



# Why the cNMSSM?

## Low energy phenomenology and possible signatures at the LHC

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In collaboration with **A. Djouadi** and **U. Ellwanger**, arXiv:**0803.0253** [hep-ph]  
**0811.2699** [hep-ph]

# The Next-to-Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model

By adding a **singlet** superfield  $\hat{S}$  to the **MSSM**  $\Rightarrow$  **NMSSM**

★ **Elegant solution to the  $\mu$ -problem of the MSSM**

$$\mu \hat{H}_u \hat{H}_d \rightarrow \lambda \hat{S} \hat{H}_u \hat{H}_d$$

$\Rightarrow$  **dynamically generated  $\mu$** :  $\langle S \rangle \sim \mathcal{O}(M_{\text{SUSY}}) \rightsquigarrow \mu_{\text{eff}} = \lambda \langle S \rangle$

$\Rightarrow$  **Scale-invariant superpotential**: **EW, SUSY scale only** appearing via  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{soft}}$

★ **NMSSM**

$\rightsquigarrow$  **Simplest** extension of the SM where the **only scale** is  $M_{\text{SUSY}}$

$\rightsquigarrow$  **Original SUSY/SUGRA** extensions of the SM of this type [Fayet, Nilles, ...]

## NMSSM new features

$$W = Y_u \hat{H}_u \hat{Q} \hat{u} + Y_d \hat{H}_d \hat{Q} \hat{d} + Y_e \hat{H}_d \hat{L} \hat{e} - \lambda \hat{S} \hat{H}_u \hat{H}_d + \frac{1}{3} \kappa \hat{S}^3$$

$$-\mathcal{L}_{\text{soft}}^{\text{Higgs}} = m_{H_i}^2 H_i^* H_i + m_S^2 S^* S + (-\lambda A_\lambda S H_u H_d + \frac{1}{3} \kappa A_\kappa S^3 + \text{H.c.})$$

$$\text{Neutralino sector: } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5 \text{ Majorana fermions } (\chi_{1-5}^0) \\ \tilde{\chi}_1^0 = N_{11} \tilde{B}^0 + N_{12} \tilde{W}_3^0 + N_{13} \tilde{H}_d^0 + N_{14} \tilde{H}_u^0 + N_{15} \tilde{S} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\text{Neutral Higgs sector: } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \text{ pseudoscalar } (a_1^0, a_2^0) \text{ and 3 scalar bosons } (h_1^0, h_2^0, h_3^0) \\ h_1^0 = S_{11} H_d^0 + S_{12} H_u^0 + S_{13} S \end{array} \right.$$

⇒ **NMSSM: Richer, more complex phenomenology**

## LEP and the NMSSM

★ In the NMSSM **less severe** “Higgs - little fine tuning problem”

**Theoretically higher upper bound** on  $m_{h_1^0}$

Additional contributions to  $m_{h_1^0}$ , low  $\tan\beta$  regime  $\Rightarrow m_{h_1^0} \sim 145$  GeV

**Experimentally “invisible”**  $h_1^0$  (escaped LEP detection)

$\Rightarrow$  **NMSSM light Higgs** ( $m_{h_1^0} \lesssim 114$  GeV) **still allowed by LEP data:**

(i)  $Z - Z - h_1^0$  coupling is heavily **suppressed**

$\rightsquigarrow$  **singlet** dominated  $h_1^0$ ; SM-like  $h_2^0$

(ii)  $m_{a_1^0} \lesssim 11$  **GeV** allowing for  $m_{h_1^0} \lesssim 86$  GeV

$\rightsquigarrow$  SM-like  $h_1^0$  dominant **decay**  $h_1^0 \rightarrow a_1^0 a_1^0$ ;

$\rightsquigarrow$  **Forbidden**  $a_1^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  only  $a_1^0 \rightarrow 2\tau$

$\Rightarrow$  **Enlarge window for  $m_{h_1^0}$ !**

# NMSSM with universal soft terms at GUT scale

**Supergravity mediated**  $\Rightarrow$  flavour blind (universal), CP conserving,  
SUSY soft breaking terms! (at corresponding mass scale)

**mSUGRA-like NMSSM:**  $M_i = M_{1/2}$ ;  $(m_0^{\tilde{F},\phi})_{ij} = m_0$  ;  $(A_0^{\tilde{F},\phi})_{ij} = A_0$

$$\Rightarrow m_{H_u} = m_{H_d} = m_S = m_0, A_\lambda = A_\kappa = A_0$$

**cNMSSM:**  $M_{1/2}, m_0, A_0, \lambda, \kappa$   $\Rightarrow$  5 continuous parameters

Analogous to the cMSSM:  $M_{1/2}, m_0, A_0, \mu, B\mu$

★ Requiring correct  $M_Z \Leftrightarrow$  4 parameters

★ **Practical purposes** (RGE's, numerics, ... )  $\kappa \leftrightarrow \tan\beta$

**constrained NMSSM:**  $M_{1/2}, m_0, A_0, \lambda$

**NMSSMTools** [Ellwanger, Hugonie]

# Constraining the cNMSSM: scalar potential & LEP

★ **Phenomenologically acceptable minimum** of Higgs potential:  $s = \langle S \rangle \neq 0$

$$V_{\text{Higgs}} \sim \kappa^2 s^4 + \frac{2}{3} \kappa A_\kappa s^3 + m_S^2 s^2 + \dots$$

★ **Non vanishing  $s$ :**  $\Rightarrow m_0 \lesssim \frac{1}{3} |A_0|$

**cMSSM:** low  $m_0$  **disfavoured** (charged slepton LSP)

**cNMSSM:** low  $m_0$  **required** to generate  $\langle S \rangle$ ; **singlino LSP**

★ **Absence of pseudoscalar tachyons:**  $\Rightarrow A_\kappa \sim A_0 < 0$

★ **LEP constraints**  $\rightsquigarrow$  **upper bound** on  $\lambda$ : typically  $\Rightarrow \lambda \lesssim 0.02$

★  $(g - 2)_\mu$ : *favours* **low  $M_{1/2}$  regime**  $M_{1/2} \lesssim 1 \text{ TeV}$

# Constraining the cNMSSM: dark matter

## ★ Comply with WMAP constraints on the relic density

$$0.094 \lesssim \Omega_{\chi_1^0} h^2 \lesssim 0.136 \quad (\text{at } 2\sigma)$$

MicrOmegas [Belanger et al]

## ★ “Assisted” $\tilde{\tau}_1$ annihilation: nearly degenerate LSP and NLSP

$$m_{\chi_S}^2 \sim m_{\tilde{\tau}_R}^2 \Rightarrow m_0 \lesssim \frac{1}{10} M_{1/2} \quad \text{small/vanishing } m_0$$

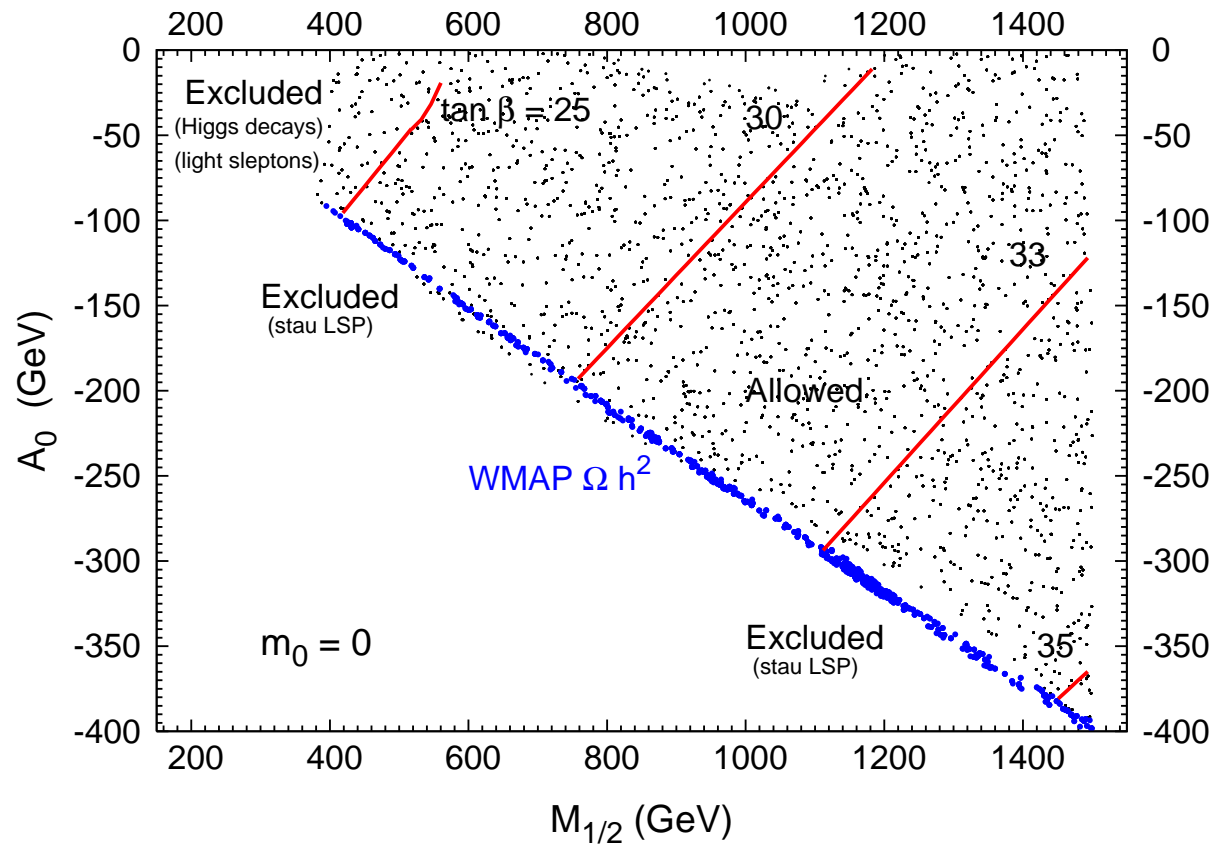
$$\text{small } A_0, \text{ determined by } M_{1/2} \Rightarrow A_0 \sim -\frac{1}{4} M_{1/2}$$

## ★ Diluting LSP density: LSP-NLSP thermal equilibrium

$$\text{for very small } \lambda \rightsquigarrow \text{decoupled LSP} \Rightarrow \lambda \gtrsim 10^{-5}$$

## ★ $\sigma_{\text{annih}}$ decreases with $m_{\text{NLSP}} \propto M_{1/2} \Rightarrow M_{1/2}$ not too large ( $\lesssim 2 - 3$ TeV)

# The allowed cNMSSM parameter space

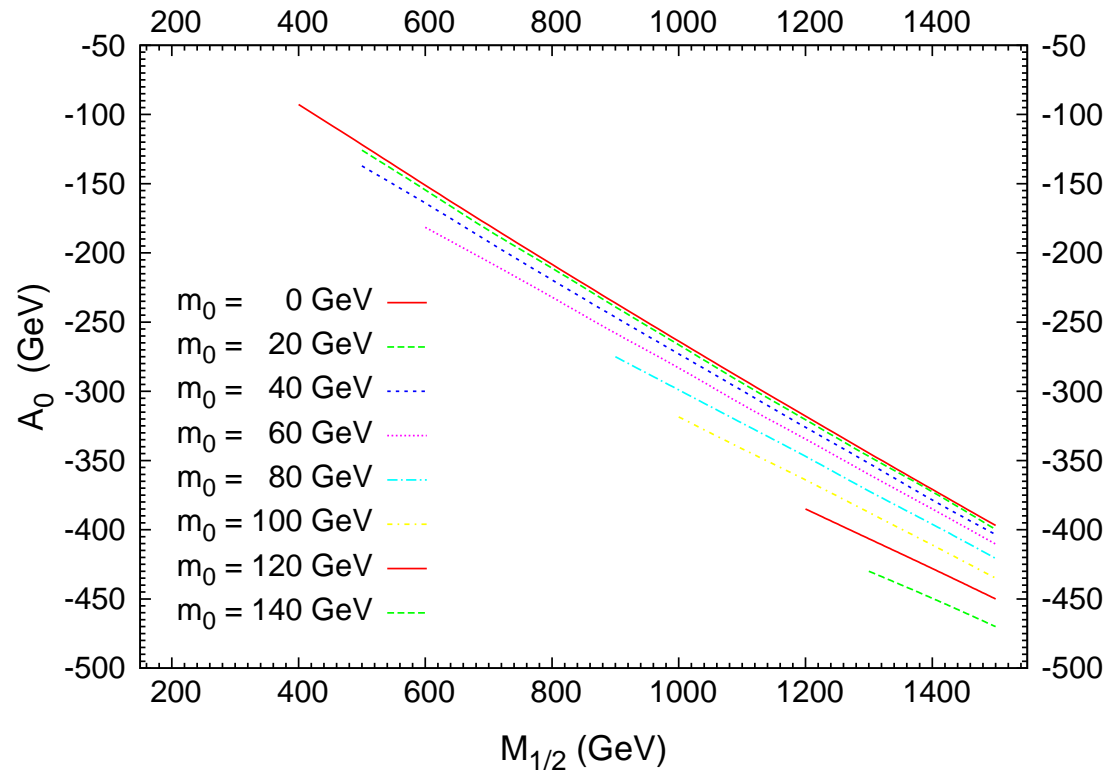


★ Allowed parameter space: “line” in  $[M_{1/2}, A_0]$  plane !

Small  $m_0 \Rightarrow$  **cNMSSM: cNMSSM ( $M_{1/2}$ )**



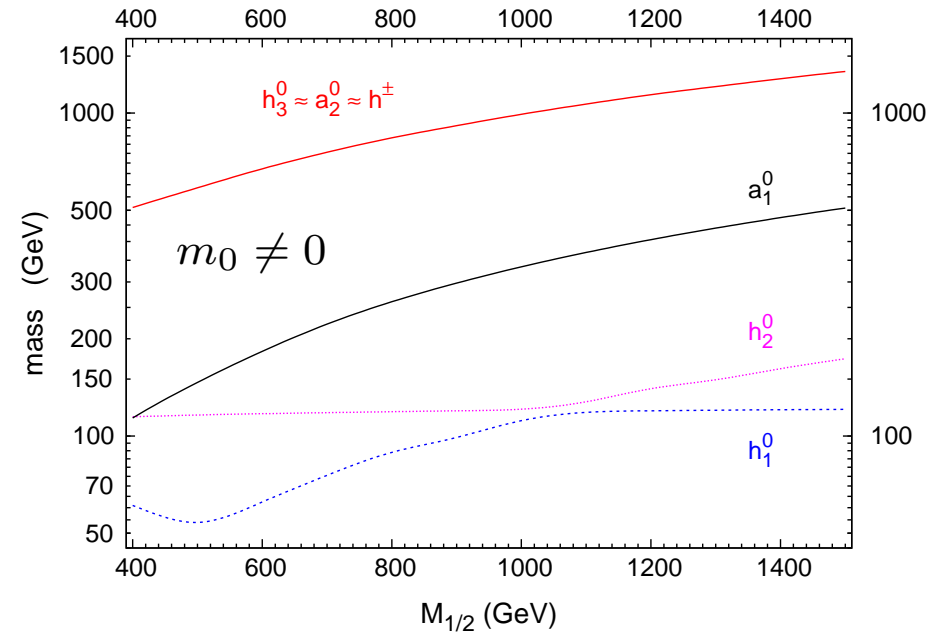
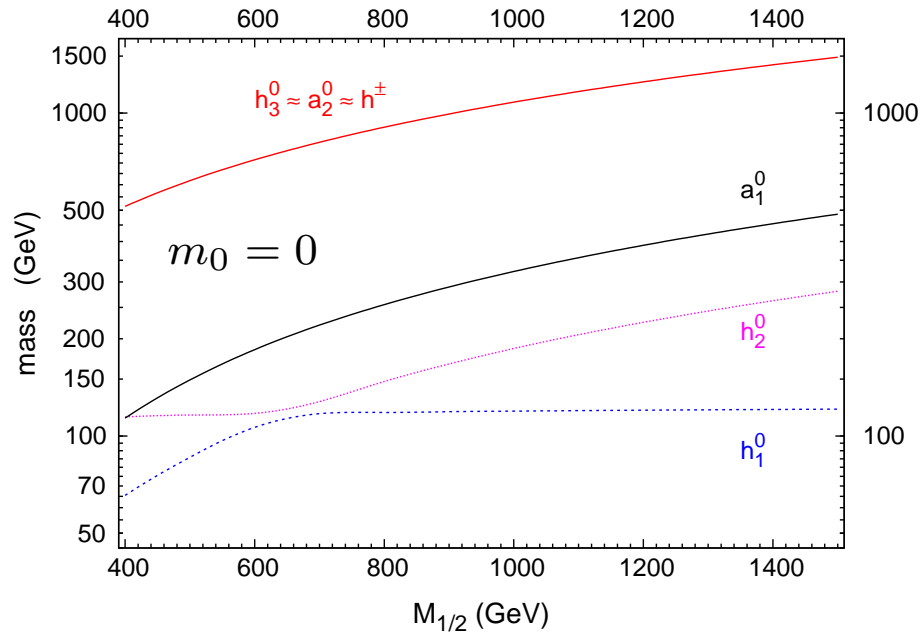
# The allowed cNMSSM parameter space



★ Allowed parameter space: “lines” in  $[M_{1/2}, A_0]$  plane !

Small  $m_0 \Rightarrow$  **cNMSSM: cNMSSM ( $M_{1/2}$ )**

# Higgs spectrum



- ▶  $M_{1/2} \lesssim \begin{pmatrix} 660 \\ 1100 \end{pmatrix}$  singlet like  $h_1^0$  ;  $M_{1/2} \gtrsim \begin{pmatrix} 660 \\ 1100 \end{pmatrix}$  SM-like  $h_1^0$   
 SM-like  $h_2^0$  ; singlet like  $h_2^0$

- ▶ **“Cross-over”**: small mass splitting; similar components; similar couplings

- ▶ **Decays**:  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{SM-like } h_{1,2}^0: b\bar{b} \text{ (70\%); } \text{BR}(h_{1,2}^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \approx \text{BR}^{\text{SM}} \approx 2 \times 10^{-3} \\ \text{Singlet like: } b\bar{b} \text{ and } \tau^+\tau^- \text{ (as well as } h_3^0, a_2^0, h^\pm) \\ \text{Higgs-to-Higgs: possible but NOT typical} \end{array} \right.$

## Explaining LEP?

Back to LEP2: combined results from all Higgs searches ( $e^+ e^- \rightarrow h Z; h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ )

► Observed **excesses**:  $\begin{cases} m_h \sim 115 \text{ GeV} (1.7\sigma) \\ m_h \sim 98 \text{ GeV} (2.3\sigma) \end{cases}$

► Number of **events**  $\sim 10\%$  of  $h^{\text{SM}}$  expected

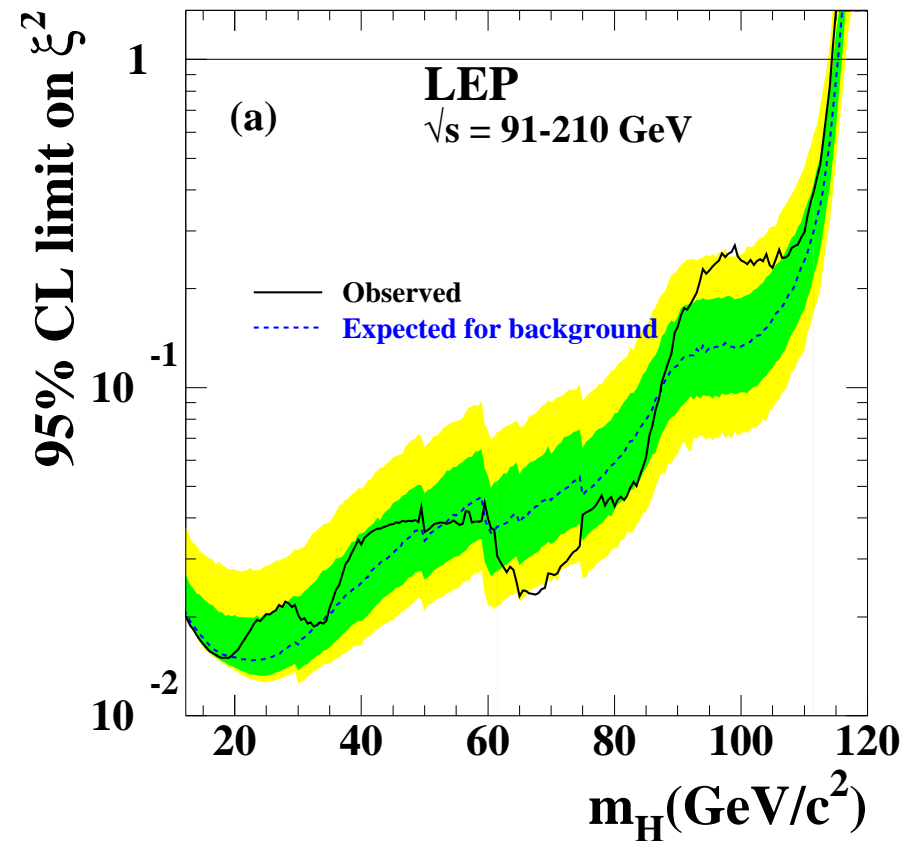
• reduced coupling to SM gauge bosons

$$C_h^V = g_{hZZ} / g_{h^{\text{SM}}ZZ} \approx \mathcal{O}(\sqrt{0.1})$$

•  $C_h^V \sim 1$ , but reduced  $\text{BR}(h \rightarrow b\bar{b})$

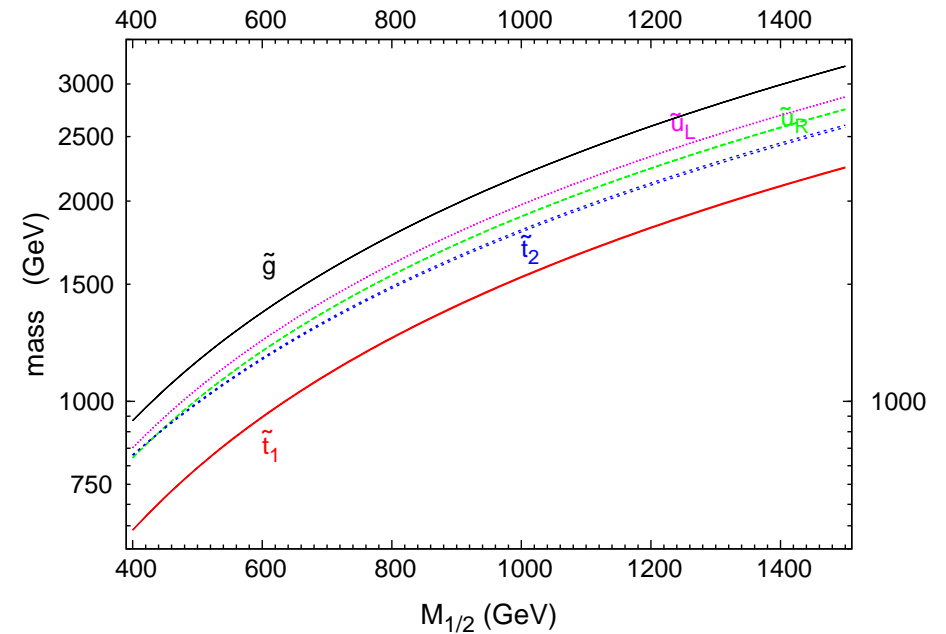
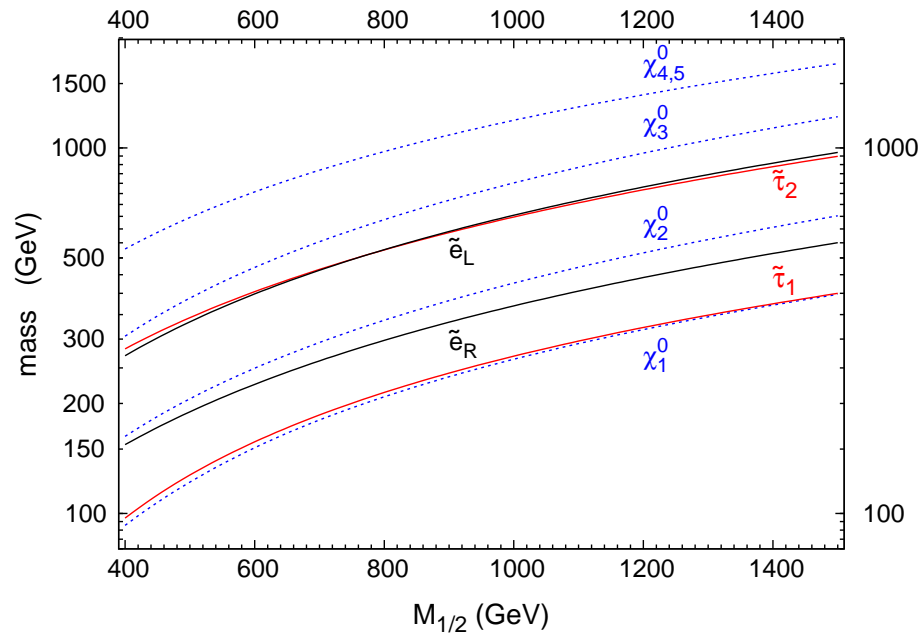
★ **cNMSSM (cross over regions):**

$$97 \text{ GeV} \lesssim m_{h_1^0} \lesssim 101 \text{ GeV}; \quad m_{h_2^0} \approx 117 \text{ GeV}; \quad 0.28 \lesssim |C_{h_1^0}^V| \lesssim 0.33$$



cNMSSM (low  $M_{1/2}$ ): constrained model accounting for LEP!

# Sparticle spectrum



## ► Neutralino sector:

**Singlino LSP** - nearly degenerate with  $\tilde{\tau}_1$

Bino-like  $\chi_2^0$ ; Wino-like  $\chi_3^0$ ; Higgsino-like  $\chi_{4,5}^0$ :  $M_{\chi_{4,5}^0} \approx \mu_{\text{eff}}$

## ► Squarks & gluinos:

**Gluino heavier** than all squarks and sleptons ( $m_0$  is small!)

## cNMSSM at the LHC: sparticle decay chains

- ★  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{q} q \quad (m_{\tilde{g}} \gtrsim m_{\tilde{q}})$
- ★  $\tilde{q} \rightarrow \chi^{0(\pm)} q (q') \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \tilde{q}_L \rightarrow \chi_3^0 q \quad (33\%) \\ \tilde{q}_L \rightarrow \chi_1^\pm q' \quad (66\%) \end{array} \right. \quad \tilde{q}_R \rightarrow \chi_2^0 q$
- ★  $\tilde{l}_L \rightarrow \chi_2^0 l; \quad \tilde{l}_R \rightarrow l \tilde{\tau}_1 \tau (\gtrsim 99\%)$
- ★  $\chi_3^0(\chi_1^\pm) \rightarrow \tilde{l} l^{(\prime)} (\sim 50\%); \quad \chi_3^0(\chi_1^\pm) \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1 \tau, \tilde{\nu}_\tau \nu_\tau (\sim 50\%)$
- ★  $\chi_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1 \tau$

**cNMSSM: Almost all sparticle decay chains contain  $\tilde{\tau}_1$  NLSP !**

- ★  $\tilde{\tau}_1 \rightarrow \chi_1^0 \tau; \quad \text{stable } \chi_1^0$

**cNMSSM: subdominant cascade decays with lepton final states ...**

## cNMSSM “smoking gun”: possibly displaced vertices

cNMSSM: singlino LSP ( $\chi_1^0$ ), mostly right-handed NLSP ( $\tilde{\tau}_1$ )  $\Rightarrow$  **Long-lived  $\tilde{\tau}_1$ !**

$$\Gamma(\tilde{\tau}_1 \rightarrow \chi_1^0 \tau) \approx \lambda^2 \frac{\sqrt{\Delta m^2 - m_\tau^2}}{4\pi m_{\tilde{\tau}_1}} (\alpha \Delta m - \rho m_\tau)$$

$$\Delta m \equiv m_{\tilde{\tau}_1} - m_{\chi_1^0};$$

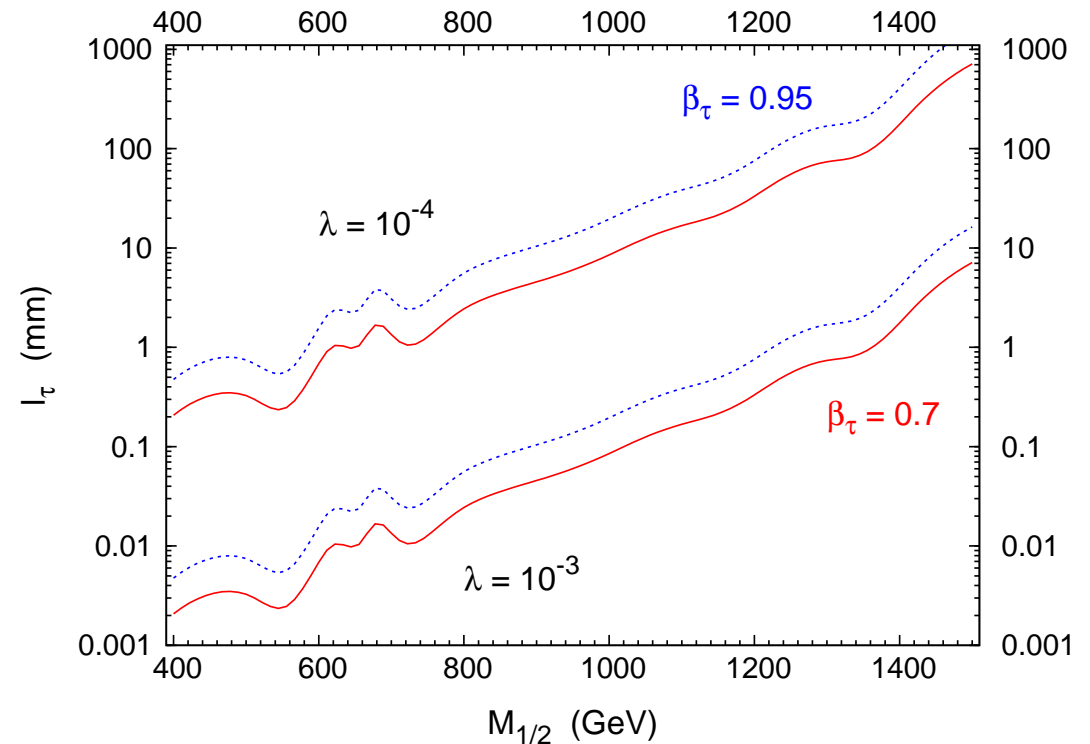
$$\alpha(M_{1/2}), \rho(M_{1/2}) \in [10^{-2}, 10^{-4}]$$

Realistic  $l_{\tilde{\tau}_1}$  in the lab frame

$$\Rightarrow \beta_{\tilde{\tau}_1} = v_{\tilde{\tau}_1}/c \quad (\tilde{\tau}_1 \text{ production})$$

$$l_{\tilde{\tau}_1} = \frac{\hbar c}{\Gamma(\tilde{\tau}_1 \rightarrow \chi_1^0 \tau)} \sqrt{\frac{\beta_{\tilde{\tau}_1}^2}{1 - \beta_{\tilde{\tau}_1}^2}}$$

GMSB ATLAS studies:  $\beta_{\tilde{\tau}_1} \gtrsim 0.7$



cNMSSM:  $\tilde{\tau}_1$  length of flight  $\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{O}(\text{few centimeters})$

# cNMSSM prospects for the LHC

dominant **production**  $\rightsquigarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{g}, \tilde{q}\tilde{q}$  and  $\tilde{q}\tilde{q}^*$

## Sparticle production:

**Low**  $M_{1/2}$  **regime:**  $\sigma \sim 0.5$  pb

$\mathcal{L} = 100 \text{ pb}^{-1} \Rightarrow 10^4 - 10^5$  events

**Simplest decay cascade:**  $\tilde{q}_R \rightarrow \chi_2^0 q; \quad \chi_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1 \tau; \quad \tilde{\tau}_1 \rightarrow \chi_1^0 \tau$

3 jets /  $\tilde{q}_R$  (one hard quark + 2  $\tau$  jets) & long lived  $\tilde{\tau}_1$

$\Rightarrow$  **complicated measurements of sparticle spectra**

$h_{1,2}^{\text{SM-like}} \rightsquigarrow$  gluon-gluon & vector boson fusion  $h_{1,2} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

## Higgs production:

**heavier Higgses**  $\rightsquigarrow$  associated  $b\bar{b}$  ( $tb$ ) low  $M_{1/2}$

**singlet-like**  $\rightsquigarrow$  inaccessible

**Higgs cross-over region:** two nearly **degenerate, same couplings** states

sum behaves as **ONE SM Higgs** - resolve  $\gamma\gamma$  peak?

## Concluding remarks & outlook

- ▶ Why the NMSSM?? **simple** and very attractive **SUSY extension** of the SM

A lot of work to be done (especially experimental simulations)!

- ▶ cNMSSM allowed parameter space: described by **ONE parameter!**

Very low  $m_0$ , small  $A_0$  values, and  $M_{1/2} \lesssim 1$  TeV;  $\tan\beta \sim 30$

Satisfy observed Higgs excesses at LEP and  $(g-2)_\mu$  deviation from SM

- ▶ cNMSSM - different spectra from cMSSM!

$m_{\tilde{g}} \gtrsim m_{\tilde{q}}$ ;  $\tilde{\tau}_1$  in **all** decay **cascades** (possibly long lived)

- ▶ **Dark matter** detection prospects: well below experimental capabilities ...

- ▶ **Testable** at LHC, but **ILC required** for precision measurements



**Additional slides**

# NMSSM: $\tilde{\chi}^0$ and scalar Higgs mass matrices

## CP-even Higgs

$$\mathcal{M}_{S,11}^2 = M_Z^2 \cos^2 \beta + \lambda s \tan \beta (A_\lambda + \kappa s)$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{S,22}^2 = M_Z^2 \sin^2 \beta + \lambda s \cot \beta (A_\lambda + \kappa s)$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{S,33}^2 = 4\kappa^2 s^2 + \kappa A_\lambda s + \frac{\lambda}{s} A_\lambda v_1 v_2$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{S,12}^2 = \left( \lambda^2 v^2 - \frac{M_Z^2}{2} \right) \sin 2\beta - \lambda s (A_\lambda + \kappa s)$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{S,13}^2 = 2\lambda^2 v_1 s - \lambda v_2 (A_\lambda + 2\kappa s)$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{S,23}^2 = 2\lambda^2 v_2 s - \lambda v_1 (A_\lambda + 2\kappa s)$$

$$h_a^0 = S_{ab} H_b^0$$

## CP-odd Higgs

$$\mathcal{M}_{P,11}^2 = \frac{2\lambda s}{\sin 2\beta} (\kappa s + A_\lambda)$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{P,22}^2 = \lambda \left( 2\kappa + \frac{A_\lambda}{2s} \right) v^2 \sin 2\beta - 3\kappa A_\lambda s$$

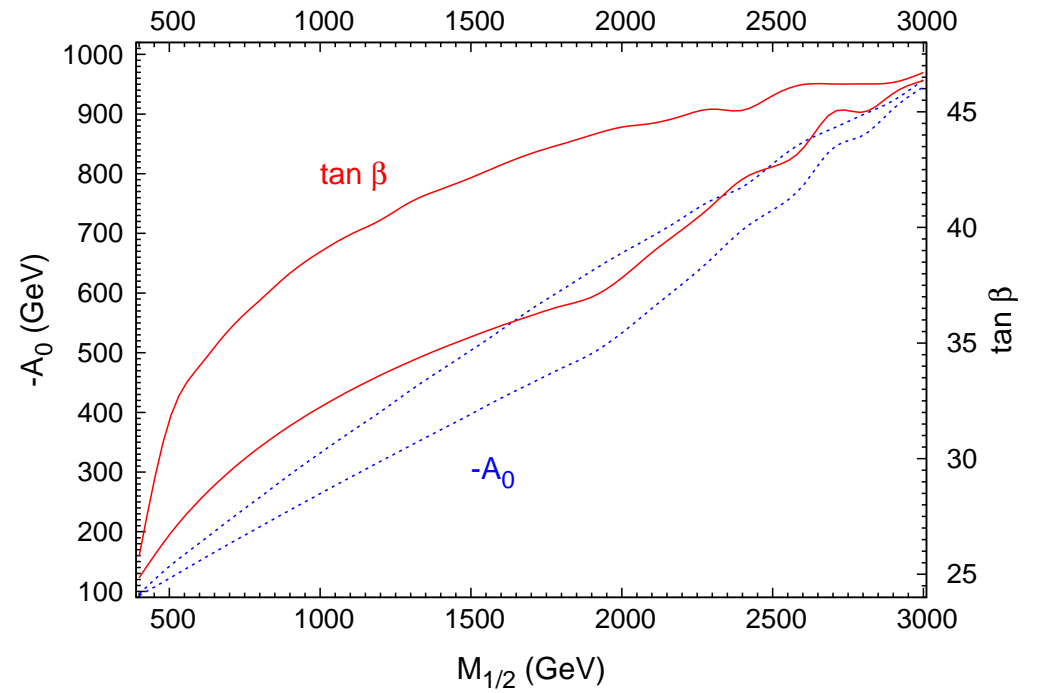
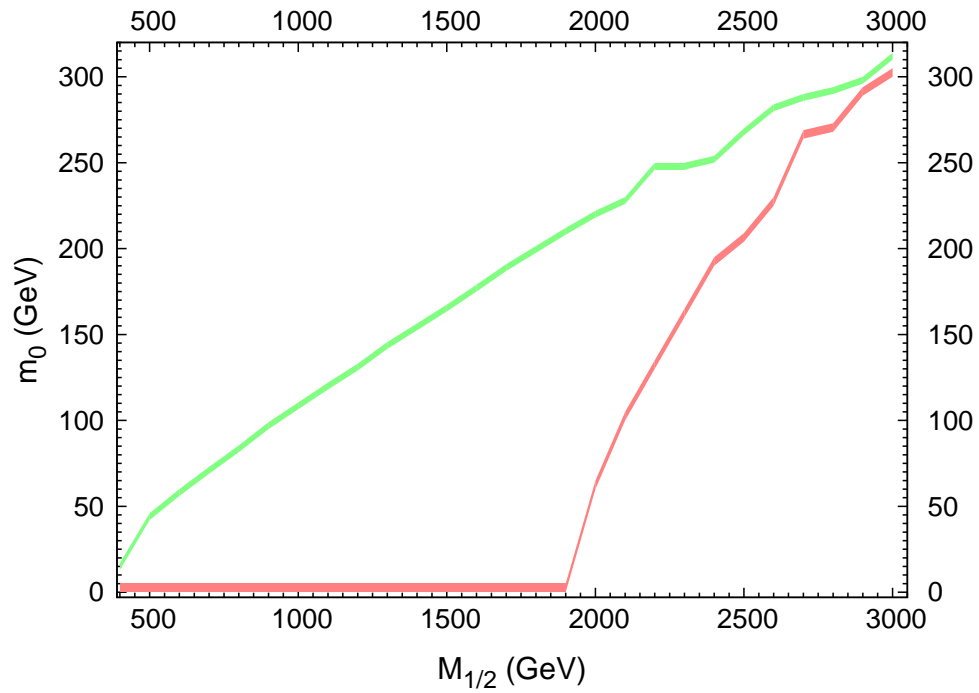
$$\mathcal{M}_{P,12}^2 = \lambda v (A_\lambda - 2\kappa s)$$

$$a_i^0 = P_{ij} P_j^0$$

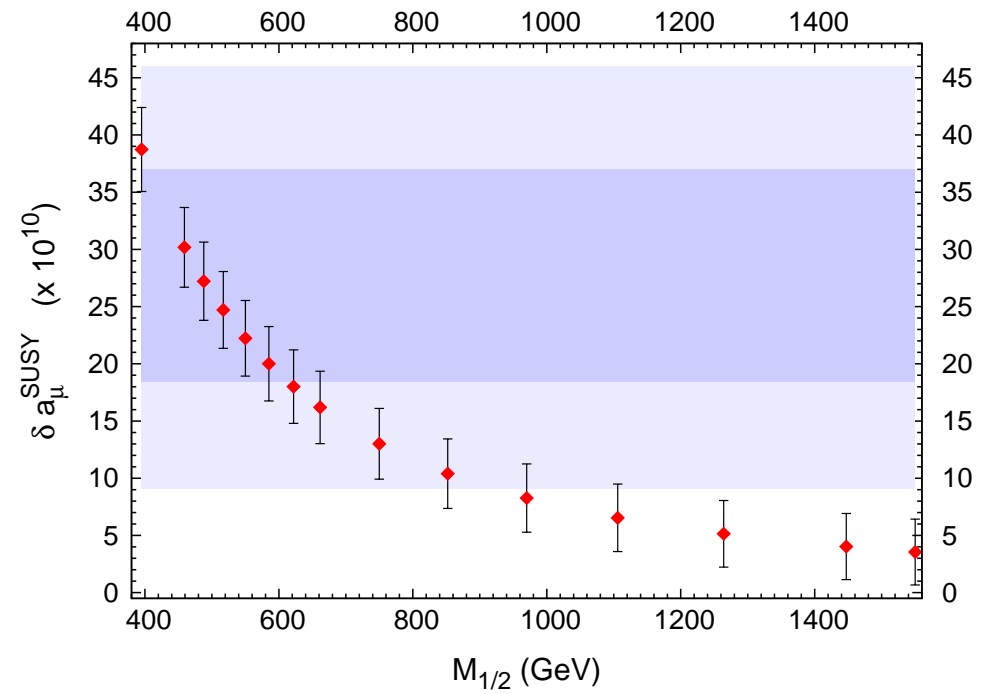
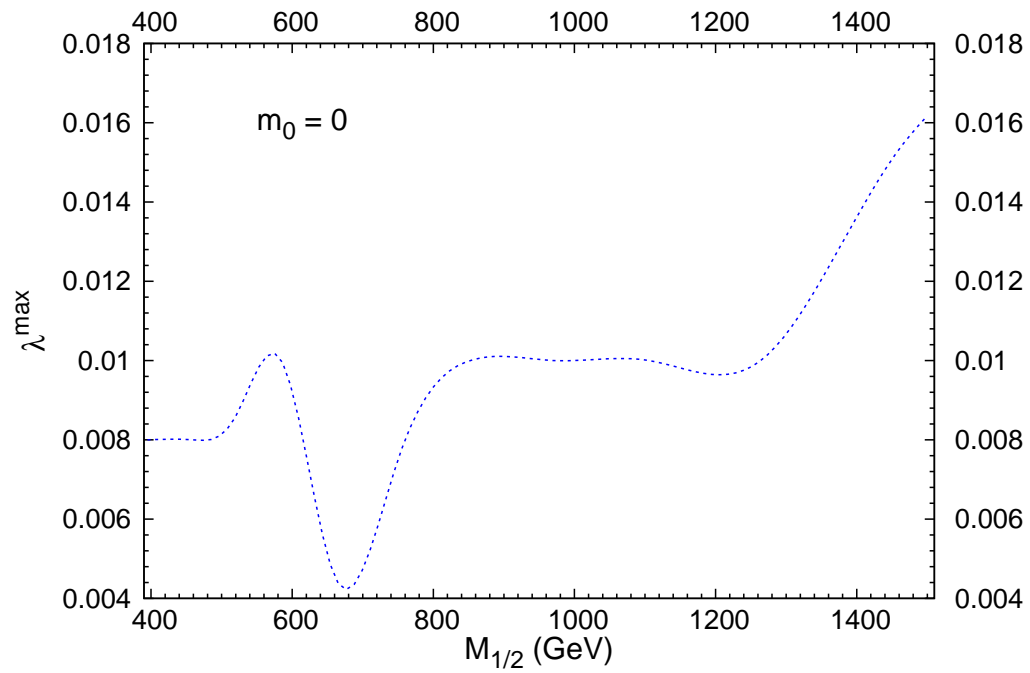
## Neutralino Sector

$$\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\chi}^0} = \begin{pmatrix} M_1 & 0 & -M_Z \sin \theta_W \cos \beta & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & M_2 & M_Z \cos \theta_W \cos \beta & 0 & 0 \\ -M_Z \sin \theta_W \cos \beta & M_Z \cos \theta_W \cos \beta & 0 & -\lambda s & -\lambda v_2 \\ M_Z \sin \theta_W \sin \beta & -M_Z \cos \theta_W \sin \beta & -\lambda s & 0 & -\lambda v_1 \\ 0 & 0 & -\lambda v_2 & -\lambda v_1 & 2\kappa s \end{pmatrix}$$

# Ranges



## Additional phenomenology



# Tables: Spectra

|                          | P1   | P2   |
|--------------------------|------|------|
| $M_{1/2}$ (GeV)          | 500  | 1000 |
| $m_0$ (GeV)              | 0    | 0    |
| $A_0$ (GeV)              | -122 | -263 |
| $\tan \beta$             | 26.7 | 32.2 |
| $\mu_{\text{eff}}$ (GeV) | 640  | 1185 |
| $M_2$ (GeV)              | 390  | 790  |
| $m_{h_1^0}$ (GeV)        | 86   | 119  |
| $m_{h_2^0}$ (GeV)        | 116  | 187  |
| $m_{h_3^0}$ (GeV)        | 610  | 1073 |
| $m_{a_1^0}$ (GeV)        | 149  | 323  |

|                            | P1   | P2   |
|----------------------------|------|------|
| $M_{1/2}$ (GeV)            | 500  | 1000 |
| $m_{\chi_1^0}$ (GeV)       | 122  | 264  |
| $m_{\chi_2^0}$ (GeV)       | 206  | 427  |
| $m_{\chi_3^0}$ (GeV)       | 388  | 802  |
| $m_{\chi_{4,5}^0}$ (GeV)   | 645  | 1190 |
| $m_{\chi_1^\pm}$ (GeV)     | 388  | 801  |
| $m_{\chi_2^\pm}$ (GeV)     | 658  | 1198 |
| $m_{\tilde{g}}$ (GeV)      | 1150 | 2187 |
| $m_{\tilde{u}_L}$ (GeV)    | 1044 | 1973 |
| $m_{\tilde{u}_R}$ (GeV)    | 1007 | 1895 |
| $m_{\tilde{t}_1}$ (GeV)    | 795  | 1539 |
| $m_{\tilde{t}_2}$ (GeV)    | 997  | 1810 |
| $m_{\tilde{b}_1}$ (GeV)    | 931  | 1760 |
| $m_{\tilde{b}_2}$ (GeV)    | 983  | 1817 |
| $m_{\tilde{e}_L}$ (GeV)    | 334  | 654  |
| $m_{\tilde{e}_R}$ (GeV)    | 190  | 370  |
| $m_{\tilde{\nu}_l}$ (GeV)  | 325  | 650  |
| $m_{\tilde{\tau}_1}$ (GeV) | 127  | 269  |
| $m_{\tilde{\tau}_2}$ (GeV) | 343  | 647  |
| $m_{\tilde{\nu}_T}$ (GeV)  | 318  | 631  |

|                            | P1'  | P2'  |
|----------------------------|------|------|
| $M_{1/2}$ (GeV)            | 500  | 1000 |
| $m_0$ (GeV)                | 40   | 107  |
| $A_0$ (GeV)                | -137 | -327 |
| $\tan \beta$               | 30.2 | 38.4 |
| $\mu_{\text{eff}}$ (GeV)   | 642  | 1192 |
| $M_2$ (GeV)                | 390  | 791  |
| $m_{h_1^0}$ (GeV)          | 64   | 116  |
| $m_{h_2^0}$ (GeV)          | 116  | 127  |
| $m_{h_3^0}$ (GeV)          | 588  | 989  |
| $m_{a_1^0}$ (GeV)          | 149  | 333  |
| $m_{\chi_1^0}$ (GeV)       | 107  | 226  |
| $m_{\tilde{\tau}_1}$ (GeV) | 112  | 235  |

## Tables: Production and Decays

| $\sigma$ (pb)                     | P1                    | P2                    |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| $\tilde{g} \tilde{g}$             | $9.5 \times 10^{-2}$  | $2.14 \times 10^{-4}$ |
| $\tilde{g} \tilde{q}$             | 0.668                 | $4.28 \times 10^{-3}$ |
| $\tilde{q} \tilde{q}$             | 0.436                 | $9.21 \times 10^{-3}$ |
| $\tilde{q} \tilde{q}^*$           | 0.221                 | $1.64 \times 10^{-3}$ |
| $\tilde{t}_1 \tilde{t}_1^*$       | $3.69 \times 10^{-2}$ | $2.63 \times 10^{-4}$ |
| $\tilde{l}_L \tilde{l}_L^*$       | $3.4 \times 10^{-3}$  | $1.62 \times 10^{-3}$ |
| $\tilde{l}_R \tilde{l}_R^*$       | $1.17 \times 10^{-2}$ | $8.87 \times 10^{-4}$ |
| $\tilde{\nu}_l \tilde{\nu}_l^*$   | $3.58 \times 10^{-3}$ | $1.53 \times 10^{-4}$ |
| $\tilde{\tau}_1 \tilde{\tau}_1^*$ | $4.8 \times 10^{-2}$  | $3.46 \times 10^{-3}$ |
| $\chi_2^0 \chi_2^0$               | $1.1 \times 10^{-3}$  | $6.22 \times 10^{-5}$ |
| $\chi_2^0 \chi_3^0$               | $1.73 \times 10^{-4}$ | $8.67 \times 10^{-6}$ |
| $\chi_2^0 \chi_1^\pm$             | $5.37 \times 10^{-4}$ | $6.53 \times 10^{-5}$ |
| $\chi_3^0 \chi_3^0$               | $1.79 \times 10^{-3}$ | $5.74 \times 10^{-5}$ |
| $\chi_3^0 \chi_1^\pm$             | $6.51 \times 10^{-2}$ | $7.49 \times 10^{-3}$ |
| $\chi_1^+ \chi_1^-$               | $3.53 \times 10^{-2}$ | $1.17 \times 10^{-3}$ |

| BR (%)   | P1           | P2           |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{q}_L \bar{q}$      | 17.7         | 14.4         |
| $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{q}_R \bar{q}$      | 33.6         | 27.5         |
| $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{b}_1 \bar{b}$      | 16.5         | 12.8         |
| $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{b}_2 \bar{b}$      | 10.9         | 10.3         |
| $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 \bar{t}$      | 21.2         | 22.4         |
| $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}_2 \bar{t}$      | –            | 12.5         |
| $\tilde{q}_L \rightarrow \chi_3^0 q$             | 31.7         | 32.3         |
| $\tilde{q}_L \rightarrow \chi_1^\pm q'$          | 62.7         | 64.3         |
| $\tilde{q}_R \rightarrow \chi_2^0 q$             | 99.7         | 99.9         |
| $\tilde{l}_L \rightarrow \chi_2^0 l$             | 100          | 100          |
| $\tilde{l}_R \rightarrow l \tilde{\tau}_1 \tau$  | $\gtrsim 95$ | $\gtrsim 99$ |
| $\tilde{\nu}_l \rightarrow \chi_2^0 \nu_l$       | 100          | 100          |
| $\tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow \chi_2^0 \nu_\tau$ | 13.8         | 6.8          |
| $\tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1 W$  | 86.2         | 93.2         |

| BR (%)   | P1   | P2   |
|--|------|------|
| $\chi_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1 \tau$       | 88.3 | 74.3 |
| $\chi_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{l}_R l$             | 11.7 | 25.7 |
| $\chi_3^0 \rightarrow \tilde{l}_L l$             | 22.1 | 28.4 |
| $\chi_3^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_l \nu_l$       | 27.1 | 29.2 |
| $\chi_3^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1 \tau$       | 24.9 | 8.8  |
| $\chi_3^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_2 \tau$       | 6.9  | 14.8 |
| $\chi_3^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau \nu_\tau$ | 16.9 | 18.3 |
| $\chi_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_l l$         | 29.3 | 29.9 |
| $\chi_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{l} \nu_l$         | 20.8 | 27.8 |
| $\chi_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau \tau$   | 18.4 | 18.9 |
| $\chi_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_1 \nu_\tau$ | 24   | 8.7  |
| $\chi_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}_2 \nu_\tau$ | –    | 14.3 |