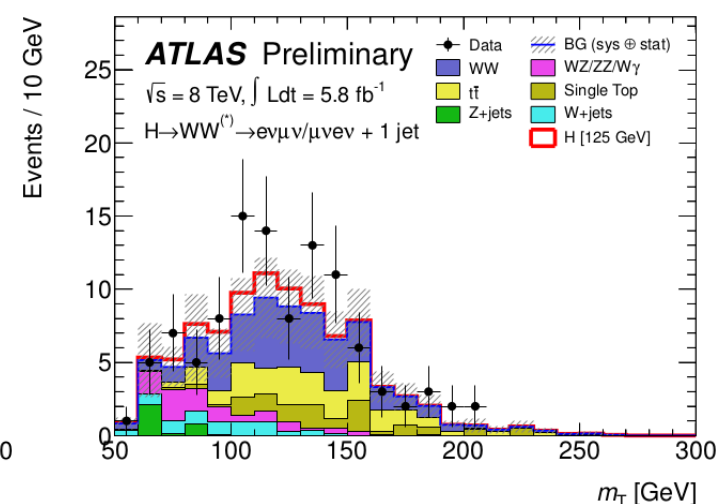
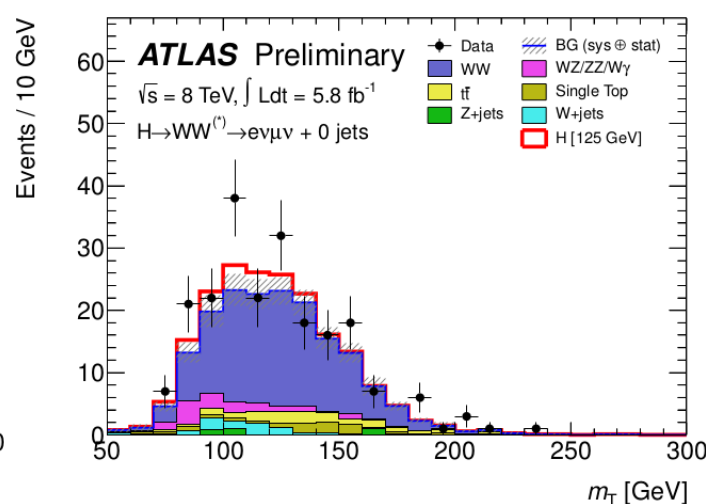
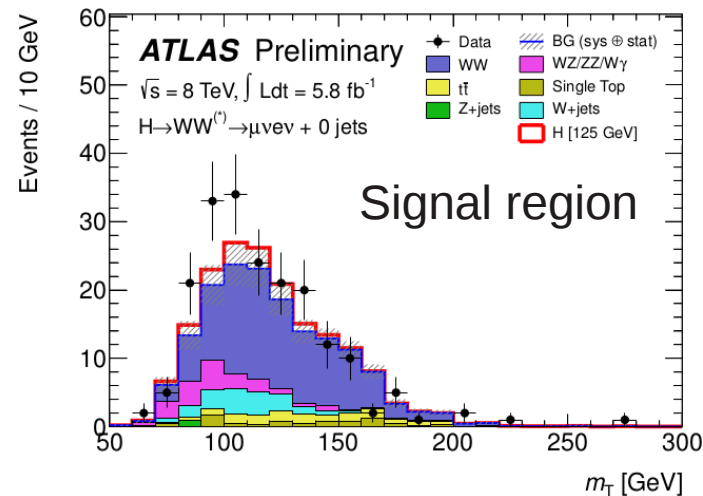
- For  $m_H \sim 125$  GeV, the cross-section uncertainty is at the  $\sim 17\%$  level for 0-jet and  $\sim 36\%$  for the 1-jet channel,  $\sim 10\%$  for the VBF channel
- The underlying event and the parton showering modelling induce uncertainties at the 7-8% level on the signal
- Experimental sources of systematics are varied within their uncertainties, the dominant ones are the jet and missing transverse energy scales and resolutions

| Source (0-jet)                          | Signal (%) | Bkg. (%) |
|-----------------------------------------|------------|----------|
| Inclusive ggF signal ren./fact. scale   | 13         | 0        |
| 1-jet incl. ggF signal ren./fact. scale | 10         | 0        |
| Parton distribution functions           | 8          | 2        |
| Jet energy scale                        | 7          | 4        |
| WW modelling and shape                  | 0          | 5        |
| QCD scale acceptance                    | 4          | 2        |
| WW normalisation                        | 0          | 4        |
| W+jets fake factor                      | 0          | 4        |
| Lepton isolation                        | 3          | 3        |
| Source (1-jet)                          | Signal (%) | Bkg. (%) |
| 1-jet incl. ggF signal ren./fact. scale | 28         | 0        |
| 2-jet incl. ggF signal ren./fact. scale | 16         | 0        |
| WW normalisation                        | 0          | 14       |
| <i>b</i> -tagging efficiency            | 0          | 8        |
| Top normalisation                       | 0          | 6        |
| Pile-up                                 | 5          | 5        |

# Results

Cutflow evolution in the different signal regions

| <i>H</i> + 0-jet                                                | Signal<br>125 GeV | WW            | WZ/ZZ/ <i>W</i> $\gamma$ | <i>t</i> $\bar{t}$ | <i>t</i> <i>W</i> / <i>tb</i> / <i>tqb</i> | <i>Z</i> / $\gamma^*$ + jets | <i>W</i> + jets | Total Bkg.    | Obs. |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|------|
| Jet Veto                                                        | 47.5 $\pm$ 0.4    | 1308 $\pm$ 9  | 125 $\pm$ 4              | 184 $\pm$ 4        | 109 $\pm$ 6                                | 850 $\pm$ 32                 | 138 $\pm$ 4     | 2714 $\pm$ 34 | 2691 |
| <i>p</i> <sub>T</sub> <sup><math>\ell\ell</math></sup> > 30 GeV | 43.4 $\pm$ 0.4    | 1077 $\pm$ 8  | 99 $\pm$ 4               | 165 $\pm$ 4        | 98 $\pm$ 5                                 | 47 $\pm$ 8                   | 102 $\pm$ 2     | 1589 $\pm$ 14 | 1664 |
| <i>m</i> <sub><math>\ell\ell</math></sub> < 50 GeV              | 34.9 $\pm$ 0.4    | 244 $\pm$ 4   | 33 $\pm$ 2               | 28 $\pm$ 2         | 17 $\pm$ 2                                 | 5 $\pm$ 2                    | 29 $\pm$ 1      | 356 $\pm$ 6   | 421  |
| $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell}$ < 1.8                                   | 33.6 $\pm$ 0.4    | 234 $\pm$ 4   | 32 $\pm$ 2               | 27 $\pm$ 2         | 17 $\pm$ 2                                 | 4 $\pm$ 2                    | 25 $\pm$ 1      | 339 $\pm$ 6   | 407  |
| <i>H</i> + 1-jet                                                | Signal            | WW            | WZ/ZZ/ <i>W</i> $\gamma$ | <i>t</i> $\bar{t}$ | <i>t</i> <i>W</i> / <i>tb</i> / <i>tqb</i> | <i>Z</i> / $\gamma^*$ + jets | <i>W</i> + jets | Total Bkg.    | Obs. |
| 1 jet                                                           | 24.9 $\pm$ 0.3    | 396 $\pm$ 5   | 74 $\pm$ 3               | 1652 $\pm$ 12      | 479 $\pm$ 12                               | 283 $\pm$ 20                 | 68 $\pm$ 3      | 2953 $\pm$ 27 | 2874 |
| <i>b</i> -jet veto                                              | 21.1 $\pm$ 0.3    | 334 $\pm$ 4   | 56 $\pm$ 2               | 349 $\pm$ 6        | 115 $\pm$ 6                                | 236 $\pm$ 18                 | 53 $\pm$ 2      | 1144 $\pm$ 21 | 1115 |
| $ \mathbf{p}_T^{\text{tot}} $ < 30 GeV                          | 12.2 $\pm$ 0.2    | 210 $\pm$ 3   | 30 $\pm$ 2               | 139 $\pm$ 4        | 63 $\pm$ 5                                 | 124 $\pm$ 14                 | 23 $\pm$ 2      | 590 $\pm$ 15  | 611  |
| <i>Z</i> $\rightarrow$ $\tau\tau$ veto                          | 12.2 $\pm$ 0.2    | 204 $\pm$ 3   | 29 $\pm$ 2               | 133 $\pm$ 3        | 61 $\pm$ 5                                 | 98 $\pm$ 12                  | 23 $\pm$ 2      | 547 $\pm$ 14  | 580  |
| <i>m</i> <sub><math>\ell\ell</math></sub> < 50 GeV              | 9.2 $\pm$ 0.2     | 37 $\pm$ 1    | 10 $\pm$ 1               | 21 $\pm$ 1         | 12 $\pm$ 2                                 | 16 $\pm$ 5                   | 8.0 $\pm$ 0.9   | 104 $\pm$ 6   | 122  |
| $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell}$ < 1.8                                   | 8.6 $\pm$ 0.2     | 34 $\pm$ 1    | 9 $\pm$ 1                | 20 $\pm$ 1         | 11 $\pm$ 2                                 | 3 $\pm$ 2                    | 6.4 $\pm$ 0.7   | 84 $\pm$ 4    | 106  |
| <i>H</i> + 2-jet                                                | Signal            | WW            | WZ/ZZ/ <i>W</i> $\gamma$ | <i>t</i> $\bar{t}$ | <i>t</i> <i>W</i> / <i>tb</i> / <i>tqb</i> | <i>Z</i> / $\gamma^*$ + jets | <i>W</i> + jets | Total Bkg.    | Obs. |
| $\geq 2$ jets                                                   | 14.5 $\pm$ 0.2    | 139 $\pm$ 3   | 30 $\pm$ 2               | 7039 $\pm$ 24      | 376 $\pm$ 11                               | 104 $\pm$ 12                 | 71 $\pm$ 4      | 7759 $\pm$ 29 | 7845 |
| <i>b</i> -jet veto                                              | 9.6 $\pm$ 0.2     | 95 $\pm$ 2    | 19 $\pm$ 1               | 356 $\pm$ 6        | 44 $\pm$ 4                                 | 62 $\pm$ 9                   | 21 $\pm$ 2      | 597 $\pm$ 12  | 667  |
| $ \Delta Y_{jj}  > 3.8$                                         | 2.0 $\pm$ 0.1     | 8.3 $\pm$ 0.6 | 2.0 $\pm$ 0.4            | 31 $\pm$ 2         | 5 $\pm$ 1                                  | 4 $\pm$ 2                    | 1.4 $\pm$ 0.5   | 52 $\pm$ 3    | 44   |
| Central jet veto (20 GeV)                                       | 1.6 $\pm$ 0.1     | 6.5 $\pm$ 0.5 | 1.3 $\pm$ 0.3            | 16 $\pm$ 1         | 4 $\pm$ 1                                  | 1 $\pm$ 1                    | 0.5 $\pm$ 0.3   | 29 $\pm$ 2    | 22   |
| <i>m</i> <sub>jj</sub> > 500 GeV                                | 1.1 $\pm$ 0.0     | 3.2 $\pm$ 0.4 | 0.7 $\pm$ 0.2            | 6.2 $\pm$ 0.7      | 1.8 $\pm$ 0.6                              | 0.0 $\pm$ 0.0                | 0.0 $\pm$ 0.2   | 12 $\pm$ 1    | 13   |
| $ \mathbf{p}_T^{\text{tot}} $ < 30 GeV                          | 0.8 $\pm$ 0.0     | 1.7 $\pm$ 0.3 | 0.3 $\pm$ 0.1            | 2.5 $\pm$ 0.5      | 0.8 $\pm$ 0.4                              | 0.0 $\pm$ 0.0                | 0.0 $\pm$ 0.2   | 5.4 $\pm$ 0.7 | 6    |
| <i>Z</i> $\rightarrow$ $\tau\tau$ veto                          | 0.7 $\pm$ 0.0     | 1.8 $\pm$ 0.3 | 0.3 $\pm$ 0.1            | 2.4 $\pm$ 0.4      | 0.8 $\pm$ 0.4                              | 0.0 $\pm$ 0.0                | 0.0 $\pm$ 0.2   | 5.2 $\pm$ 0.7 | 6    |
| <i>m</i> <sub><math>\ell\ell</math></sub> < 80 GeV              | 0.7 $\pm$ 0.0     | 0.6 $\pm$ 0.2 | 0.1 $\pm$ 0.1            | 0.8 $\pm$ 0.3      | 0.3 $\pm$ 0.2                              | 0.0 $\pm$ 0.0                | 0.0 $\pm$ 0.2   | 1.9 $\pm$ 0.5 | 3    |
| $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell}$ < 1.8                                   | 0.6 $\pm$ 0.0     | 0.5 $\pm$ 0.2 | 0.1 $\pm$ 0.1            | 0.5 $\pm$ 0.3      | 0.3 $\pm$ 0.2                              | 0.0 $\pm$ 0.0                | 0.0 $\pm$ 0.2   | 1.4 $\pm$ 0.4 | 2    |



# Results (2)

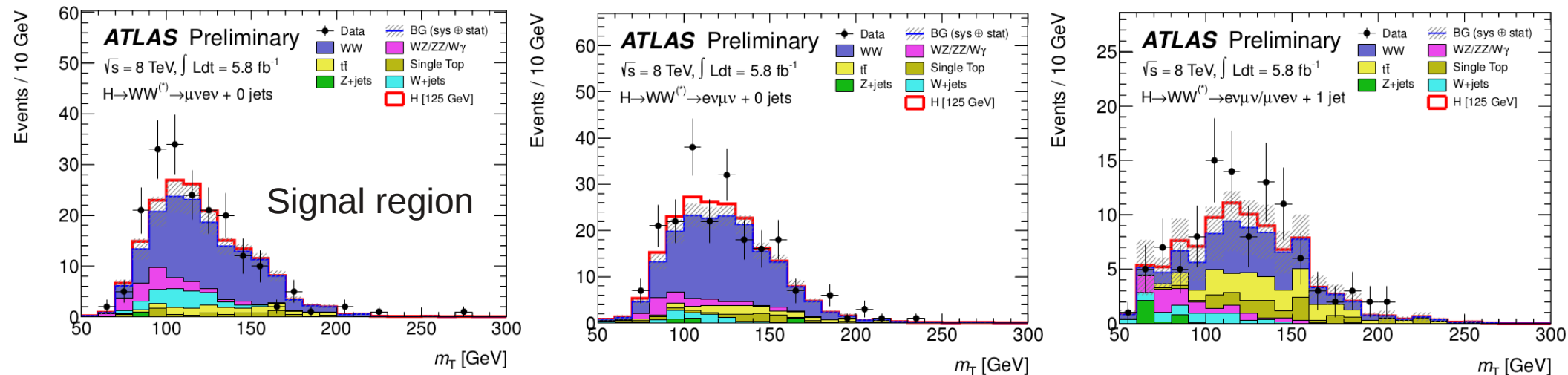
- Enriched signal region selected using a transverse mass window (not used in the final result) defined by

$$0.75 \times m_H < m_T < m_H,$$

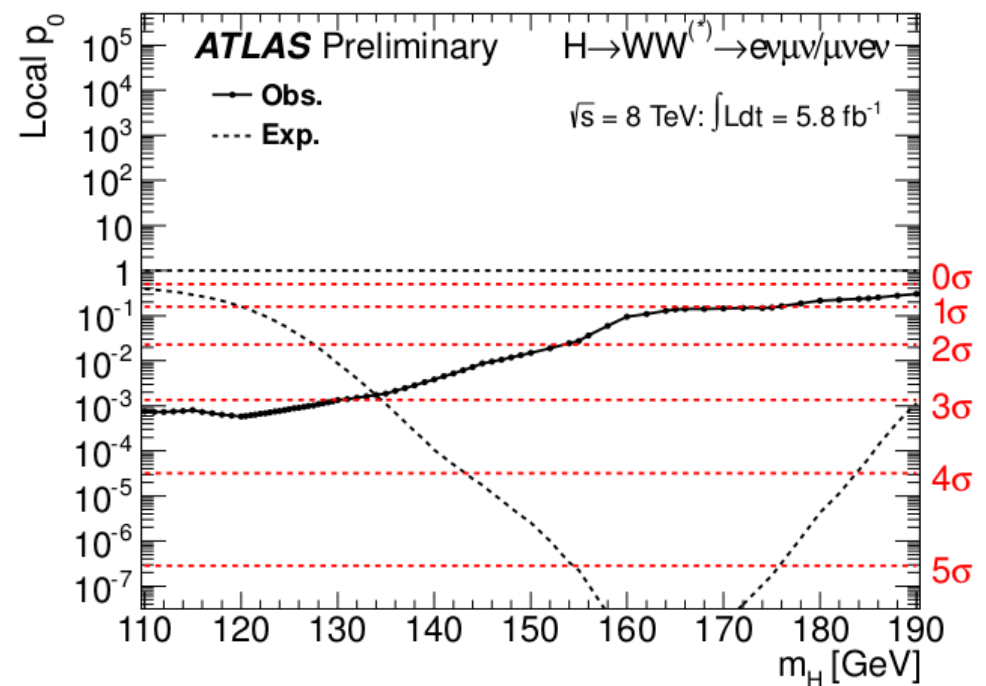
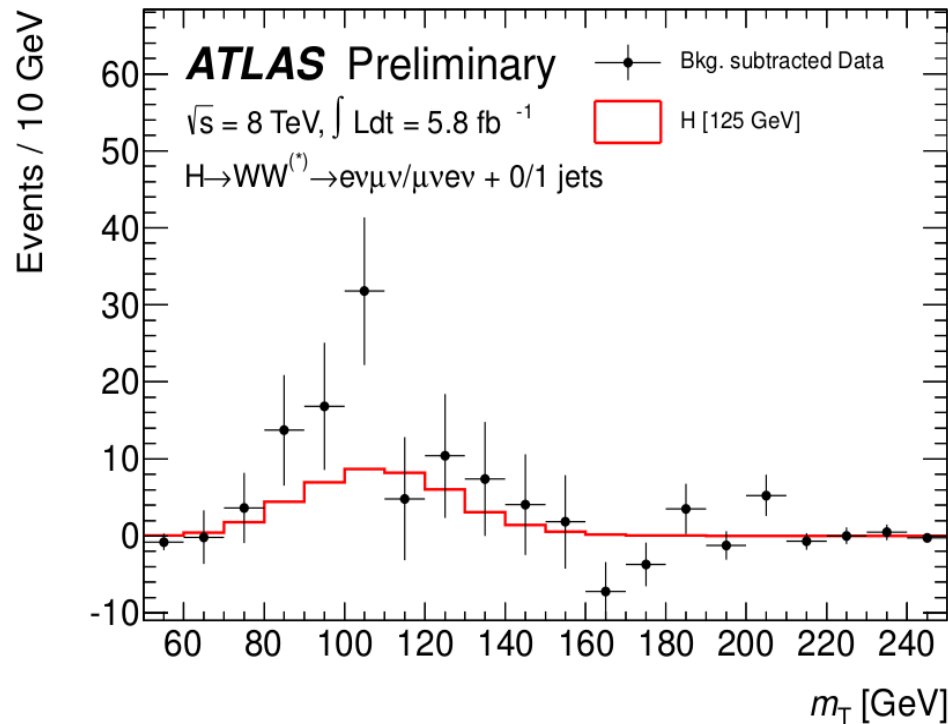
here below for  $m_H = 125$  GeV :

|                    | Signal          | WW              | WZ/ZZ/W $\gamma$ | $t\bar{t}$      | $tW/tb/tqb$   | Z/ $\gamma^*$ + jets | W + jets   | Total Bkg.      | Obs. |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------------|------------|-----------------|------|
| $H + 0\text{-jet}$ | $20 \pm 4$      | $101 \pm 13$    | $12 \pm 3$       | $8 \pm 2$       | $3.4 \pm 1.5$ | $1.9 \pm 1.3$        | $15 \pm 7$ | $142 \pm 16$    | 185  |
| $H + 1\text{-jet}$ | $5 \pm 2$       | $12 \pm 5$      | $1.9 \pm 1.1$    | $6 \pm 2$       | $3.7 \pm 1.6$ | $0.1 \pm 0.1$        | $2 \pm 1$  | $26 \pm 6$      | 38   |
| $H + 2\text{-jet}$ | $0.34 \pm 0.07$ | $0.10 \pm 0.14$ | $0.10 \pm 0.10$  | $0.15 \pm 0.10$ | -             | -                    | -          | $0.35 \pm 0.18$ | 0    |

- Final statistical treatment uses a fit of the transverse mass distributions :

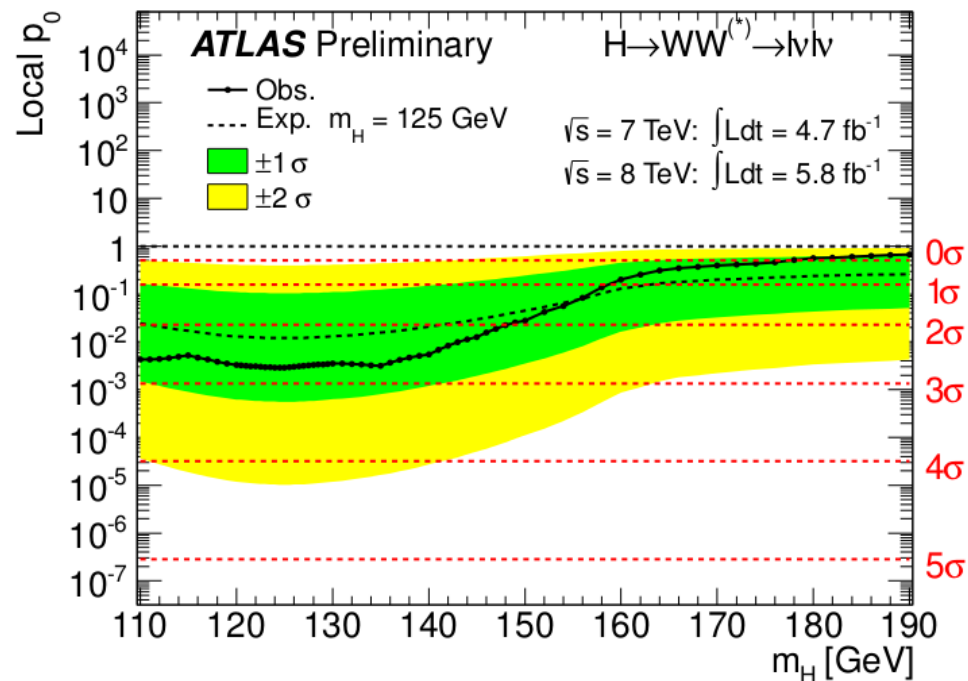
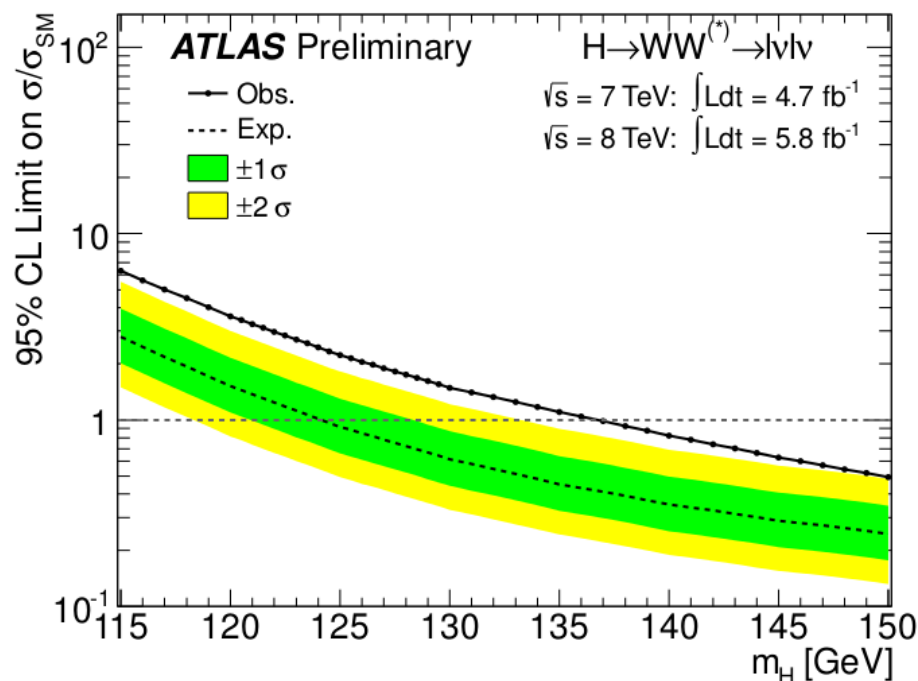


# Results (3)



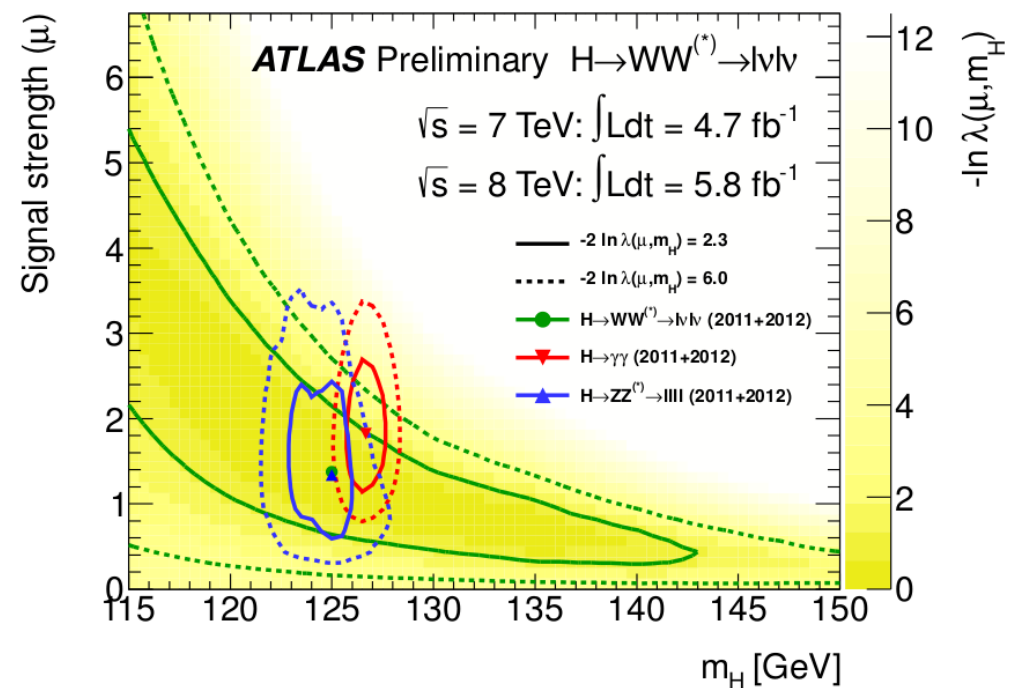
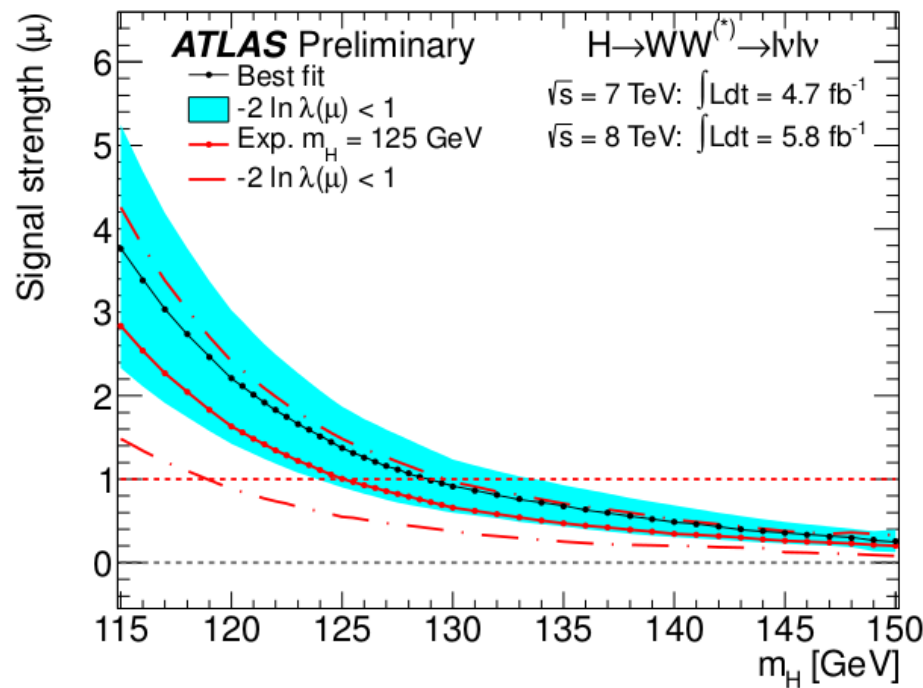
- Background-subtracted transverse mass distribution overlaid to the Standard Model scalar boson signal prediction on the left exhibiting a signal-like shape
- $p_0$  plot on the right for the  $H \rightarrow W^+W^- \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$  analysis using  $L=5.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  shows how unlikely is the background-only hypothesis
- p-value at 125 GeV is 0.0008 corresponding to a  $3.1\sigma$  deviation
- Due to the limited mass resolution of this channel, the excess is visible on this Figure on a broad mass range

# 2011 + 2012 combined results



- Combining 2011 and 2012 data analyses results, the exclusion at 95% CLs was expected for masses above 124 GeV in the absence of a signal
- Due to the excess of observed events, the low mass signal region can not be excluded
- The p-value observed at 125 GeV is 0.003 corresponding to a  $2.8\sigma$  deviation
- The injection plot on the right (corresponding to an injected SM Higgs at 125 GeV) shows that the shape and normalization of  $p_0$  are in agreement with the presence of a signal at this mass

# 2011 + 2012 combined results (2)



- The fitted signal strength parameter as a function of  $m_H$  in black on the left figure shows the good agreement with the expected result for a signal hypothesis of  $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$  in red
- The fitted signal strength at 125 GeV is  $\mu = 1.4 \pm 0.5$
- Despite the limited mass resolution, the  $H \rightarrow W^+W^- \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$  channel is in good agreement with the  $H \rightarrow ZZ$  and  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  results

# Conclusion

- Year 2011 was a very nice year in terms of Standard Model scalar boson mass exclusion...
- Year 2012 is the year of discovery !
- A large excess of data over the Monte Carlo has been observed in the  $H \rightarrow W^+W^- \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$  channel
- The excess is compatible with the (spin 0) Standard Model scalar boson prediction for a mass around 125 GeV

$$\mu = 1.4 \pm 0.5$$

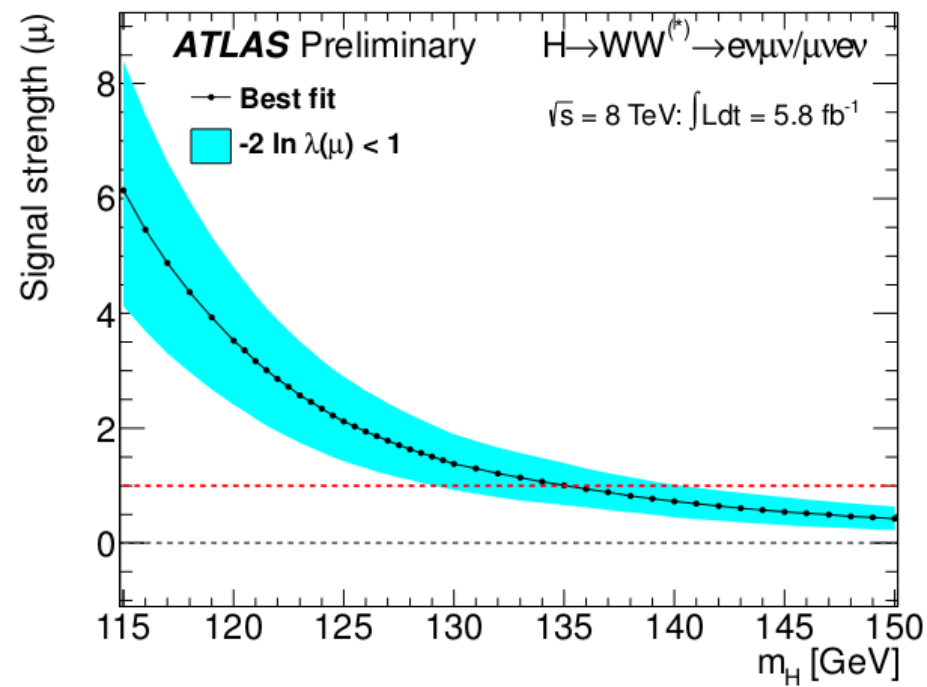
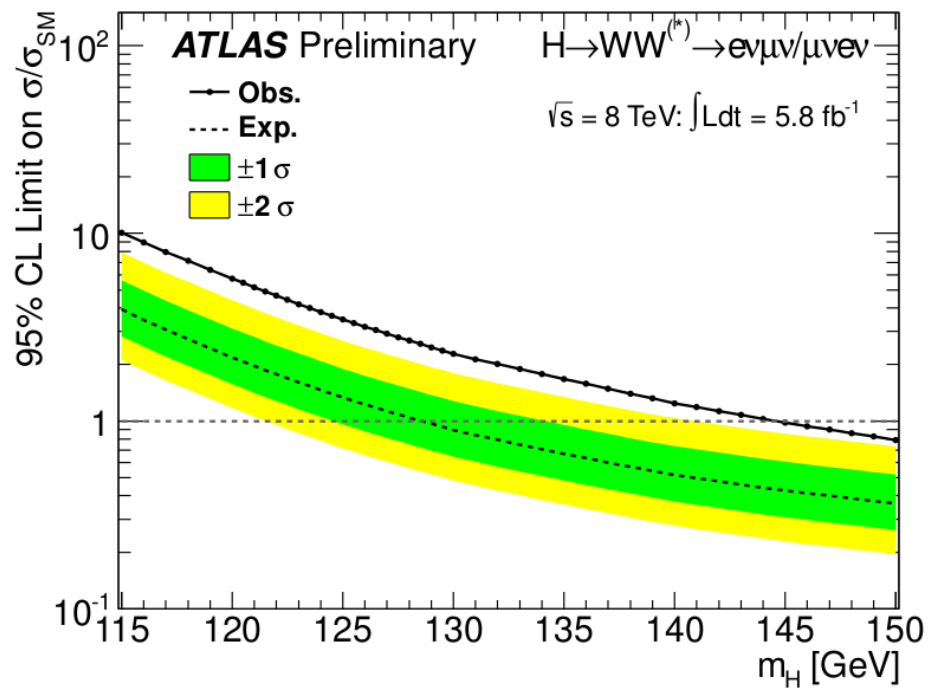
- These results will be documented in a paper in common with the ZZ and diphoton analyses, to be submitted at the end of the month

# Backup slides

# Monte Carlo samples

| Process                         | Generator                     | $m_H$ (GeV) | $\sigma \cdot \text{Br}$ (pb) |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| ggF                             | POWHEG [18]+PYTHIA8 [19]      | 125         | 0.442                         |
| VBF                             | POWHEG [20]+PYTHIA8           | 125         | $35 \cdot 10^{-3}$            |
| $WH/ZH$                         | PYTHIA8                       | 125         | $25 \cdot 10^{-3}$            |
| $q\bar{q}/g \rightarrow WW$     | MC@NLO [21]+HERWIG [22]       |             | 5.68                          |
| $gg \rightarrow WW$             | GG2WW [23]+HERWIG             |             | 0.16                          |
| $t\bar{t}$                      | MC@NLO+HERWIG                 |             | 238.1                         |
| $tW/tb/tqb$                     | AcerMC [24]+PYTHIA8           |             | 84                            |
| inclusive $W$                   | ALPGEN [25]+HERWIG            |             | $37 \cdot 10^3$               |
| inclusive $Z/\gamma^*$          | ALPGEN+HERWIG                 |             | $15 \cdot 10^3$               |
| $Z^{(*)}Z^{(*)} \rightarrow 4l$ | POWHEG+PYTHIA8                |             | 1.24                          |
| $WZ^{(*)}$                      | MADGRAPH [26, 27]+PYTHIA [28] |             | 1.54                          |
| $W\gamma^*$                     | MADGRAPH [29]+PYTHIA          |             | 9.26                          |
| $W\gamma$                       | ALPGEN+HERWIG                 |             | 369                           |

# 2012 results



# Recent 2011 results : $lvjj$

- Non-resonant background modelled by a smooth function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{1 + |a(x-m)^b|} e^{-c(x-200)}$$

validated on MC and fitted in the W mass sidebands

- Results well consistent with background-only hypothesis with 300 and 600 GeV

