

$$S = \frac{2k_B T}{\lambda_{obs}^2} \Delta\Omega_{Beam}$$

$$\text{Jy} = 10^{-26} \text{ W.m}^2.\text{Hz}^{-1}$$

$$S_{cat} = \int S dv$$

$$\text{Jy.km.s}^{-1}$$

$$S = S_{cat} / \Delta v_{rad}$$

$$\Delta\Omega_{Beam} = A \frac{\lambda_{obs}^2}{D_{eff}^2}$$



$$A \sim 1.7$$

$$D_{eff} \sim 14\text{m Beam des 4 dishes}$$

$$\Delta\Omega_{Beam} \approx (1/50)^\circ$$

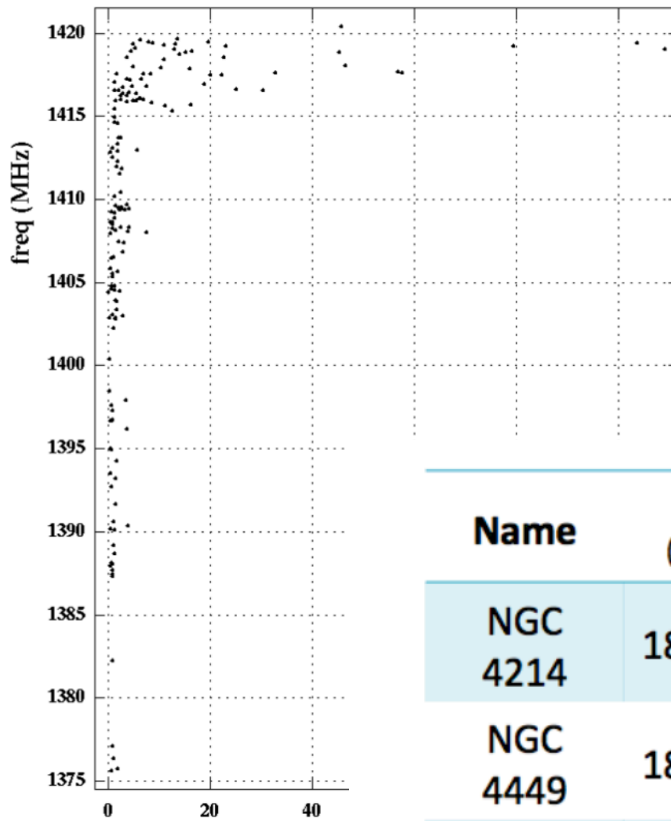


$$T \approx \frac{D_{eff}^2}{2Ak_B} \times \frac{S_{cat}}{\Delta v_{rad}}$$

$$\nu_0 = \nu_{HI} \sqrt{\frac{1-\beta}{1+\beta}}$$

$$\beta = \frac{v^{rad}}{c}$$

HI galaxies : dec in [35,45] and ra in [120,260]



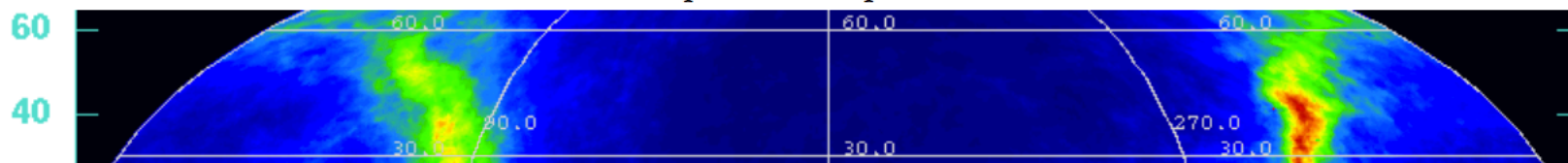
Valentin Beyler (juil. 2017)

A General Catalog of HI Observations of Galaxies. Huchtmeier W.K., Richter O.-G, Bohnenstengel H.D., Hauschild M. 1989. ISBN # 3 - 540 - 96997 - 7; 0 - 387696997 - 7

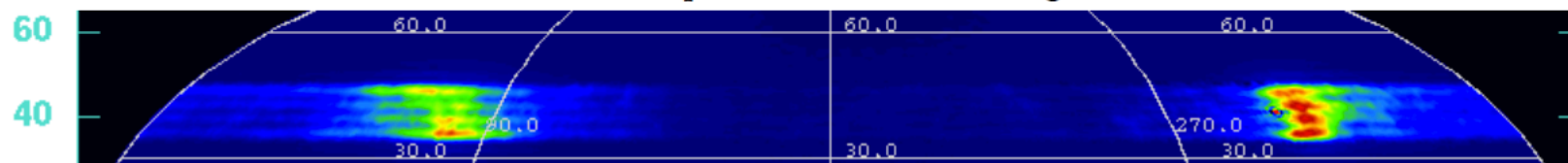
Name	$\alpha$ ( <u>degree</u> )	$\delta$ ( <u>degree</u> )	$\nu_0$ (MHz)	$\Delta\nu$ (MHz)	$T_2$ ( <u>mk</u> )
NGC 4214	183.9144	+36.3275	1419.01	0.445	109.1
NGC 4449	187.0472	+44.0944	1419.42	0.668	103.7
NGC 4244	184.3749	+37.8074	1419.22	1.058	79.5
NGC 4490	187.6526	+41.6395	1417.62	1.154	57.7

FIGURE 6: Tableau des 4 plus chaudes galaxies

A: input LAB map at 1420 MHz



B : reconstructed map from LAB after filtering at 1420 MHz



C : reconstructed map from November data after filtering at 1420 MHz

