

Searches of Beyond Standard Model Higgs Boson at the Tevatron collider

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Motivations

Why beyond Standard Model (BSM) searches ?

If a new particle was to be discovered : does it fit with our **current understanding** ? Does it come **alone** ? **Where to look** for more hints ?

BSM searches allow to

- 1 test **specific models** (supersymmetric extensions, little Higgs, ...),
 - 2 perform a **wide scan of final states / topologies**.
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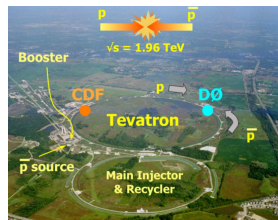
- ❶ test **specific models** (supersymmetric extensions, little Higgs, ...),
- ❷ perform a **wide scan of final states / topologies**.

In the context of BSM Higgs bosons searches at Tevatron :

Analysis of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV

τ -lepton and b -quark final state : sensitive to **SUSY scenarios**.

Photon final state probes **fermiophobic Higgs boson**.



τ -lepton identification

65% of hadronic decay ($\equiv \tau_{\text{had}}$)

Typical signatures :

- narrow calorimeter shower
- low tracks multiplicity

Main background : jets

DØ : 65% efficiency for 98% rejection
CDF : 50% efficiency for 99% rejection

b -jet identification

Typical signatures :

- secondary displaced vertex
- higher invariant mass
- soft muon inside the jet

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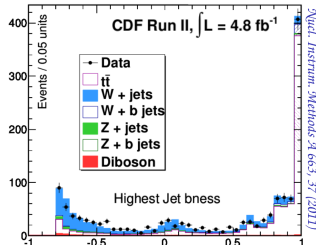
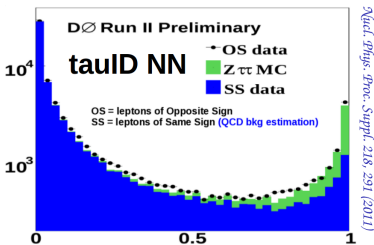
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For each object, exploitation of [full information](#) with [Multivariate analysis](#)



Overview

1 Supersymmetric extensions of the Standard Model

- MSSM Higgs bosons
- Next-to-MSSM Higgs bosons

2 No supersymmetric scenarios

- Doubly charged Higgs boson
- Fermiophobic Higgs boson

3 Summary and conclusions

Phenomenology and search strategy

MSSM Higgs sector : 2 doublets $\hat{H}_u, \hat{H}_d$ coupling to up and down quarks

- After EWSB, 5 Higgs bosons :

$\phi = (h^0, H^0, A^0)$ and $H^\pm$

- Tree level predictions depend

on $(m_A, \tan \beta)$ $\tan \beta \equiv \langle H_d \rangle / \langle H_u \rangle$

- Coupling : $g_{\phi b\bar{b}} \propto (\tan \beta) g_{Hb\bar{b}}^{\text{sm}}$

sensitive to high $\tan \beta$

- Decay :

- $\phi \rightarrow b\bar{b} \sim 90\%$

- $\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau \sim 10\%$ cleaner

Phenomenology and search strategy

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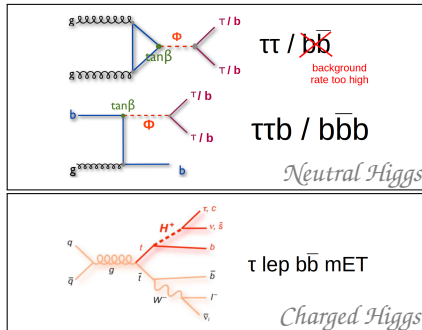
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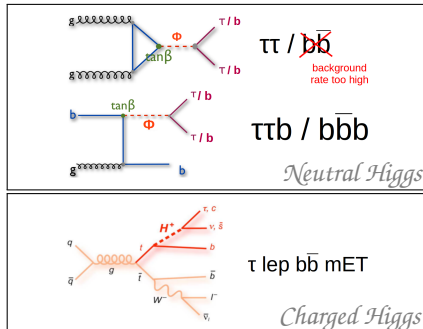
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Next-to-MSSM Higgs sector :

- Dynamical generation of $\mu \hat{H}_u \hat{H}_d$ term : $\lambda \hat{S} \hat{H}_u \hat{H}_d$, with $\mu_{\text{eff}} = \lambda \langle \hat{S} \rangle$,
- $h^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ strongly reduced but $h^0 \rightarrow aa$ with $m_a = \mathcal{O}(5) \text{ GeV}$,
- The pseudo scalar "a" decays mostly in $\mu\mu$ and $\tau\tau$.

Neutral MSSM Higgs bosons searches

- ❶ $\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$
- ❷ $b\phi \rightarrow b\tau\tau$
- ❸ $b\phi \rightarrow b\bar{b}b$
- ❹ Combinations

Overview of single and combined channels

Integrated luminosity (fb^{-1}) of single channels :

$$\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$$

	CDF	DØ
$\tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}}$	1.8	7.3
$\tau_e \tau_{\text{had}}$	1.8	1.0
$\tau_e \tau_\mu$	1.8	5.4

$$b\phi \rightarrow b\tau\tau$$

	CDF	DØ
$b\tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}}$	—	7.3
$b\tau_e \tau_{\text{had}}$	—	3.7
$b\tau_e \tau_\mu$	—	—

$$b\phi \rightarrow b\bar{b}b$$

CDF	DØ
2.6	5.2

Combinations with corresponding luminosity (fb^{-1}) :

- CDF : $\tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}} + \tau_e \tau_{\text{had}} + \tau_e \tau_\mu$ (1.8)

- DØ :

- $\tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}}$ (5.4) + $\tau_e \tau_\mu$ (5.4)
- $\tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}}$ (7.3) + $b\tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}}$ (7.3) + $b\bar{b}b$ (5.2)

- Tevatron :

- $\tau\tau$: 1.8 (CDF) + 2.2 (DØ)
- $b\bar{b}b$: 2.6 (CDF) + 5.2 (DØ)

! New for Summer 2012 !

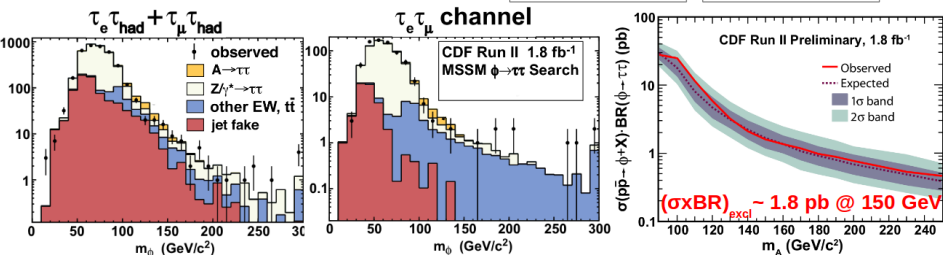
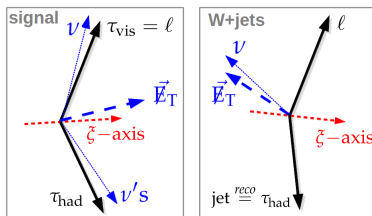
Search for $\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ @ CDF

Phys. Rev. Lett. 103, 201801 (2009)

Data samples: 1.8 fb^{-1} of data analyzed in $\mu\tau_{\text{had}}$, $e\tau_{\text{had}}$ and $e\mu$ final states.

Analysis overview:

- Isolated leptons of high p_T , with one τ_{had} of opposite electric charge
- Suppression of $\sim 85\%$ of W +jets: exploit relative direction of $\vec{E}_T$ with the reconstructed di- τ system (keeping 95% of signal).



MSSM constraints from $\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ results

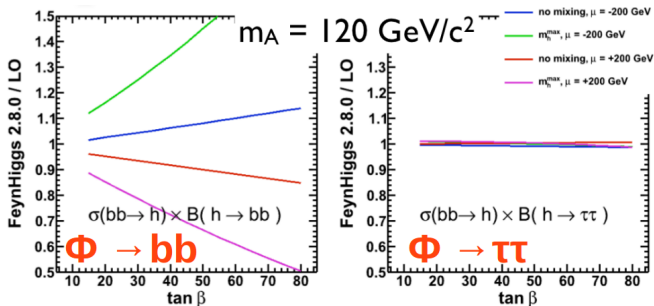
How to extract parameters constraints from $\sigma \times \mathcal{BR}$ limits?

- Compute $\sigma \times \mathcal{BR}$ as a function of theoretical parameters $(m_A, \tan\beta)$,
- Radiative corrections introduce more parameters : benchmark scenarios
($m_h^{\max}$ -mixing $\oplus$ No-mixing) $\otimes \mu = \pm 200$ GeV

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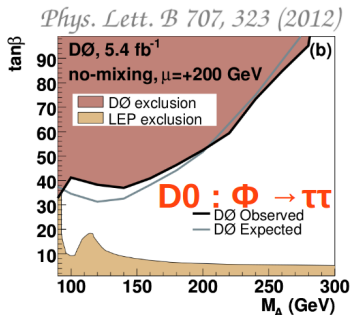
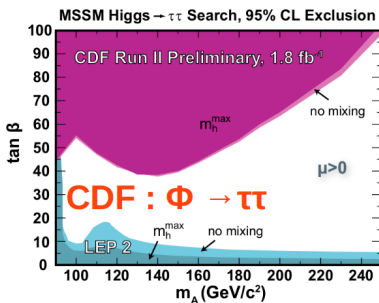


Important feature of $\tau\tau$ channels : insensitive to MSSM scenario

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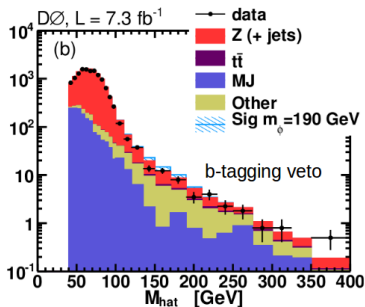


$\tau\tau$ channels are sensitive to $\tan\beta \sim 35 - 40$ at low mass

New : published in PLB!

Update on $\phi \rightarrow \tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}}$ @ DØ*Phys. Lett. B* 710, 569 (2012)**Data samples :** 7.3 fb^{-1} of data analyzed in the $\mu\tau_{\text{had}}$ final states.**Analysis overview :**

- Isolated **leptons** of high p_T , with one τ_{had} of **opposit electric charge**
- **b -jet veto** for the combination with $b\tau\tau$
- $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ modeling using $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ data (high stat $\rightarrow$ **syst reduction**)



	$\tau\tau$
$Z(+\text{jets})$	11547 ± 634
$t\bar{t}$	25 ± 4
MJ	1343 ± 236
Other	560 ± 25
Total background	13474 ± 684
Data	13344
Signal $m_\phi = 100 \text{ GeV}$	1165
Signal $m_\phi = 190 \text{ GeV}$	70

Sensitivity to $(\tan\beta, m_A)$ parameters $\rightarrow$ see next slides on DØ combination!

Neutral MSSM Higgs bosons searches

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Search for $b\phi \rightarrow b\tau_\mu\tau_{\text{had}}$ @ DØ

New : published in PRL!

Data sample : 7.3 fb^{-1} of data analyzed in the $\mu\tau_{\text{had}}$ + b -jet final state. *Phys. Rev. Lett. 107, 121801 (2011)*

Analysis overview :

- final state mixes hadronic τ and b -jets : **challenging!**
- requiring additional b -jet **reduces** Z +jets bkg more than the signal :

$$\frac{\sigma^{\text{incl}}(Z)}{\sigma(Z + b_{\text{tag}})} < 0.005 \quad \frac{\sigma^{\text{incl}}(\phi)}{\sigma(\phi + b_{\text{tag}})} \sim 0.16 \quad \Rightarrow \text{gain S/B at low mass}$$

- Sophisticated signal extraction : $D_f \equiv \text{Likelihood}(D_{\ell\bar{\ell}}, D_{\text{MJ}}, \text{NN}_b, M_{\text{hat}})$
 $D_i \equiv$ discriminant against bkg i ; $M_{\text{hat}} \sim$ minimal center-of-mass energy

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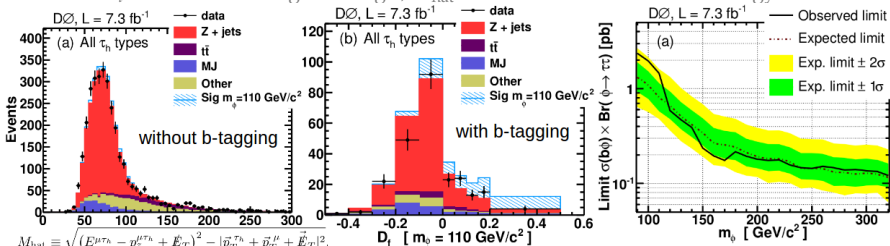
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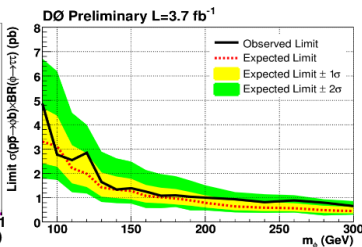
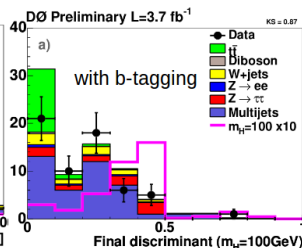
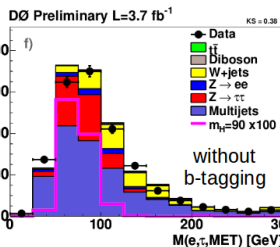
Search for $b\phi \rightarrow b\tau_e\tau_{\text{had}}$ @ DØ

DØ-conf 5974 (2011)

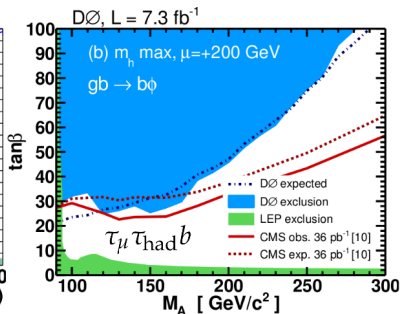
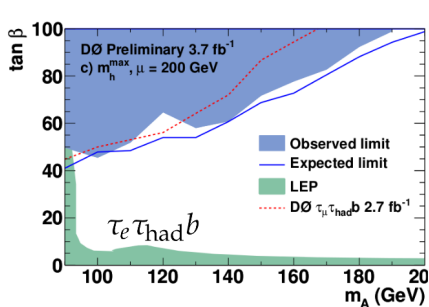
Data sample : 3.7 fb^{-1} of data analyzed in the $e\tau_{\text{had}} + b\text{-jet}$ final state.

Analysis overview :

- Same motivation : S/B gain at low mass wrt $\tau_e\tau_{\text{had}}$,
- Electron channel : bigger contribution of **MJ background**,
- **Sophisticated signal extraction**, based on MVAs for MJ and $t\bar{t}$ (for each signal mass hypothesis).



MSSM constraints from $b\phi \rightarrow b\tau\tau$ results



Comments :

- $b\tau_e\tau_{\text{had}}$ as sensitive as a previous $b\tau_\mu\tau_{\text{had}}$ with less luminosity (2.7fb⁻¹),
- $b\tau_\mu\tau_{\text{had}}$ sensitive to $\tan\beta \lesssim 30$ for $m_A \lesssim 150$ GeV,
- $b\tau_\mu\tau_{\text{had}}$: **best single channel** constraint on $(\tan\beta, m_A)$ from Tevatron !

Neutral MSSM Higgs bosons searches

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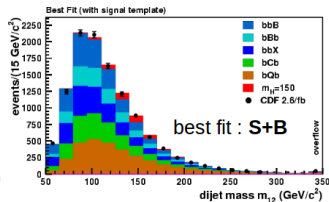
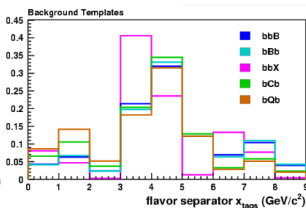
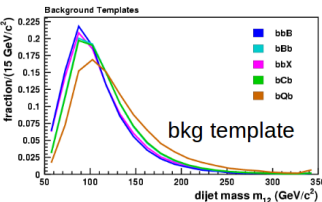
Search for $b\phi \rightarrow b\bar{b}b$ @ CDF

Now published : *Phys Rev. D* 85, 032005 (2012)

Data sample : 2.6 fb^{-1} of data analyzed in the $3b\text{-jets}$ final state.

Analysis overview :

- **Very challenging** : MJ flavor composition and **shape** modeling !
- Signal signature : **bump in $m_{b\bar{b}}$** , taken as 2 leading jets invariant mass,
- Build a variable **sensitive to fraction** of light, c and b -jets : x_{tag}
- Sig and bkg modeling based on **2D templates** : x_{tag} vs di-jet mass
- Test the presence of signal : **2D-fit in data** in the B or S+B hypothesis



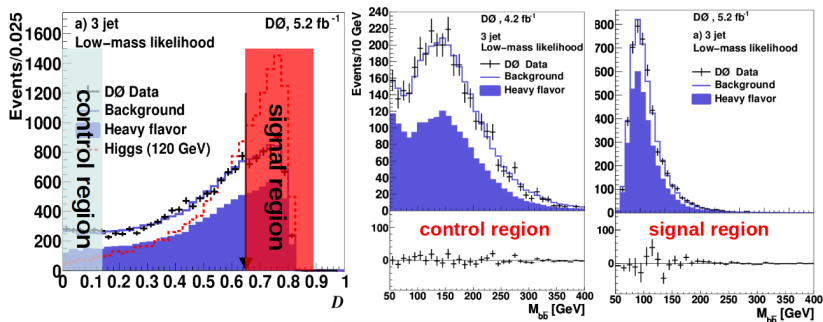
Search for $b\phi \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ @ DØ

Phys. Lett. B 698, 97 (2011)

Data sample : 5.2 fb^{-1} of data analyzed in the $3b$ -jets final state.

Analysis overview :

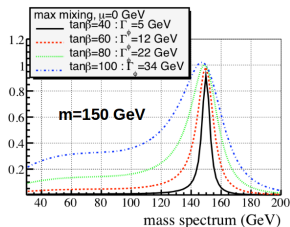
- **Flavor composition** : global fit in different b-tag data samples,
- **Likelihood** to discriminate signal from $b\bar{b}$ bkg (without $M_{b\bar{b}}$),
- **Validation of background prediction** in low Likelihood region.



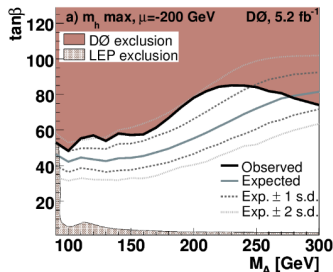
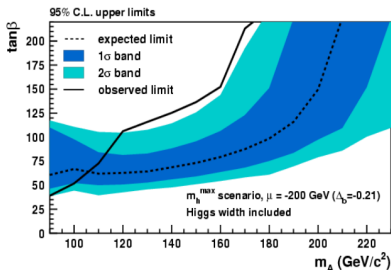
Results of $b\phi \rightarrow b\bar{b}b$ searches

Signal modeling for high $\tan\beta$:

- Higgs **width not negligible** for $\tan\beta \gtrsim 50$ compared to detector resolution ($\sim 20\%$).
- Effect taken into account via $BW(\tan\beta)$ for the MSSM interpretation.



MSSM constraints : Higgs width **not negligible** for $\tan\beta \gtrsim 50$



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- ❷ $b\phi \rightarrow b\tau\tau$
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DØ combination : $\tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}} + \tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}} b + b\bar{b}b$

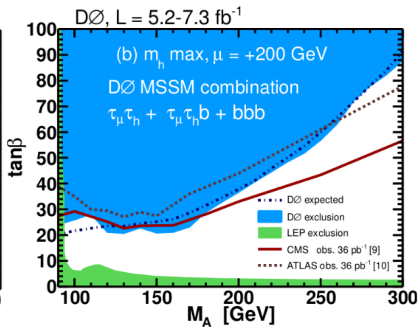
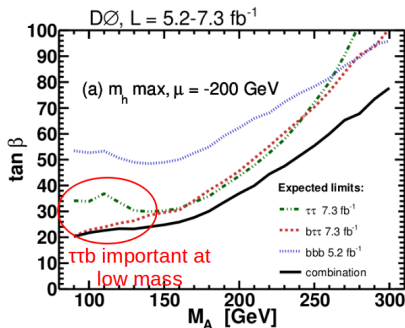
New : published in PLB!

Phys. Lett. B 710, 569 (2012)

Data sample :

- 7.3 fb^{-1} of $\tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}}$
- 7.3 fb^{-1} of $\tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}} b$
- 5.2 fb^{-1} of $b\bar{b}b$

Most stringent constraint on $(\tan \beta, m_A)$ from a single Tevatron experiment. Comparable with 36 pb^{-1} LHC analysis



Tevatron combination : $b\phi \rightarrow b\bar{b}b$

New for summer 2012 !

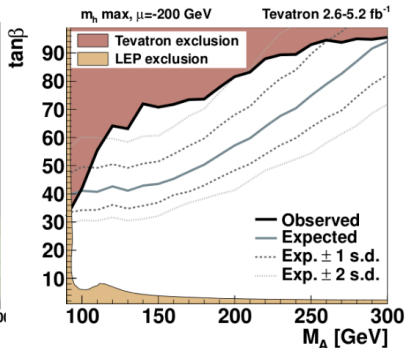
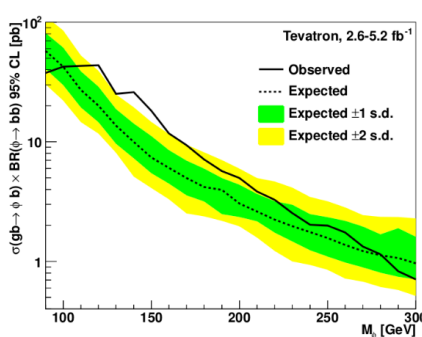
Submitted to Phys. Rev. D RC

Data sample :

- CDF : 2.6 fb^{-1} of $b\bar{b}b$
- DØ : 5.2 fb^{-1} of $b\bar{b}b$

Challenging final state (MJ, b -jet trigger, ...) but reaches a sensitivity of $\tan\beta \sim 40$ at low mass.

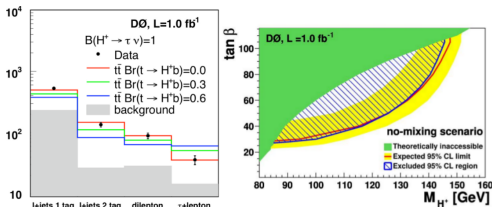
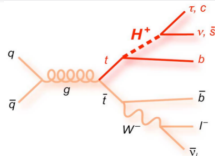
Channel studied at **Tevatron only** !



MSSM charged Higgs boson searches

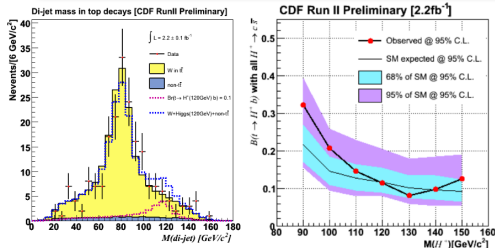
Search strategy : look at SM deviation in $t\bar{t}$ events

- $H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu : \ell + \tau$ channel
- $H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s} : \ell + \text{jets}$ channel



$H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu$ by DØ

- look at $\mathcal{BR}$ of $t\bar{t}$ decay,
 - possible for $\tan\beta > 1$
- PLB 682, 278 (2009)*



$H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}$ by CDF

- 2nd bump in m_{jj} ,
- possible for $\tan\beta < 1$

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- Fermiophobic Higgs boson

3 Summary and conclusions

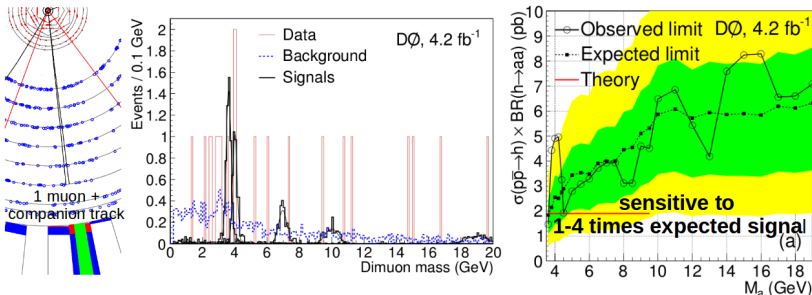
Search for $h \rightarrow aa @ D\bar{O}$

Phys. Rev. Lett. 103, 061801 (2009)

Data sample : 4.2 fb^{-1} of data analyzed in the $\mu\mu\mu\mu$ and $\mu\mu + \cancel{E}_T$ final state.

Analysis overview :

- $aa \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu\mu$: select 2 **extremely colinear muon pairs**,
- $aa \rightarrow \mu\mu\tau\tau$: select 1 **colinear muon pair** + $\cancel{E}_T$ (from colinear τ 's),
- For one pair : reconstruct **only one muon** and associate a “**companion track**” (due to the muon chamber granularity)
- Main background : MJ with **heavy hadrons** decaying into muon.

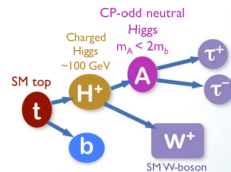


Search for $H^+ \rightarrow W^+ A (\rightarrow \tau\tau)$ @ CDF

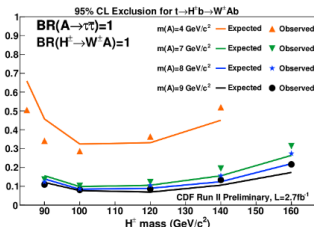
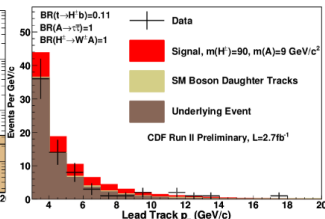
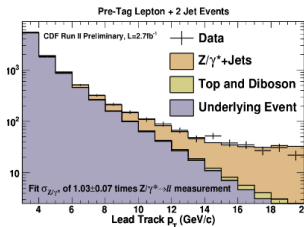
Data sample : 2.7 fb^{-1} of analyzed data in the $\ell + \text{jets} + \text{low } p_T \text{ track}$ final state

Analysis overview :

- Look at SM deviation in $t\bar{t}$ events
- τ 's very softs : easily lost in usual $t\bar{t}$ decay
- look at highest $\text{low } p_T \text{ track}$ ($p_T < 20 \text{ GeV}$)
- **Challenging** : modeling of MJ with heavy flavour and MB ("Underlying Event")
- Bkg modeling **validation** : $\sigma_{Z \rightarrow \ell\ell}$ measurement



First look at this phase space region !



Overview

1 Supersymmetric extensions of the Standard Model

- MSSM Higgs bosons
- Next-to-MSSM Higgs bosons

2 No supersymmetric scenarios

- Doubly charged Higgs boson
- Fermiophobic Higgs boson

3 Summary and conclusions

Search for H^{++} @ DØ

New : published in PRL!

Phys. Rev. Lett. 108, 021801 (2012)

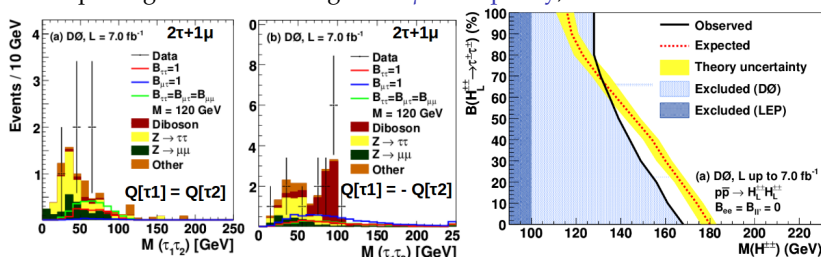
Motivations : doubly charged Higgs are predicted by :

- models with larger gauge symmetry, like $SU(3)_c \otimes SU(3)_L \otimes U(1)_Y$.
- Seesaw mechanism giving mass to neutrinos (with Higgs triplets).

Data sample : 7.3 fb^{-1} of analyzed data with at least 1 muon and at least 2 τ

Analysis overview :

- Production of doubly charged Higgs : $q\bar{q} \rightarrow H^{++}H^{--}$
- Decay : $H^{++} \rightarrow \tau\tau, \mu\tau, \mu\mu$ (given by m_ν hierarchy),
- Splitting events according to τ and μ multiplicity,

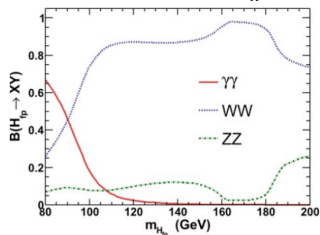


Fermiophobic Higgs search at Tevatron

Motivations : Several SM extensions (composite Higgs, several doublets, ...) predict Higgs boson weakly coupled to fermions. **Limit case : $g_{Hff} = 0$**

Consequences

- $\sigma(gg \rightarrow H) = 0$
- dominant decay mode : $\gamma\gamma$



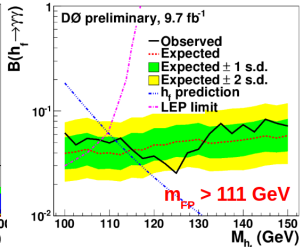
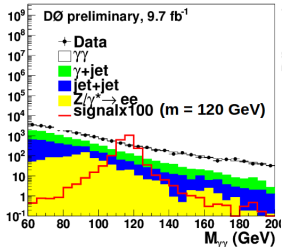
Single channels with corresponding luminosity (fb^{-1}) :

- DØ : $\gamma\gamma$ (9.7), $VH \rightarrow \ell^\pm \ell^\pm + X$ (5.2)
- CDF : $\gamma\gamma$ (10.0), WW (8.2), $WH \rightarrow 3W$ (8.2), $ZH \rightarrow ZWW$ (8.2)

Combination (sept 2011) including the following channels

- DØ : $\gamma\gamma$ (8.2), VH (5.2)
- CDF : $\gamma\gamma$ (8.2), WW (8.2), WH (8.2), ZH (8.2)

Search for $H_{FP} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

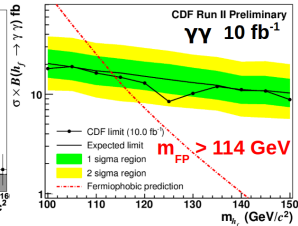
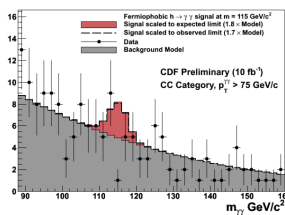


DØ :

- Data-driven method for bkg shape/composition
- MVA for signal extraction, with kinem+ γ ID

CDF :

- Data-driven method for bkg shape,
- split in 12 samples (based on η^γ and $p_T^{\gamma\gamma}$) to improve S/B

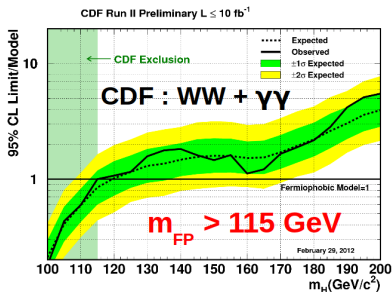
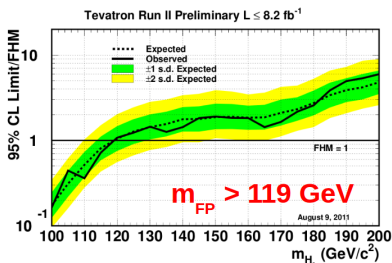


Combined search for fermiophobic Higgs

CDF combination :

- Re-interpretation SM Higgs search in $H \rightarrow WW$ (10 fb^{-1})
- $gg \rightarrow H$ signal is removed.
- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ is added (7 fb^{-1}).

expected exclusion : 119 GeV



Tevatron combination :

- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: DØ (8.2), CDF (7.0)
- $H \rightarrow WW$: DØ (5.3), CDF (8.2)

expected exclusion : 119 GeV

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Summary and conclusions

Concluding comments :

- Tevatron searches of BSM Higgs boson(s) up to 10 fb^{-1} ,
- **Many searches** not presented (Hidden Valley, CP violation scenario, ...)

Supersymmetric Higgs bosons :

- $\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ at Tevatron allow to constraint $\tan\beta$ down to ~ 35
- **Legacy** Tevatron result, **DØ comb** ($\tau\tau + \tau\tau b + b\bar{b}b$) : $(\tan\beta)_{\text{excl}} \sim 20$
- **Unique** at Tevatron and **first time** presented : **$b\bar{b}b$ Tevatron combination**. $(\tan\beta)_{\text{excl}} \sim 40$ and $\sim 2\sigma$ excess observed (will be investigated with full dataset)

No supersymmetric extension :

- Doubly charged Higgs : $m_{H^{++}} > 128 \text{ GeV}$
- Good sensitivity to $\gamma\gamma$ decay mode at Tevatron for **fermiophobic Higgs boson**. Tevatron combination results in $m_{\text{FP}} > 119 \text{ GeV}$.

BACKUP

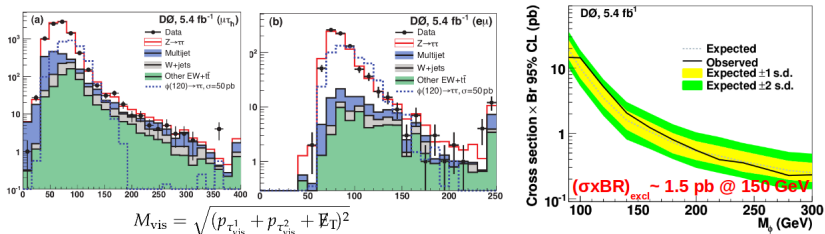
Search for $\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ @ DØ

Now published : *Phys. Lett. B* 707, 323 (2012)

Data samples : 5.4 fb^{-1} of data analyzed in the $\mu\tau_{\text{had}}$ and $e\mu$ final states.

Analysis overview :

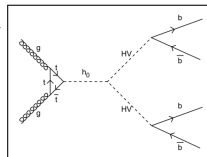
- Isolated **leptons** of high p_T , with one τ_{had} of **opposit electric charge**
- reduction of **jet** $\rightarrow \tau_{\text{had}}$ bkg by **tight τ ID** criteria,
- $M_T(\ell, \cancel{E}_T) < 50 \text{ GeV}$ to further suppress **W +jets**,
- **Data-driven** estimation of **multijets** background.



Hidden valley related search

Motivations : Hidden Valley models assume additional confining gauge group weakly coupled to SM sector :

- prediction of long lived particles (HV),
- Higgs boson can decay in HV particles.



Data sample : 5.8 fb^{-1} of analyzed data in the ≥ 3 jets final state

Analysis overview :

- search for displaced vertices
- Main background : heavy flavour jets and mistag light jets
- Data-driven bkg modelling

