

# JUNO

**LAL (Orsay)**

December 2018

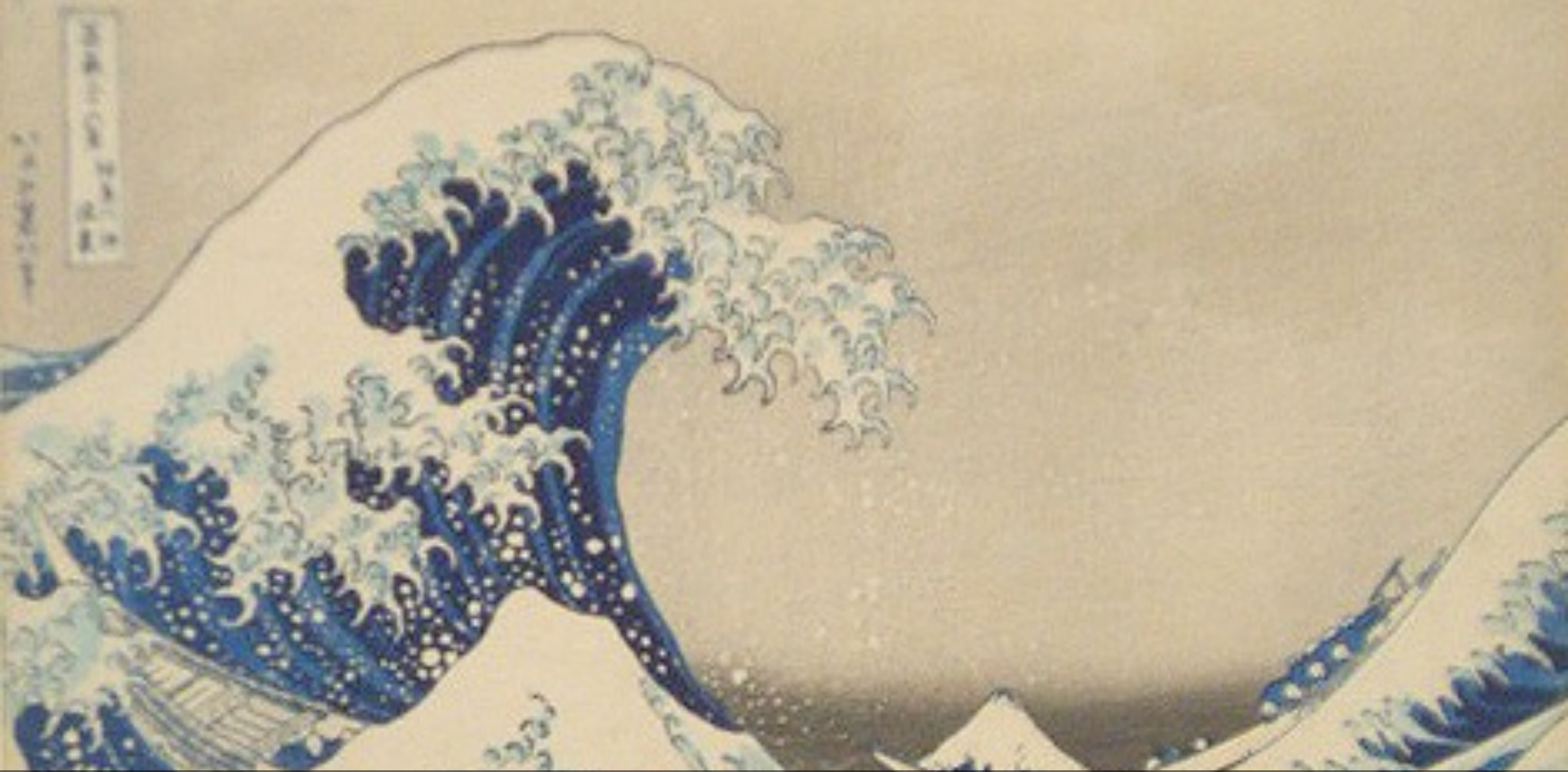


**Anatael Cabrera**

CNRS / IN2P3

LAL(Orsay) / APC(Paris) — LNCA(Chooz)



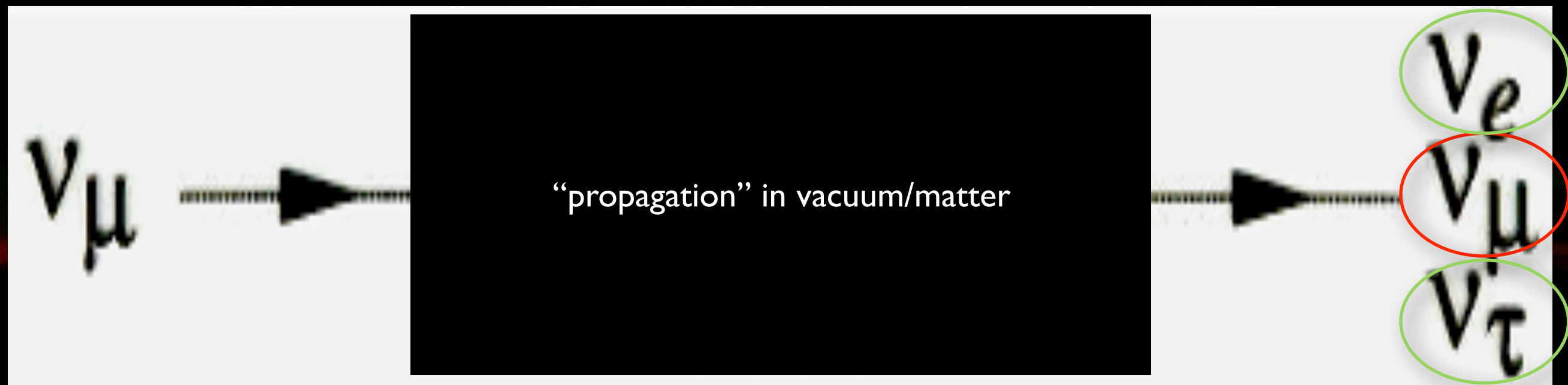


(fast)  $v$  oscillations reminder...



Let's take  $\nu_\mu$  (a popular example) to start with...

**disappearance**  
**appearance**



**observation:** both **disappearance** (the **anomalies**) & **appearance** (July 2013) have been seen

**all observations (most!) consistent with 3v oscillation model**



# ingredients for neutrino oscillations...

Non-degenerate  
mass spectrum

$(\Delta m^2)$



Mixing in the  
leptonic sector

$(\theta)$



Oscillation Probability

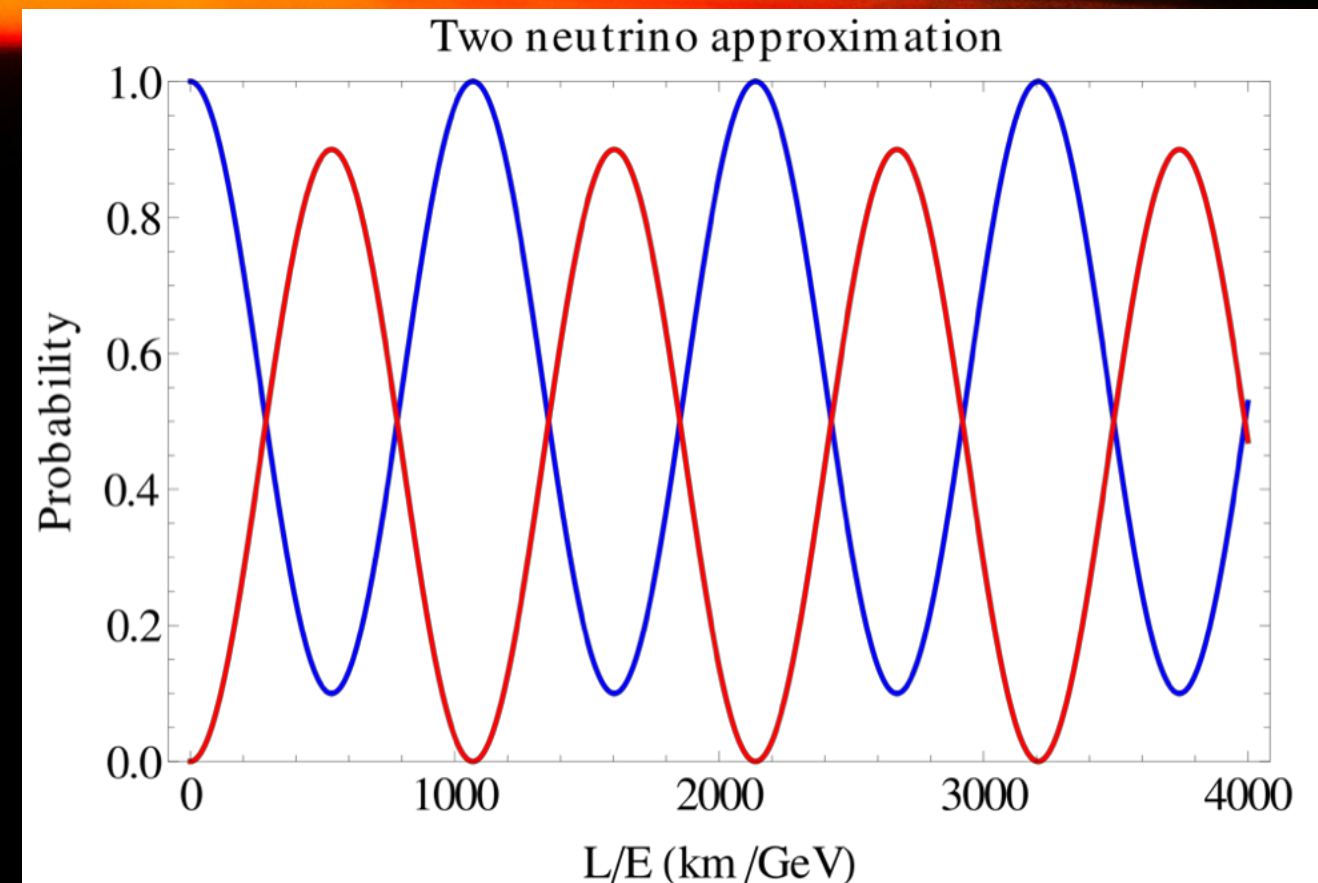
$P=f(\theta, \Delta m^2)$

quantum interference  
(macroscopic)

**U<sub>PMNS</sub>** matrix  
(à la CKM)

$\nu_\alpha$  (start with) &  $\nu_\beta$  (none at first)

$$P = \sin^2(2\theta) \sin^2 \frac{\Delta m^2 L}{4E_\nu}$$





# “mixing”: a common phenomenon...





“atmospheric”  $\Rightarrow \theta_{23} \sim 45^\circ$

$\theta_{13}$  & “dirac”  $\delta_{CP}$

“solar”  $\Rightarrow \theta_{12} \sim 33^\circ$

$$U = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_{23} & s_{23} \\ 0 & -s_{23} & c_{23} \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \text{sub-leading} \\ \leftarrow \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & e^{-i\delta} s_{13} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -e^{i\delta} s_{13} & 0 & c_{13} \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \text{sub-leading} \\ \leftarrow \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_{12} & s_{12} & 0 \\ -s_{12} & c_{12} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\Delta m_{31}^2$                        $\Delta m_{31}^2$                        $\Delta m_{21}^2$

atmos+LBL(dis)                      Chooz+LBL(app)                      solar+KamLAND

$P(\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\mu)$                        $P(\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_e) \ \& \ P(\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e)$                        $P(\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_x)$

**ATMOSPHERIC ANOMALY**

**PREDICTION**

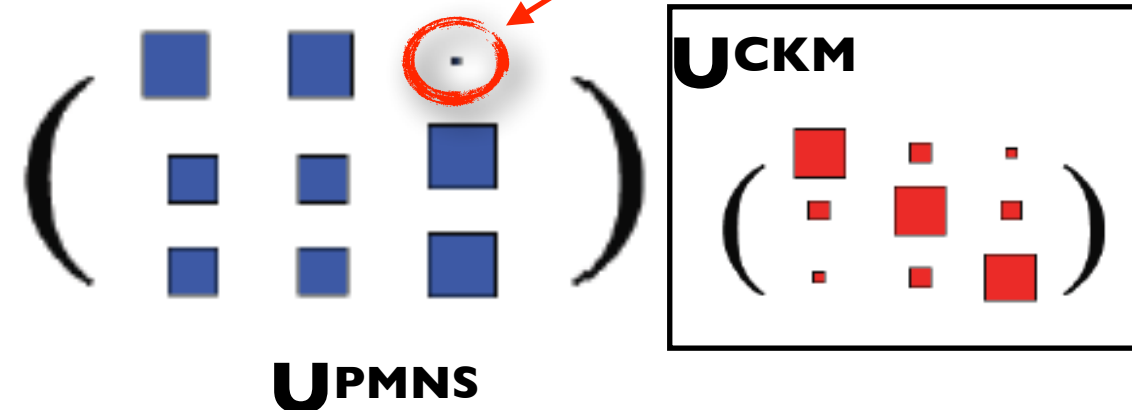
**SOLAR ANOMALY**

**effective decoupling of “solar” & “atmospheric”:**

- $\delta m^2$  (order  $10^{-5} \text{eV}^2$ ) versus  $\Delta m^2$  (order  $10^{-3} \text{eV}^2$ )
- $\theta_{13}$  being small (relative to very large  $\theta_{12}$  and  $\theta_{23}$ )

$(\nu_e, \nu_\mu, \nu_\tau)^T = U(\nu_1, \nu_2, \nu_3)^T$ , where  $U^{\text{PMNS}}$  looks like

**is U unitary? [if not  $\rightarrow$  4th  $\nu$  family]**



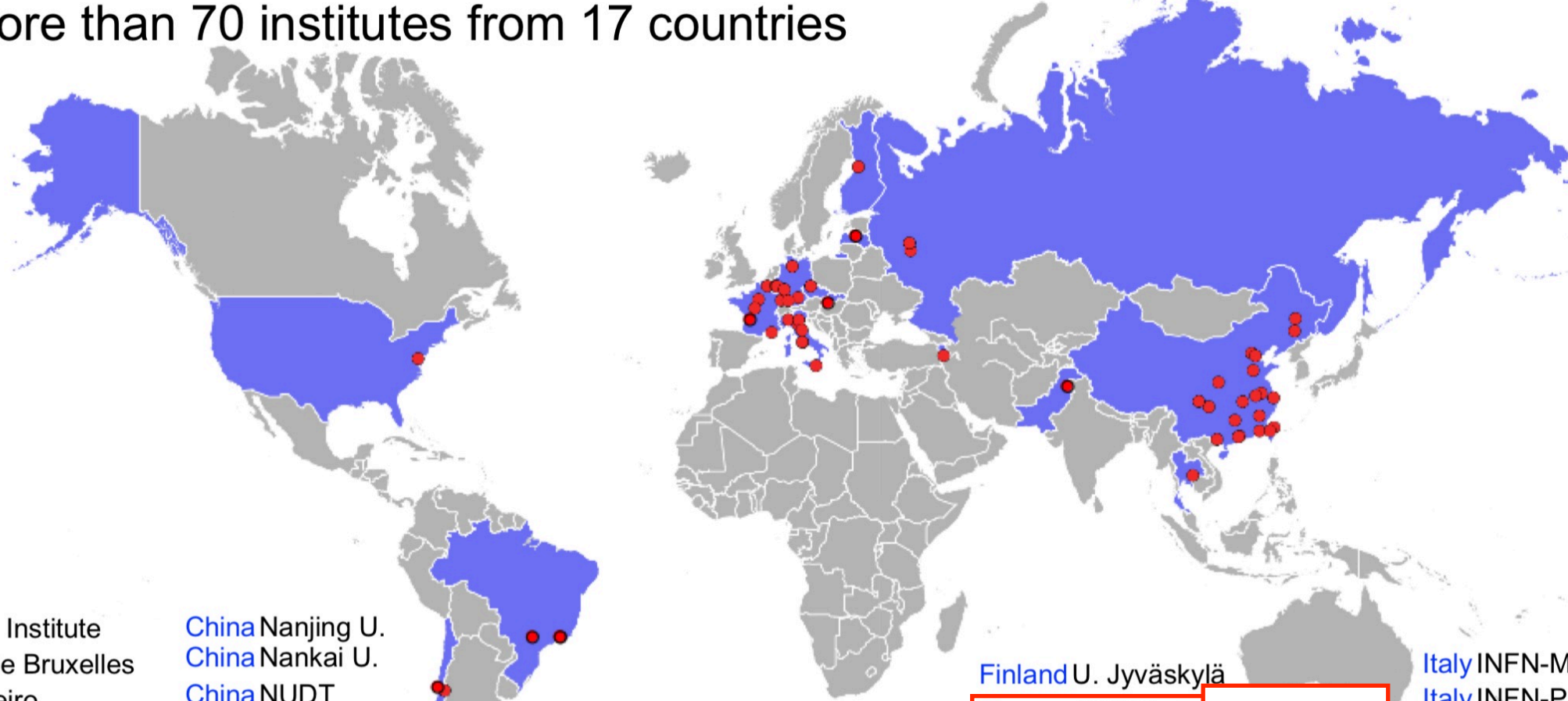




the JUNO project/experiment...



# More than 70 institutes from 17 countries



France APC Paris → **LAL Orsay**  
 France CENBG Bordeaux  
 France CPPM Marseille  
 France IPHC Strasbourg  
 France Subatech Nantes

- Armenia Yerevan Physics Institute
- Belgium Université libre de Bruxelles
- Brazil PUC Rio de Janeiro
- Brazil UE Londrina
- Chile PCUC
- Chile UTFSM Valparaiso
- China BISEE
- China Beijing Normal U.
- China CAGS
- China ChongQing University
- China CIAE
- China DGUT
- China ECUST
- China Guangxi U.
- China Harbin Institute of Technology
- China IHEP
- China IMP-CAS
- China Jilin U.
- China Jinan U.

- China Nanjing U.
- China Nankai U.
- China NUDT
- China NCEPU
- China Pekin U.
- China Shandong U.
- China Shanghai JT U.
- China SYSU
- China Tsinghua U.
- China UCAS
- China USTC
- China U. of South China
- China Wu Yi U.
- China Wuhan U.
- China Xi'an JT U.
- China Xiamen University
- China Zhengzhou U.
- Czech R. Charles U. Prague

- Finland U. Jyväskylä
- Germany ZEA FZ Julich
- Germany RWTH Aachen U.
- Germany TUM
- Germany U. Hamburg
- Germany IKP-2 FZ Jülich
- Germany U. Mainz
- Germany U. Tuebingen
- Italy INFN Catania
- Italy INFN di Frascati
- Italy INFN-Ferrara
- Italy INFN-Milano

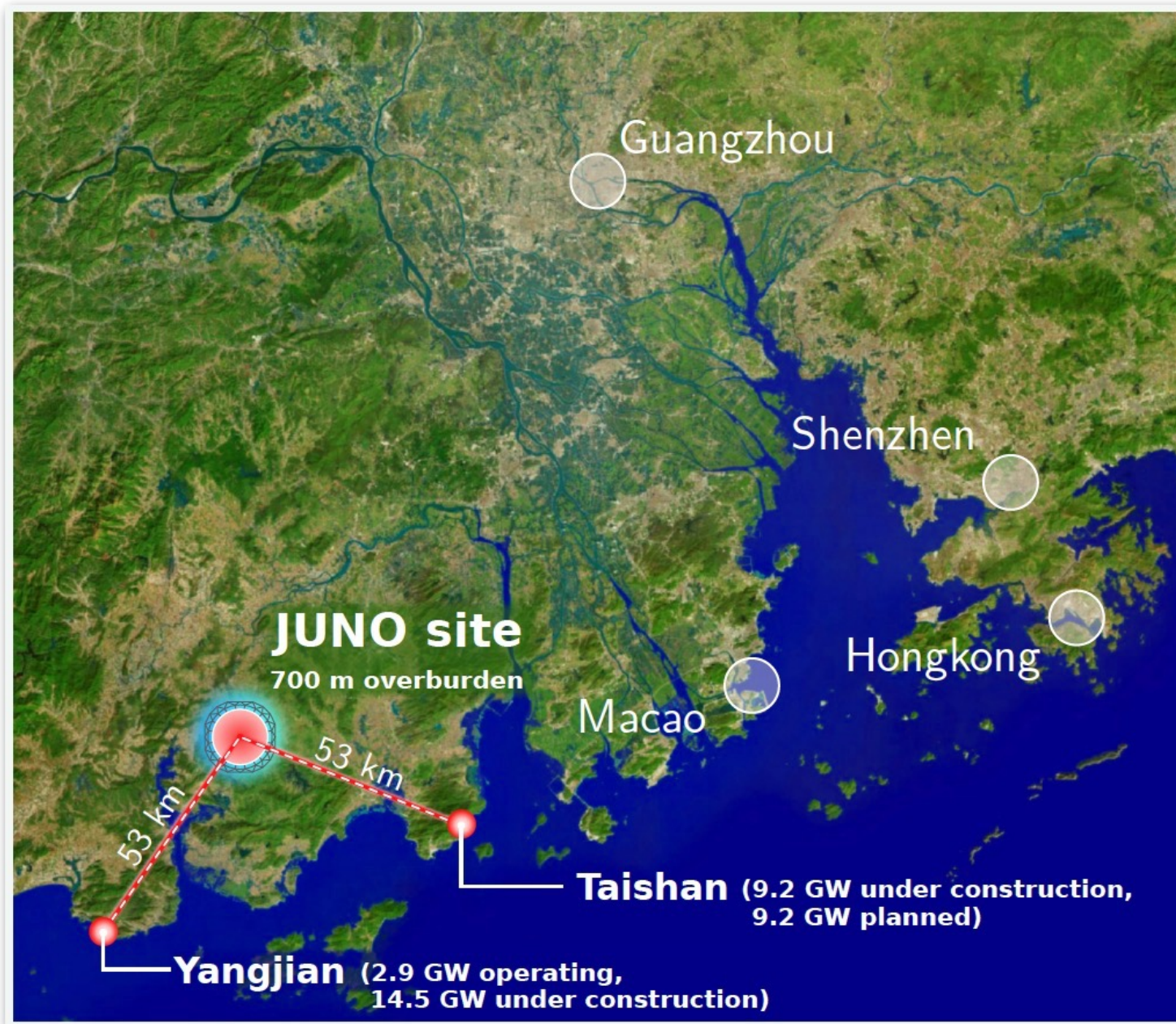
- Italy INFN-Milano Bicocca
- Italy INFN-Padova
- Italy INFN-Perugia
- Italy INFN-Roma 3
- Latvia IECS Riga
- Pakistan PINSTECH Islamabad
- Russia INR Moscow
- Russia JINR
- Russia MSU
- Slovakia U. Bratislava FMPICU
- Taiwan National Chiao-Tung U.
- Taiwan National Taiwan U.
- Taiwan National United U.
- Thailand NARIT
- Thailand PPRLCU Bangkok
- Thailand SUT
- USA UMD1
- USA UMD2

# the JUNO collaboration...





# JUNO location...



simplistic schedule: **data-taking aim to start by  $\leq 2022$**



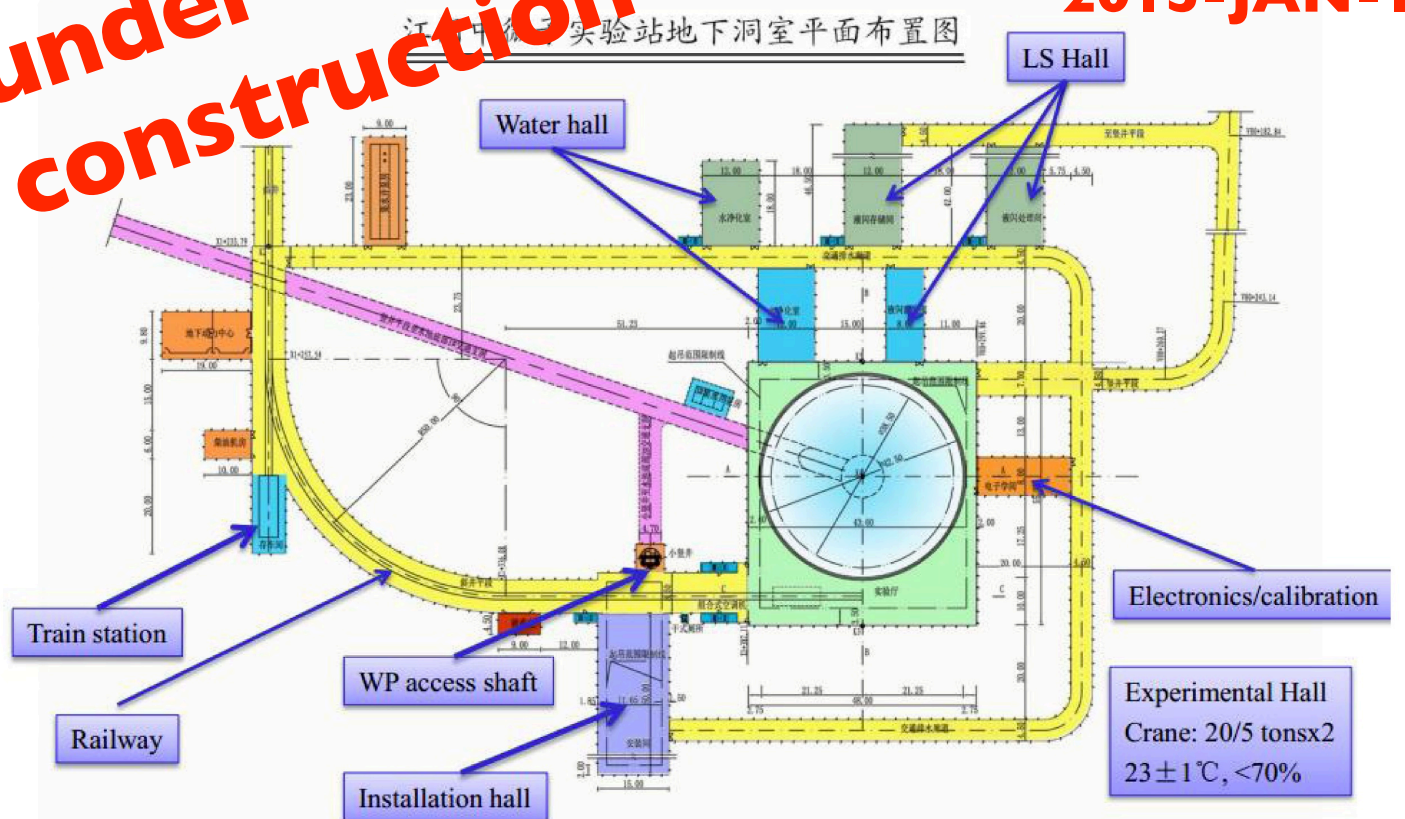
## on surface facilities



- construction support
- running

**under construction**

2015-JAN-1



**schedule driver**  
(delay ~ 1 year)

- detector cavity (now)
- underground facilities

**underground cavity**



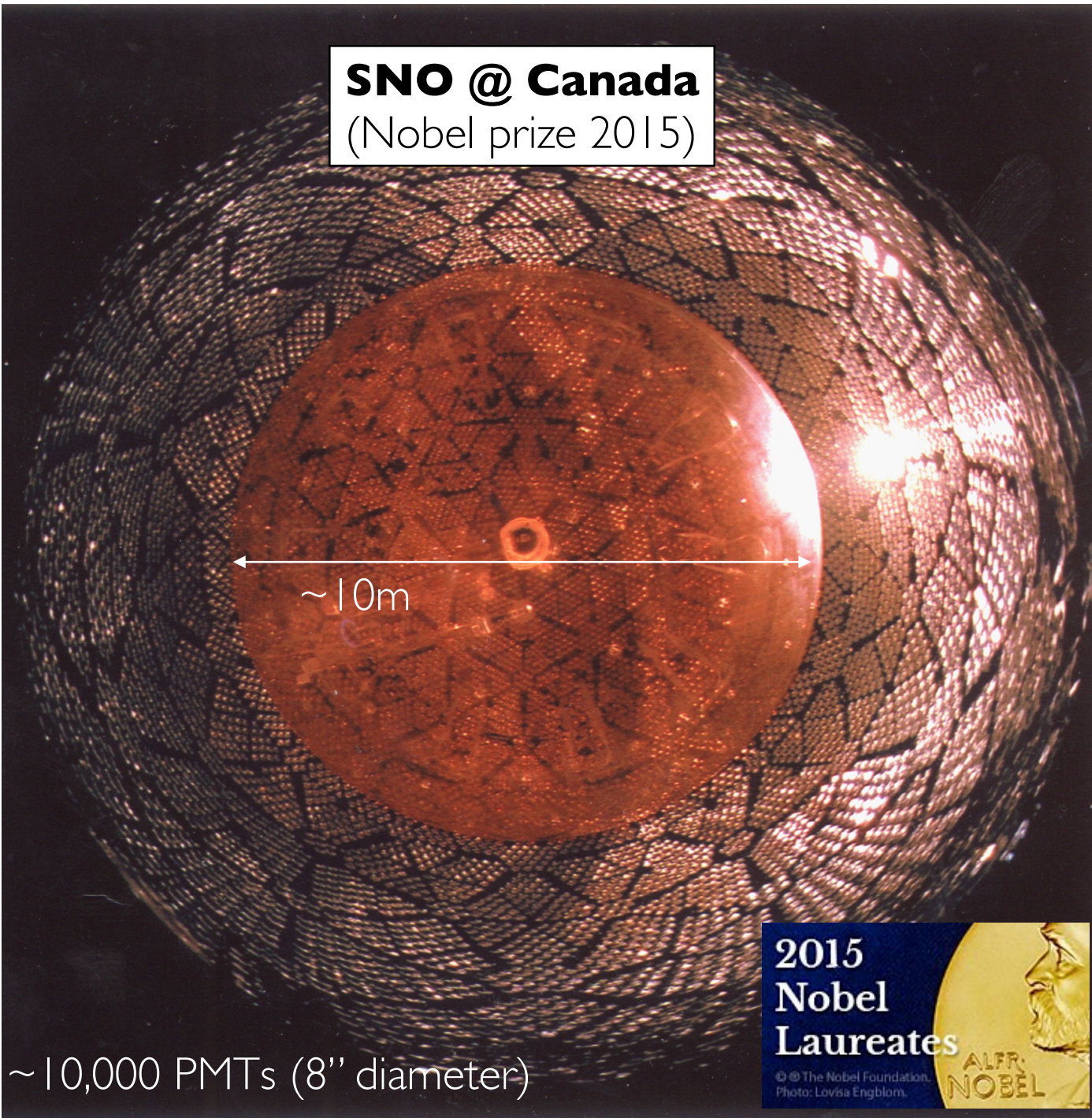


the JUNO detector...

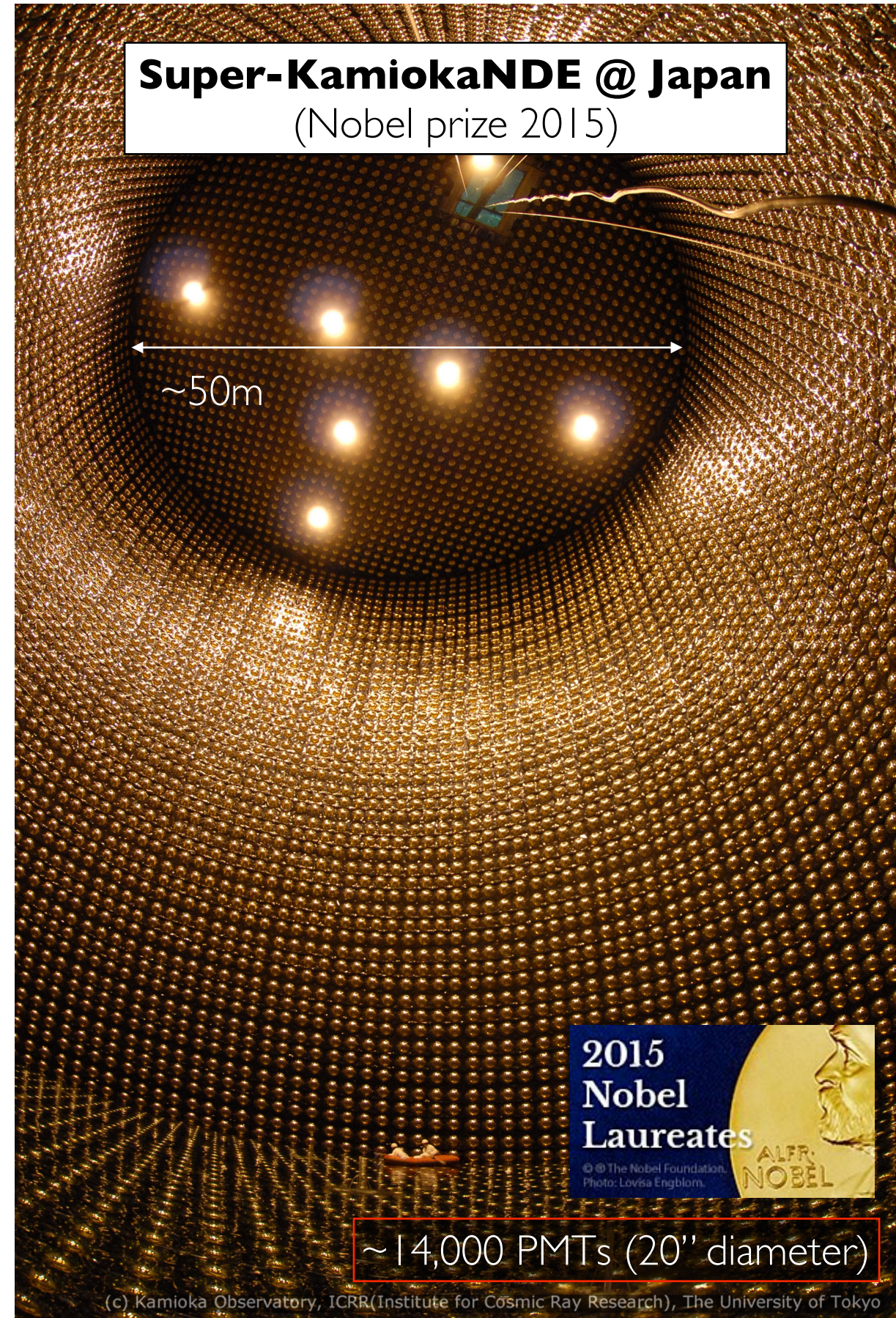


# the JUNO detector (famous predecessors)...

**SNO @ Canada**  
(Nobel prize 2015)



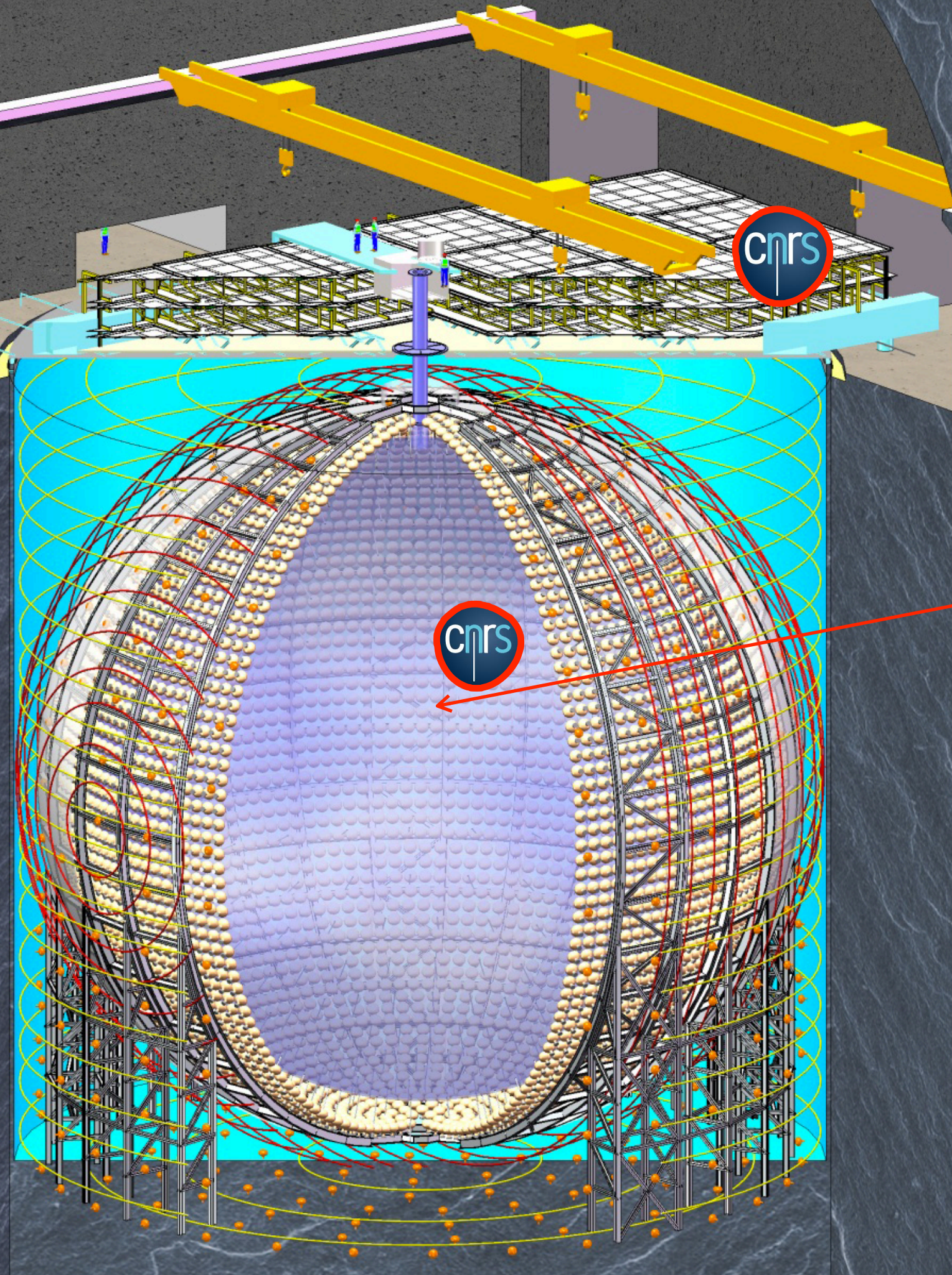
**Super-KamiokaNDE @ Japan**  
(Nobel prize 2015)



**JUNO can be regarded as a hybrid of both...**  
(filled with liquid-scintillator → **MUCH more light**)



# our (huge) detector...



## Underground Laboratory:

- ~700m overburden →  $\sim 3\mu\text{/s}$
- ~53km baseline to reactors

## Neutrino Detector:

- ~20k ton liquid scintillator [acrylic 12cm surrounding]
- ~18k 20" PMT (implosion mask)
- 25k 3" PMT (stereo-calorimetry)
- compensation coils: Earth B(field)
- high radio-purity control

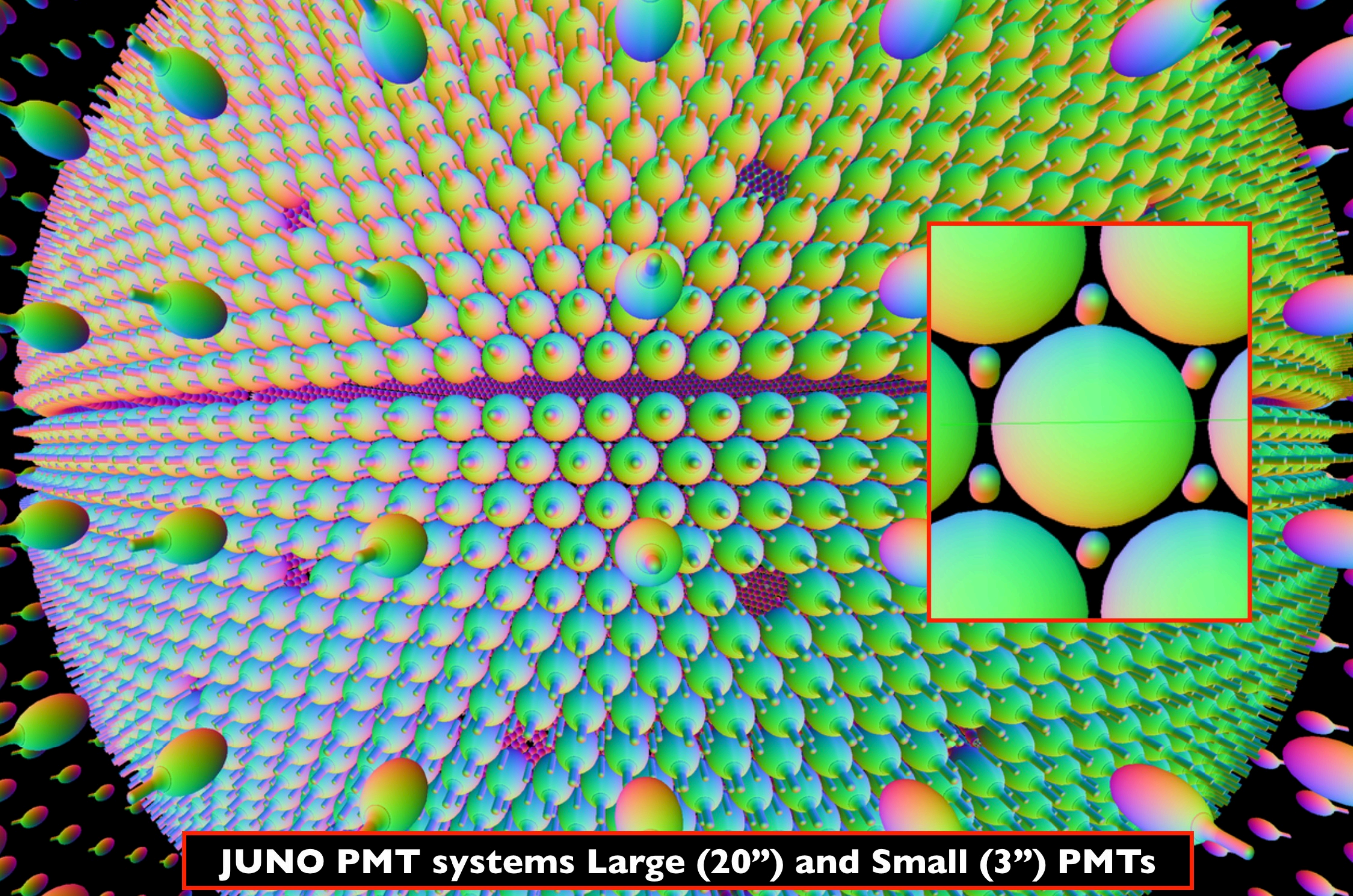
## Calibration Articulation(s):

- access chimney
- calibration deploy system(s) [box]

## Veto Detector(s):

- water-Cherenkov ( $4\pi \mu\text{'s}$ )  
→  $\approx 2\text{m}$  rock- $\gamma\text{'s}$  shield (inert)
- top-tracker (multi-layer & top)





**JUNO PMT systems Large (20") and Small (3") PMTs**

**JUNO a photocathode colosso** → yield energy resolution!

*Anatael Cabrera (CNRS-IN2P3 & APC)*



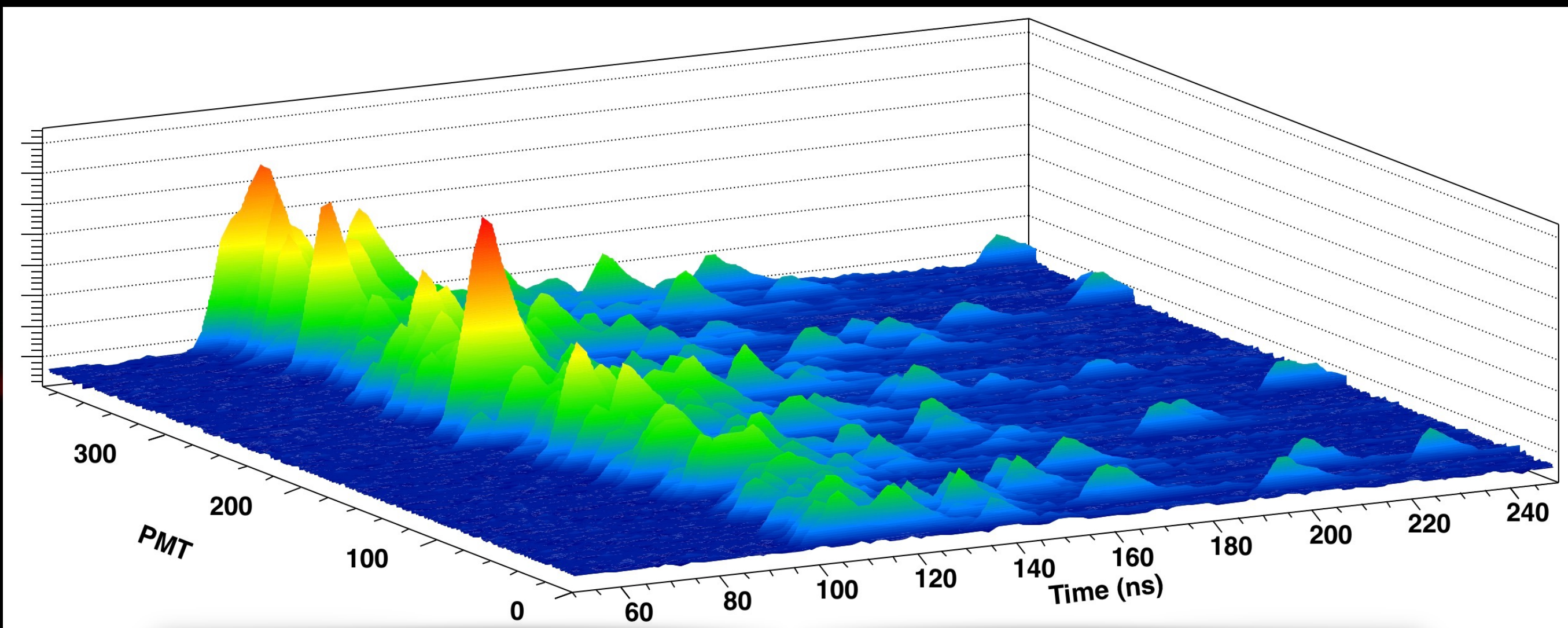
**Large PMT  
(20")**



**Small PMT  
(3")**



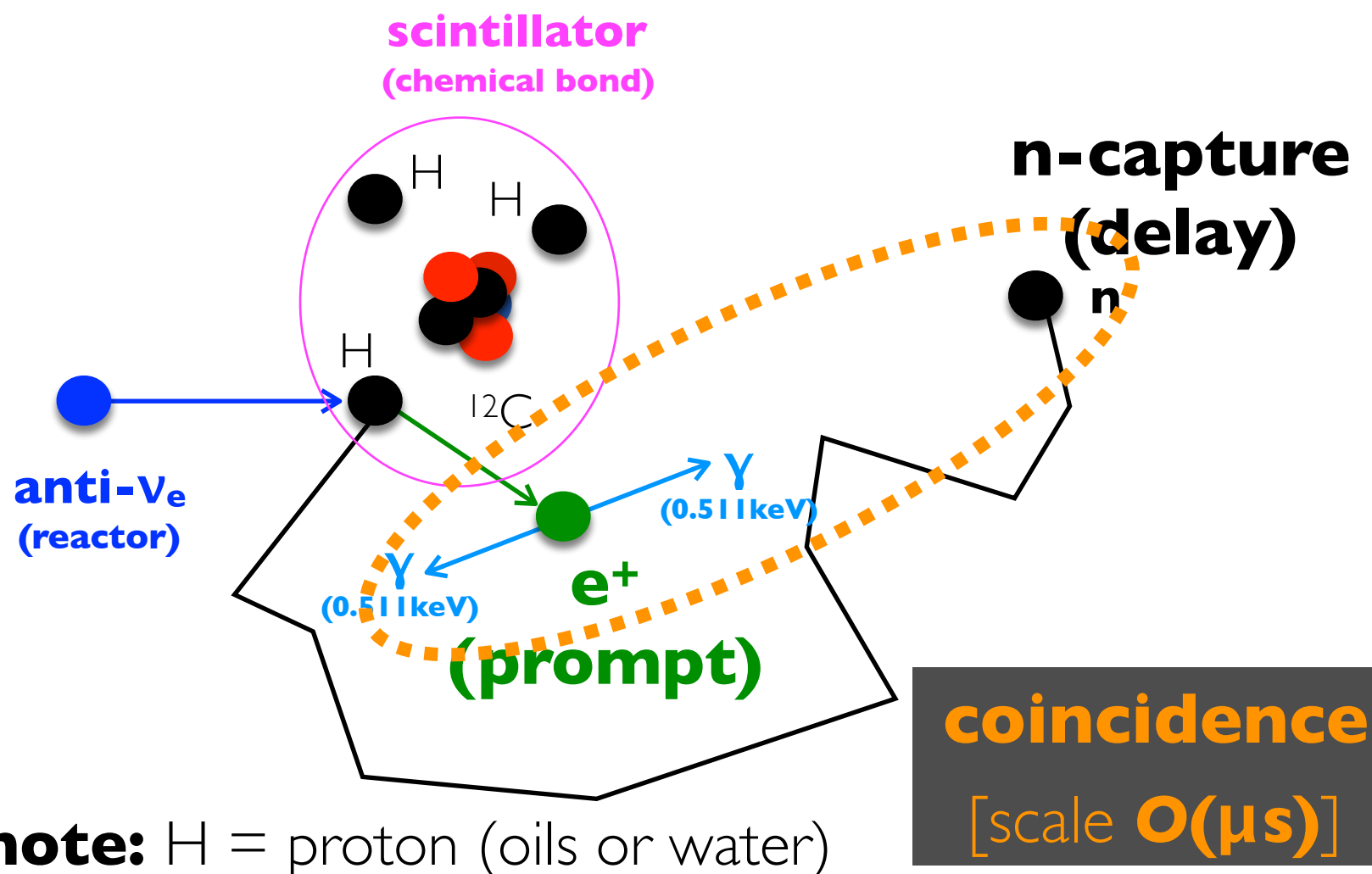
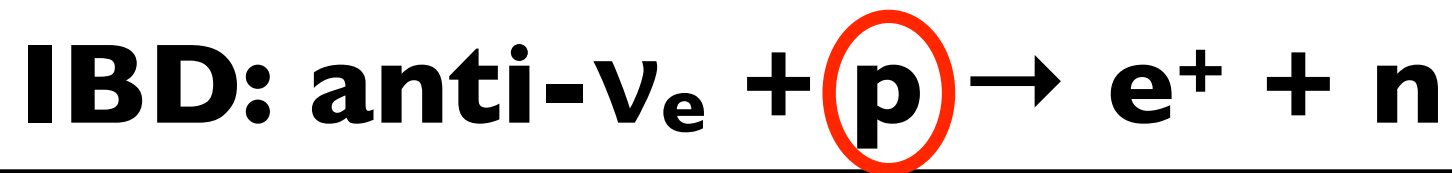
# FADC @ Double Chooz...



**many channels → triangulation info**

- **charge:** single-photon resolution
- **timing:** fraction of ns resolution
- **derived information (i.e. reconstruction):** position, PID, etc



inverse- $\beta$  decay (IBD) interaction...

## IBD detection art...

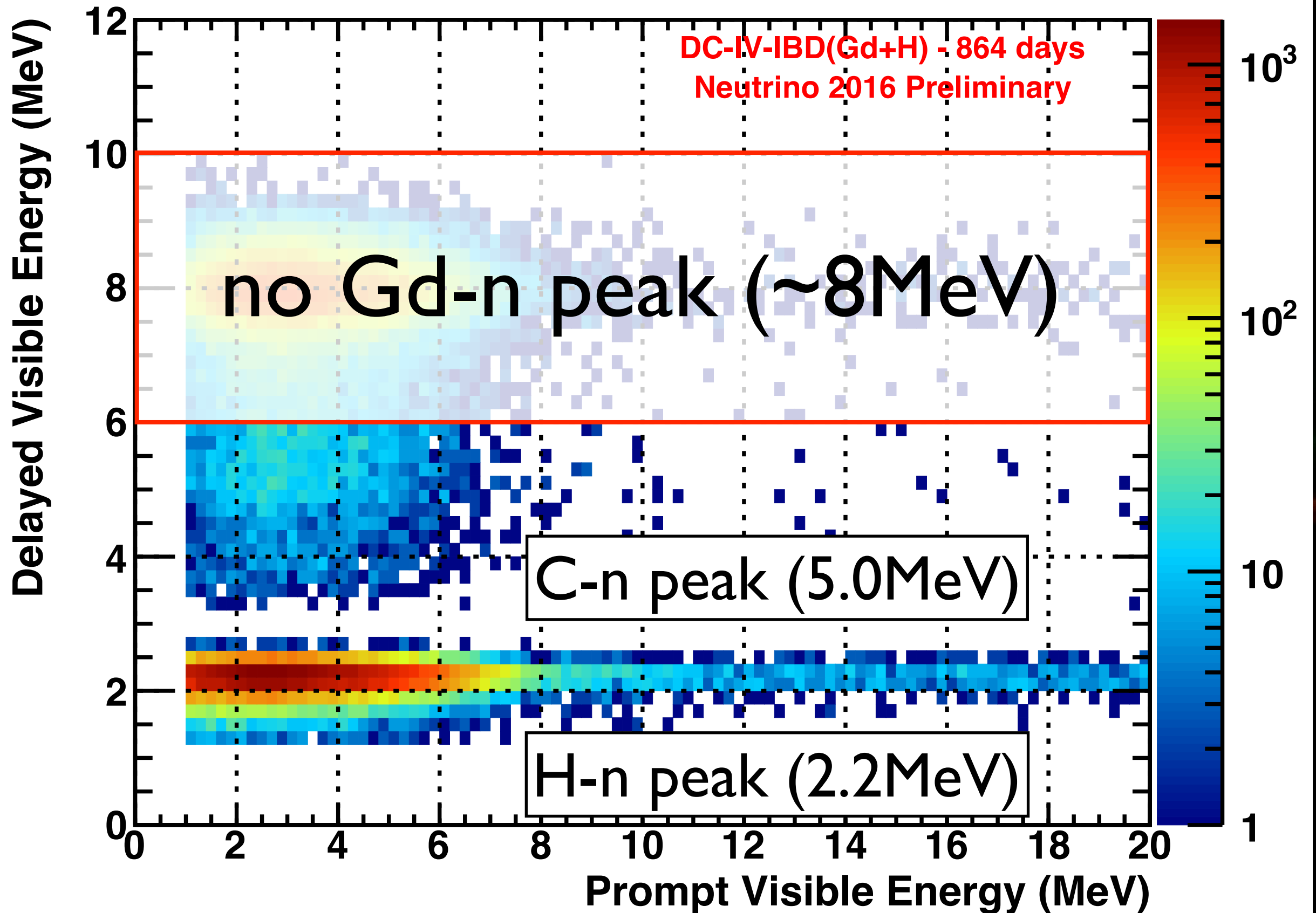
n-H (native)

n-C (native oil)

n-Cd (doped)  $\rightarrow$   $\nu$  discoveryn-Gd (doped)  $\rightarrow$   $\geq$ Choozn-Li (doped)  $\rightarrow$   $\geq$ Bugey3 $^3\text{He}$  (different technology)no  $\text{e}^+$  PID implies $\text{e}^+ \approx \text{BG}$  ( $\gamma \approx \text{e}^- \approx \alpha \approx \text{p-recoil}$ )



## prompt vs delay energy spectra...





# SPM1T

(stereo-calorimetry)

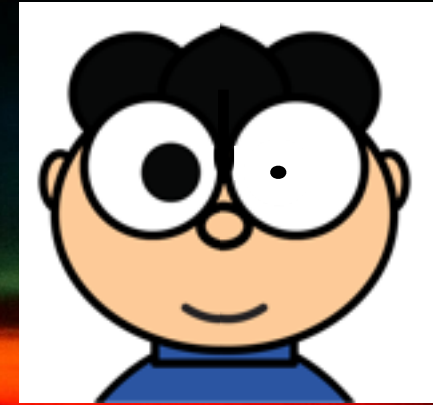




**JUNO**  
(mono)



**JUNO**  
(stereo)



**25k 3" PMT ⊕ compact fast readout**  
(huge system → one of the largest)



## 20 laboratories (9 countries) so far...

### Armenia

- Yerevan Physics Institute (Yerevan)

### Brasil

- FABC (Sao Paulo)
- PUC (Rio de Janeiro)

### Belgium

- UBL (Brussels)

### Chile

- PUC (Santiago) **(project/physics coordination)**

### China

- IHEP (Beijing) **(project/physics coordination)**
- SYSU (Guangzhou)

### France

- APC/LAL (Paris/Orsay) **(project/physics coordination)**
- CENBG (Bordeaux) **(technical coordination)**
- CPPM (Marseille)
- LLR (Paris)
- OMEGA (Paris)
- SUBATECH (Nantes)

### Italy

- Padova-INFN (Padova)

### Russia

- Moscow State University (Moscow)
- Institute of Nuclear Research & Russian Academy of Science (Moscow)

### Taiwan

- National Taiwan University NTU (Taipei)
- National Chiao Tung University NCTU (Hsinchu)
- National United University NUU (Miaoli)

# our (international) team...



**technical coordination:** C.Cerna

**internal coordination**

• **physics:** F. Perrot (+INFN)

• **electronics:** A.Cabrera



**project management:** A.Cabrera (+2)



# SPMT system within JUNO...

MAIN  
DAQ

SURFACE



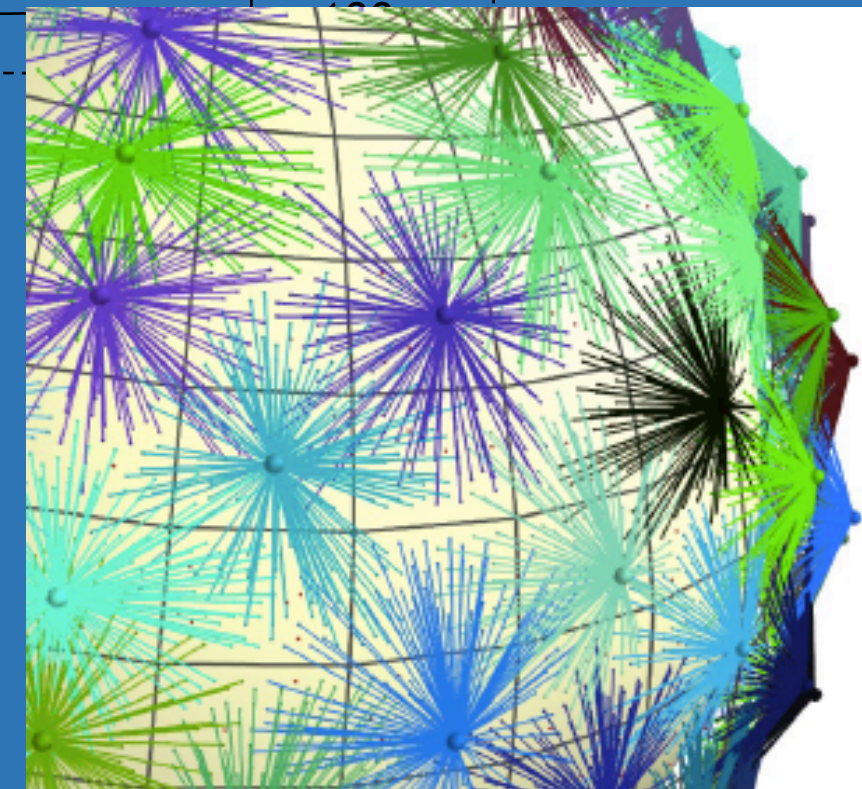
## 25 000 x 3'' PMT

### Under Water Box

- 128 ch. Photomultipliers
- High Voltage
- Decoupling HV/Signal
- Front-End Readout
- DAQ

Low Voltage  
Clock  
Data

≈ 20m

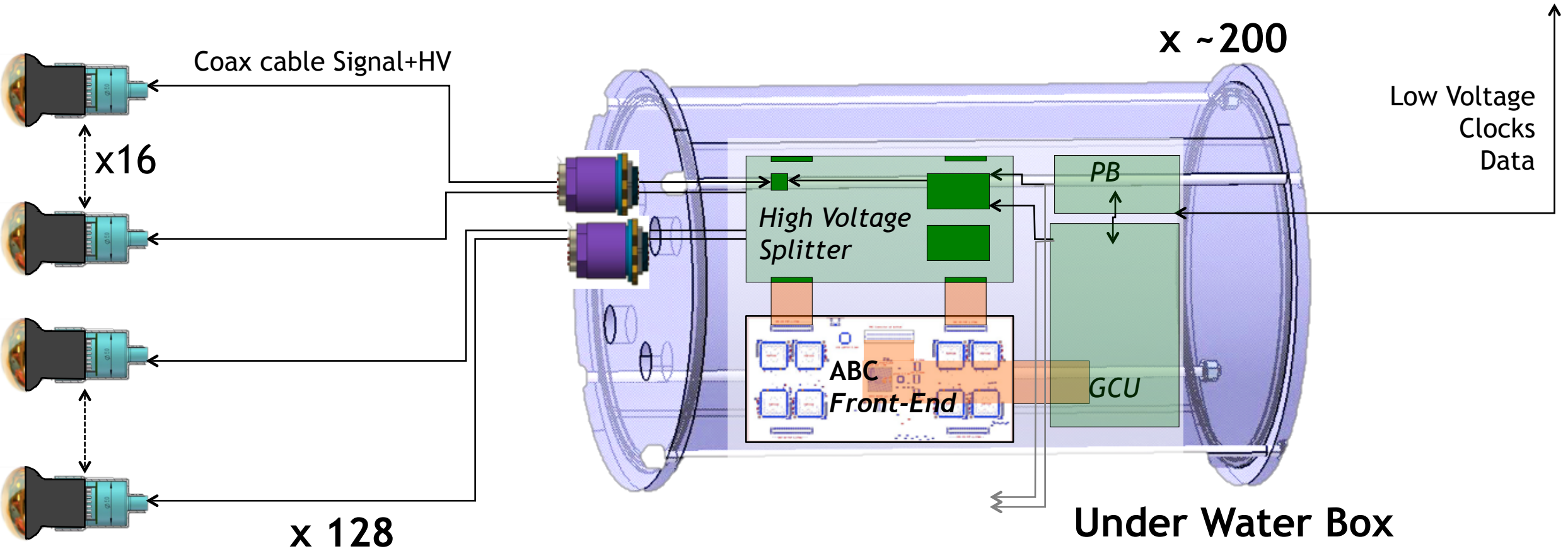




# System schematics

## our construction brick

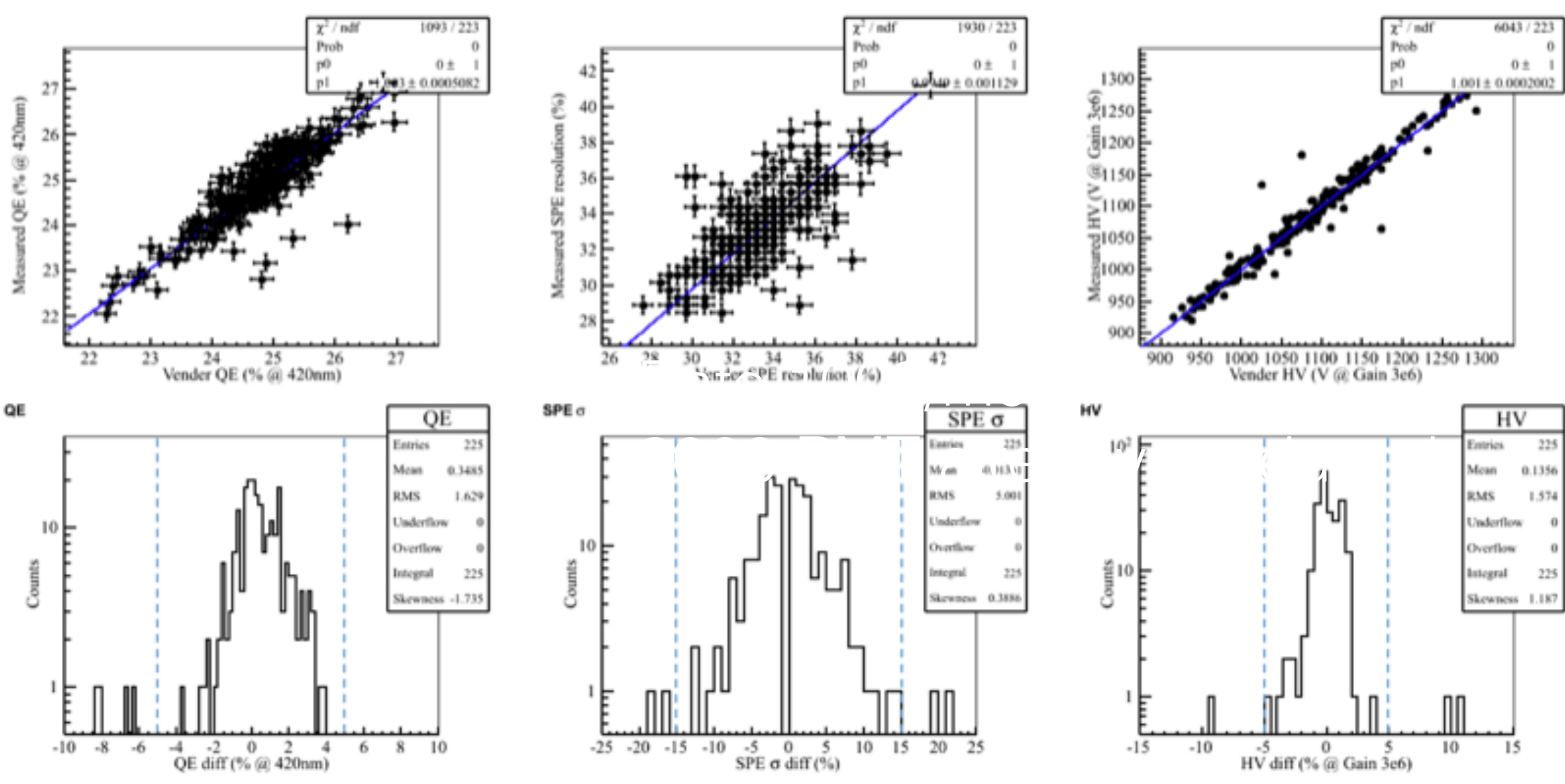
- 3" PMT
- High Voltage divider
- Potting
- Cable
- Connector
- Under Water Box
- ABC board
- Splitter board





# 26,000 3" PMTs production & testing

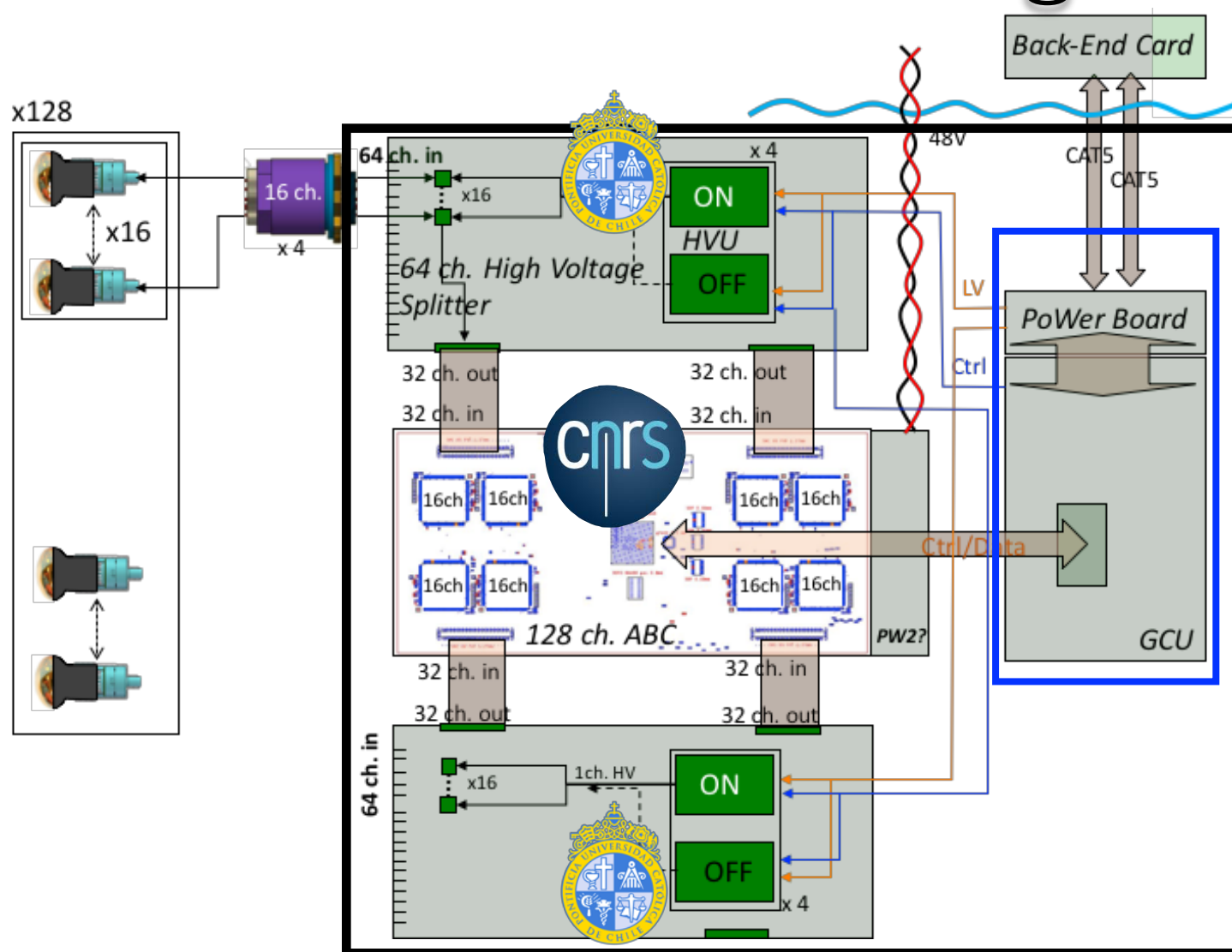
(@HZC → company personnel ⊕ JUNO supervision)



**1k PMT/month → ~6k PMTs done!**

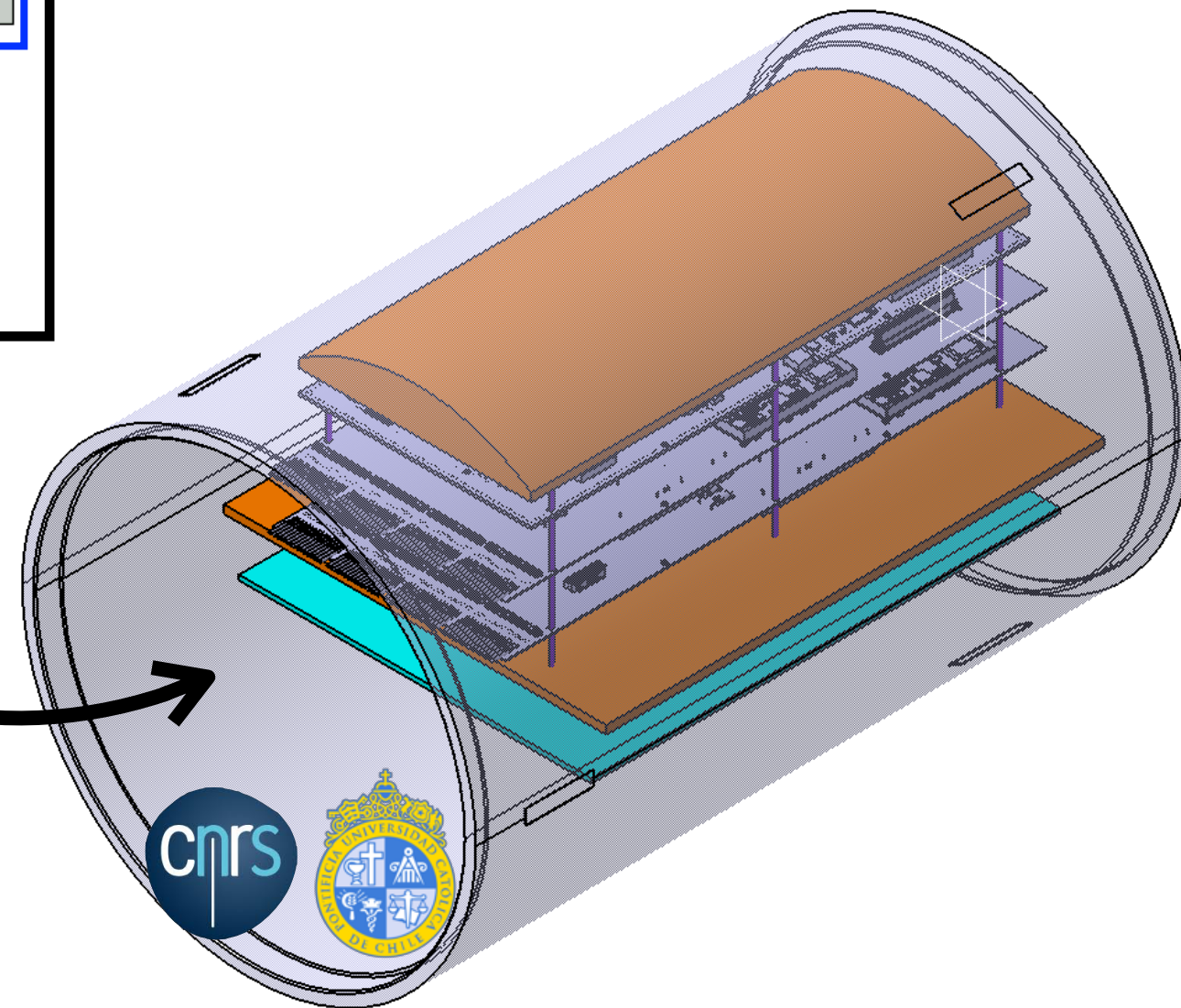


the readout goes (folded) under-water...



**JUNO common**  
(SPMT ⊕ LPMT readout)

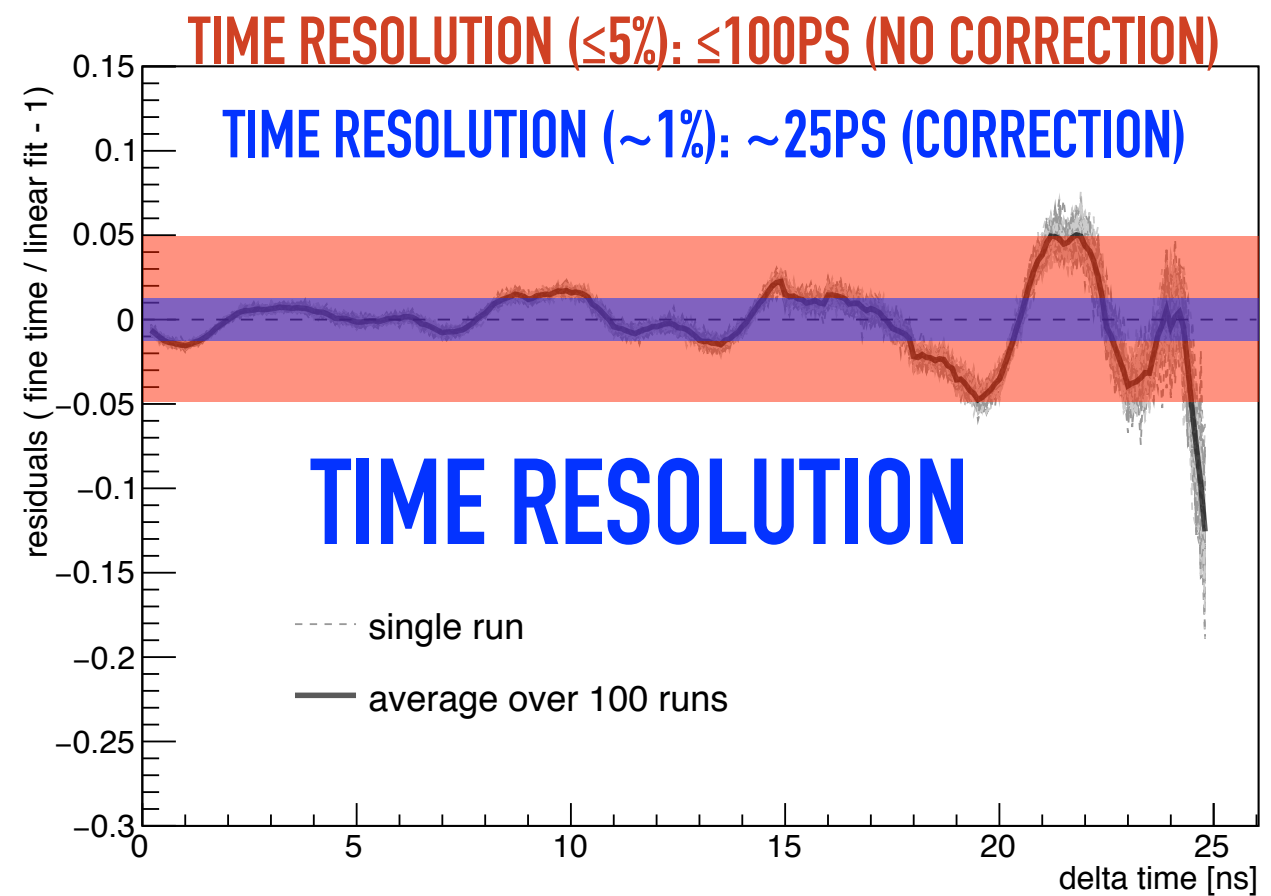
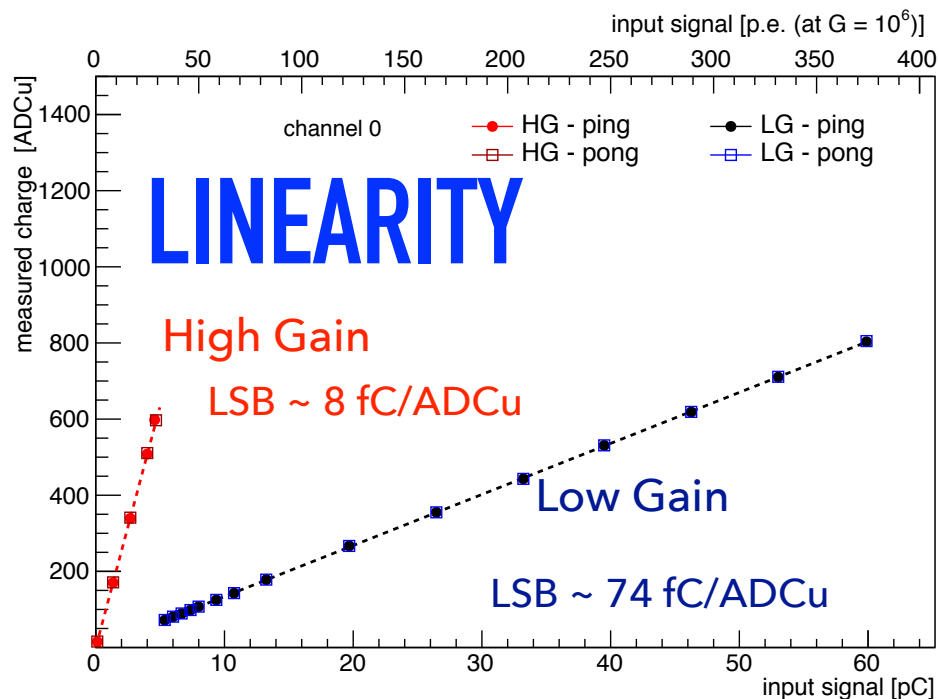
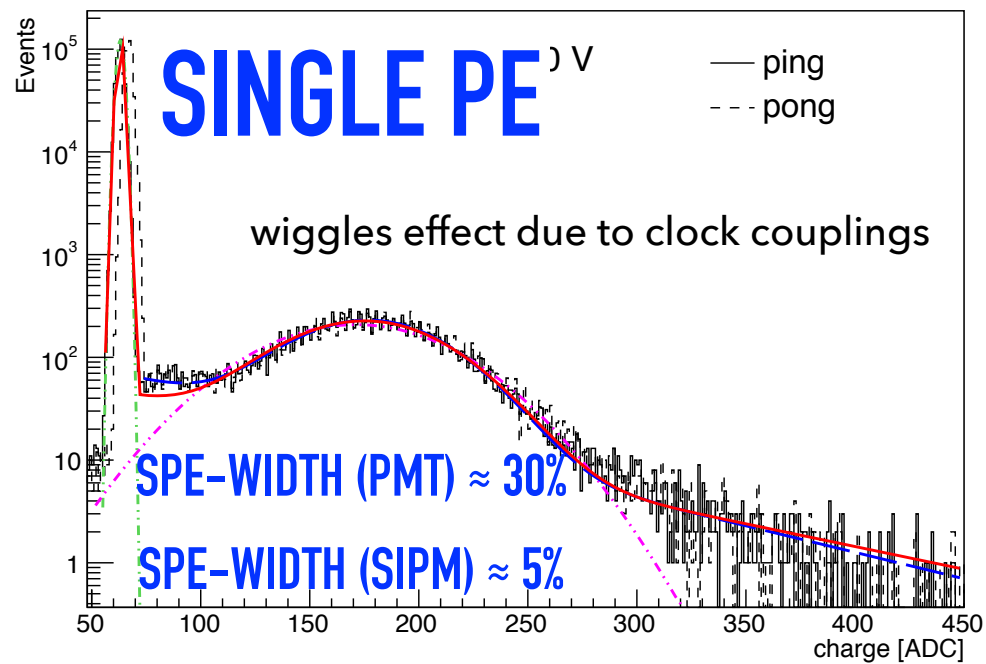
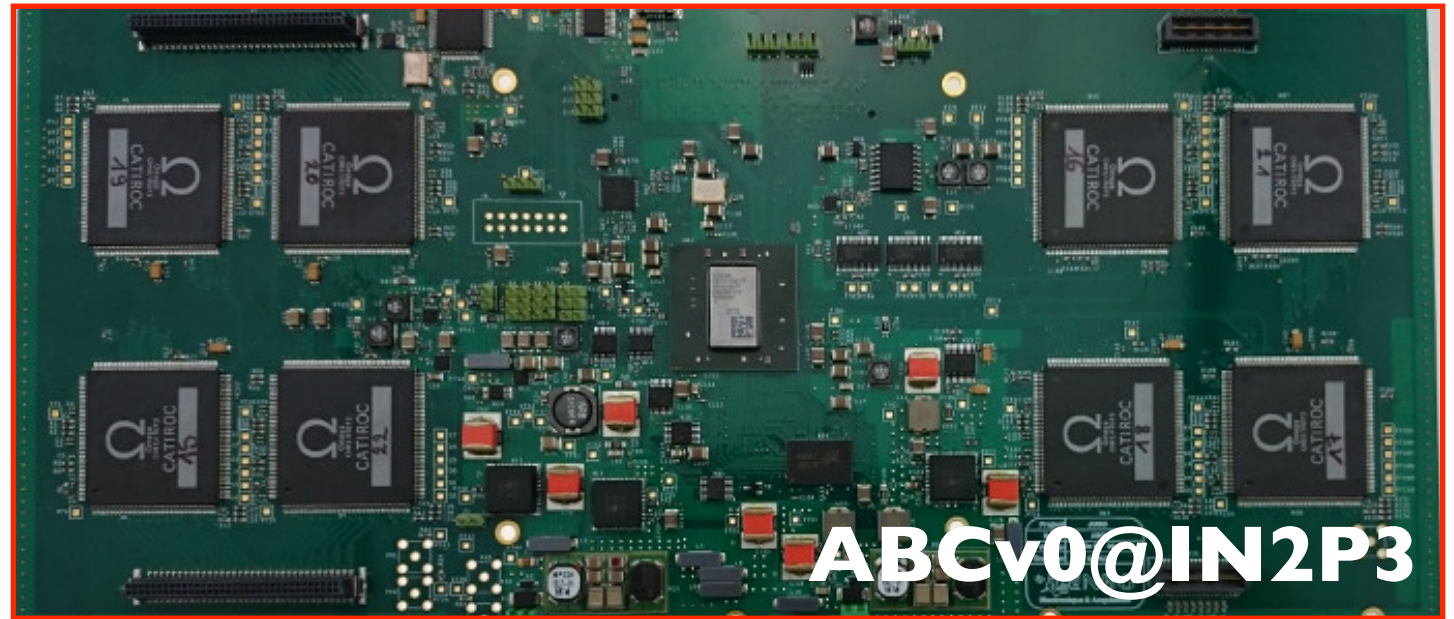
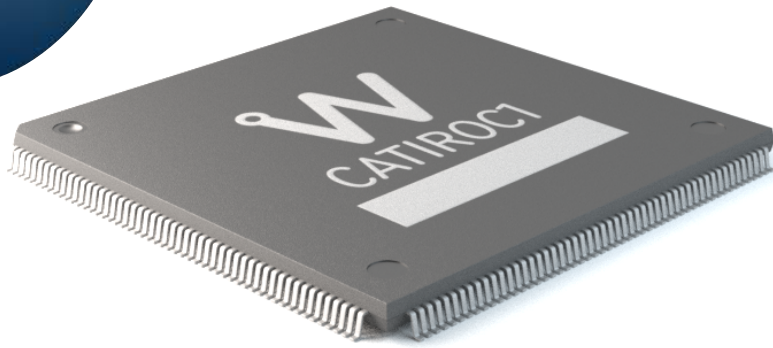
**underwater box**







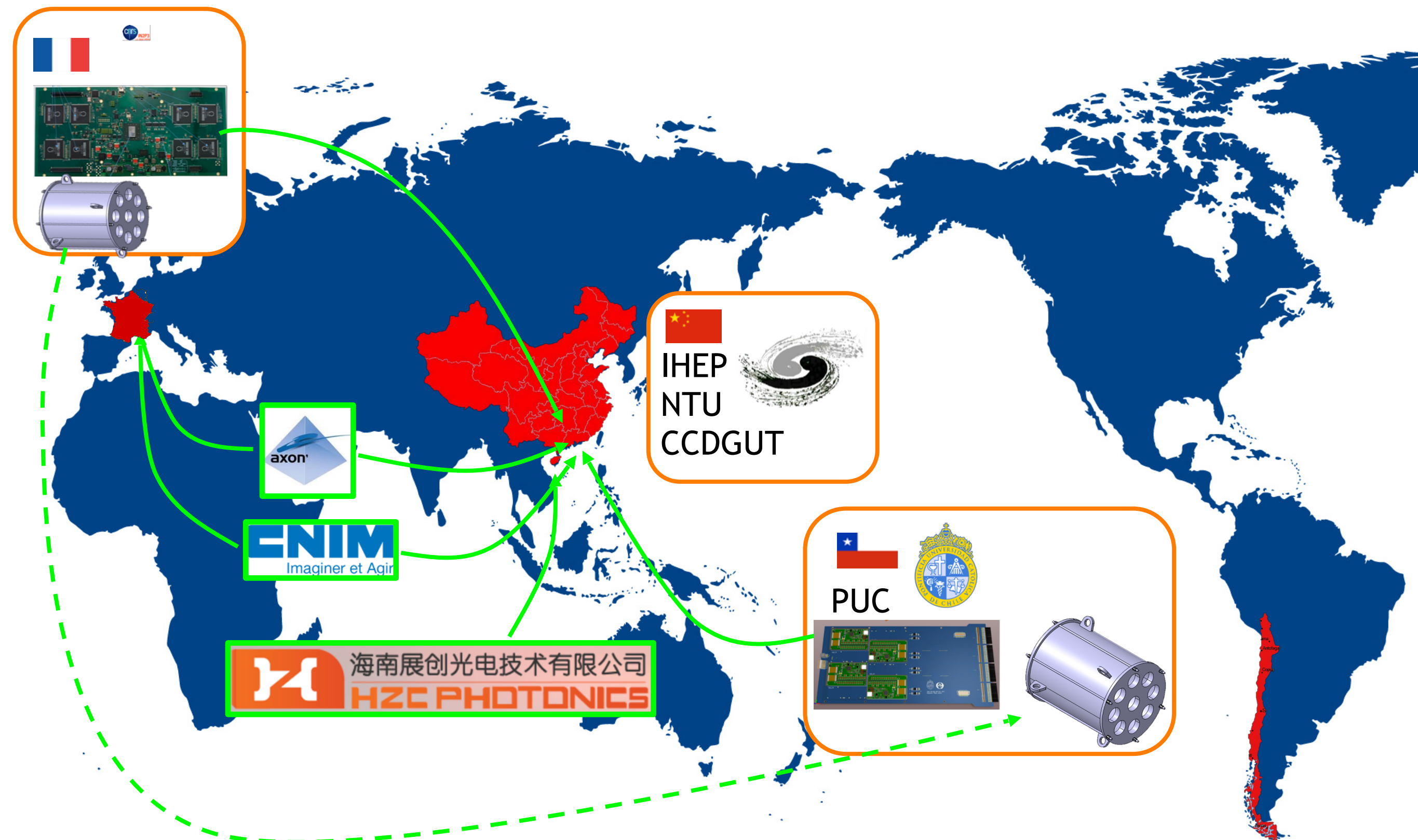
# SPMT core readout electronics...



**NOVEL SUPERNOVA READOUT  $\rightarrow \approx 10\text{M/S?}$**

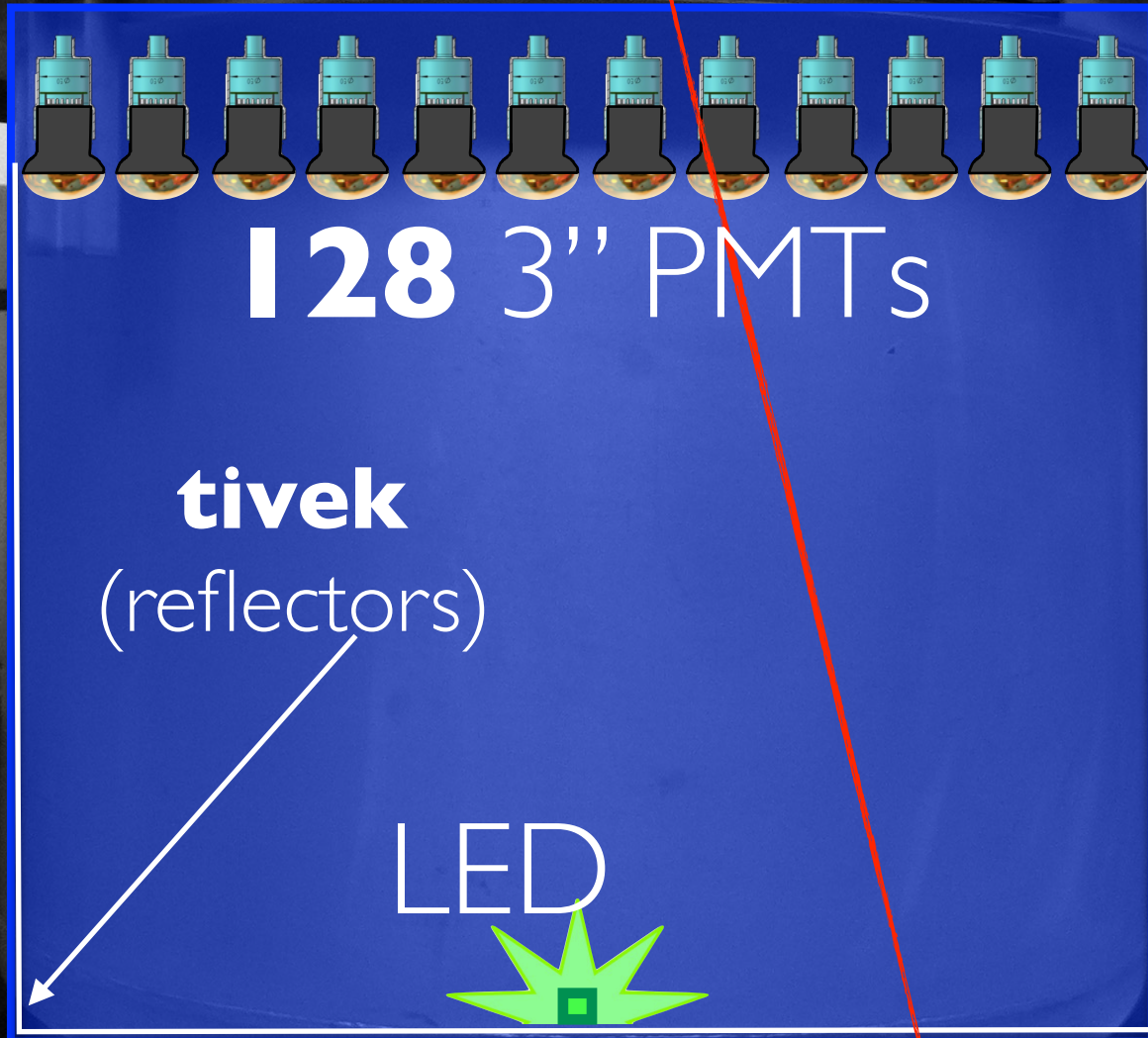


# shipping to JUNO site 2019-2020...





(test before) JINO @ IN2P3 (LAL)...

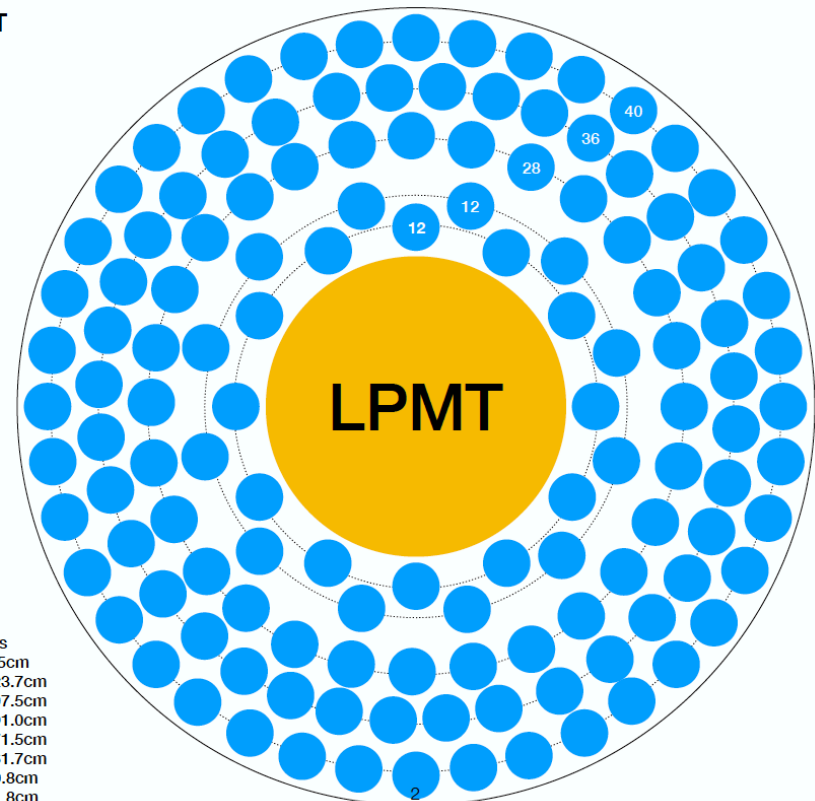


$\Phi = 135\text{cm}$   $M \leq 1.4\text{tons}$

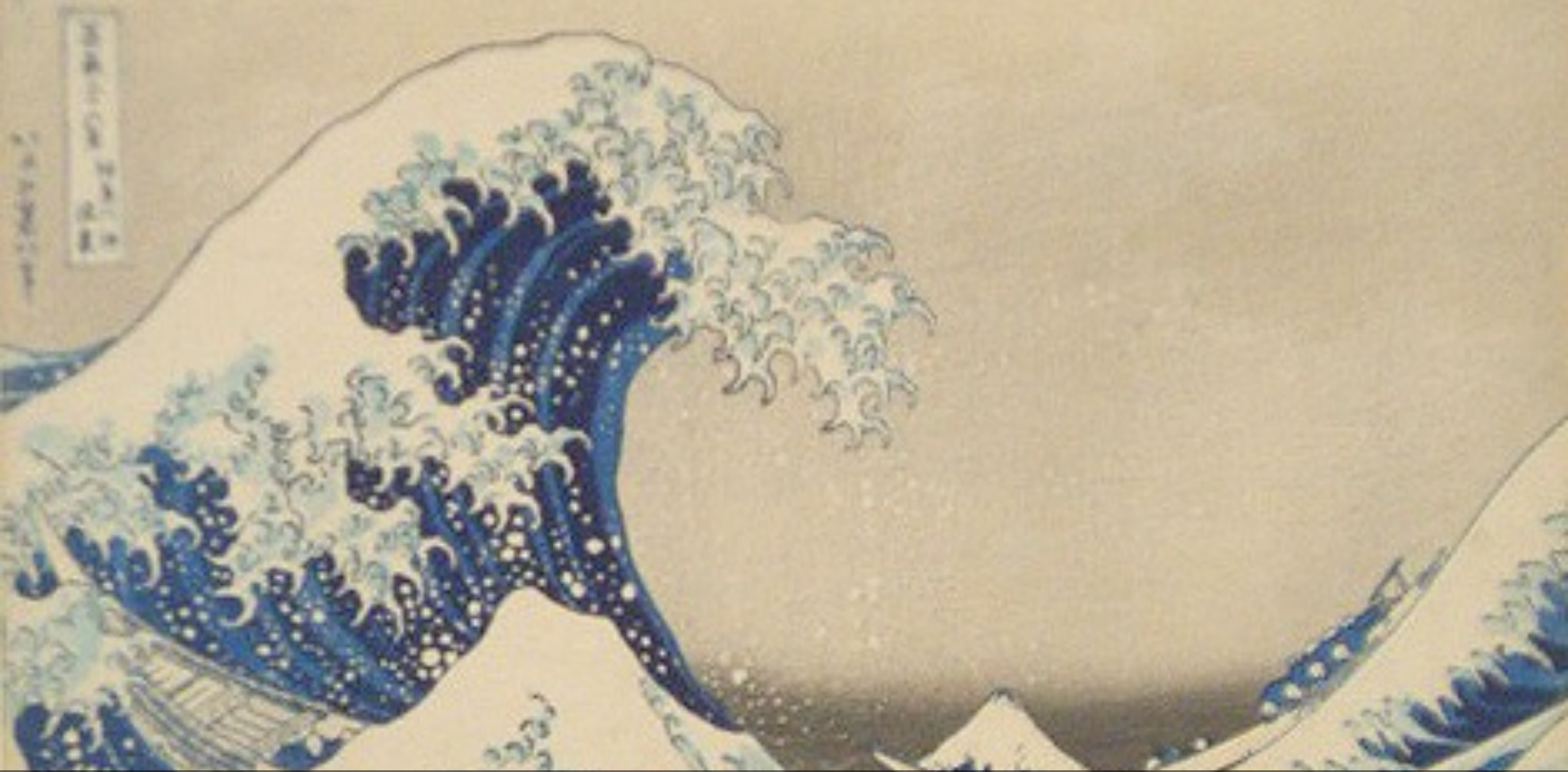
## JINO (prototype) goals...

- **full system integration**
- **electronics/DAQ validation**
  - ABC card performance
  - multi-card synchronisation
- **supernova** high rate test/optimisation
- **stereo-calorimetry** data validation
- **pre-installation full system**

128 SPMT  
+  
1 LPMT

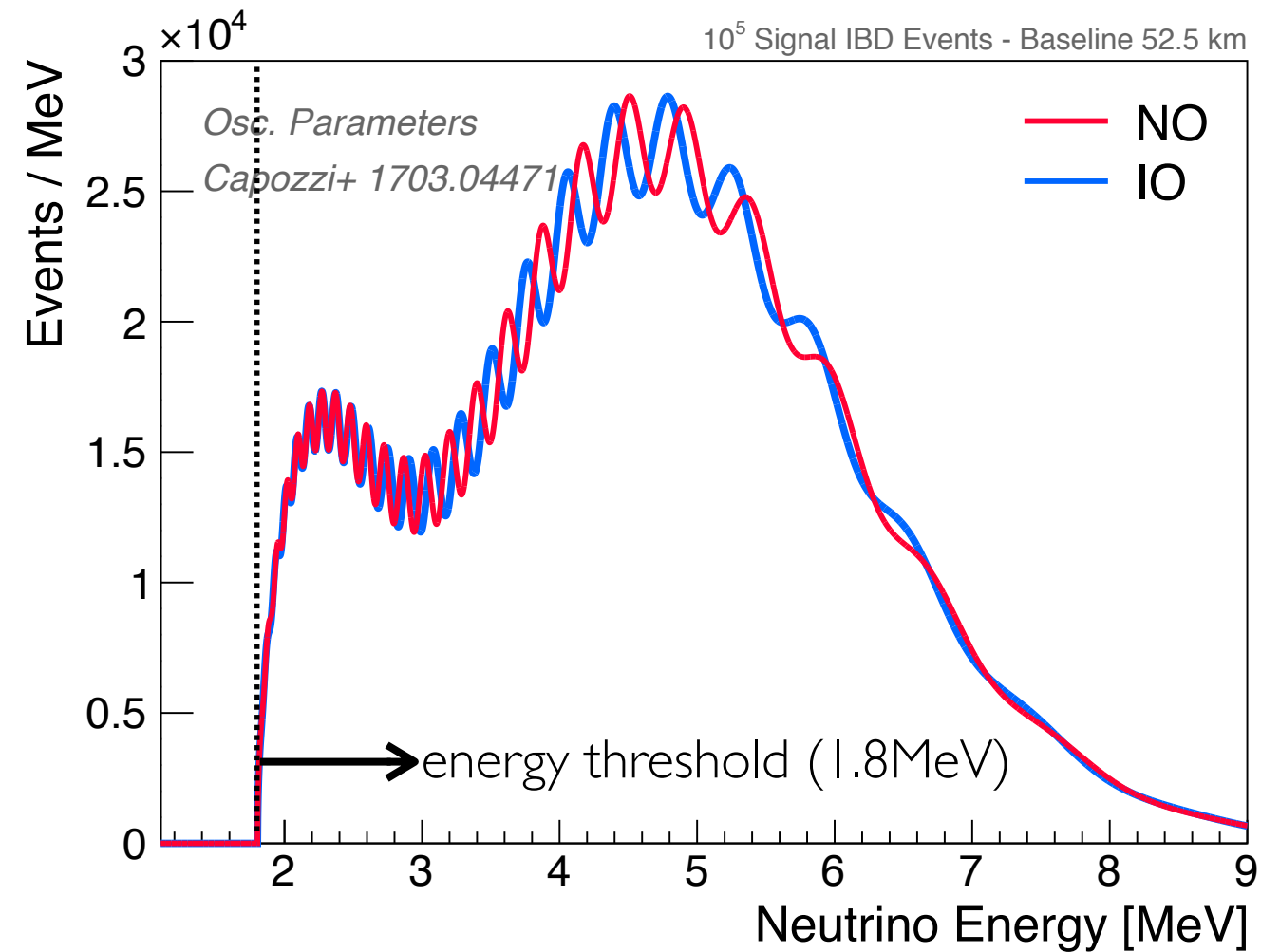
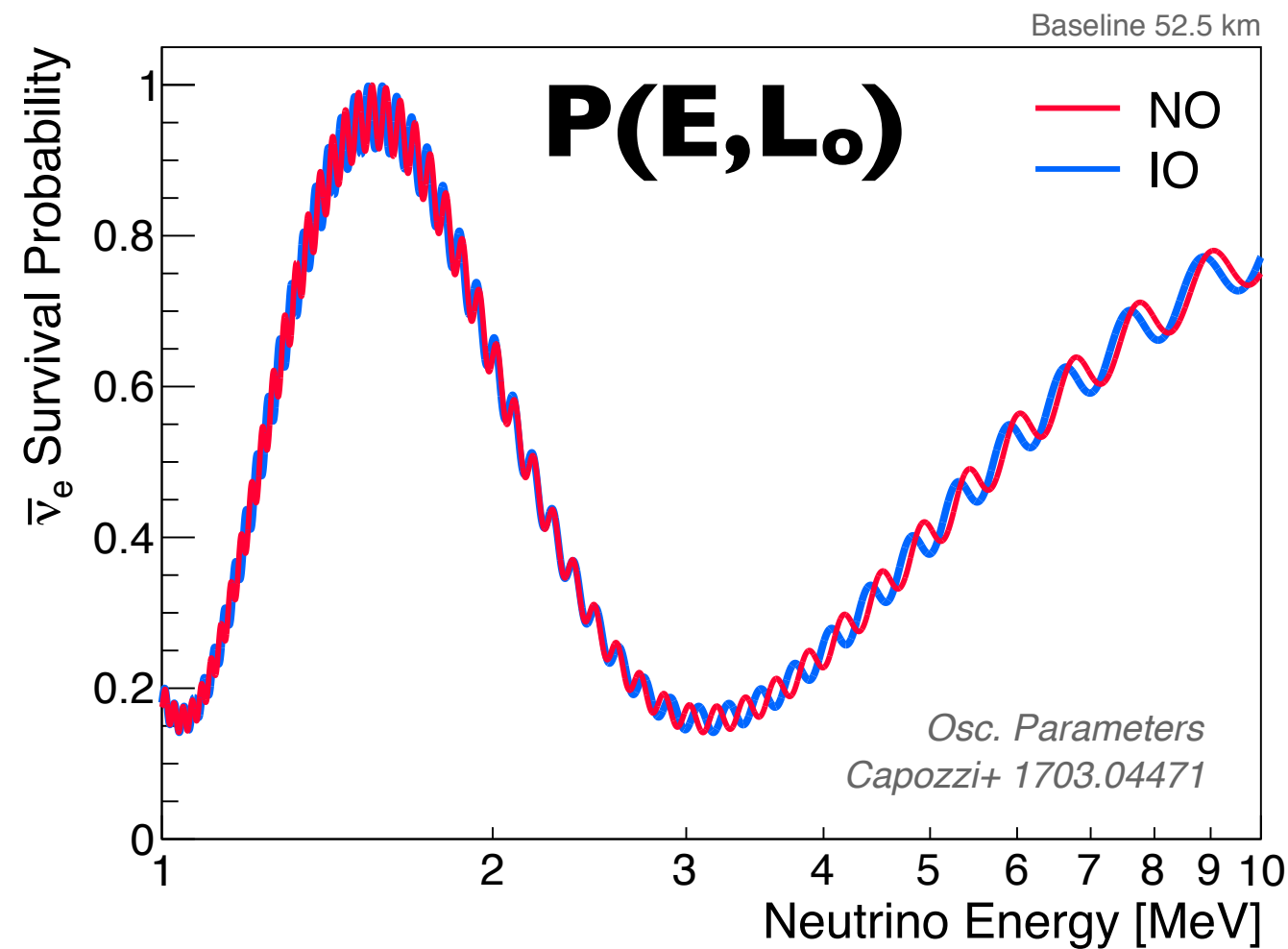






the JUNO physics...





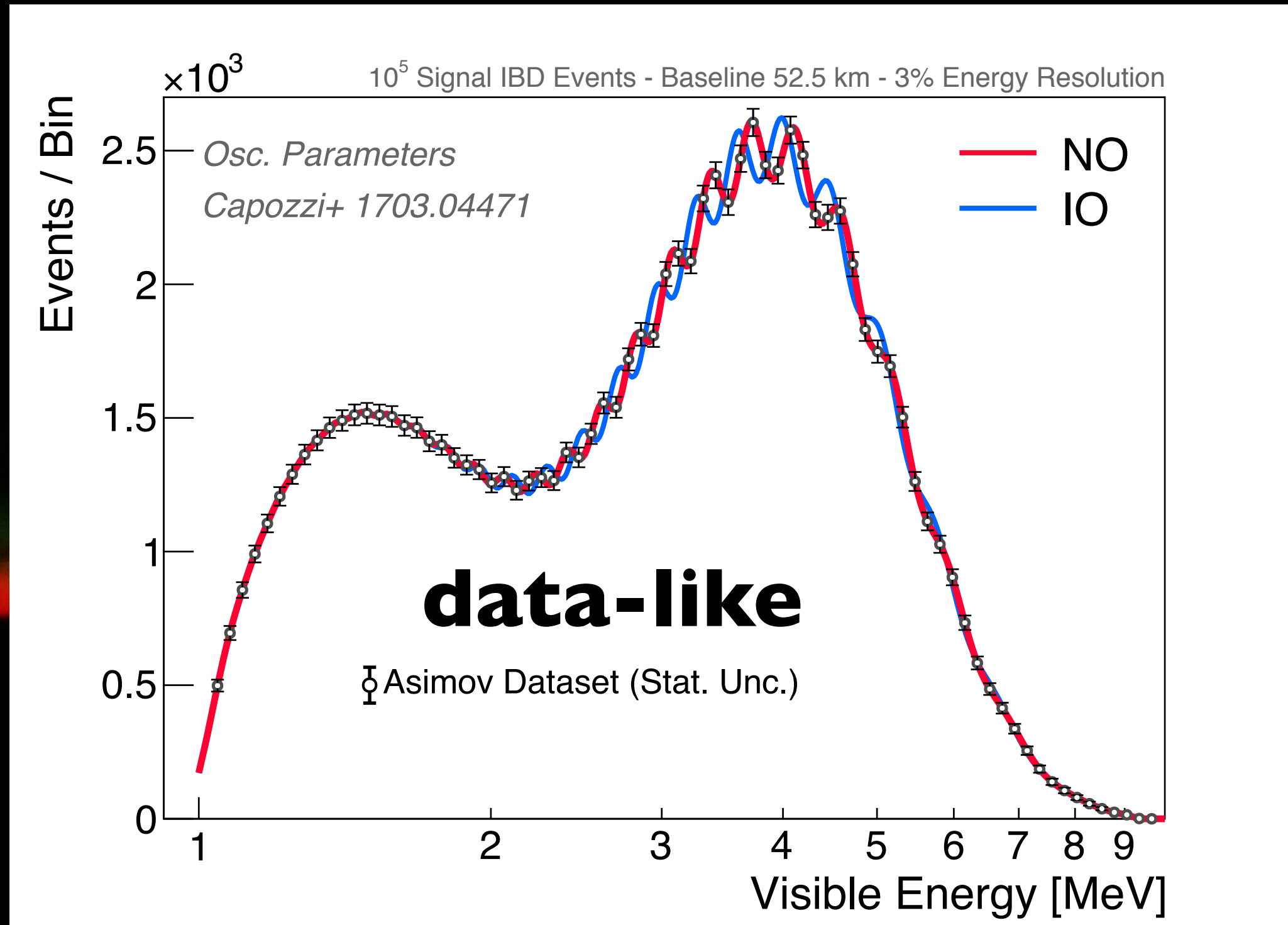
**neutrino oscillations**  
(flux modulation)

**spectral distortion**  
(a perfect detector)

$$\text{Spectrum}(E_\nu) \approx P(E_\nu, L_0) \times \Phi(E_\nu) \times \sigma(E_\nu)$$

[trivial energy relation:  $E_{e^+} \approx E_\nu - \text{cost}$ ]

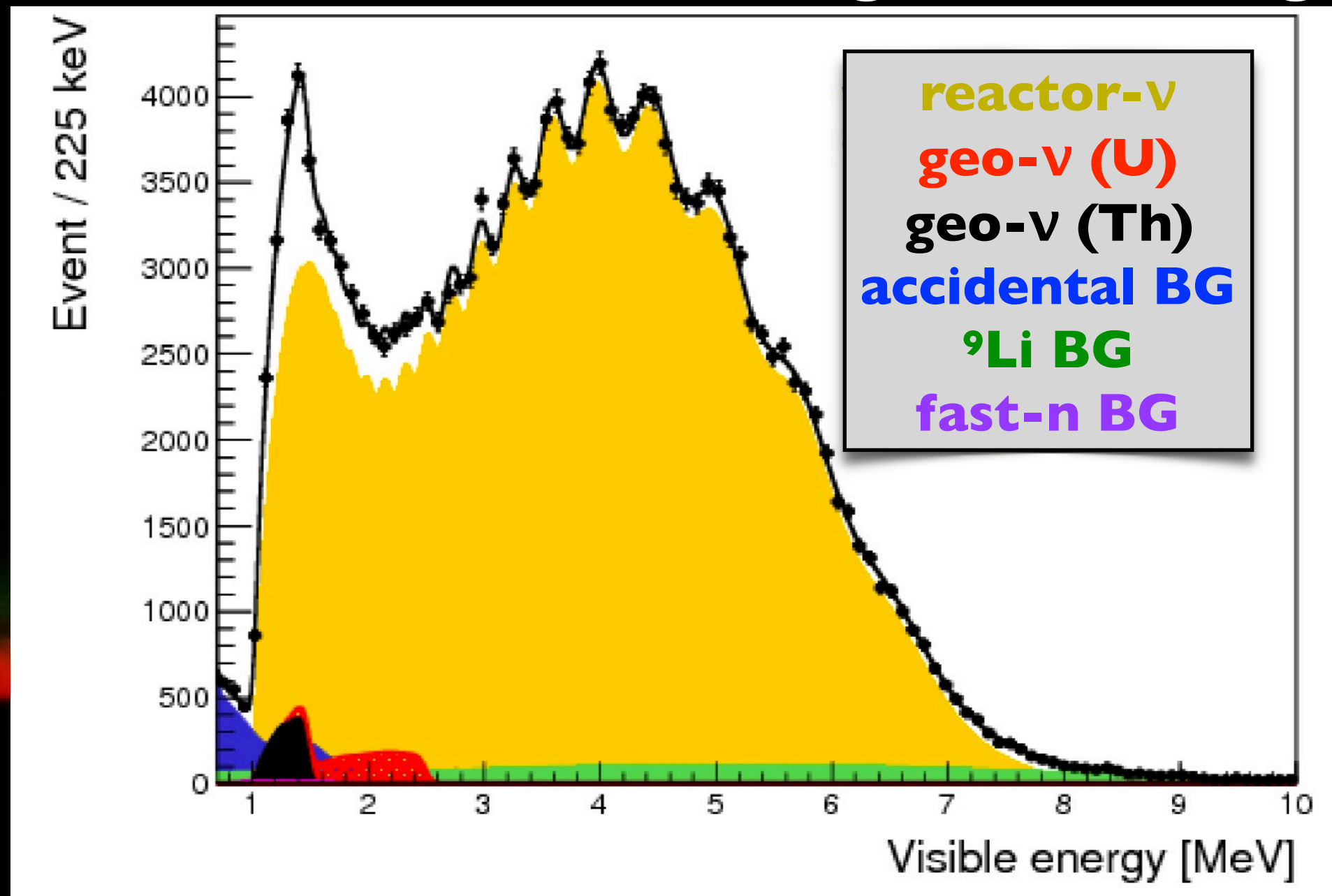




**rich physics programme**  
 $\theta_{12} \oplus \delta m^2 \oplus \pm \Delta m^2$  & info  $\theta_{13}$



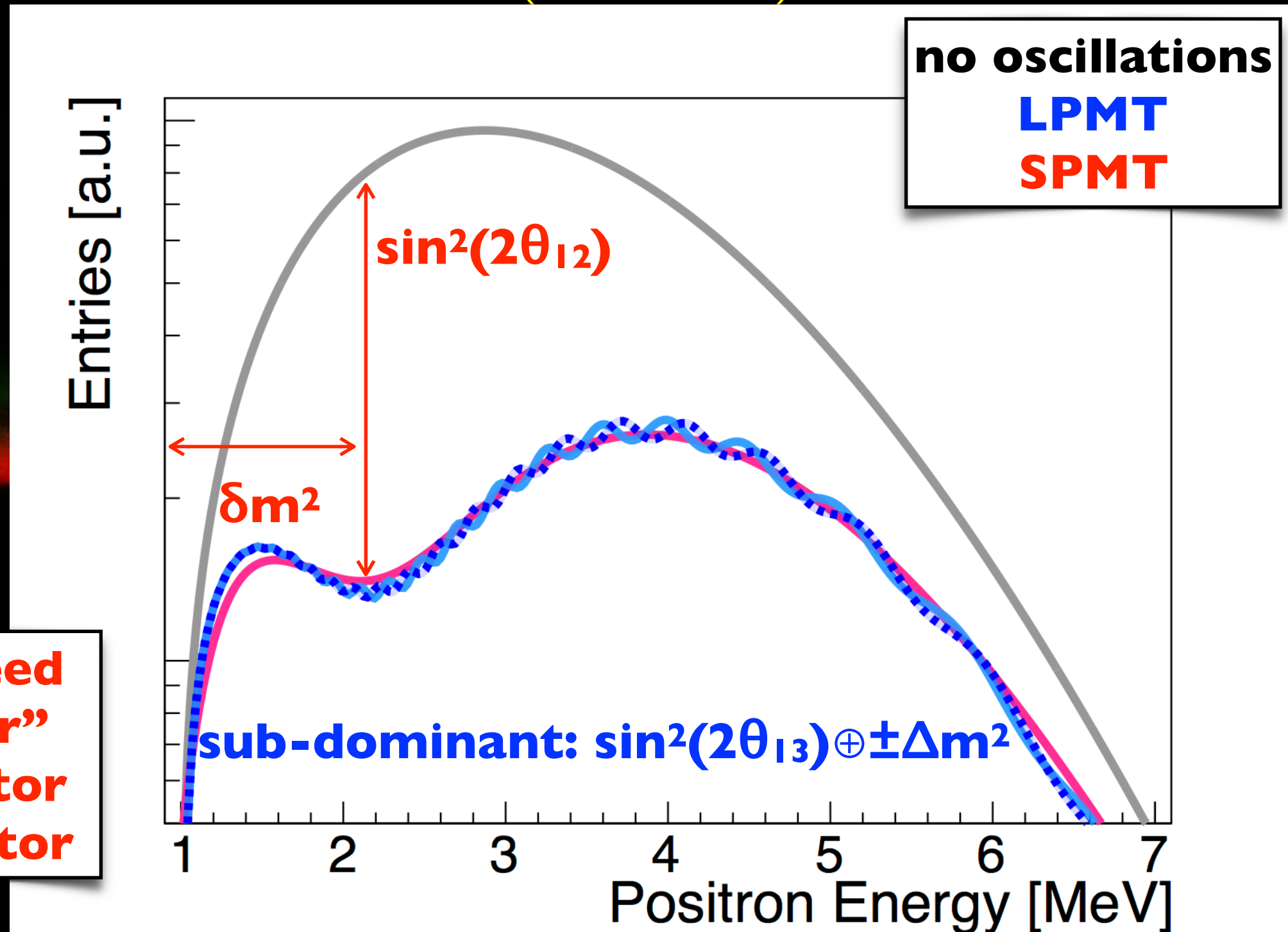
# JUNO challenge: the background...



Selection	IBD efficiency	IBD	Geo- $\nu$ s	Accidental	$^9\text{Li}/^8\text{He}$	Fast $n$	$(\alpha, n)$
-	-	83	1.5	$\sim 5.7 \times 10^4$	84	-	-
Fiducial volume	91.8%	76	1.4	410	77	0.1	0.05
Energy cut	97.8%	73	1.3		71		
Time cut	99.1%						
Vertex cut	98.7%				1.1		
Muon veto	83%	60	1.1	0.9	1.6		
Combined	73%	60			3.8		



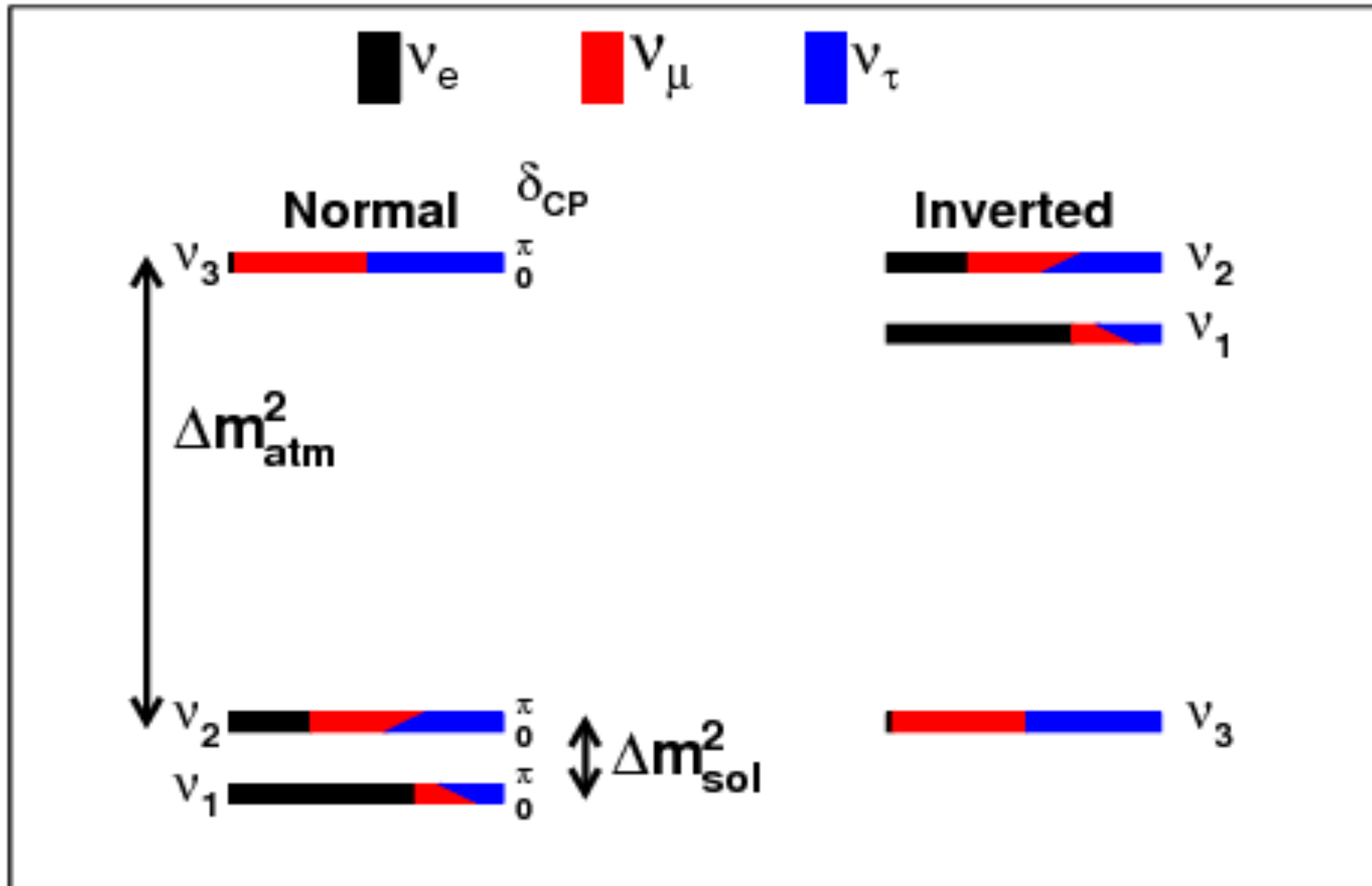
## 2 oscillations modes simultaneously (first time)



no need  
“near”  
monitor  
detector

sensitivity:  $\theta_{12} \oplus \theta_{13} \oplus \Delta m^2 \oplus \pm \Delta m^2$



(atmospheric) **Mass Hierarchy/Ordering...**

**solar data:**  $+\delta m^2 \rightarrow m_1 < m_2$  [matter effects]

**atmospheric data:**  $\approx$  vacuum! [ $\pm \Delta m^2$ ]



mass ordering now...

**NO favoured to  $\sim 3\sigma$**

(SK $\oplus$ NO $\nu$ A  $\rightarrow$  **matter effects**)

**vacuum**

(JUNO)

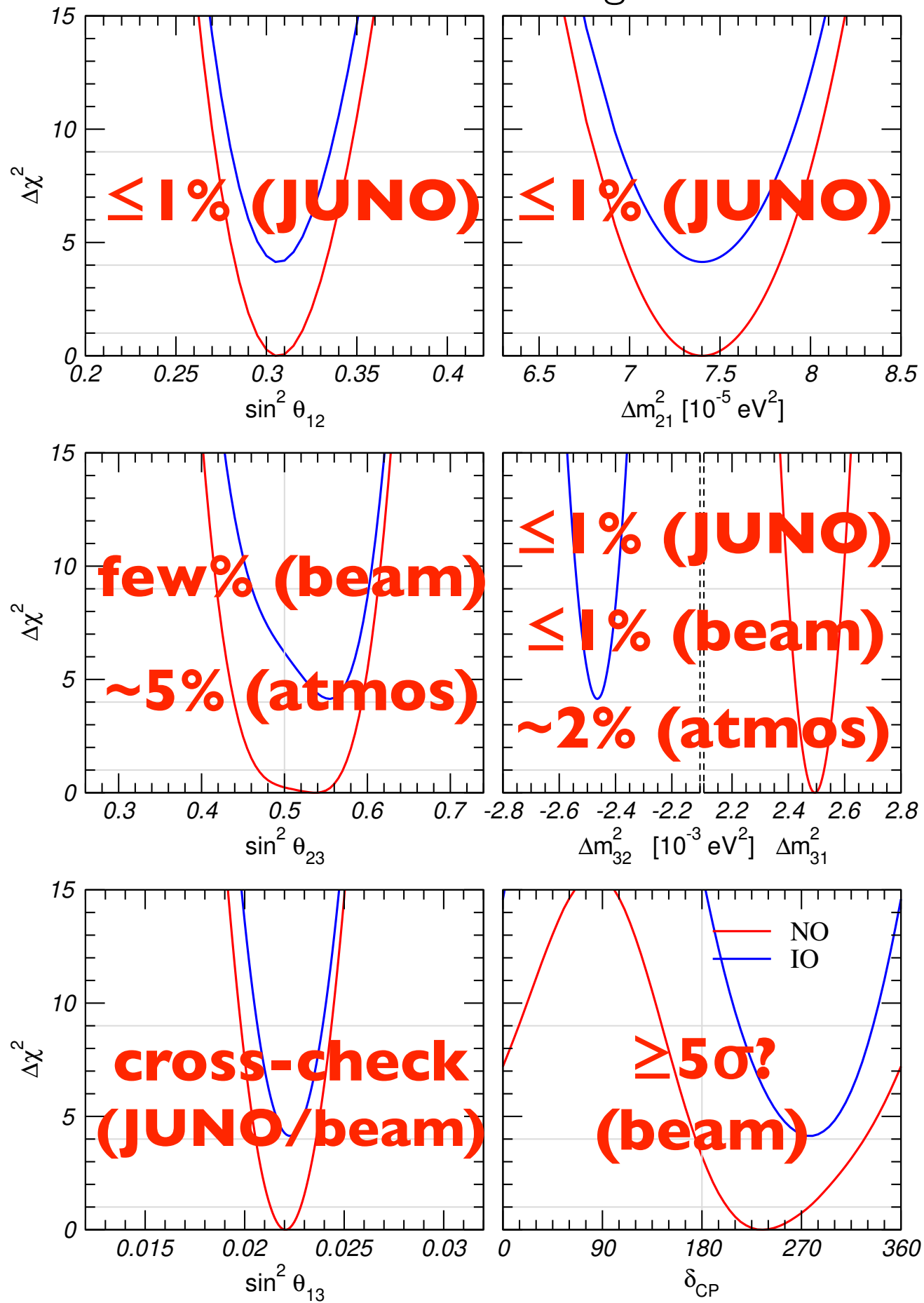
**unique!**

**matter**

(DUNE & ORCA/PINGU)



**Normal/Inverted** Ordering NuFIT 3.2 (2018)



$\theta_{13}$  terms:

•  $\theta_{13}$ : reactor- $\theta_{13}$

reactor- $\theta_{13} = \text{DC} \oplus \text{DYB} \oplus \text{RENO}$

**JUNO**: a cross-check (like DC now)

**JUNO (solar) terms:**

•  $\theta_{12}$ : JUNO [now: solar]

•  $\delta m^2$ : JUNO [now: KamLAND]

?? (atmospheric) terms:

•  $\theta_{23}$ : beam $\oplus$ atmos

•  $\Delta m^2$ : JUNO $\oplus$ beam $\oplus$ atmos

•  $\text{sign}[\Delta m^2]$ : JUNO $\oplus$ beam $\oplus$ atmos

beam = **DUNE** $\oplus$ **HK**

atmos = **ORCA** $\oplus$ **PINGU**

**CPV term:** beam\* (directly)



## Neutrino Physics with JUNO

Fengpeng An<sup>1</sup>, Guangpeng An<sup>2</sup>, Qi An<sup>3</sup>, Vito Antonelli<sup>4</sup>, Eric Baussan<sup>5</sup>, John Beacom<sup>6</sup>, Leonid Bezrukov<sup>7</sup>, Simon Blyth<sup>8</sup>, Riccardo Brugnera<sup>9</sup>, Margherita Buizza Avanzini<sup>10</sup>, Jose Busto<sup>11</sup>, Anatael Cabrera<sup>12</sup>, Hao Cai<sup>13</sup>, Xiao Cai<sup>2</sup>, Antonio Cammi<sup>14,15</sup>, Guofu Cao<sup>2</sup>, Jun Cao<sup>\*2</sup>, Yun Chang<sup>16</sup>, Shaomin Chen<sup>17</sup>, Shenjian Chen<sup>18</sup>, Yixue Chen<sup>19</sup>, Davide Chiesa<sup>14,20</sup>, Massimiliano Clemenza<sup>14,20</sup>, Barbara Clerbaux<sup>21</sup>, Janet Conrad<sup>22</sup>, Davide D'Angelo<sup>4</sup>, Hervé De Kerret<sup>12</sup>, Zhi Deng<sup>17</sup>, Ziyang Deng<sup>2</sup>, Yayun Ding<sup>2</sup>, Zelimir Djurcic<sup>23</sup>, Damien Dornic<sup>11</sup>, Marcos Dracos<sup>5</sup>, Olivier Drapier<sup>10</sup>, Stefano Dusini<sup>24</sup>, Stephen Dye<sup>25</sup>, Timo Eronen<sup>26</sup>, Donghua Fan<sup>27</sup>, Jian Fang<sup>2</sup>, Laurent Fayard<sup>21</sup>

2015

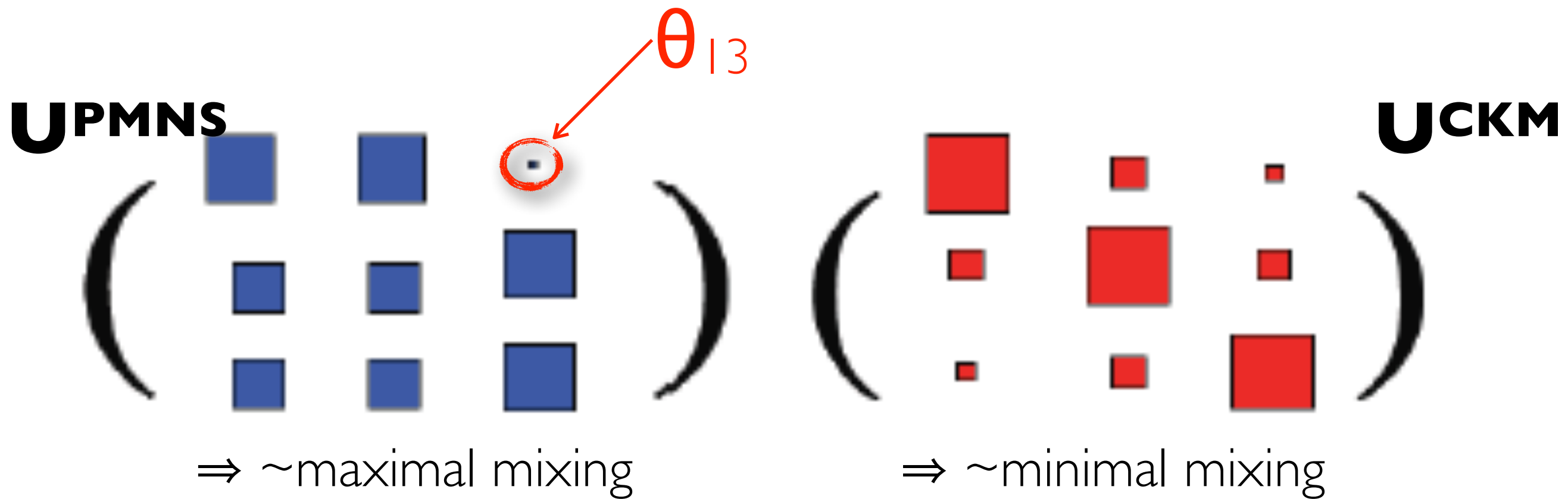
	Precision Now	Precision JUNO
$\theta_{13}$	3.5% (reactor- $\theta_{13}$ )	15% (cross-check)
$\theta_{12}$	4.0% (Solar)	$\sim 0.7\%$
$\Delta m^2$	1.5% (several)	$\sim 0.5\%$
$\delta m^2$	2.2% (KamLAND)	$\sim 0.5\%$
MH	>80% Normal Hierarchy favoured	up to $\sim 4\sigma$ ( $\Delta m^2$ dependence)

arXiv:1507.05611

Barbara Ricci<sup>53</sup>, Markus Robens<sup>31</sup>, Aldo Romani<sup>58</sup>, Xiangdong Ruan<sup>49</sup>, Xichao Ruan<sup>35</sup>, Giuseppe Salamanna<sup>55</sup>, Mike Shaevitz<sup>63</sup>, Valery Sinev<sup>7</sup>, Chiara Sirignano<sup>9</sup>, Monica Sisti<sup>14,20</sup>, Oleg Smirnov<sup>30</sup>, Michael Soiron<sup>64</sup>, Achim Stahl<sup>64</sup>, Luca Stanco<sup>24</sup>, Jochen Steinmann<sup>64</sup>, Xilei Sun<sup>2</sup>, Yongjie Sun<sup>3</sup>, Dmitriy Taichenachev<sup>30</sup>, Jian Tang<sup>45</sup>, Igor Tkachev<sup>7</sup>, Wladyslaw Trzaska<sup>65</sup>, Stefan van Waasen<sup>31</sup>, Cristina Volpe<sup>12</sup>, Vit Vorobel<sup>43</sup>, Lucia Votano<sup>59</sup>, Chung-Hsiang Wang<sup>16</sup>, Guoli Wang<sup>37</sup>, Hao Wang<sup>32</sup>, Meng Wang<sup>36</sup>, Ruiguang Wang<sup>2</sup>, Siguang Wang<sup>54</sup>, Wei Wang<sup>45</sup>, Yi Wang<sup>17</sup>, Yi Wang<sup>27</sup>, Yifang Wang<sup>2</sup>, Zhe Wang<sup>17</sup>, Zheng Wang<sup>2</sup>, Zhigang Wang<sup>2</sup>, Zhimin Wang<sup>2</sup>, Wei Wei<sup>2</sup>, Liangjian Wen<sup>2</sup>, Christopher Wiebusch<sup>64</sup>, Björn Wongsak<sup>34</sup>, Qun Wu<sup>36</sup>, Claudia Elisabeth Wulz<sup>39</sup>, Michael Wurm<sup>66</sup>, Jiahua Xie<sup>2</sup>, Hong Xing<sup>42</sup>, Jilei Xu<sup>2</sup>, Baojun Yan<sup>2</sup>, Changyan Yan<sup>2</sup>, Yifan Yang<sup>41</sup>, Yifan Yang<sup>21</sup>, Yu Yao<sup>31</sup>, Ugur Yegorov<sup>67</sup>, Frederic Yermiaev<sup>68</sup>, Zhengyuan You<sup>69</sup>, Boxiang Yu<sup>2</sup>, Chunxu Yu<sup>69</sup>, Zeyuan Yu<sup>2</sup>, Sandra Zavatarelli<sup>70</sup>, Liang Zhan<sup>2</sup>, Chao Zhang<sup>60</sup>, Hong-Hao Zhang<sup>45</sup>,

arXiv:1507.05611





**PMNS meets unitarity?**

(beyond standard model  $\rightarrow$  only 3 families?)





the physics @ CNRS (so far)...



# main physics channels...

## central detector ( $\rightarrow$ SPMT)

- **IBD precision calorimetry** (LPMT $\oplus$ SPMT)
  - $\rightarrow$  mass ordering/hierarchy measurement
- **IBD  $\delta m^2$ - $\theta_{12}$  measurement**
- **supernova** core-collapse detection
- radiogenic $\oplus$ cosmogenic( $\mu$ ) **backgrounds**

## veto systems ( $\rightarrow$ TT)

- high precision  **$\mu$ -tracking**
- cosmogenic( $\mu$ ) **background** (synergy with LPMT $\oplus$ SPMT)





# Stereo Calorimetry

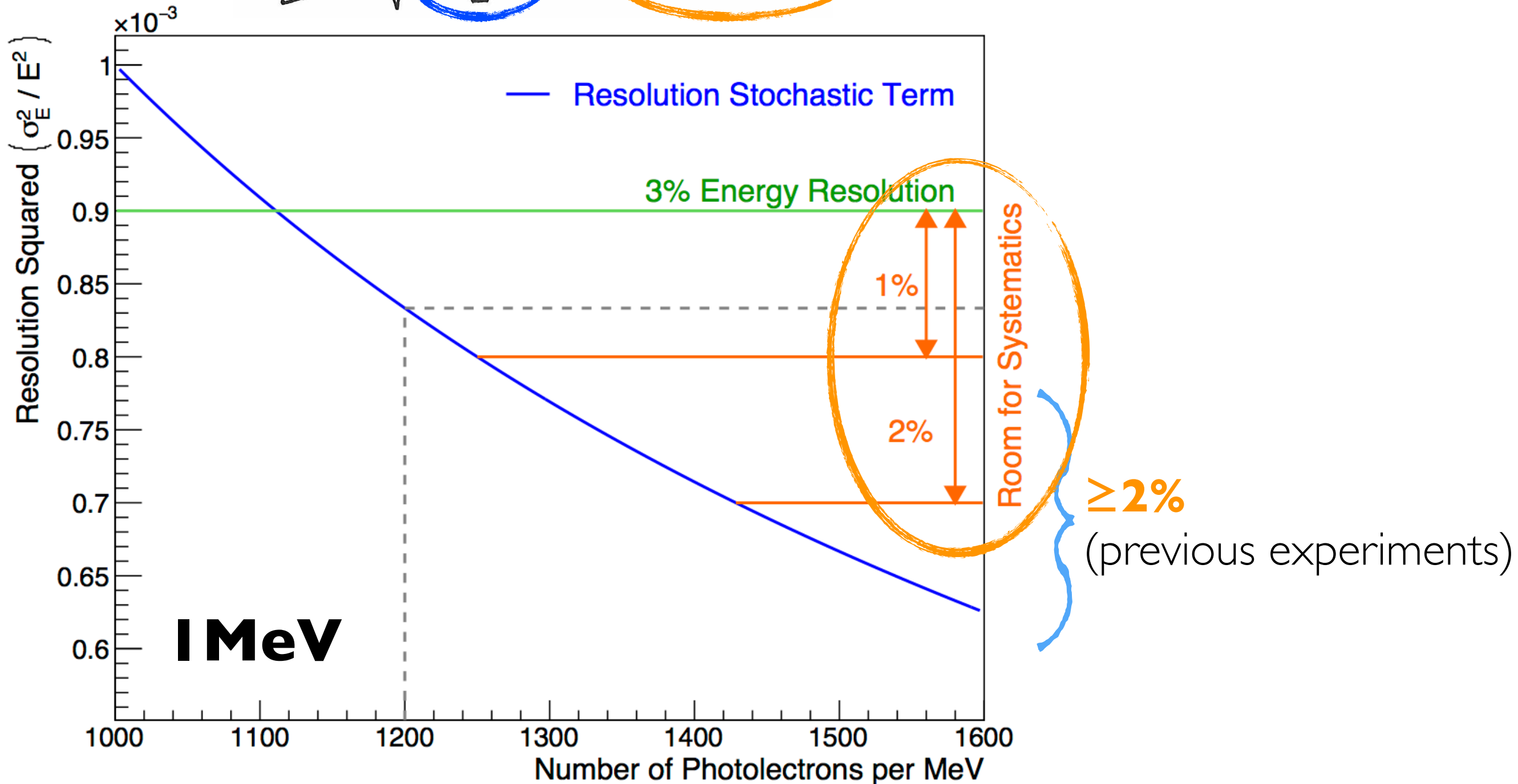
**(basic logic)**



# JUNO calorimetry condition...

**lot of light** is a necessary but not sufficient condition

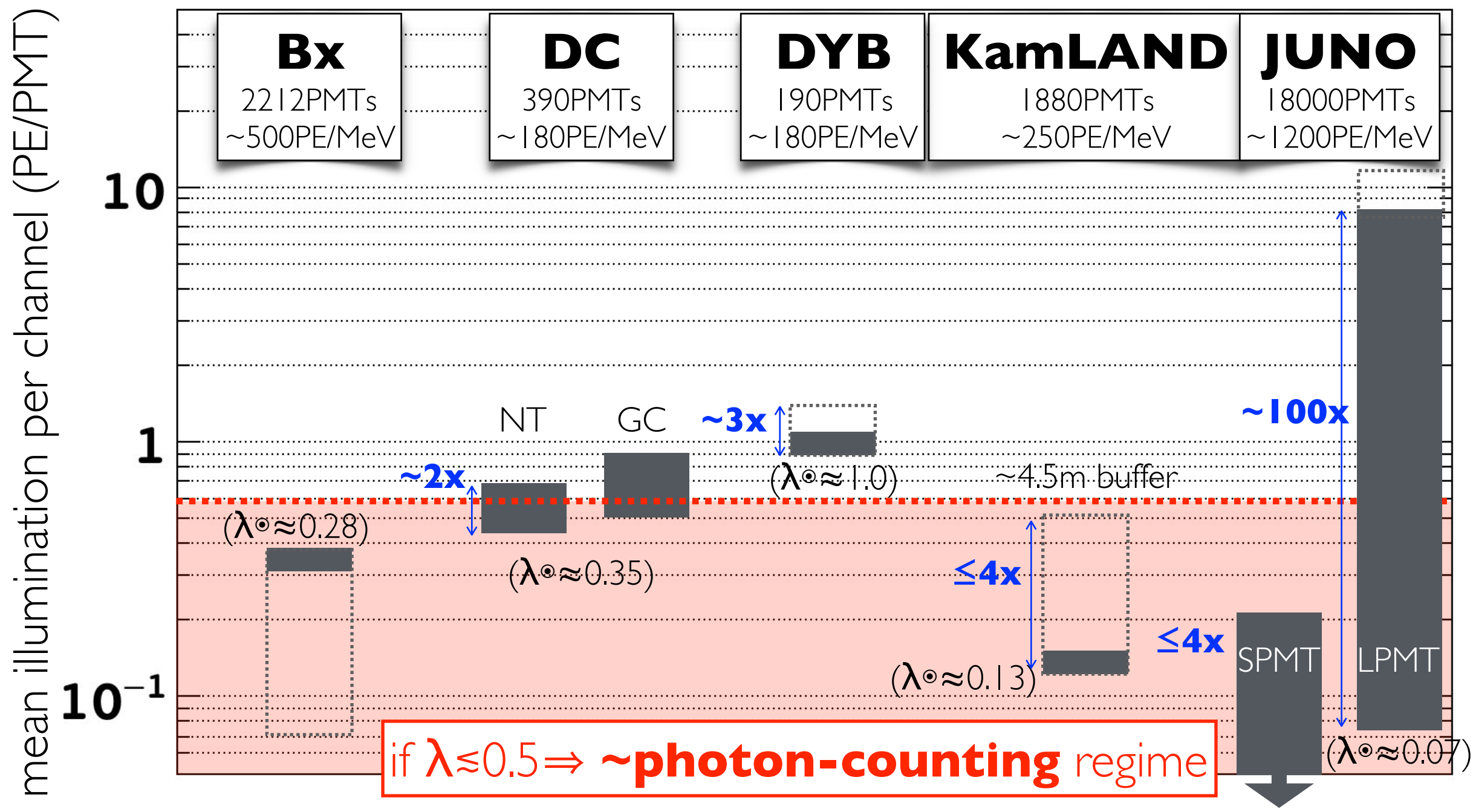
$$\frac{\sigma(E)}{E} = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_{\text{STOCH}}^2}{E} + \sigma_{\text{NON-STOCH}}^2(E)} \leq 3\% \text{ @ } 1 \text{ MeV}$$



**challenging calorimetry systematics control**



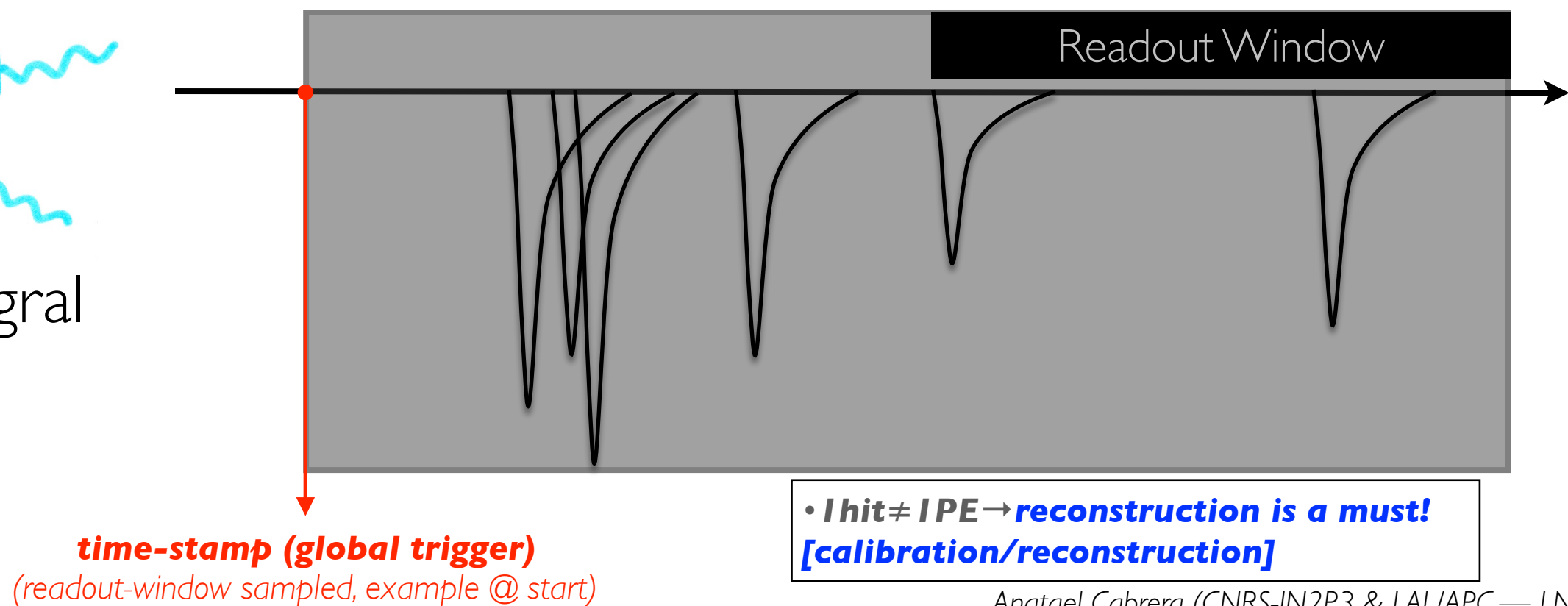
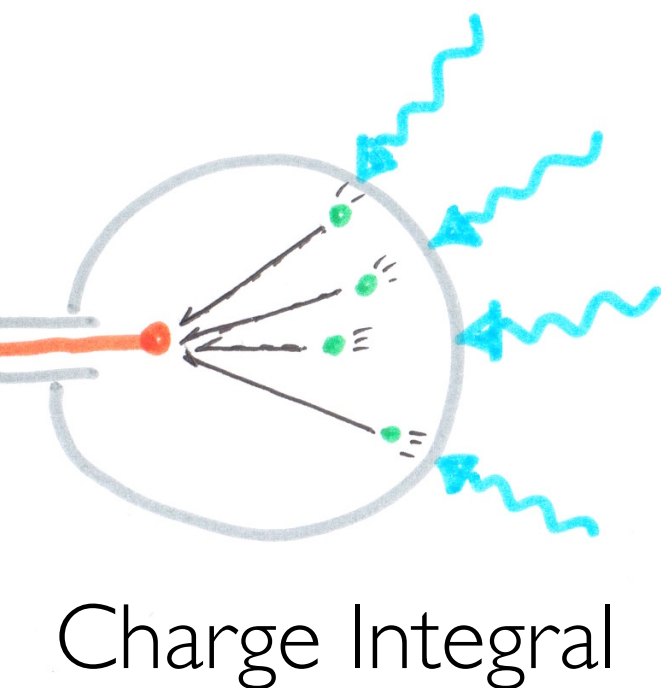
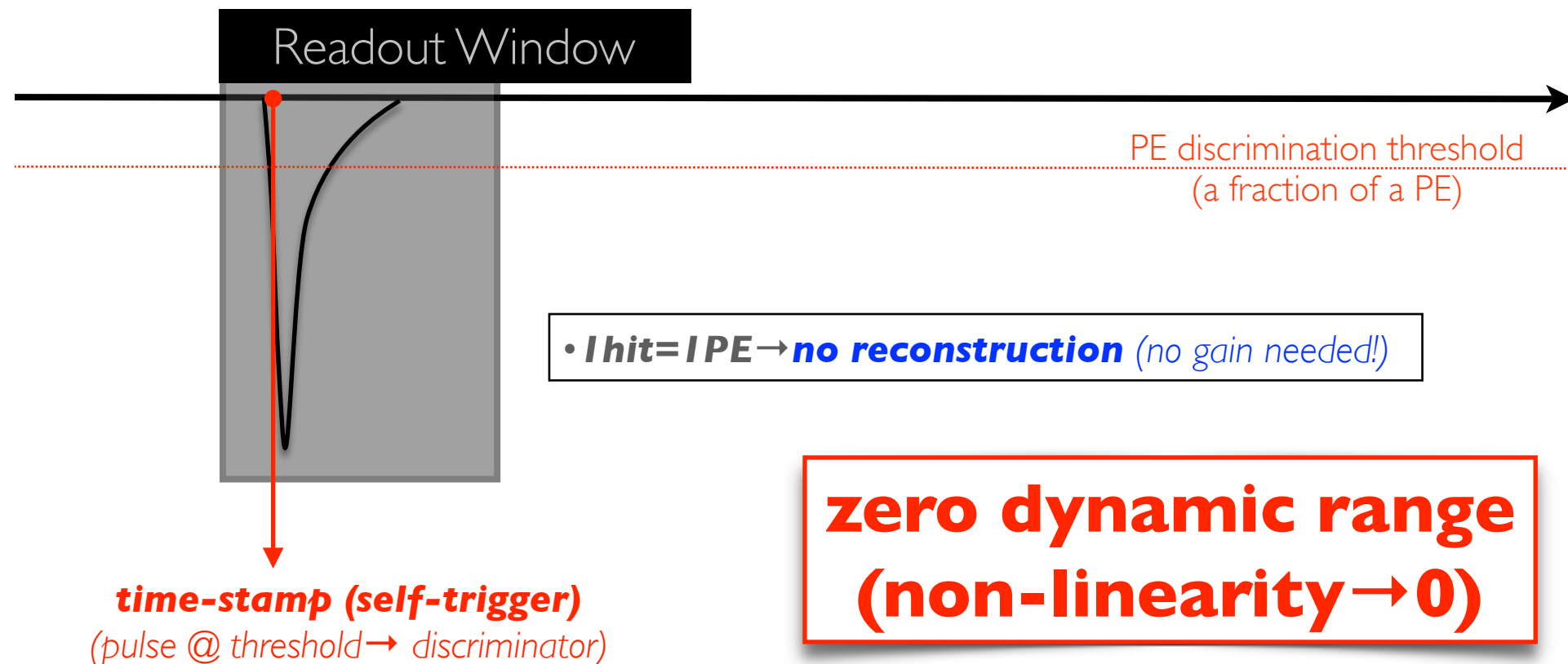
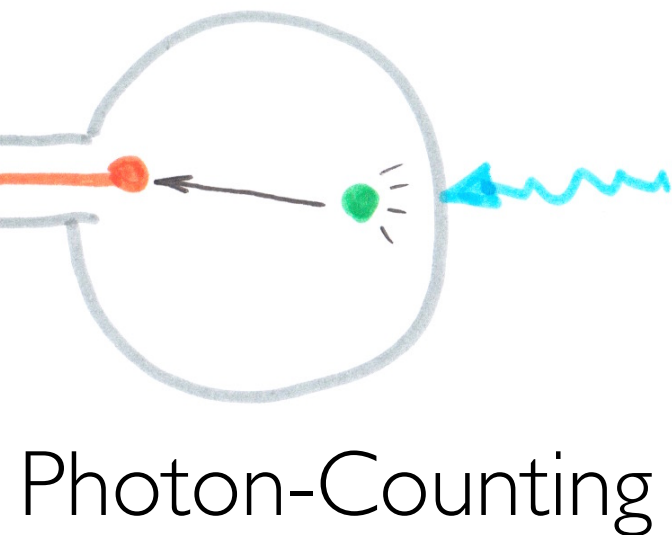
@1MeV

 $\lambda^\circ$  = mean illumination per channel @ center

**LARGEST** dynamic range in calorimetry (channel-wise) [ $\Rightarrow$  **uniformity**  $\oplus$  **linearity**  $\oplus$  **stability**]

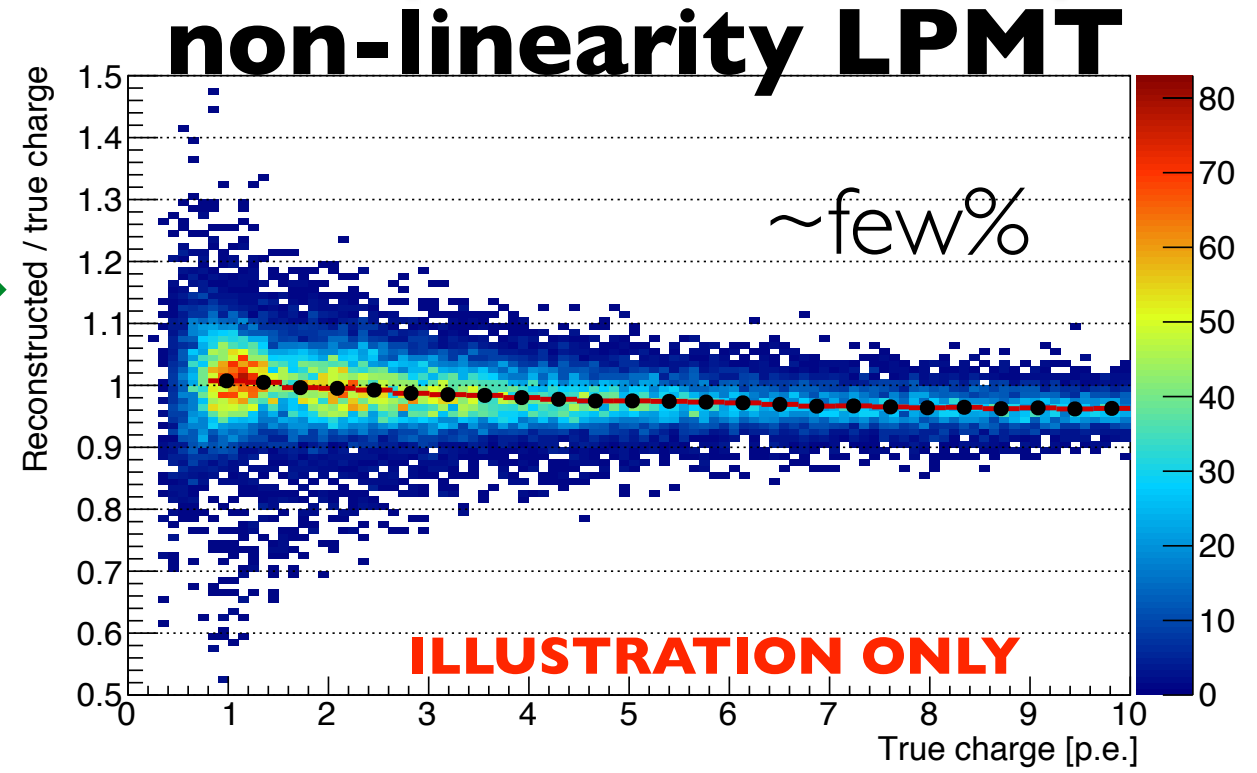
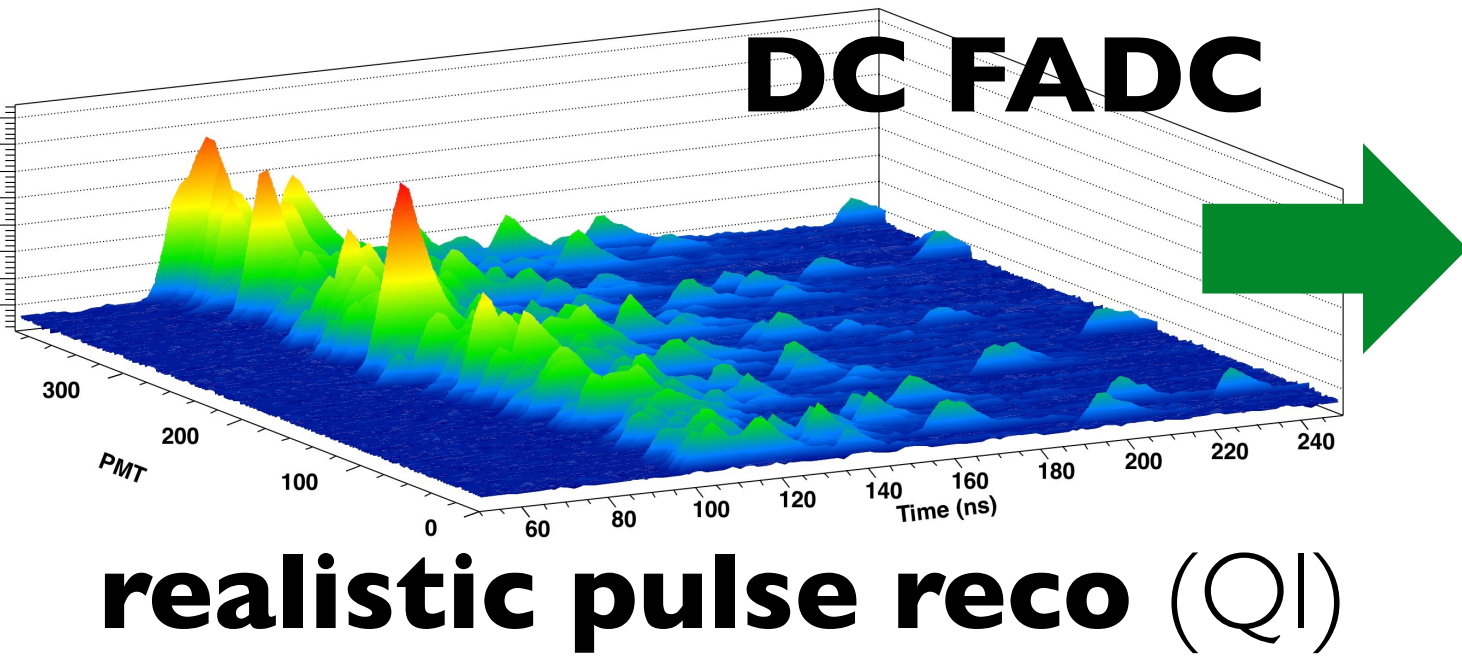


# Photon-Counting vs Charge-Integration...

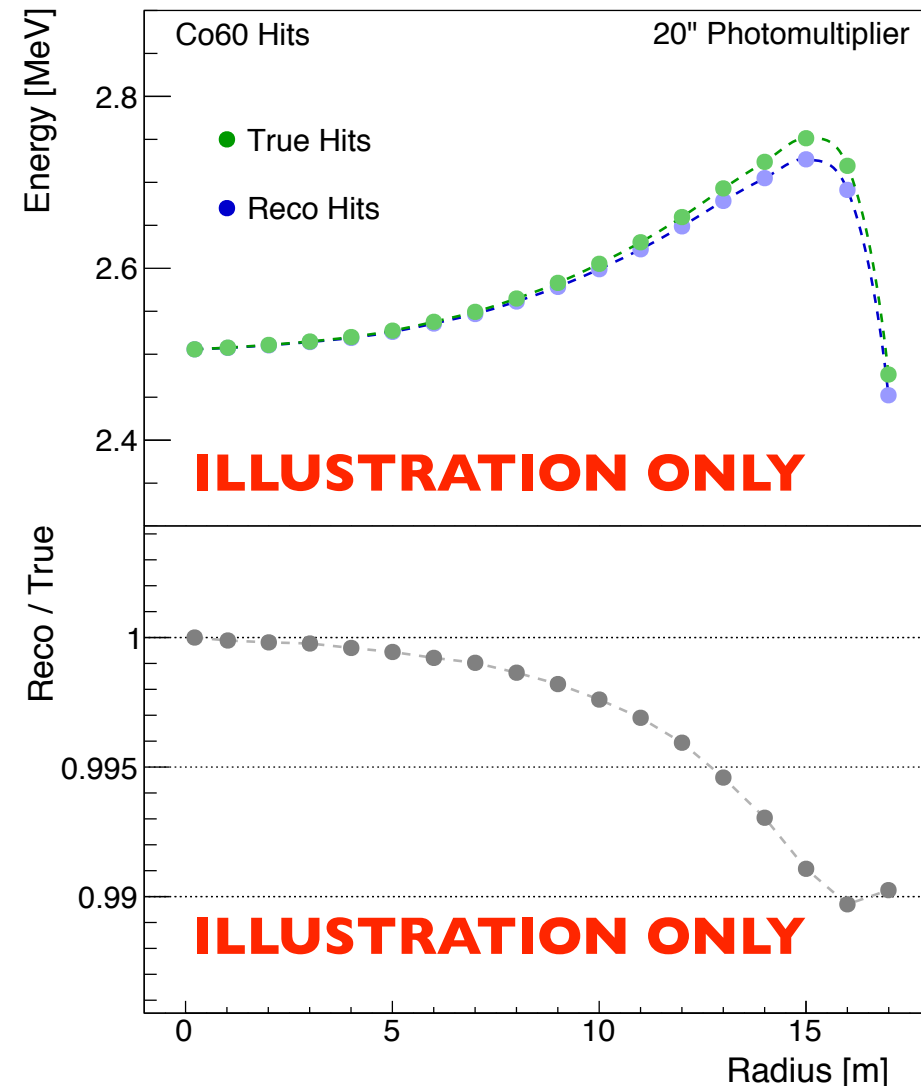
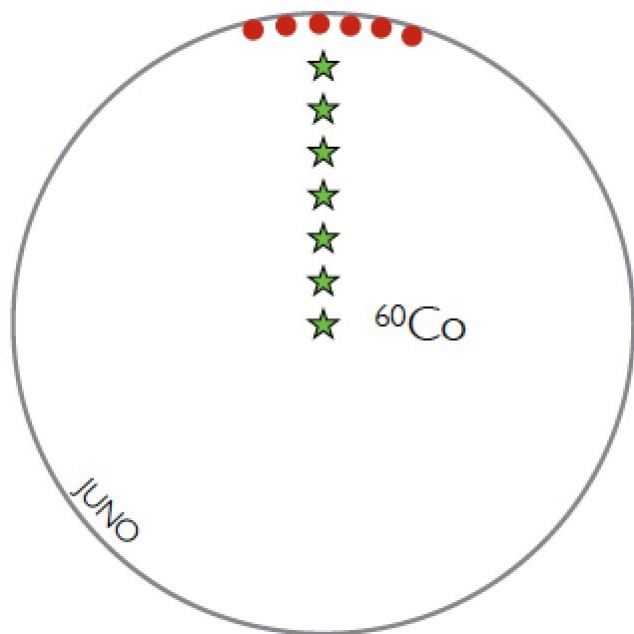




45 energy reconstruction bias (illustration)...



**calibration mimicking**



**non-linearity**  
(channel-wise)

↓

**non-uniformity**  
(position-wise)  
[QI regime variations]

↓

**worsens resolution**  
(full detector)





**LPMT: collect light (25x)**  
(excellent stochastic resolution)

**SPMT: less light & linear**  
(dynamic range  $\rightarrow 0$ )

## LPMT Response:

**R<sub>stability</sub>**  
**R<sub>uniformity</sub>**  
**R<sub>linearity</sub>  $\rightarrow$  most delicate**  
**(complex?)**

## SPMT Response:

**R<sub>stability</sub>**  
**R<sub>uniformity</sub>**  
**(much simpler)**



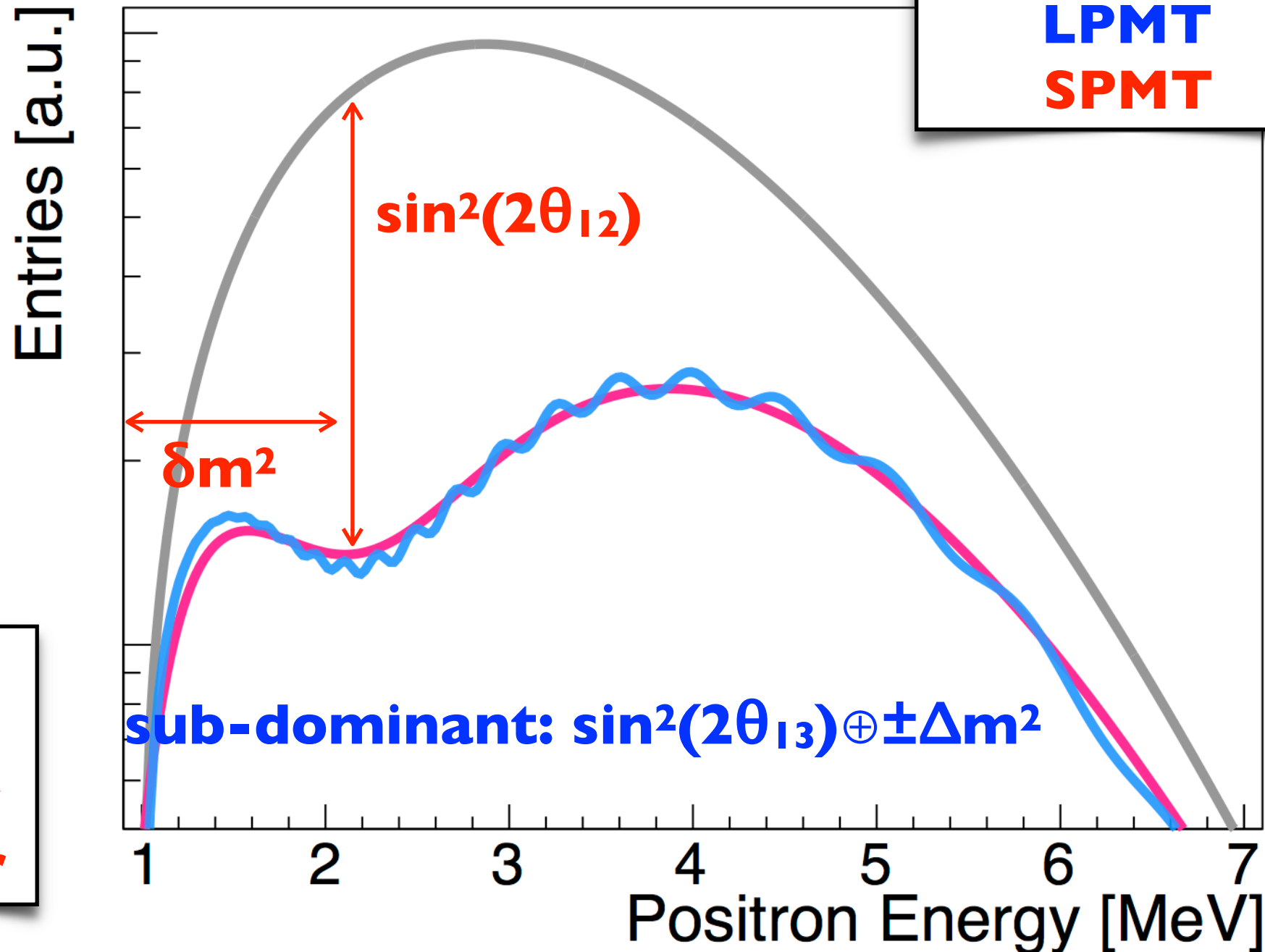
neutrino oscillations...

(“solar” terms)



# SPMT only see 1 oscillation mode

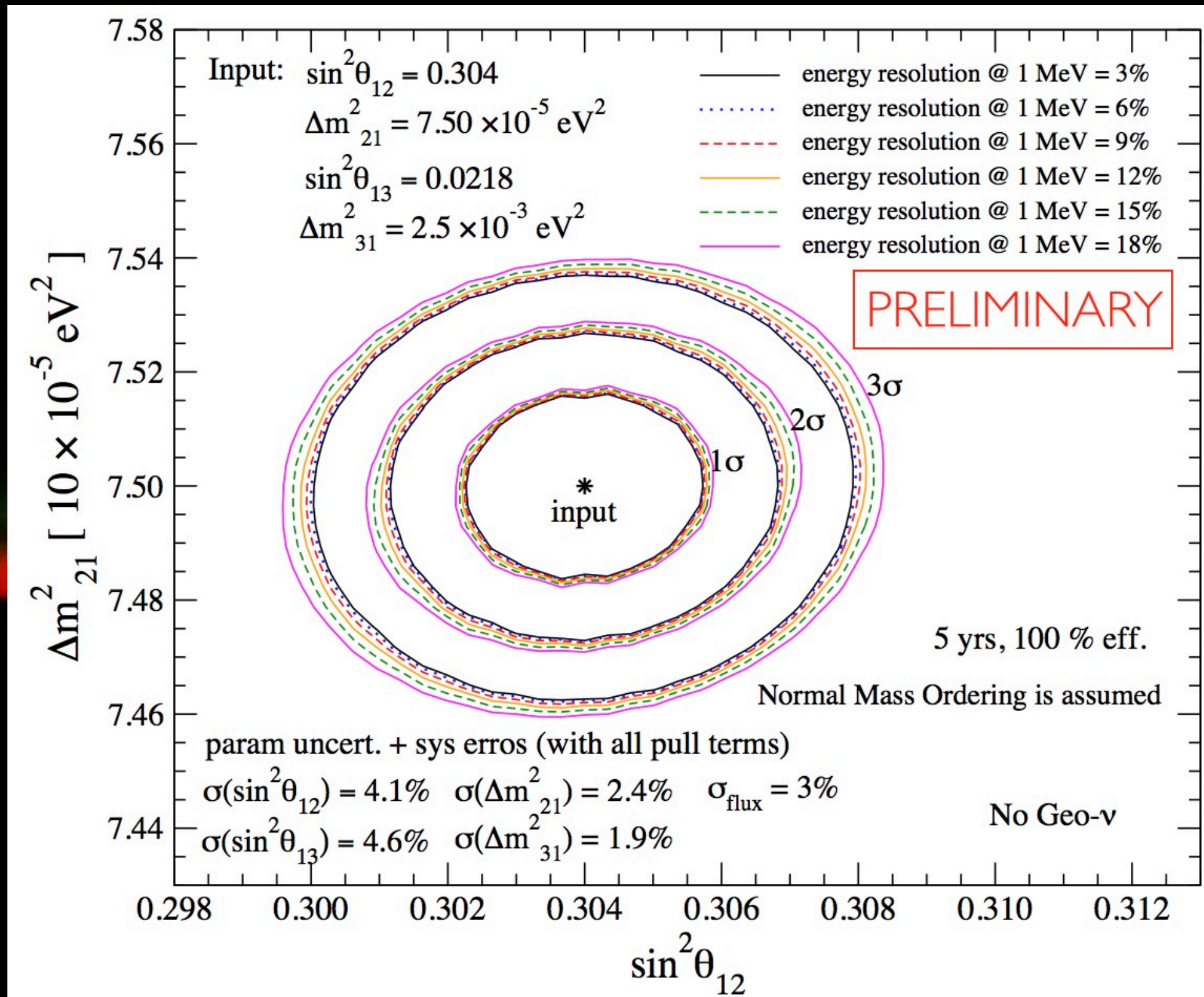
(fast oscillation is averaged out)



no need  
 “near”  
 monitor  
 detector

sensitivity:  $\theta_{12} \oplus \delta m^2$



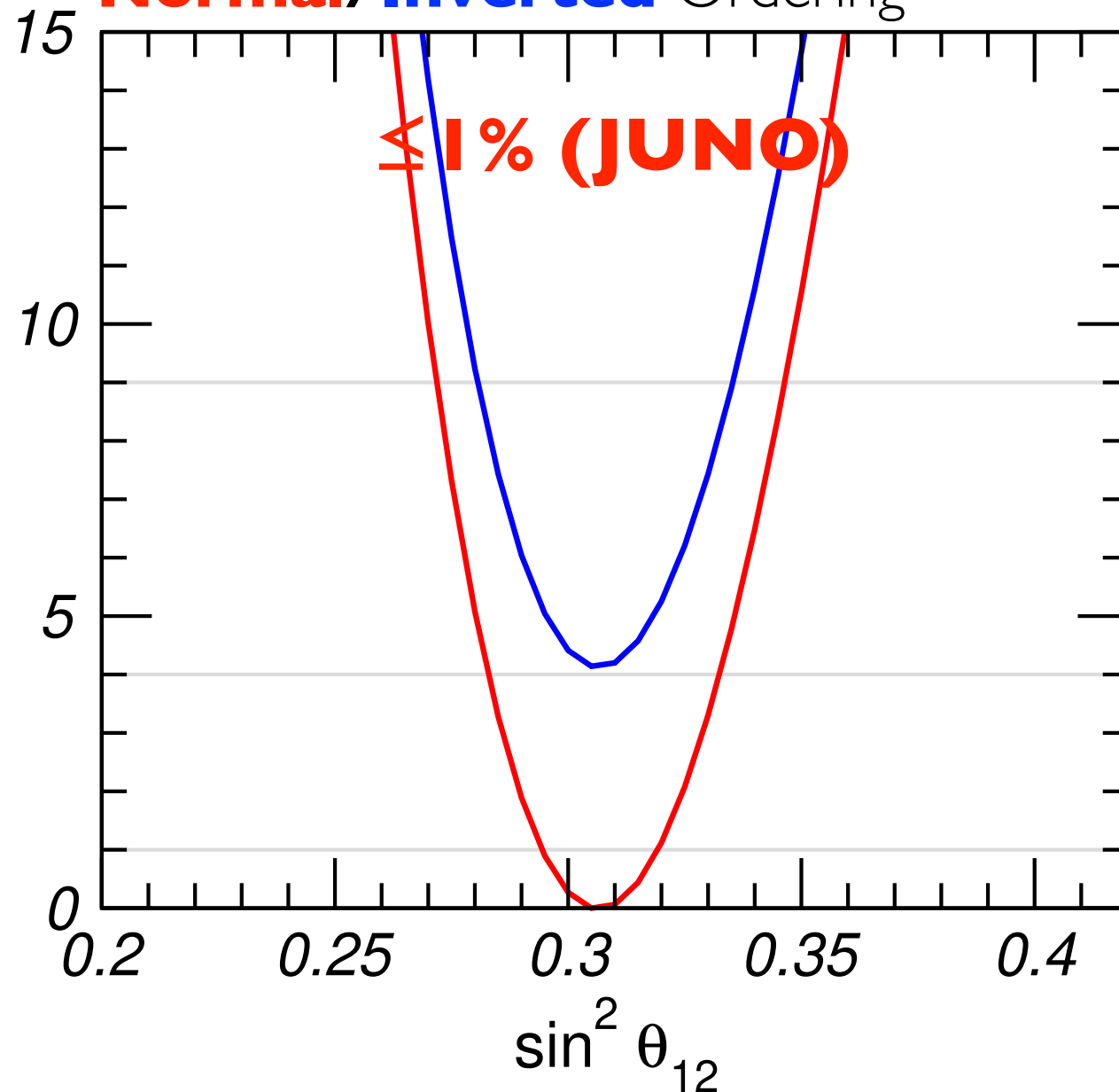


## SPMT ⊕ LPMT comparable precision

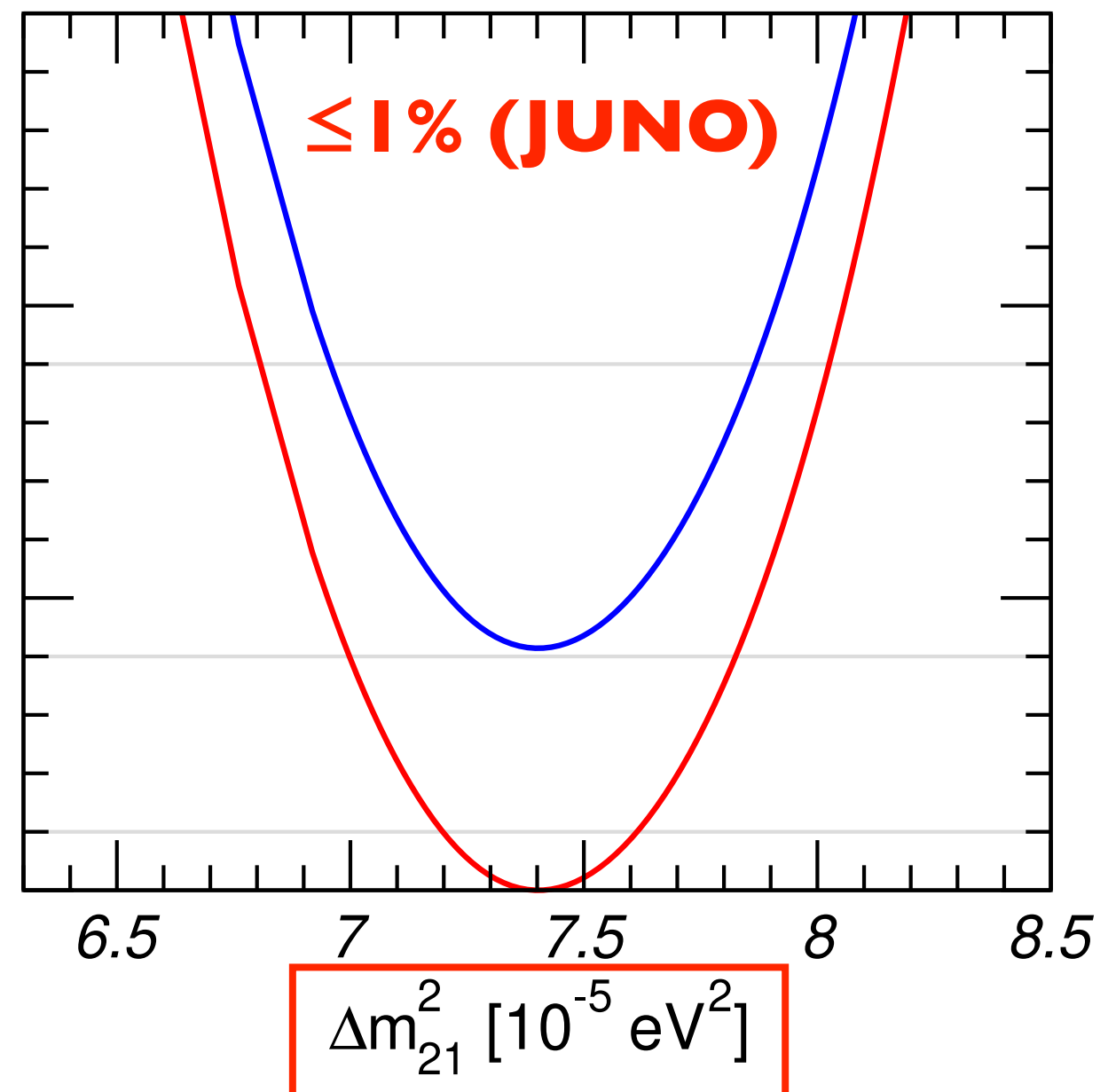


no cross-check to JUNO (except JUNO)...

NuFIT 3.2 (2018)

**Normal/Inverted** Ordering

~rate systematics (common)



~shape systematics (different SPMT LPMT)

**SPMT ⊕ LPMT internal cross-check**

(→ robust result validation)



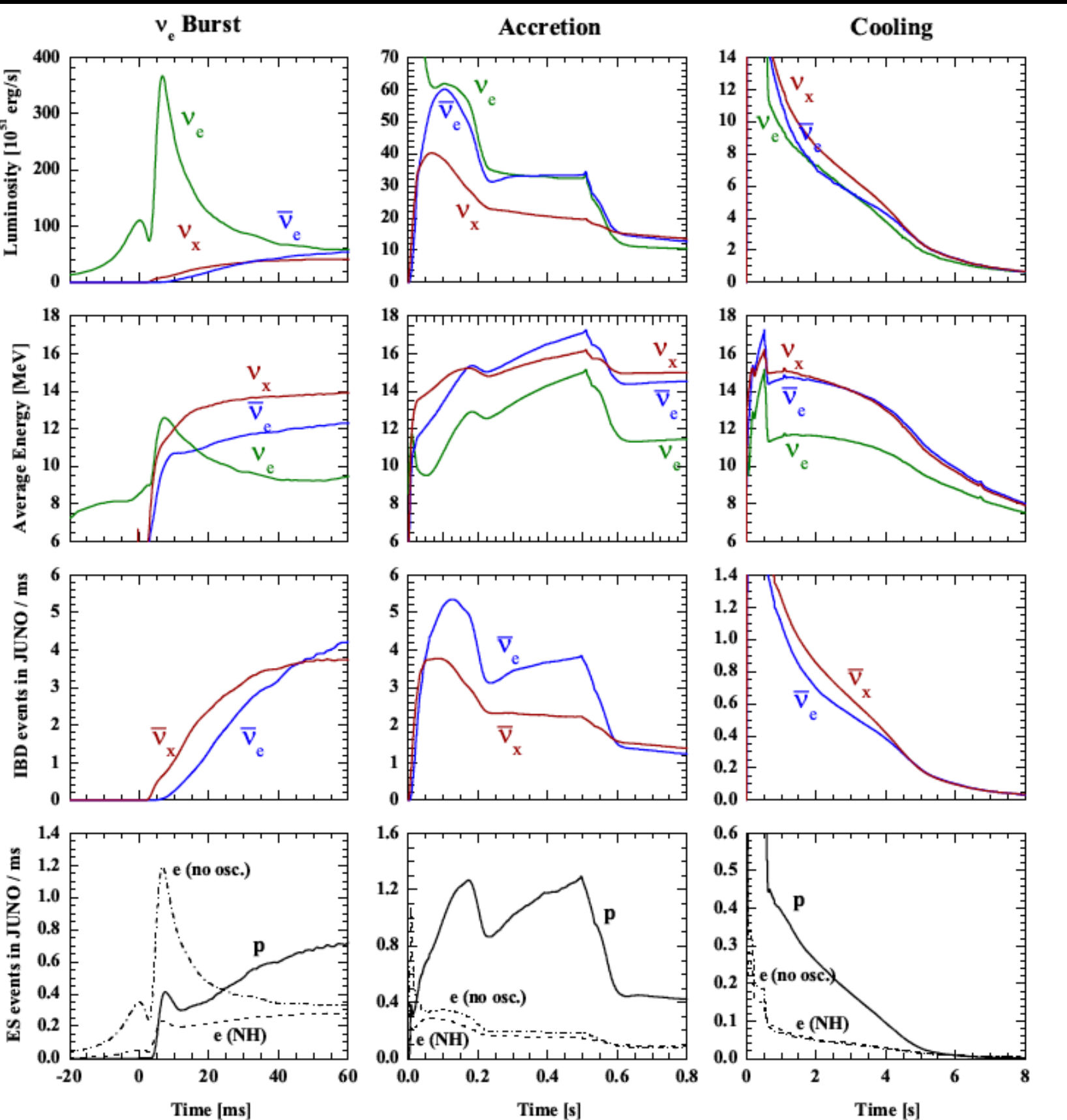
(supernova 1987)

core collapse supernova (CCS)...





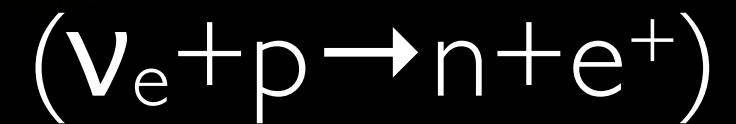
# 52 CCS spectacular physics (astro/particle/nuclear)...



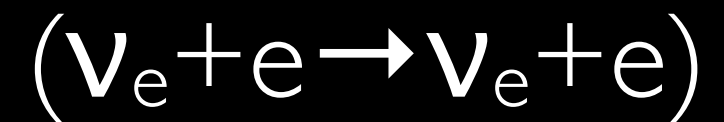
**rate vs time**

**energy vs time**

**IBD only**

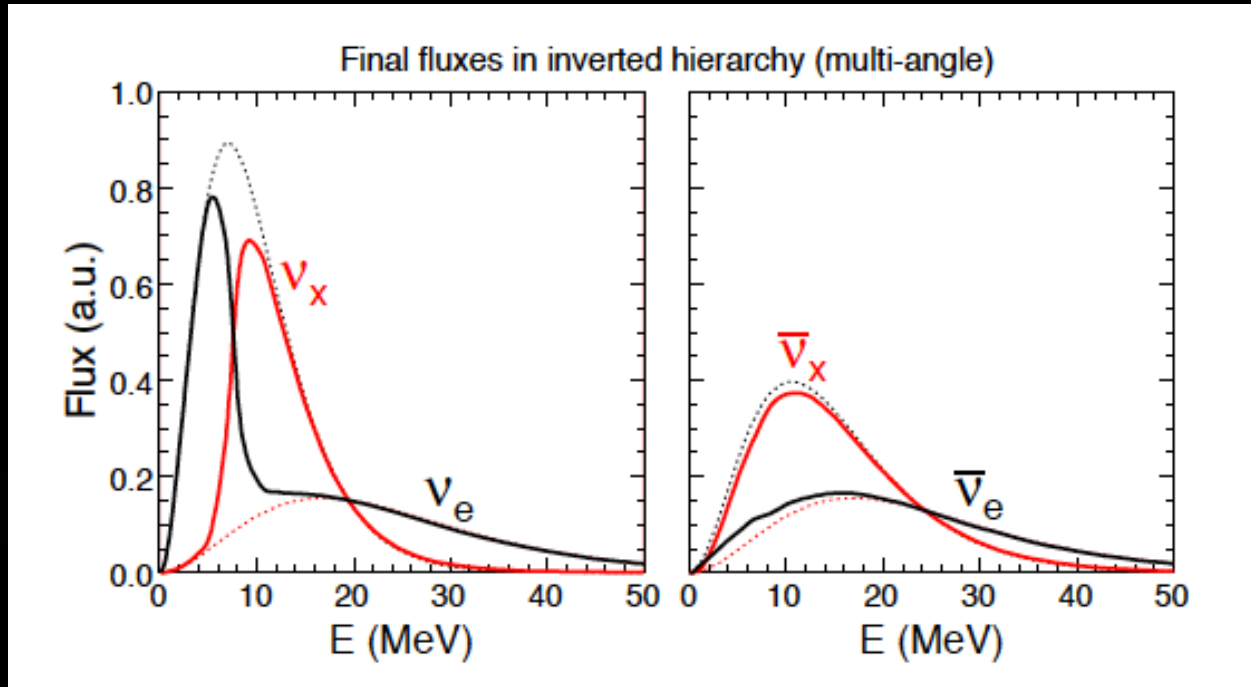


**elastic scattering**

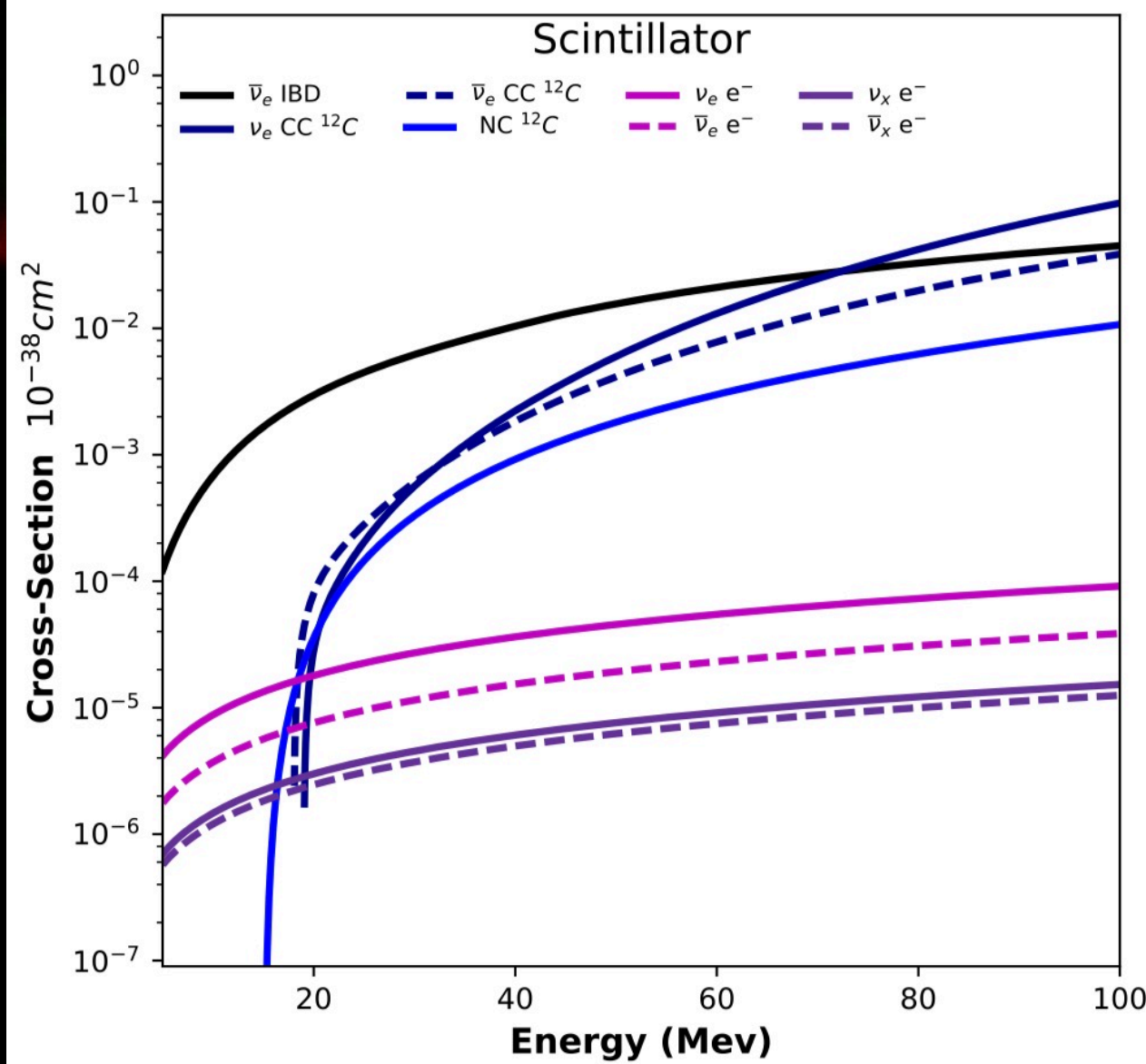


**(unique astrophysics probe)**



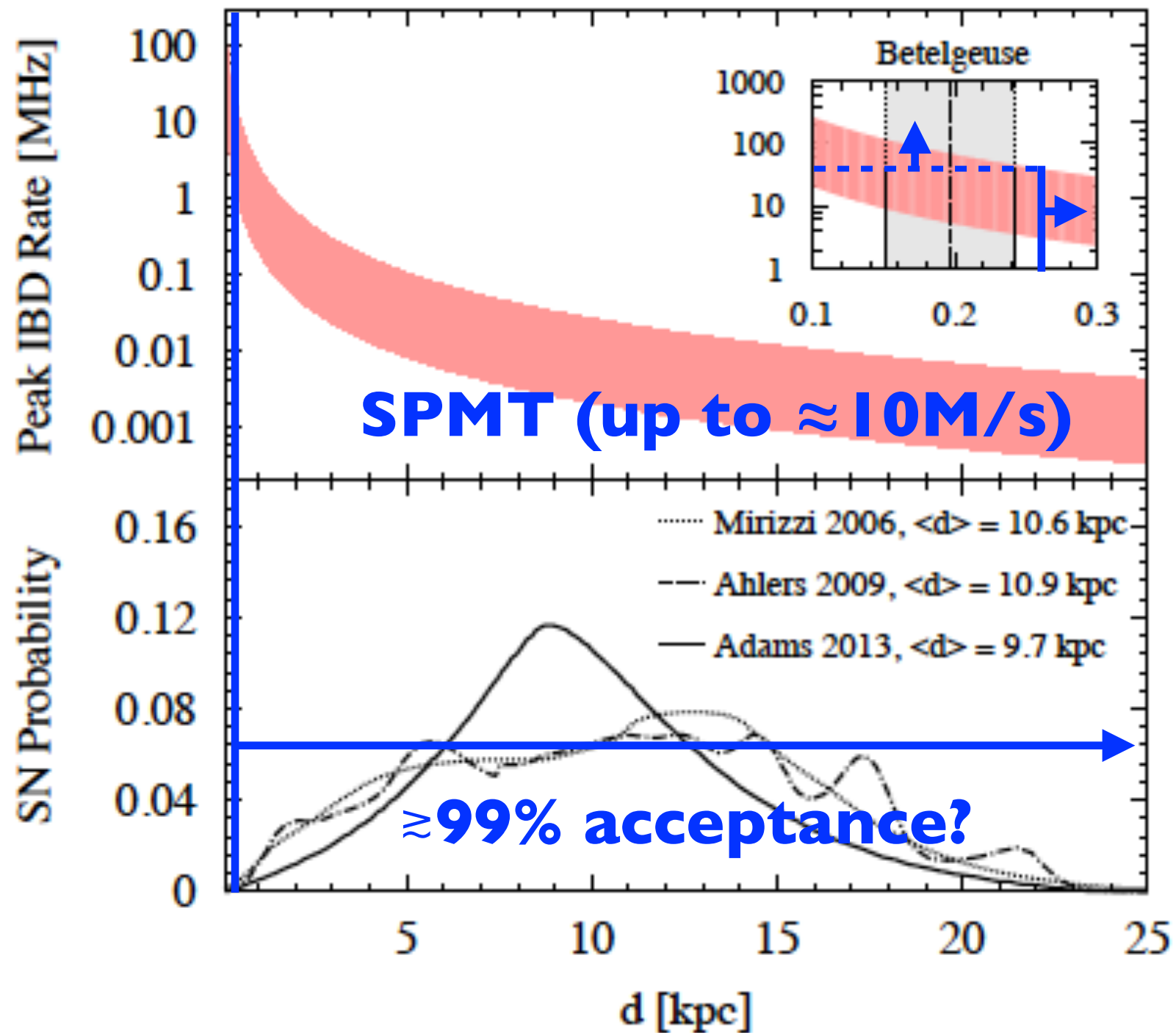


**CCS particle physics**  
( $\nu$ - $\nu$  interaction)



**multi-interactions**  
(disentangle information)

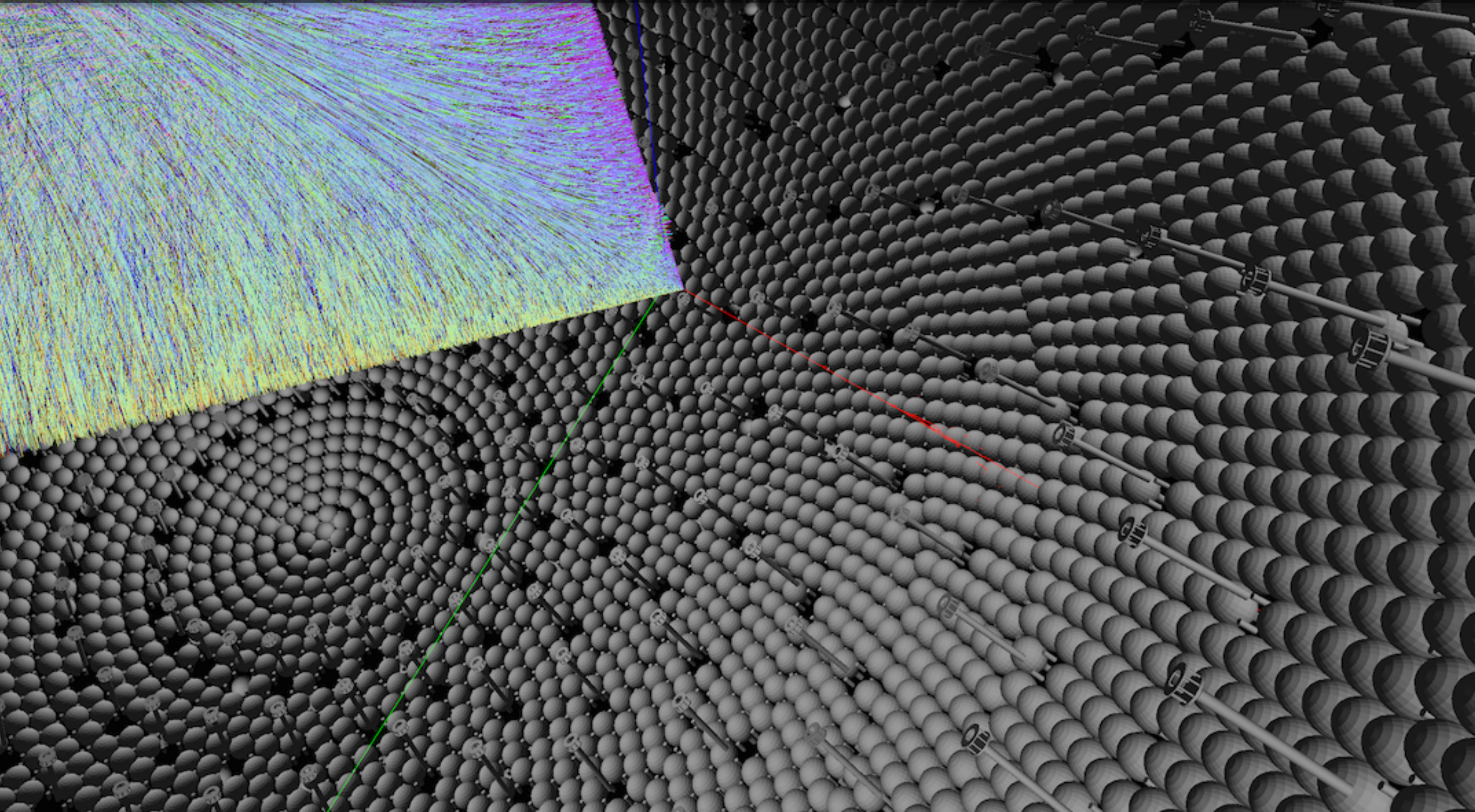
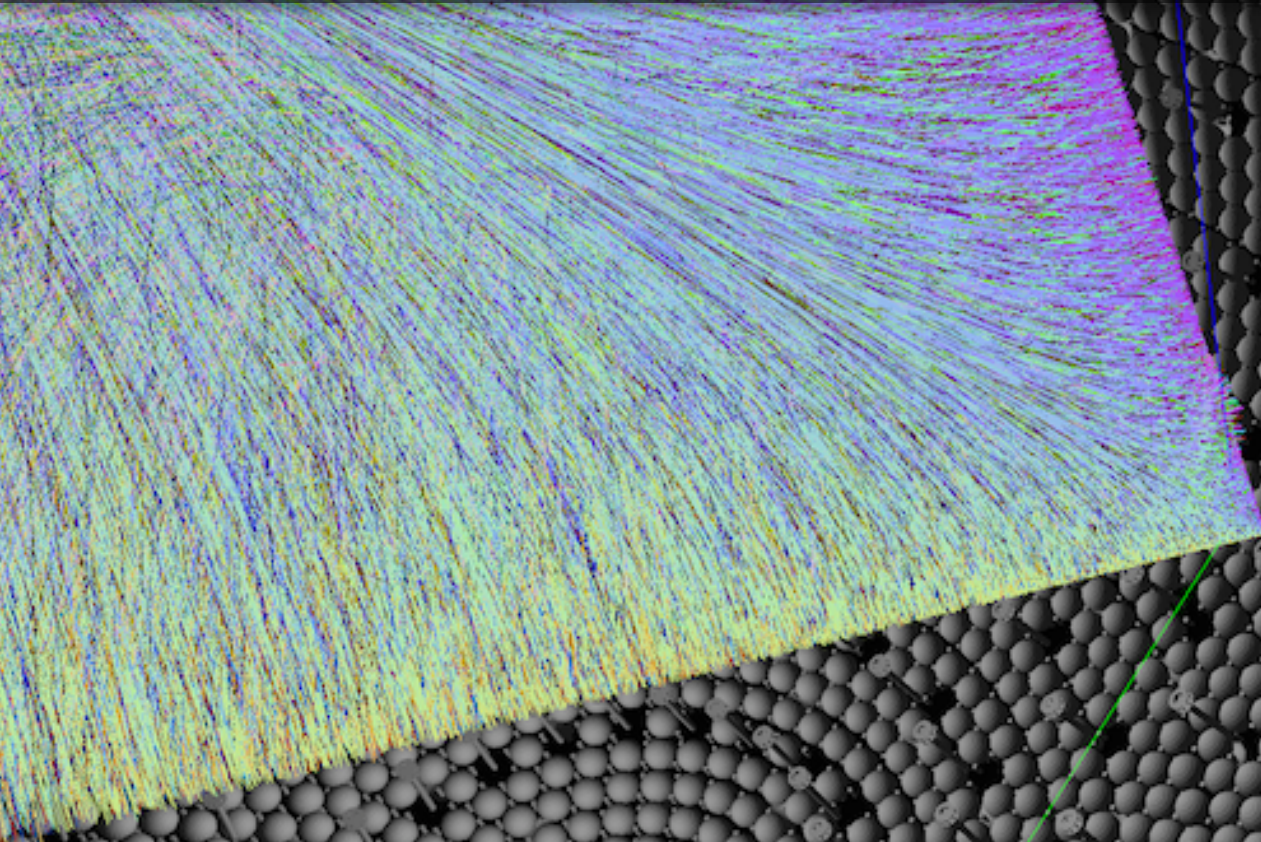




**unbiased measurement**  
 (high rate  $\oplus$  deadtime monitor)

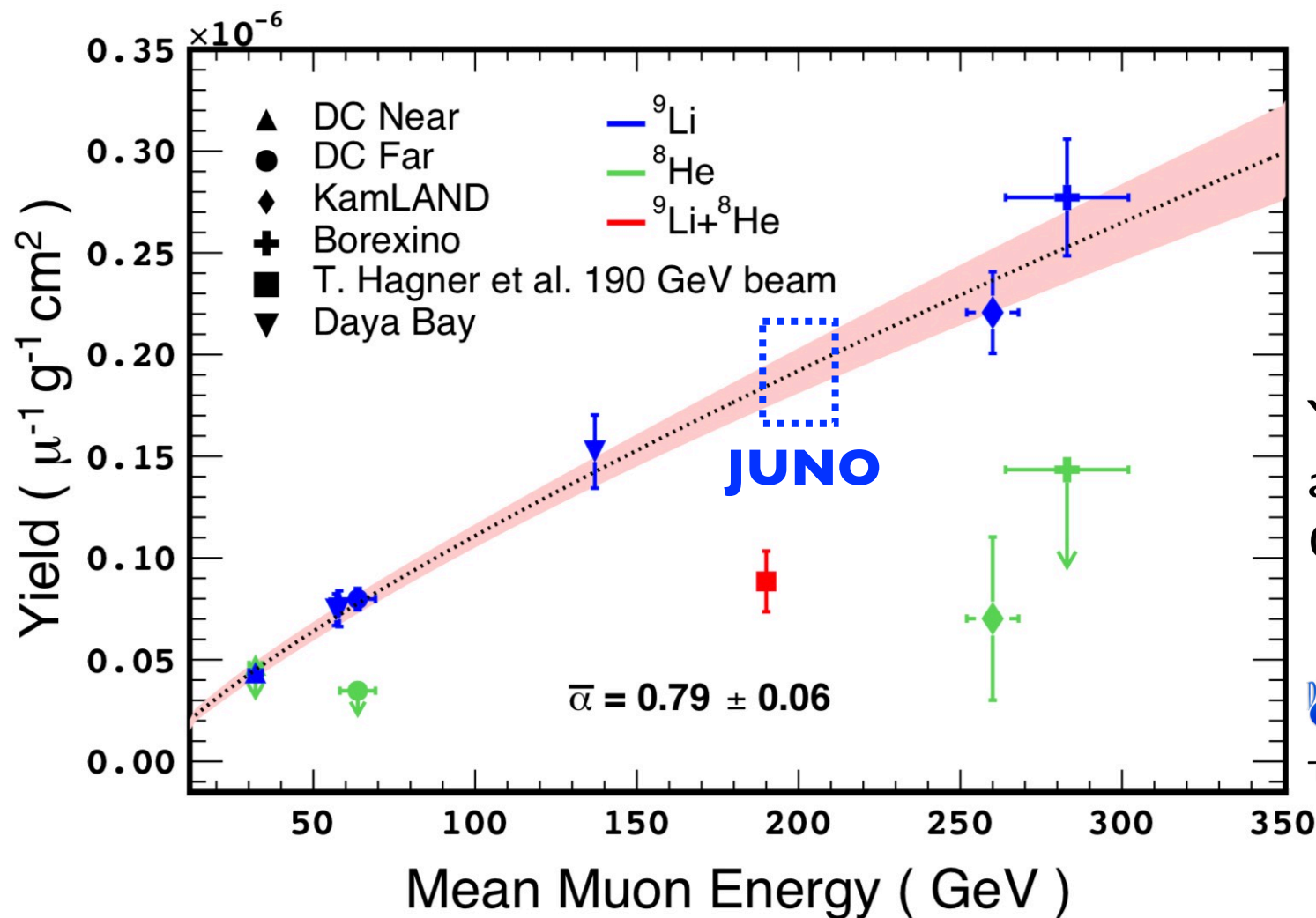
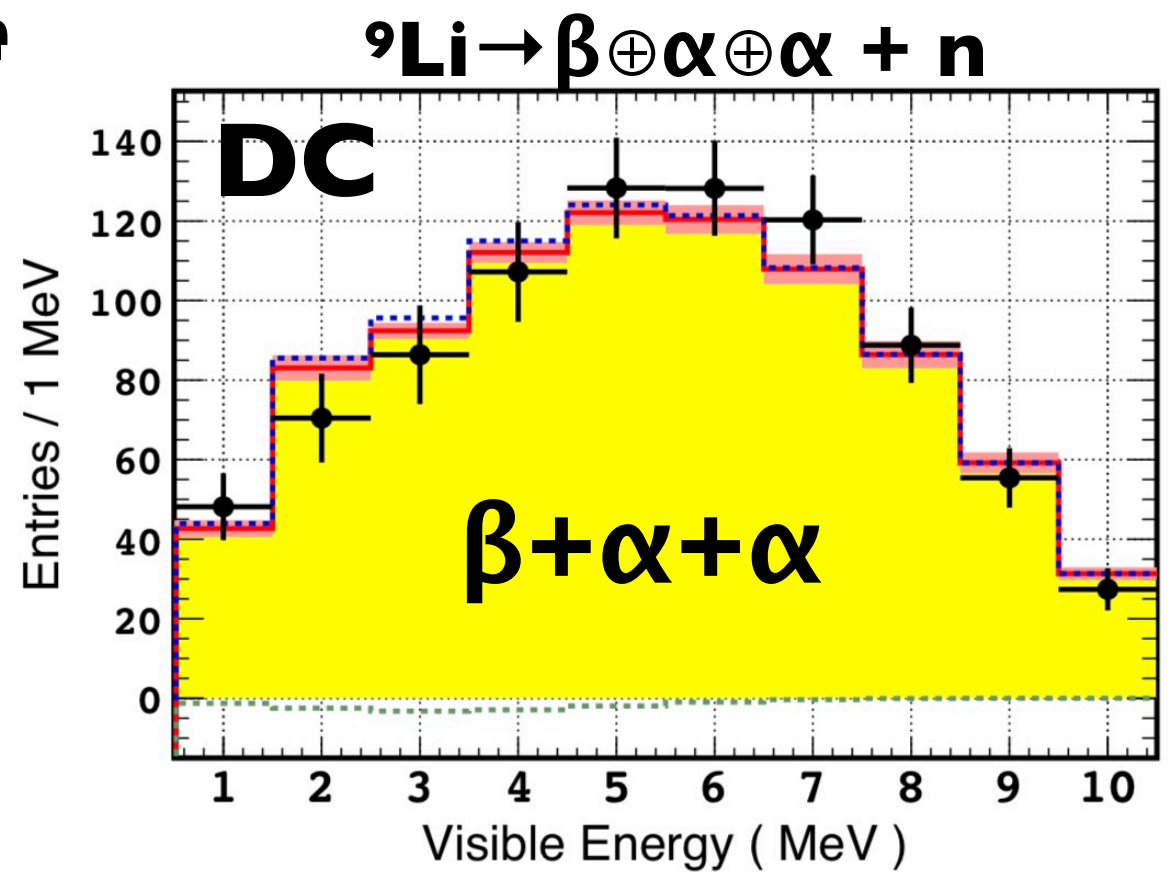
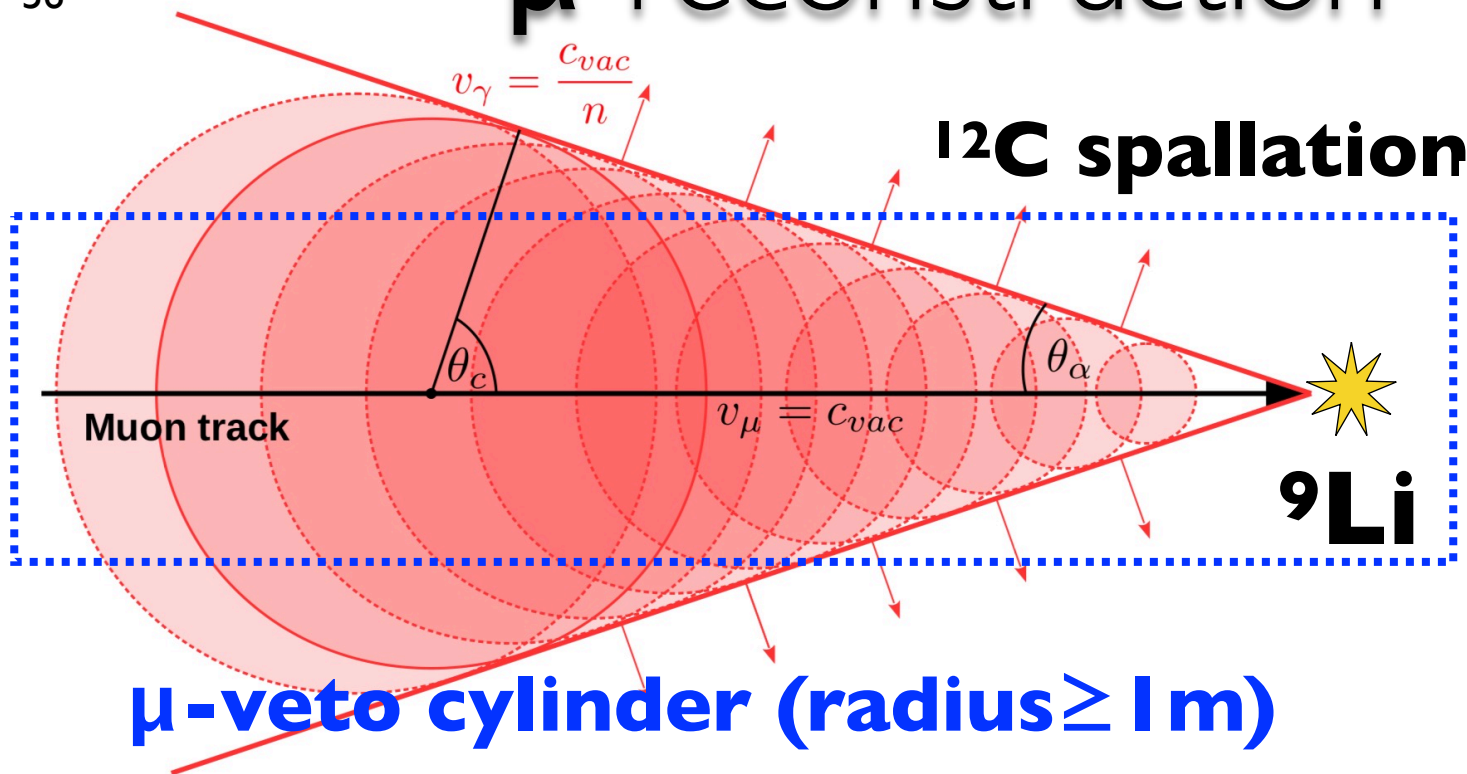


# $\mu$ -tracking (cosmogenic)...





# $\mu$ -reconstruction $\rightarrow$ cosmogenic vetoing...



Yields and production rates of  $^9\text{Li}$  and  $^8\text{He}$  measured with the Double Chooz near and far detectors

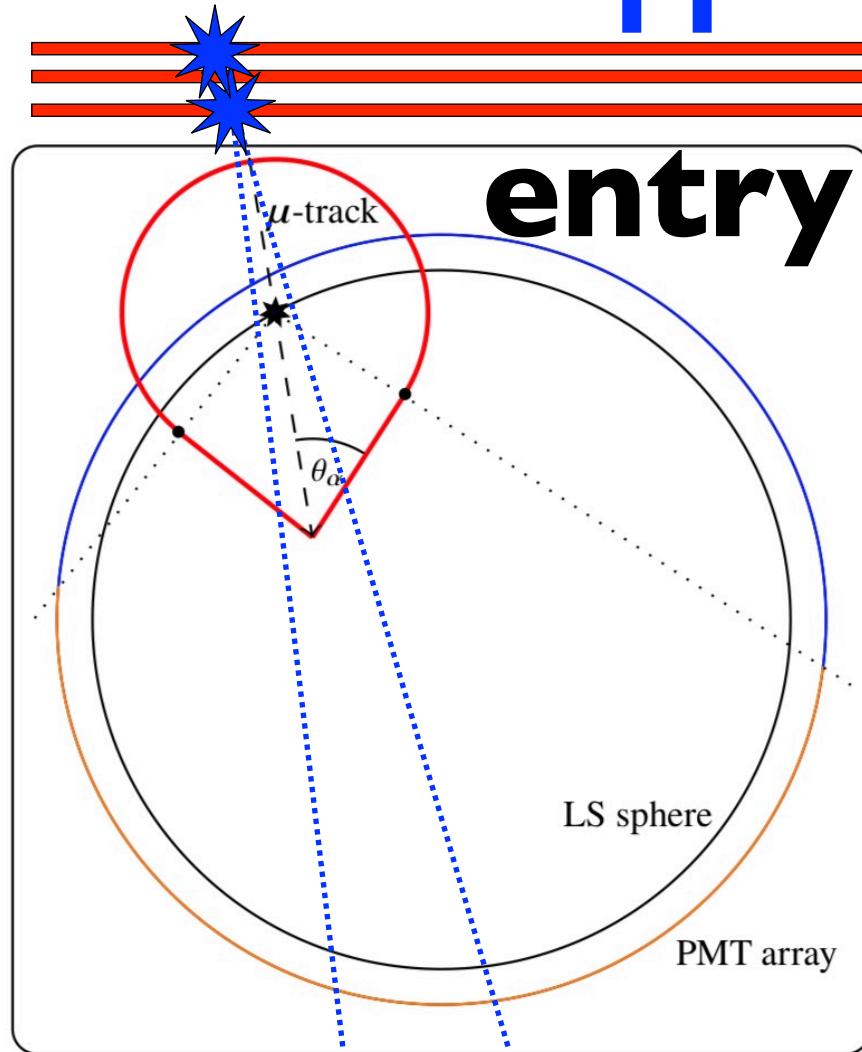
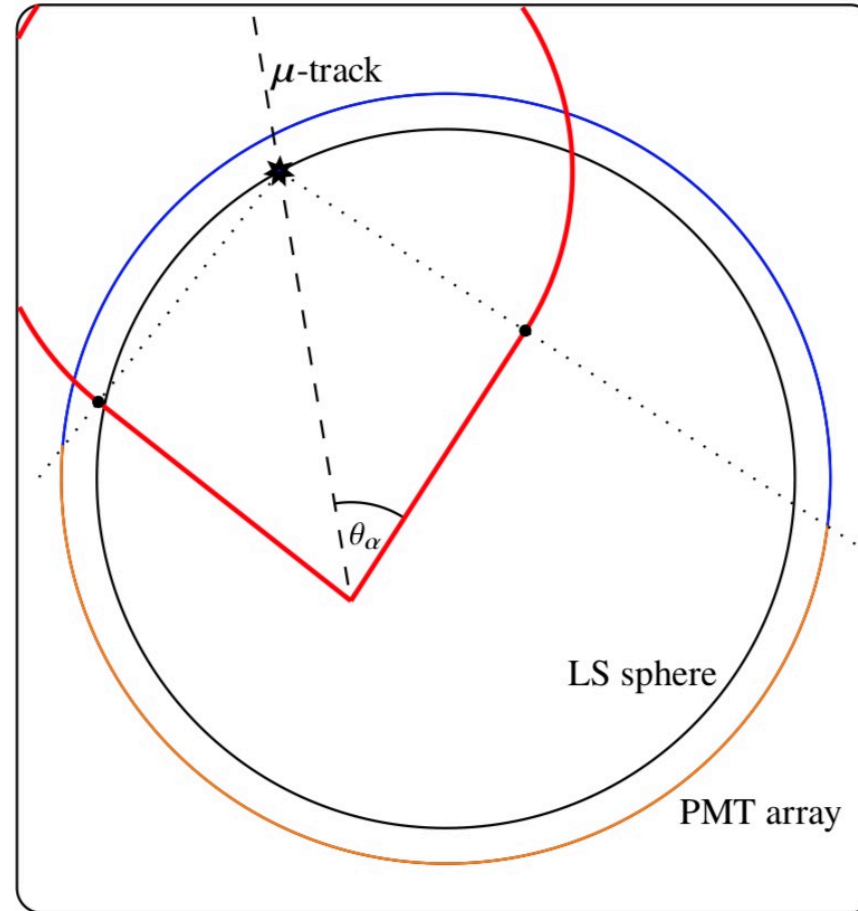


The Double Chooz Collaboration

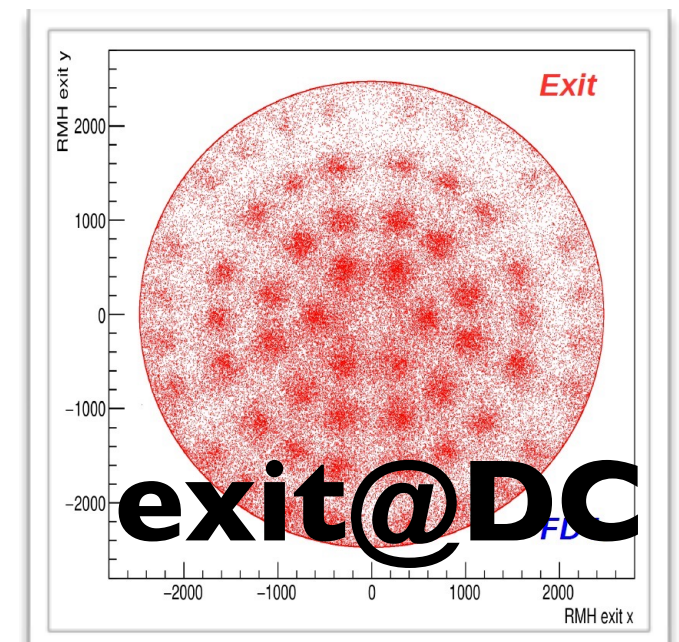
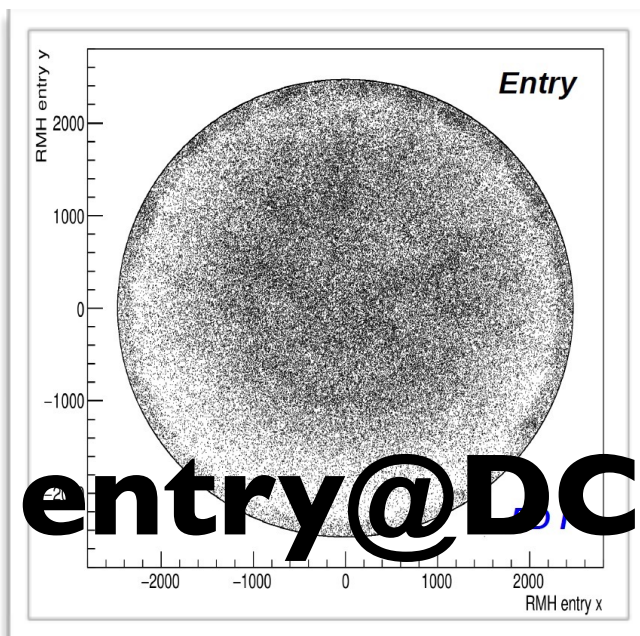
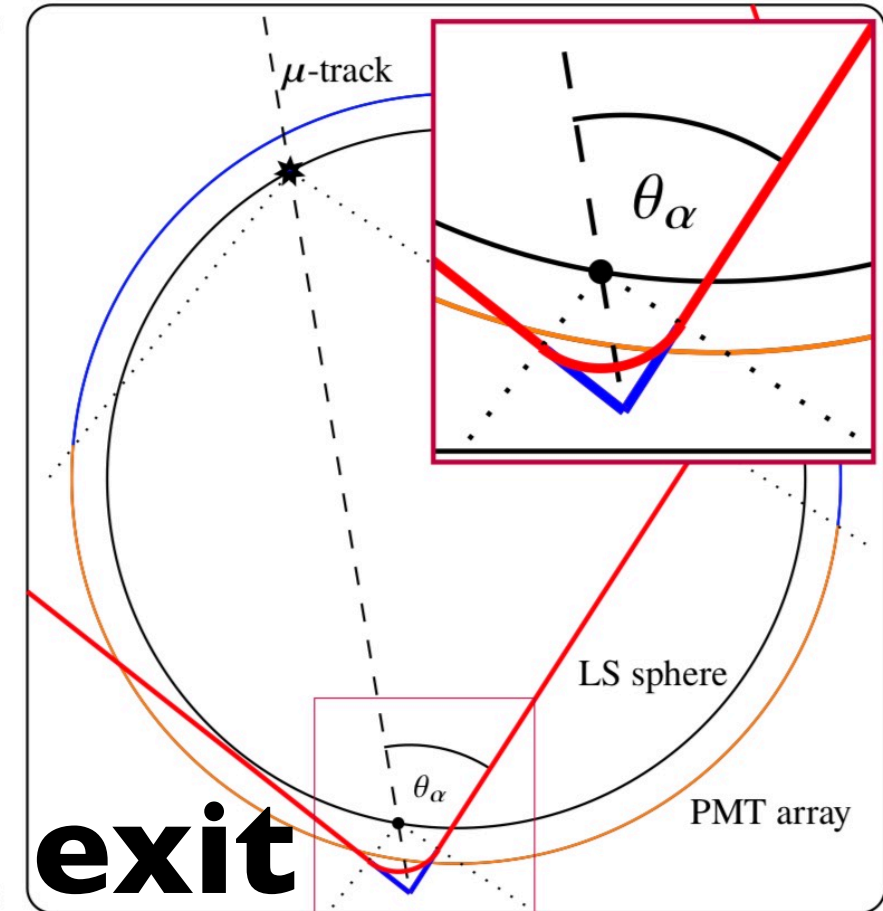
arXiv:1802.08048v1



TT

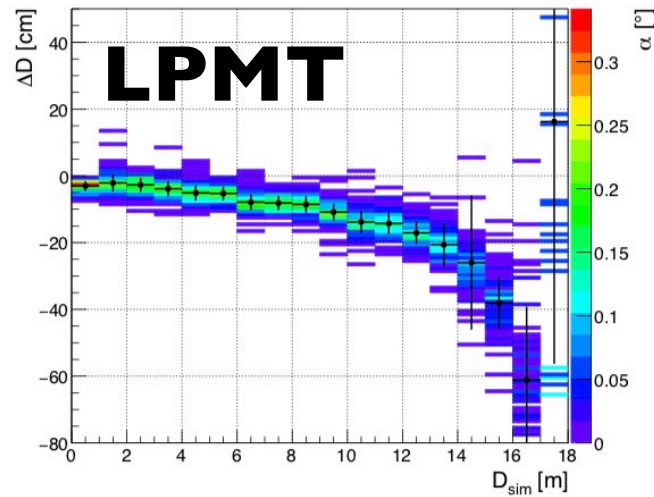
 $\mu$ -tracking rationale...TT projection ( $\sim 20\text{cm}$ )

**propagation**  
(straight extrapolation)

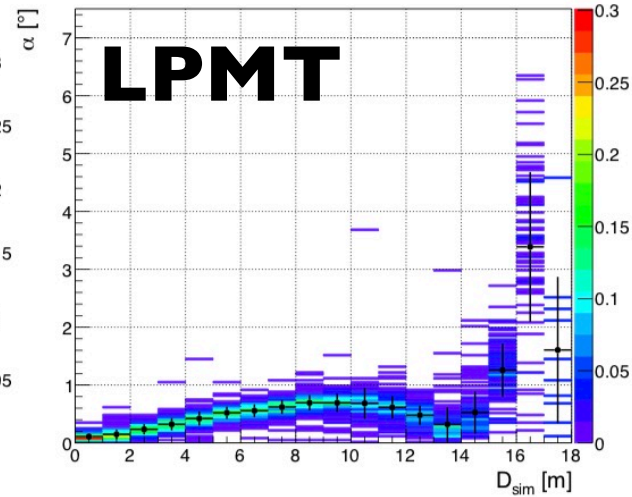




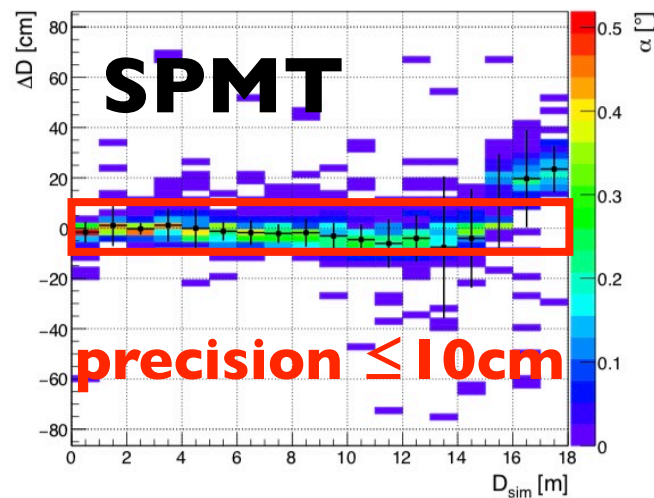
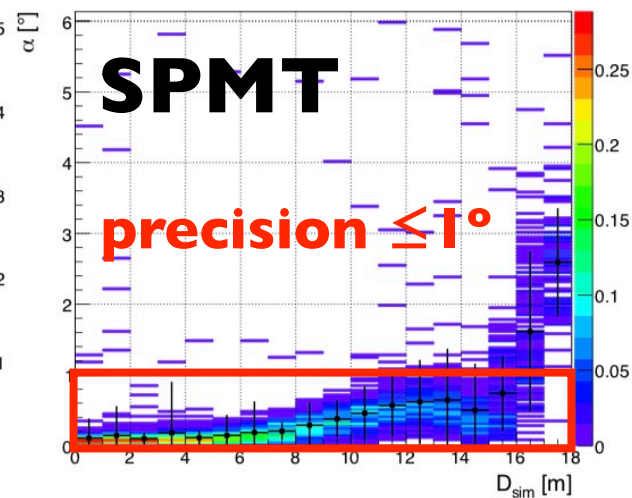
## space resolution



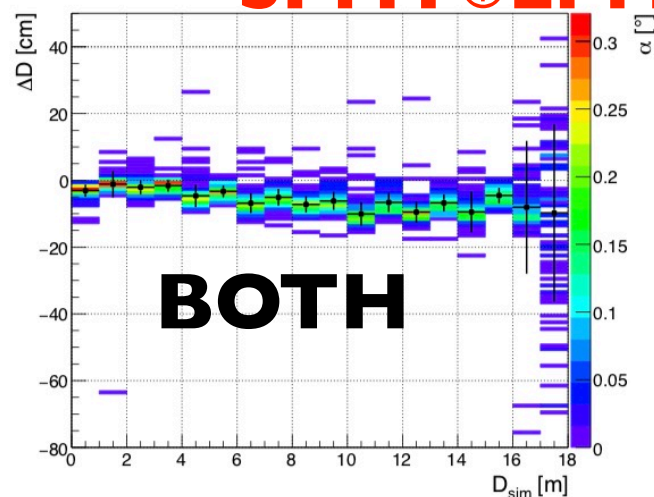
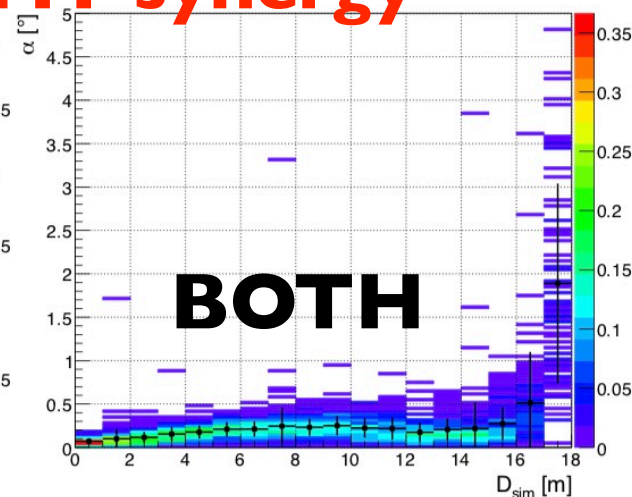
## angular resolution



## detector radius

(c) SPMT  $\Delta D$ (d) SPMT  $\alpha$ 

## SPMT ⊕ LPMT synergy

(e) LPMT+SPMT  $\Delta D$ (f) LPMT+SPMT  $\alpha$ 

# $\mu$ -reco accuracy...

## Muon reconstruction with a geometrical model in JUNO

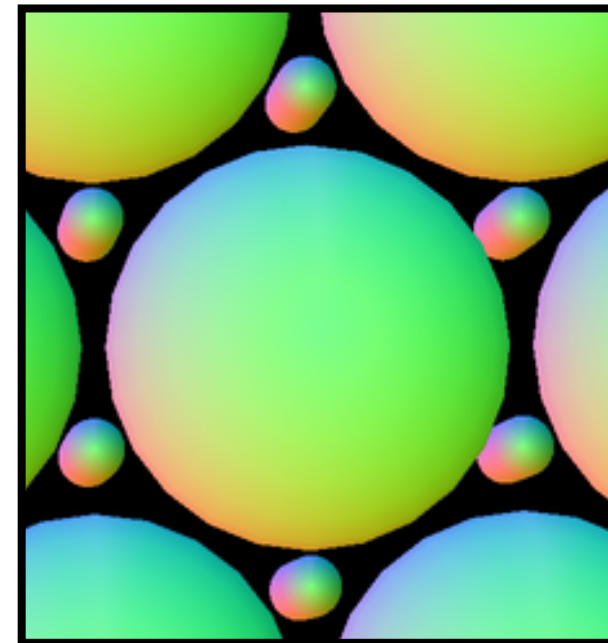
C. Genster,<sup>a,b,1</sup> M. Schever,<sup>a,b</sup> L. Ludhova,<sup>a,b</sup> M. Soiron,<sup>b</sup> A. Stahl<sup>b</sup> and C. Wiebusch<sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Forschungszentrum Jülich IKP,  
Wilhelm-Johnen-Strasse, D-52428 Jülich, Germany

<sup>b</sup>III. Physikalisches Institut B, RWTH Aachen University,  
Aachen, Germany

E-mail: [c.genster@fz-juelich.de](mailto:c.genster@fz-juelich.de)

2018 JINST 13 T03003



- more PMT density
- excellent timing (RMS)
- enough light
- better triangulation

further improve with TT input  
(~20cm projection: not yet)





our organisation...



**CNRS/IN2P3 laboratories 6:**

(APC)  
 CENBG  
 CPPM  
 IPHC  
 LAL\*  
 OMEGA  
 SUBATECH

**32 scientifiques  
 (16 ingenieurs)**

**main operations/actions**

- **Radio-Activity**  
 [CENG+CPPM]
- **Stereo-Calorimetry**  
 [LAL+SUBATECH]
- **SPMT**  
 [CENG+CPPM+LAL+SUBATECH]
- **Top- $\mu$ -Tracker**  
 [CENBG+IPHC]

**European Computing with CC.IN2P3**

**JUNO → CNRS "IR" (research infra-structure) [under Ministry]****LAL-JUNO team**

(2 physicists + 1 postdoc + 1 PhD)

**M.Bongrand + A.Cabrera**

**M.Grassi (PD)**

**Yang HAN (PhD)**

(1 engineer electronics)

**C.Santos (APC) → LAL takes over...**







powerful computing...  
(expert support)



(FADC data experience)



## JUNO experiment

- the ultimate reactor- $\nu$  experiment and beyond...
- world neutrino oscillation physics: support world CP-Violation experiments ( $\nu$ -beam suffering the “ $\theta_{23}$ -octant” issue)
- vast physics program beyond oscillations: geo- $\nu$ , supernova- $\nu$ , proton-decay, solar/atmospheric  $\nu$ 's, etc (surprises?)

## JUNO@LAL team...

- major hardware responsibility **SPMT** & **much physics**
- national & international strong collaboration & strategic position
- lead the IN2P3/CNRS role within JUNO



# questions...?

obrigado...

ありがとう...

**merci...**

danke...

고맙습니다...

Спасибо...

gracias...

grazie...

谢谢...

hvala...

**thank you...**