The Canadian Hydrogen Intensity Mapping Experiment

Kevin Bandura West Virginia University



Overview

- CHIME Goals
- CHIME (Canadian Hydrogen Intensity Mapping Experiment) Design
 - Cylinder Structure
 - Analog electronics design
 - Digital electronics design
- Challenges
 - Calibration
 - Stability
 - Beam
 - RFI
- CHIME FRB
- CHORD



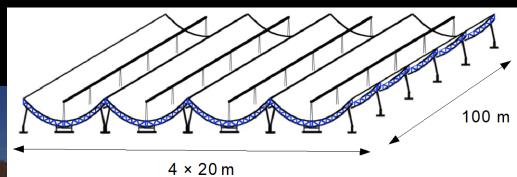
- Drift scan = 1/2 sky daily, Due to actual N-S beam
- 400-800MHz band, 0.8 < z < 2.5 (for 21cm)
- •390kHz frequency resolution, 24kHz (16x) for FRB
- 13'-26' spatial resolution, (5-10 min observing time)

CHIME

The Canadian Hydrogen Intensity Mapping Experiment



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Due to actual N-S beam
400-800MHz band
0.8 < z < 2.5 (for 21cm)
390kHz frequency resolution
24kHz (16x) for FRB
13'-26' spatial resolution
(5-10 min observing time)



•BAO scale to <10% • w_o to ±0.05 (w_o ~ 1) • w_a to ±0.2 (w_a ~ 0)

Cylinder Telescopes

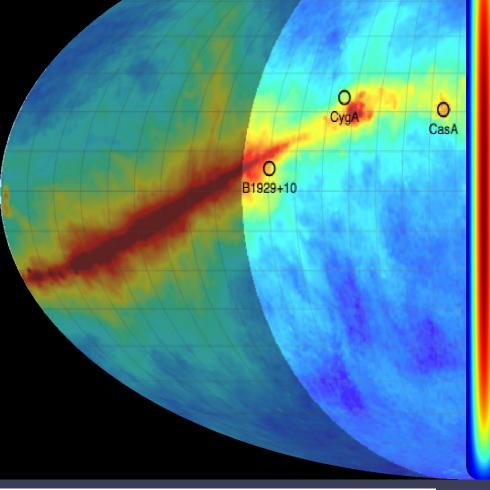


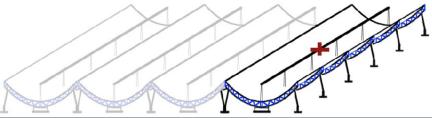


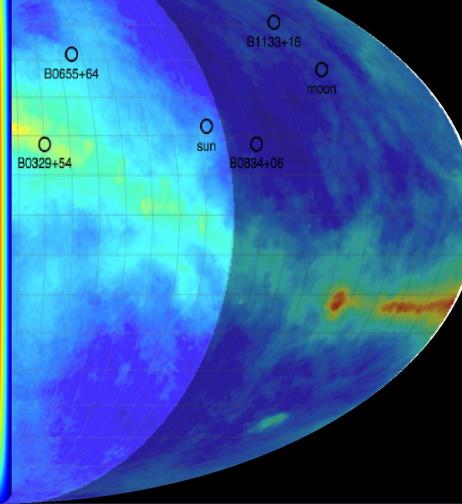


UTMOST, Australia, Built ~1960 Recently upgraded

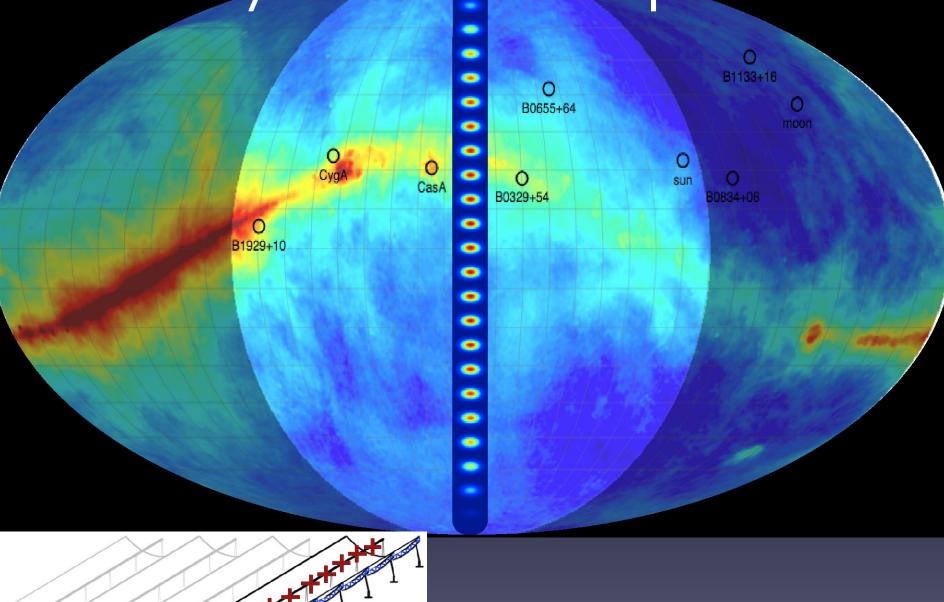
Cylinder Antenna



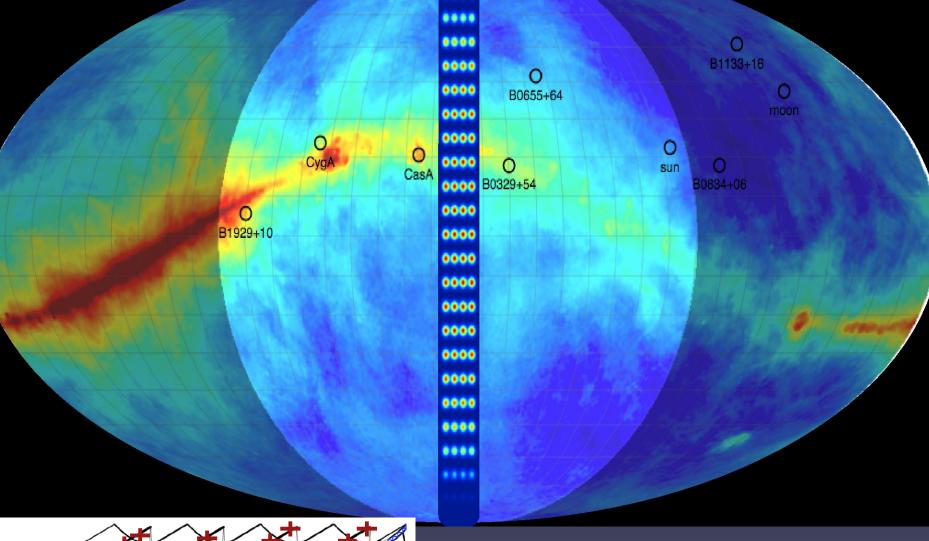


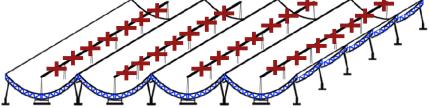


Cylinder Telescope

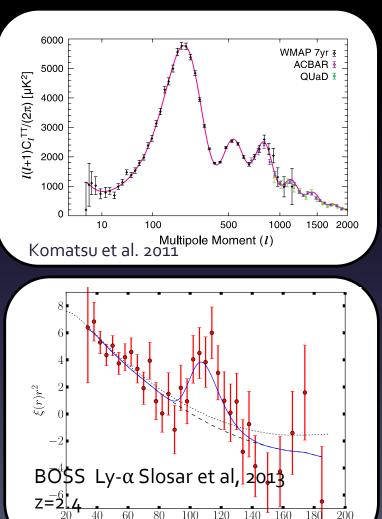


Cylinder Telescope

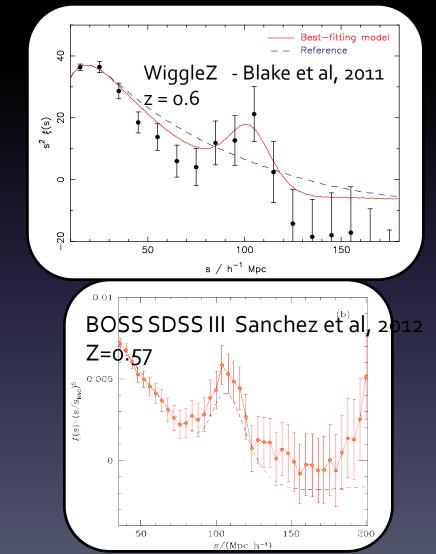




Baryon Acoustic Oscillations as Dark Energy Probe

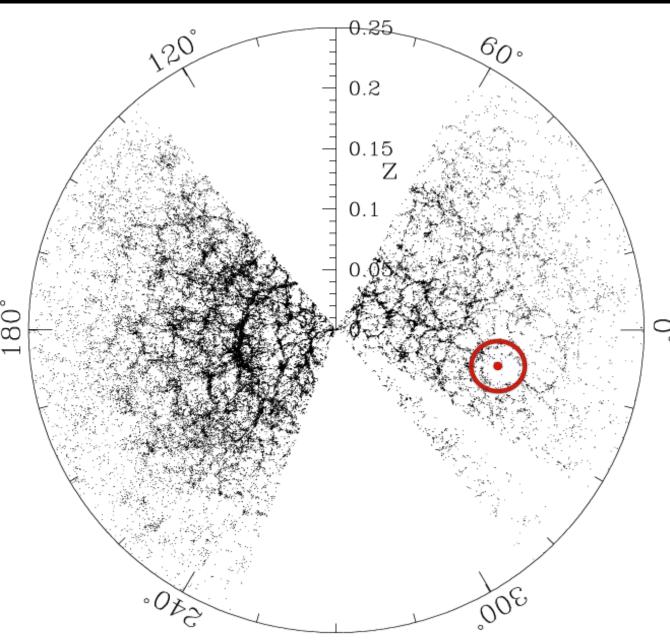


r[Mpc/h]



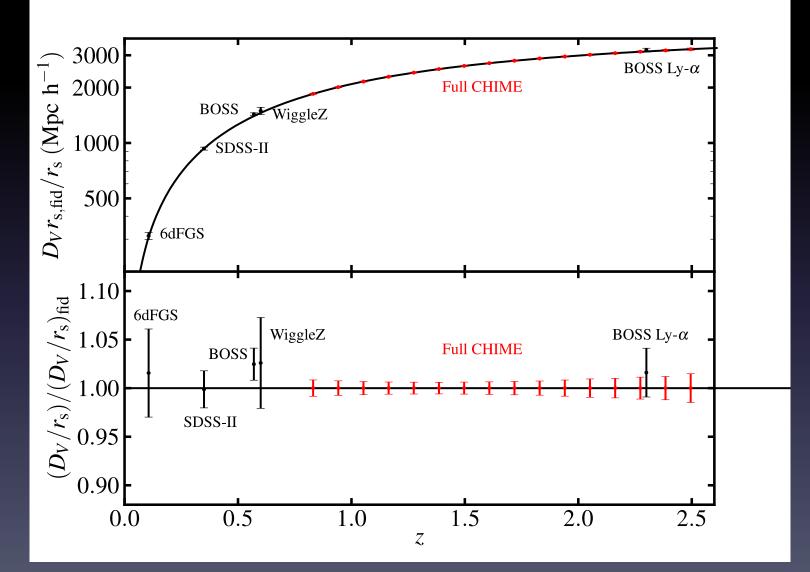
Galaxy Surveys vs. Intensity Mapping

- Galaxy Surveys (SDSS shown)
- Lack of spectral lines from redshift 1-2.
- Galaxy surveys are expensive
- Intensity Mapping:
 - Resolve only largest Scales
 - Still Need Redshift information -> 21cm
 - Until recently Neutral Hydrogen not measured to high redshift
 - Has been detected at Green Bank z=0.8



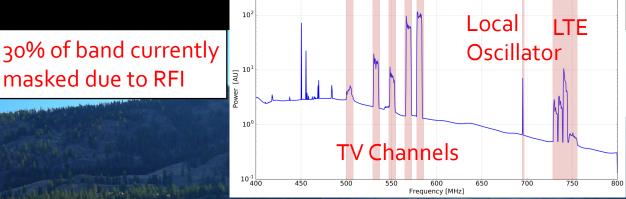
Blanton et al. (2003)

Forecasted Sensitivity



CHIME Site

masked due to RFI



CHIME Pathfinder

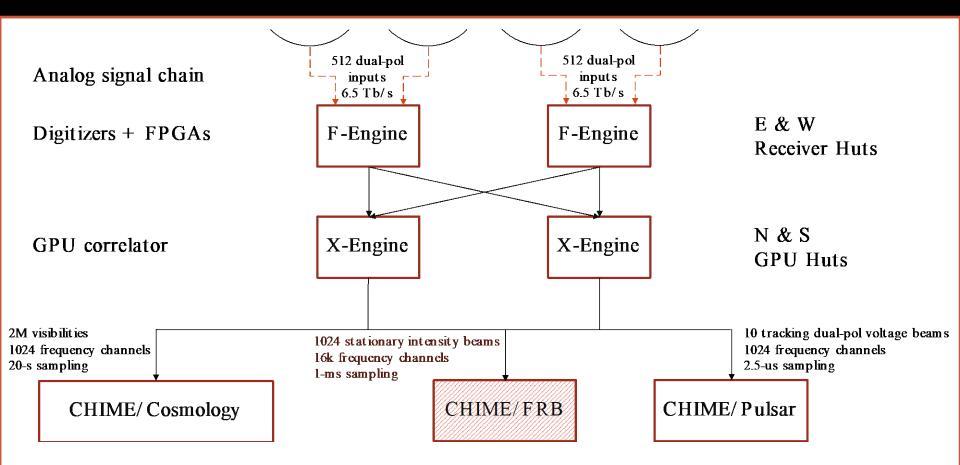


Photo: The CHIME Collaboration

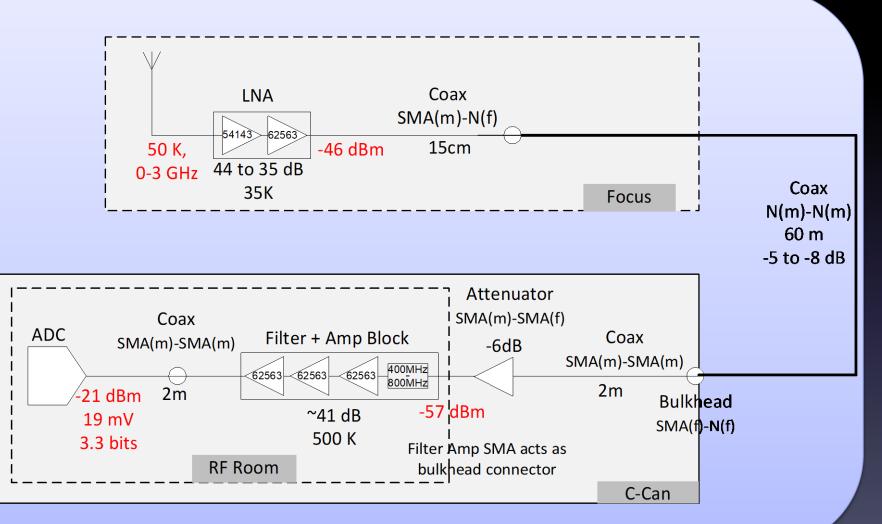
Dominion Radio Astrophysical Observatory (DRAO) •

- Penticton, BC
- Legally Protected Valley

CHIME System



Analog System Overview



Antenna

45

0

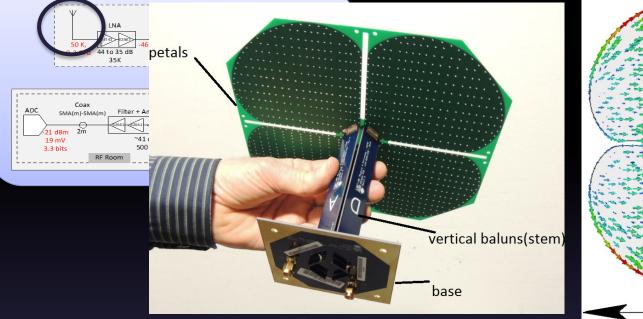
0.4GHz

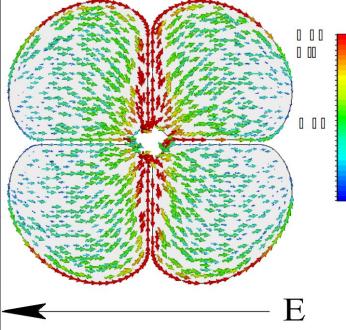
0.5GHz

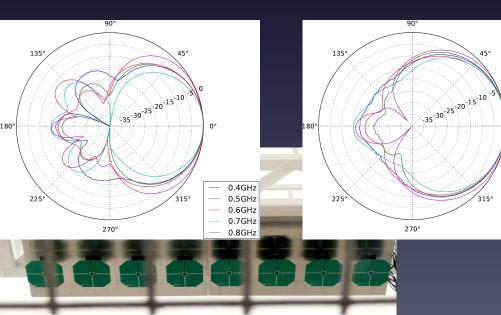
0.6GHz

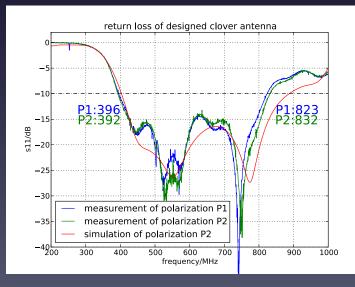
0.7GHz

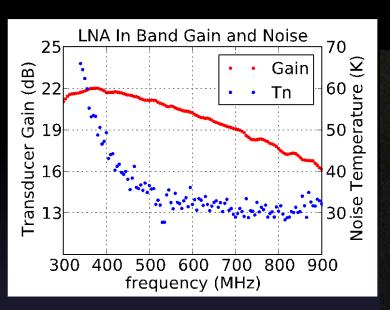
0.8GHz





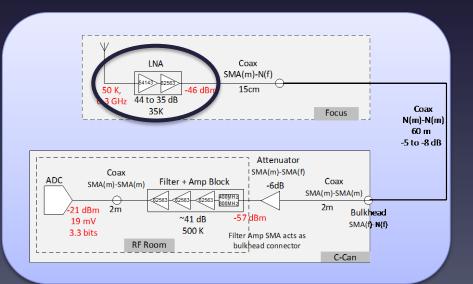






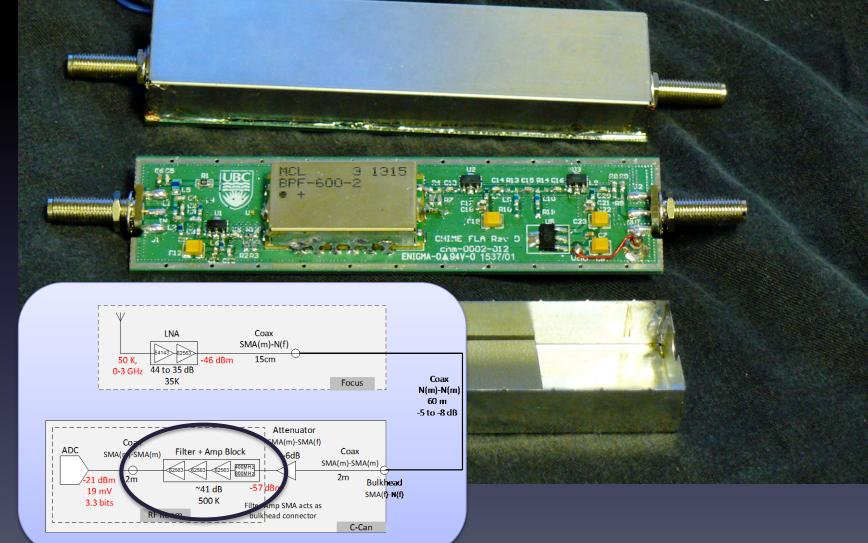
LNA





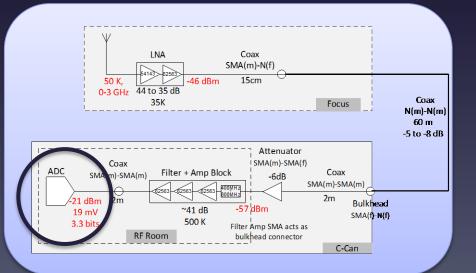
Filter+Amp

Additional 4odb gain+filtering



ADC





Correlator F-Engine

Two Gbit Ethernet

Digital signals come in/out the back

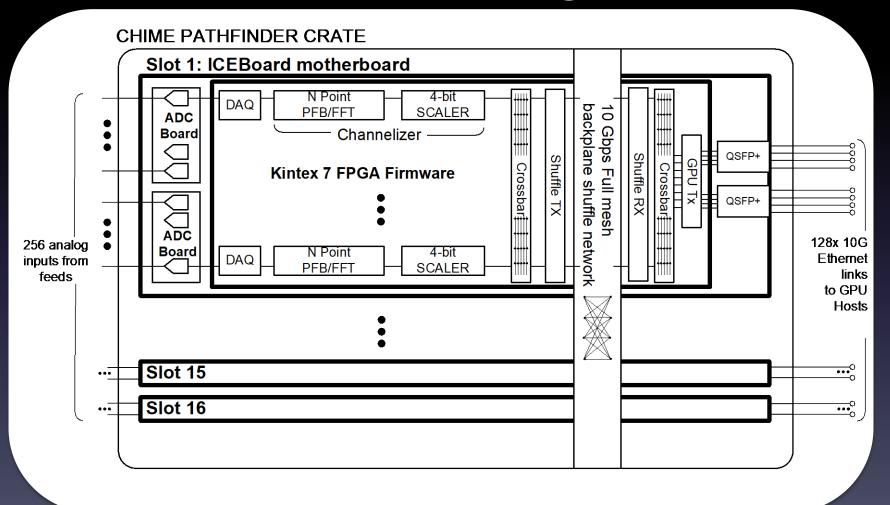
Custom Backplane Power, clock, timestamp Board inter-connect



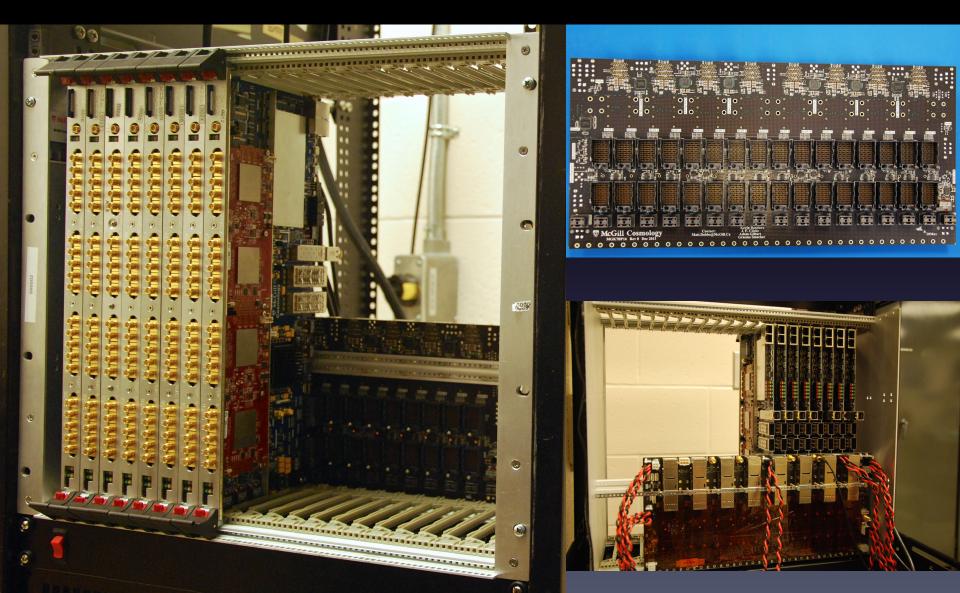
Two FMC Mezzanines

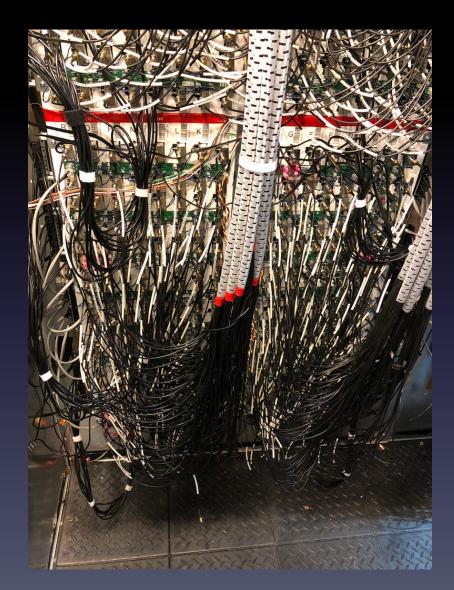
ICE System

Correlator F-Engine and Networking



FPGA Crate





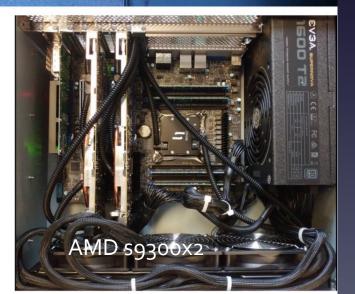


Correlator – X Engine

GRU

Pathfinder: 13T complex MAC/s CHIME: 840 TcMAC/s FRB FFT BeamformerPulsar Beamformer





History and Current Status

- September 7, 2017: First light ceremony
- September 2018: Reached full capacity
 - Compression through averaging redundant baselines.
 - Have had ~75% uptime
- Ongoing:
 - RFI, calibration, systematics
 - Foreground removal
 - Without beam model
 - Attempts at SVD in Frequency-Pixel
 - Quazar cross-correlation

CHIME/FRB Detections

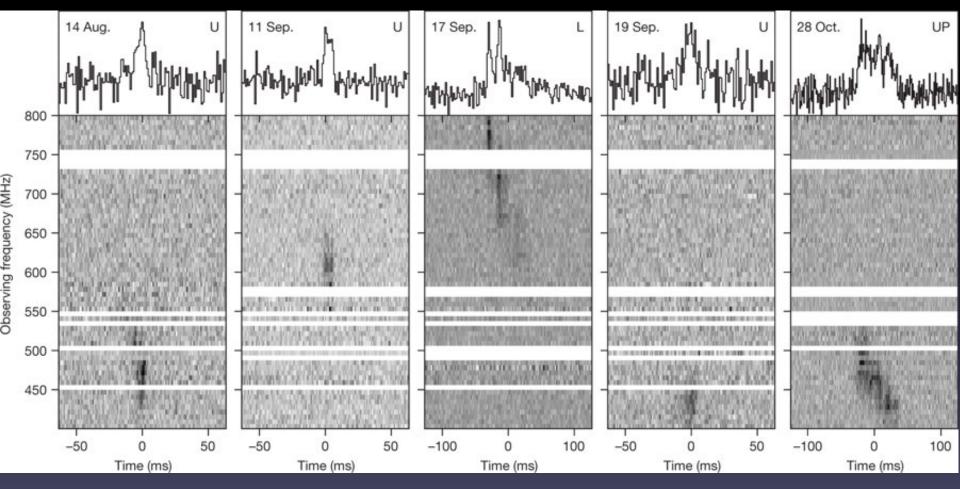


600 500 400

> -40-20 0 Time (ms)

20 40 13 New FRBs with emission detected down to 400MHz (CHIME/FRB Nature 2019)

CHIME/FRB Detections

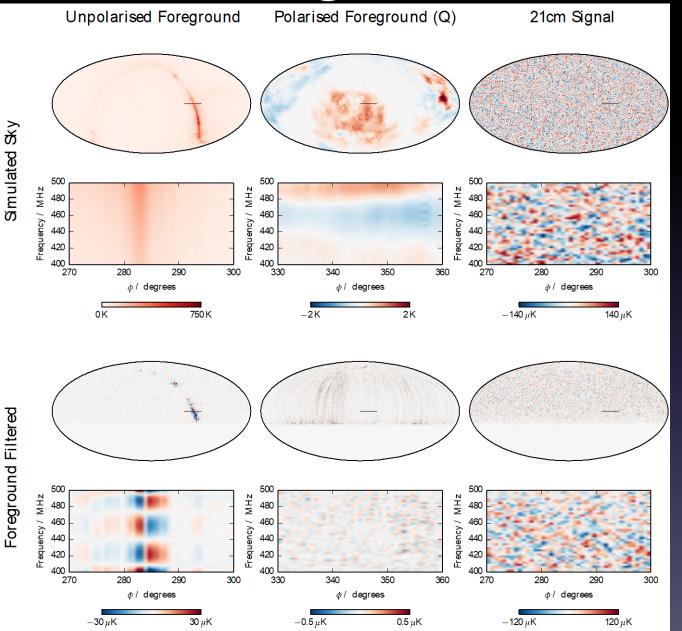


Repeating FRB 180814.Jo422+73 with emission detected down to 400MHz DM 189 pc/cm3 (CHIME/FRB Nature 2019)

CHIME Challenges

- Calibration for Spherical Harmonic KL transform technique
 - Need to know Gains to ~0.3% amplitude and
 ~0.003 Radian phase.
 - Beams to 0.1%

Foreground Removal

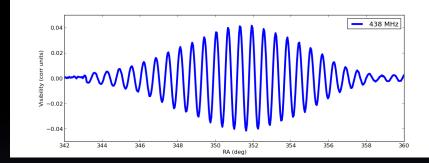


Need to know Gains to ~0.3% amplitude and ~0.003 Radian phase. Beams to 0.1%

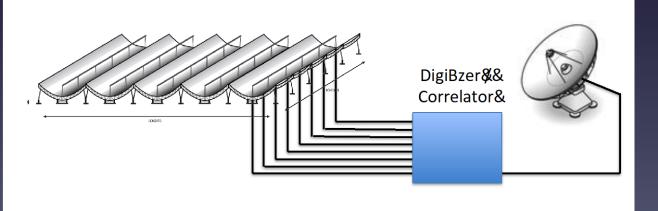
Shaw et al. 2014

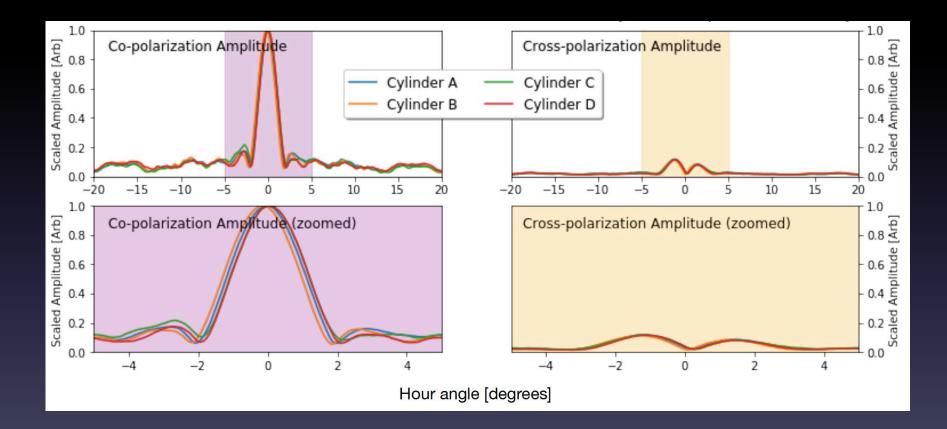
Holography Beam Calibration

- Source Holography to map out Telescope Beams
 - Track with DRAO 26m and correlate
- Pulsar Polarization
 Calibration



26m and CHIME pathfinder fringes as Cassiopeia A passes overhead

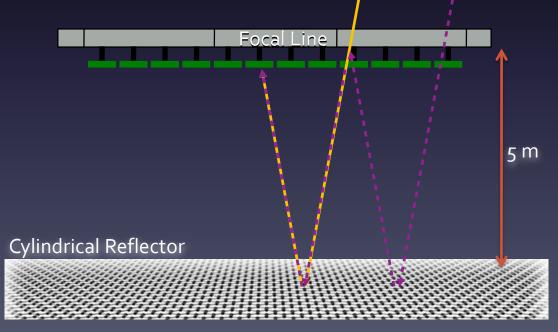




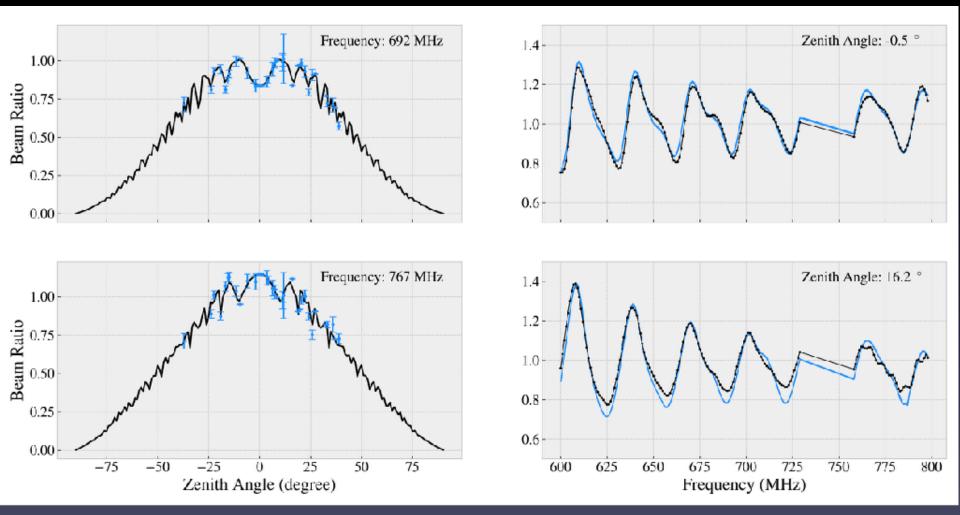
717MHz measurement of Y polarization beam using Cygnus A

Cylinder Beam N-S direction

- Model coupling as a function of frequency and position
- Fit to bright radio sources



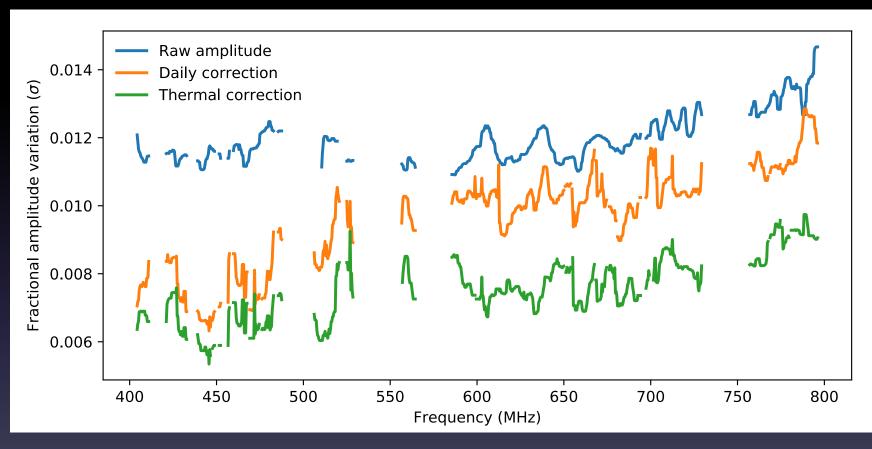
Cylinder Beam



Beam as a function of angle

Beam as a function of frequency

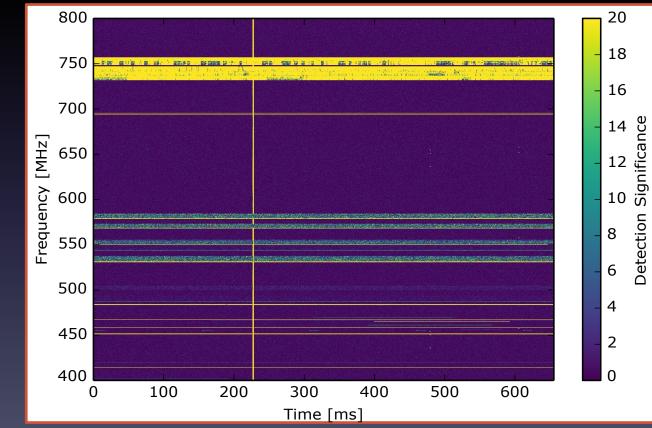
Gain Calibration



Instrument common-mode stability

RFI mitigation

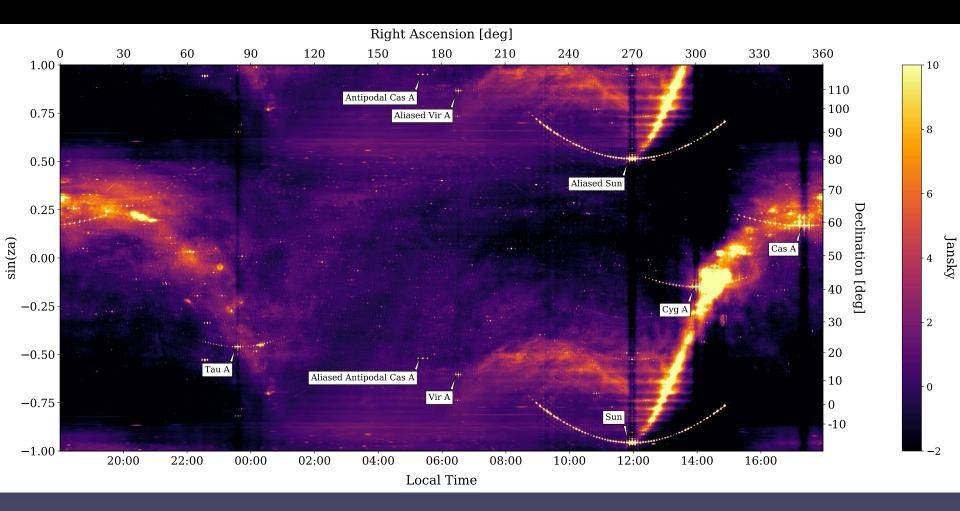
• Spectral Kurtosis Based RFI Mitigation for



Taylor et. al. 2018 https://arxiv.org/pdf/1808.10365.pdf

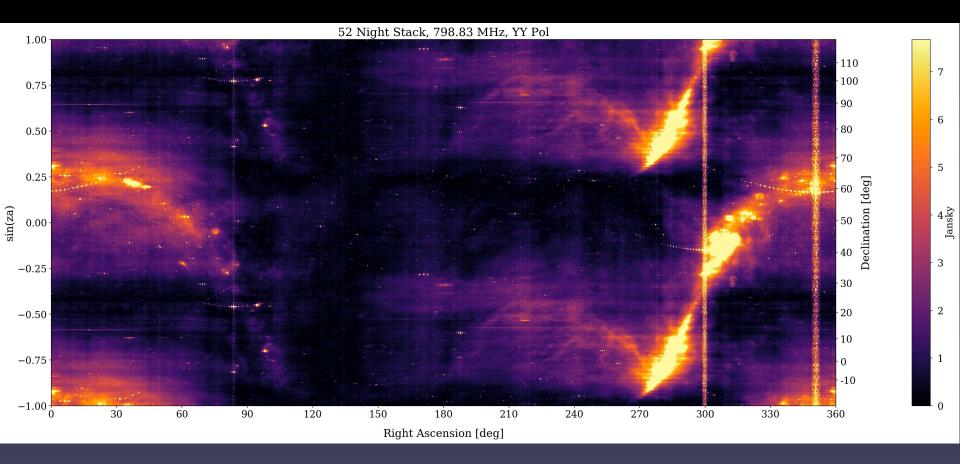
CHIME

Single Day Sky Map



Dirty map. 670MHz, YY polarization

52 Night Stack



CHORD

- 512 CORE 6m dishes
- 64 dishes per outrigger station

— 2 Stations

- 300MHz 1500MHz
- FRB Localization
- 21cm Mapping

Summary

- Path Toward BAO Measurement
- CHIME (Canadian Hydrogen Intensity Mapping Experiment) Design
 - Cylinder Structure
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- Challenges
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- CHIME FRB
- CHORD



a collaboration between



THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH **COLUMBIA**











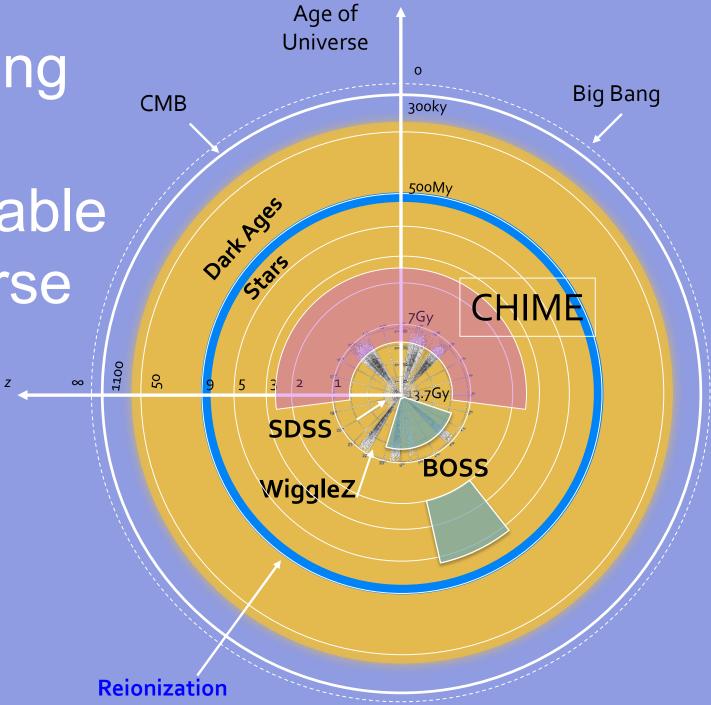
Dominion Radio Astrophysical **Observatory**



Massachusetts Institute of Technology

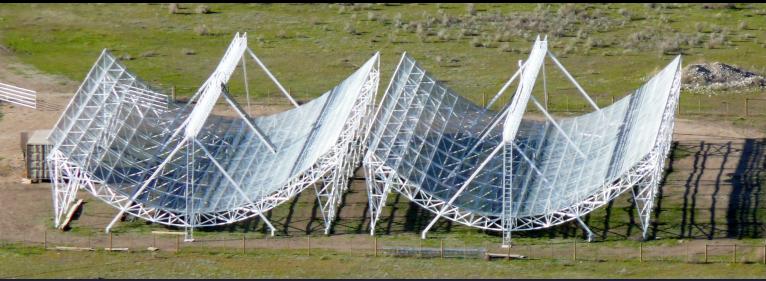
Mapping the Observable Universe

CHIME will: • survey BAO with 21cm • measure the growth of space • redshift 0.8<z<2.5 • over a volume of ~200 comoving Gpc³



The CHIME Pathfinder

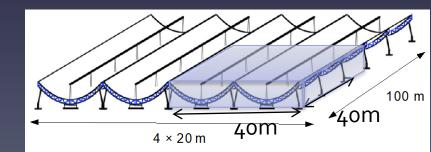
"an end-to-end hardware, calibration, foreground suppression, and data analysis proof-ofconcept for CHIME"



- 64 dual-pol antennas per cylinder (256 total analog signals)
 - 100's Gpc³ Survey volume
- Initial data began in 2013
- Test CHIME hardware
- Test Calibration Techniques
- Test Foreground Removal
- Preliminary BAO Measurement

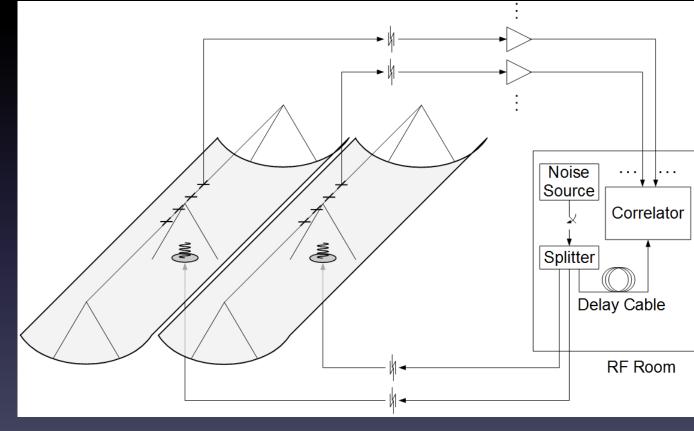
CHIME

- 4 cylinders 20m by 100m (100x100m total)
- 1024 dual-pol antennas

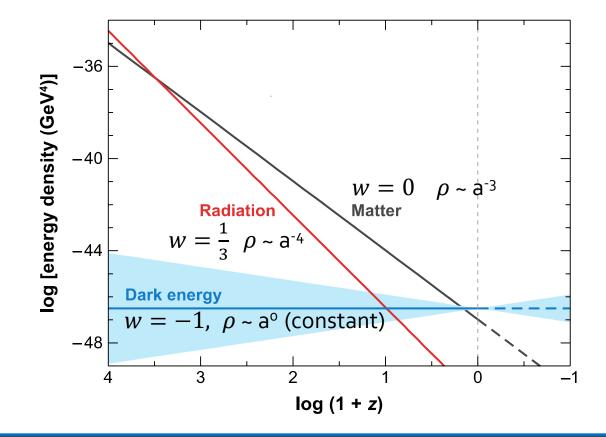


Gain Calibration

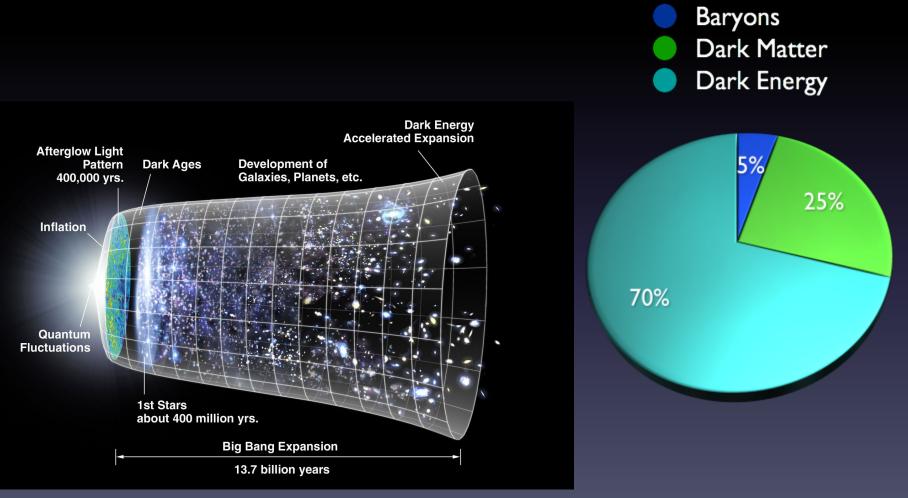
- Broadband
 Injected Signal
- Measured by Correlator
- Thermal Model



ACDM Cosmology

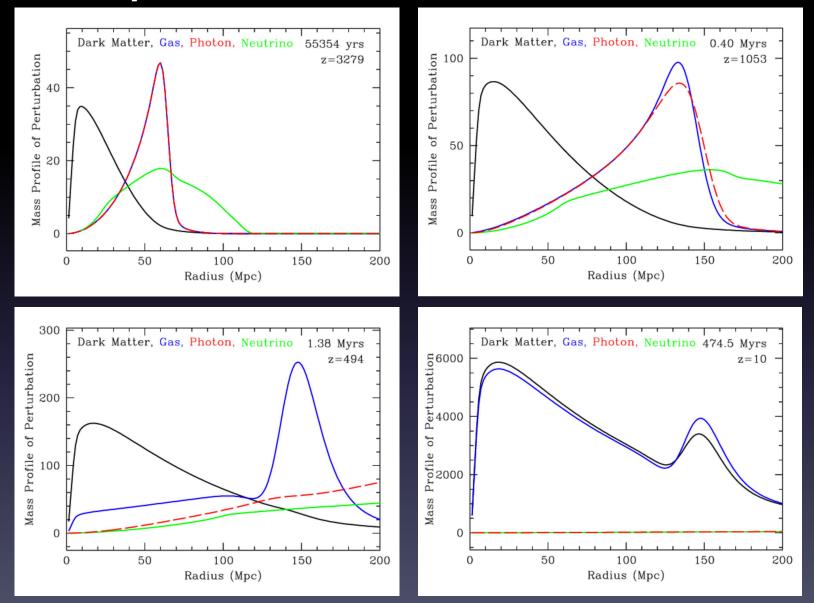


ACDM Cosmology



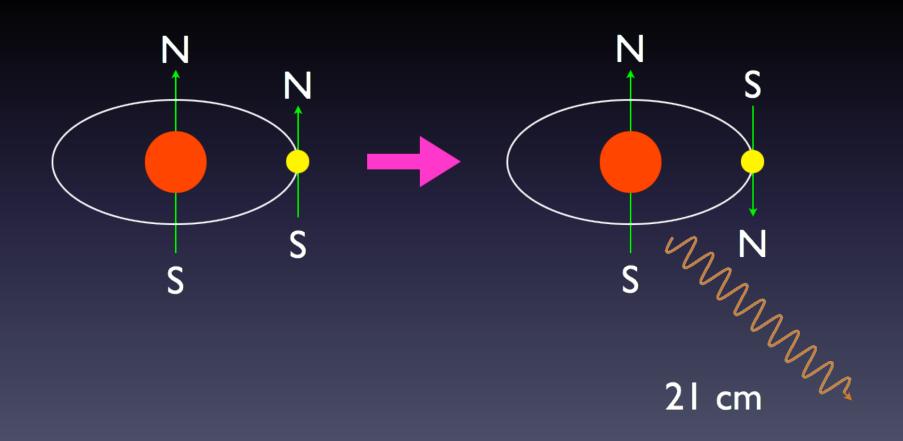
NASA / WMAP Science Team

Baryon Acoustic Oscillations



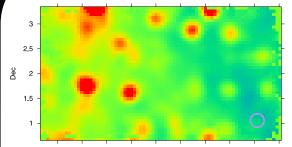
Eisenstein 2004

Wavelength = 21cm Hydrogen Emission



WiggleZ Cross-Correlation

GBT 15hr field (800.4 MHz, z = 0.775)



220 219.5 219 218.5 218 217.5 217 216.5 216 215.5 RA

Masui et al. 2013

•
$$\Omega_{HI} b_{HI} r = [0.43 \pm 0.15(stat.)] \times 10^{-3}$$