

# Searches for rare SM and BSM Higgs decays in ATLAS

**Adriana Milic**

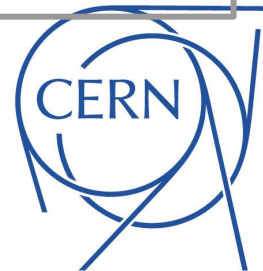
September 20-22, 2021

Higgs Hunting 2021 - Paris, France

On behalf of the ATLAS collaboration



UNIVERSITY OF  
TORONTO

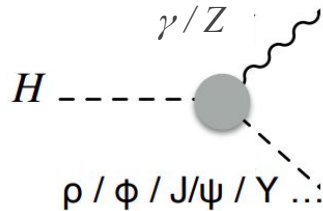


# Overview of rare and exotic Higgs decays

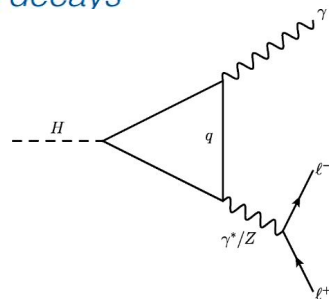
- Decays via loops,  $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$
- Decays to mesons,  $H \rightarrow M\gamma$
- Direct decays to fermions and bosons

- $H \rightarrow aa, H \rightarrow Za$  decays
- Lepton Flavor Violating (LFV) Higgs decays
- Higgs decays to long-lived particles
- Invisible decays,  $BR(H \rightarrow \text{invisible}) < 9\%$

## Rare Higgs decays

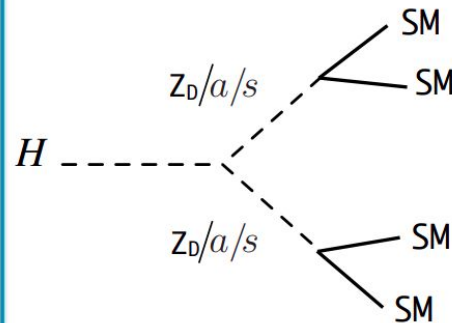


Sensitivity still several orders of magnitude above SM predictions  
 ➔ **Detection would imply BSM!**

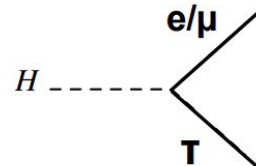


**$H \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$  evidence!**

## Exotic Higgs decays



## Lepton flavor violating decays



# Analyses covered in this talk

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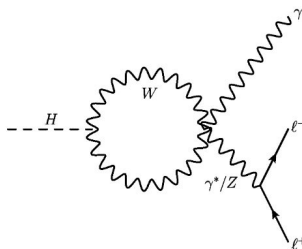
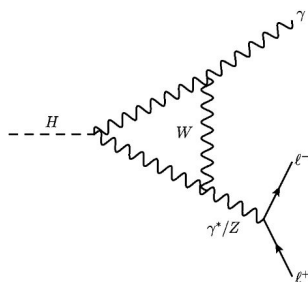
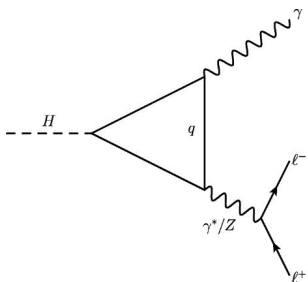
- **Rare Higgs decays**
  - $H \rightarrow ll\gamma$ 
    - Low mass ( $m_{ll} < 30 \text{ GeV}$ )
    - $H \rightarrow Z\gamma \rightarrow ll\gamma$
- **BSM Higgs decays**
  - $H \rightarrow \text{long-lived particles}$
  - $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bb\mu\mu$
  - $H \rightarrow aa$  summary plots

All analyses from 2021  
and using  $139^{-1} \text{ fb!}$

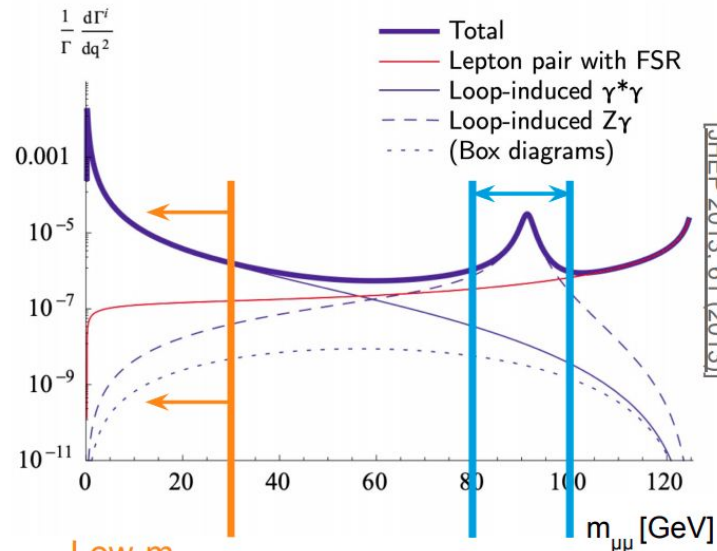
# Rare Higgs decays

# $H \rightarrow ll\gamma$

- $H \rightarrow ll\gamma$  decays explored where  $l = e, \mu$
- Analyses separated in
  - Low-mass  $m_{ll} < 30 \text{ GeV}$
  - $m_{ll}$  close to **Z peak**



[Phys. Lett. B 819 \(2021\) 136412](#)

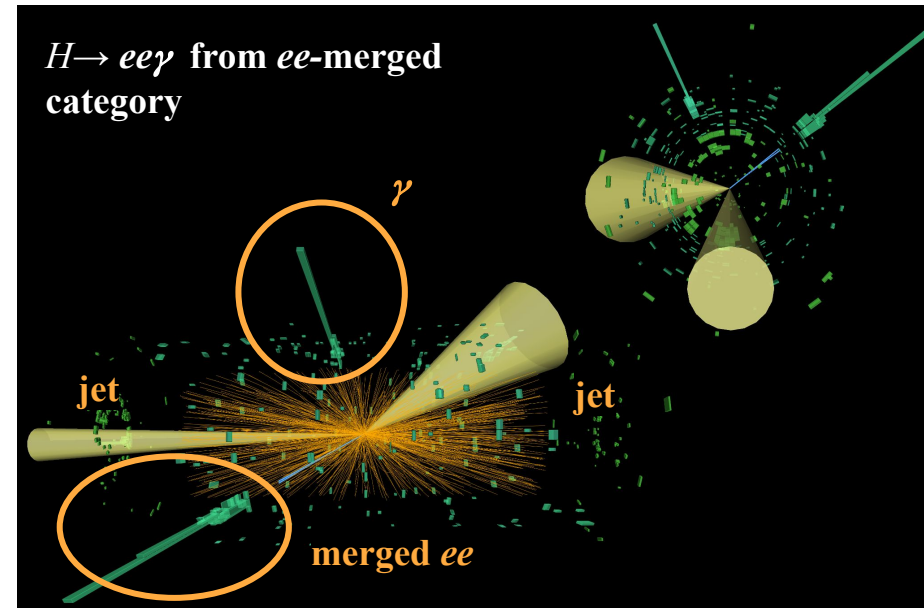


Low- $m_{ll}$   
 $H \rightarrow ll\gamma$ :  
 $m_{ll} < 30 \text{ GeV}$

$H \rightarrow Z\gamma \rightarrow ll\gamma$  is  
concentrated  
around Z peak  
 $m_{ll} = 91.2 \pm \sim 10 \text{ GeV}$

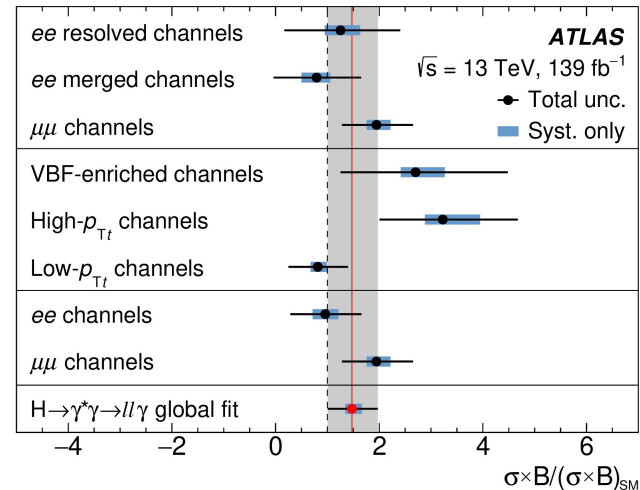
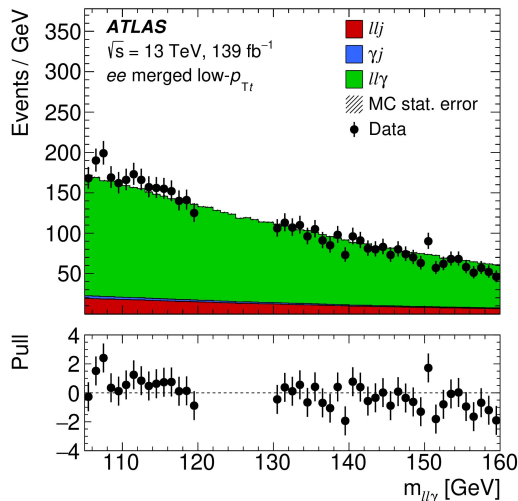
# Low $m_{ll} H \rightarrow ll\gamma$

- Electron channel experimentally challenging due to **low invariant mass of electron pair and high pair  $p_T$**
- Electrons **collimated and merge** in the EM calorimeter
- **Special trigger for merged electrons** with relaxed shower shape cuts deployed
- Dedicated **merged electrons calibration** procedure and identification algorithms used



# Low $m_{ll} H \rightarrow ll\gamma$

- Event categorization based on lepton flavor and topology.
- Background shapes taken from templates and modeled using analytical functions
  - $ll\gamma$  taken from MC
  - $\gamma + jets$  and  $ll + jet$  taken from data template.

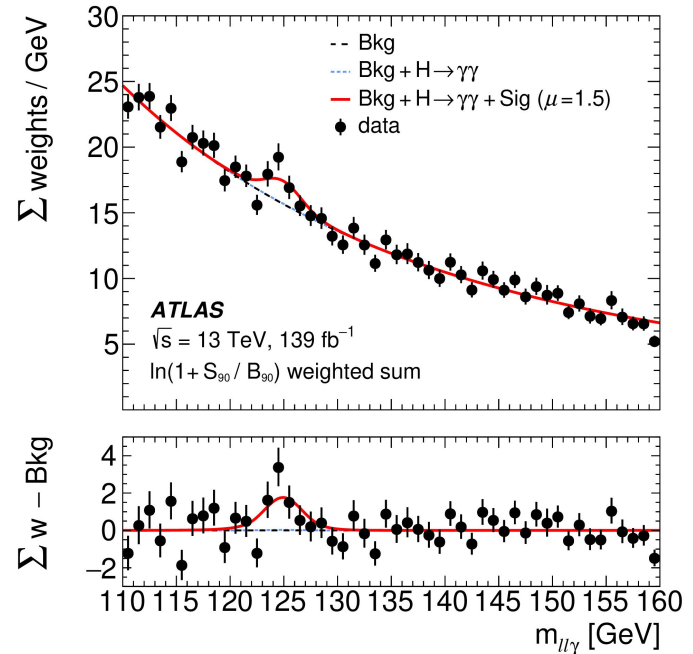


Best-fit values of **signal strength parameters** in fits for the different event categories.

$$\mu = 1.5 \pm 0.5 = 1.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ (stat.) } {}^{+0.2}_{-0.1} \text{ (syst.)}$$

# Low $m_{ll}$ $H \rightarrow ll\gamma$

- First evidence for  $H \rightarrow ll\gamma$ !
  - $3.2 \sigma$  observed,  $2.1 \sigma$  expected
  - $\text{xsec} \times \text{BR} = 8.7^{+2.8}_{-2.7} \text{ fb}$
- Search statistically limited (syst. uncertainty 35% of stat. uncertainty)

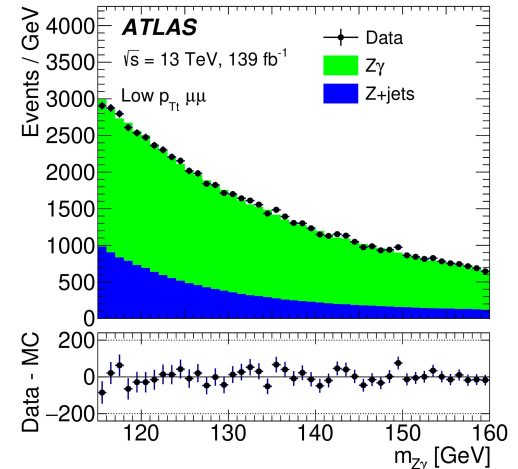
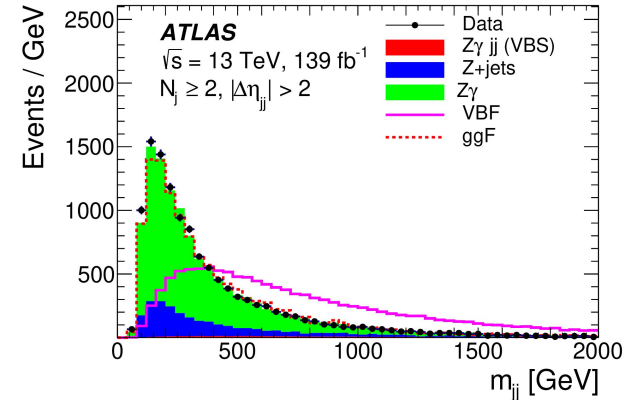


[\*Phys. Lett. B 819 \(2021\) 136412\*](#)



# $H \rightarrow Z\gamma \rightarrow ll\gamma$

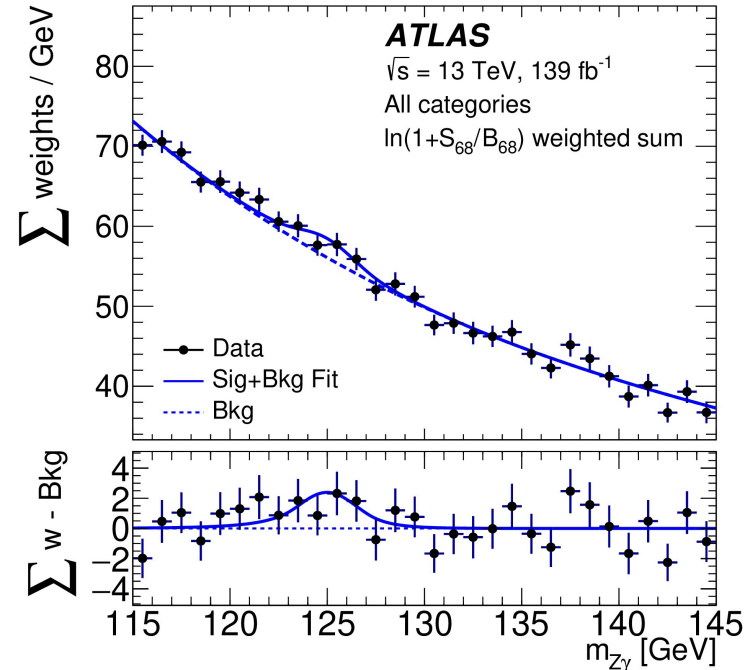
- Event selection
  - Choose events with  $e^+e^-$  or  $\mu^+\mu^-$  and one  $\gamma$
  - $80 \text{ GeV} < m_{ll} < 101 \text{ GeV}$  for  $Z$  candidate
  - $105 \text{ GeV} < m_{Z\gamma} < 160 \text{ GeV}$  for **Higgs** candidate
  - Five cut-based event categories, one **BDT based categorization** of VBF like events
- Fit  $m_{ll\gamma}$  with signal + background functions
  - Signal: fit with double-sided crystal ball function
  - Background shape extracted and modeled using analytical functions
    - $Z\gamma$  and  $Z\gamma jj$  from MC
    - $Z+jets$  from data template



# $H \rightarrow Z\gamma \rightarrow ll\gamma$

- Result is dominated by **statistical uncertainty**
  - **Low BR and high irreducible background**
- **$2.2 \sigma$**  significance observed,  **$1.2 \sigma$**  expected
- Observed 95% CL upper limit on production xsec  
 $\sigma(pp \rightarrow H) \cdot BR(H \rightarrow Z\gamma)$ :  $3.6 \times \text{SM}$  ( $2.6$  expected)
- Signal strength:

$$2.0 \pm 0.9 \text{ (stat.)}^{+0.4}_{-0.3} \text{ (syst)} = 2.0^{+1.0}_{-0.9}$$



[\*Phys. Lett. B 809 \(2020\) 135754\*](#)

# Exotic Higgs decays

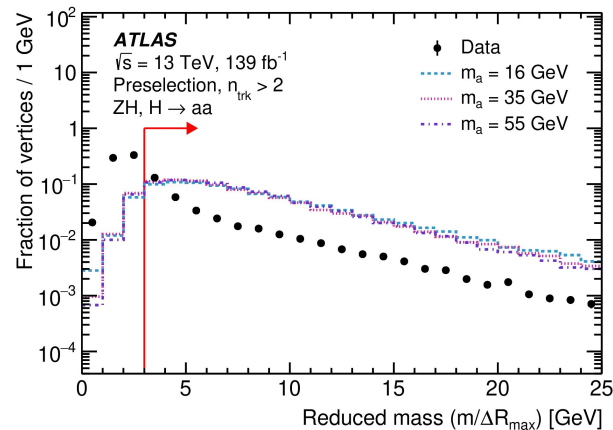
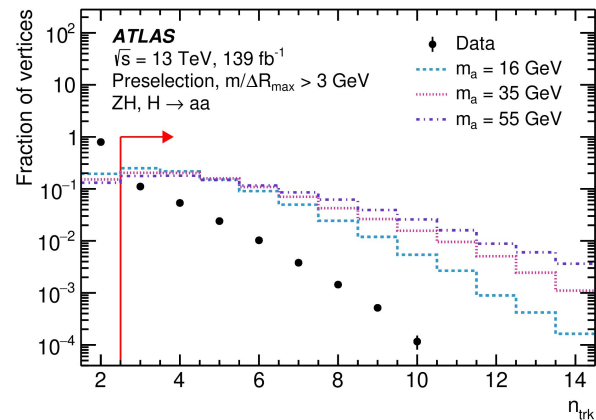
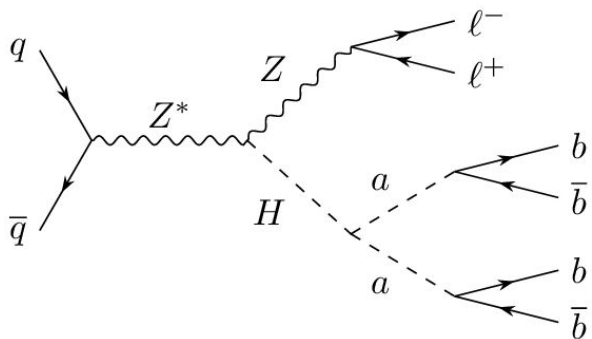
# $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4b$ ( $a$ long-lived)

- **Event selection**

- At least **two displaced vertices** in inner detector with high mass and track multiplicity
- **Two leptons** from  $Z$  decay

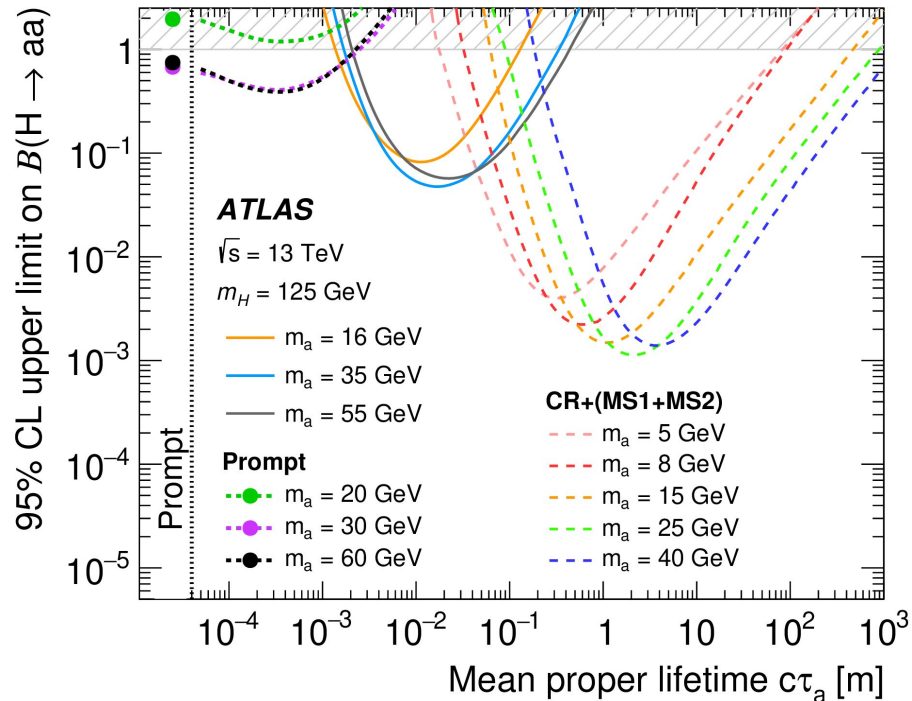
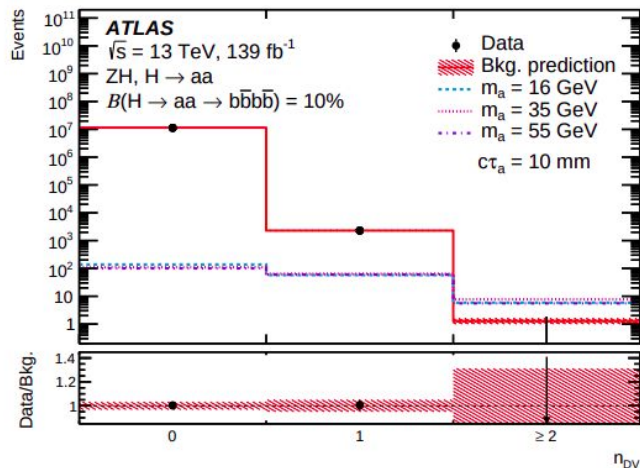
- **Displaced Vertex (DV) reconstruction**

- **Specialized tracking algorithm (LRT)** that increases efficiency for particles produced at high radius employed
- Cutting on two variables to remove background
  - Number of tracks  $n_{trk} > 3$  from the DVs
  - Reduced mass  $m/\Delta R_{max} > 3 \text{ GeV}$



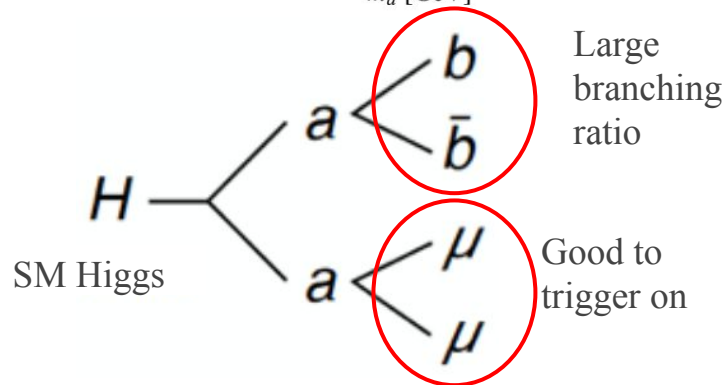
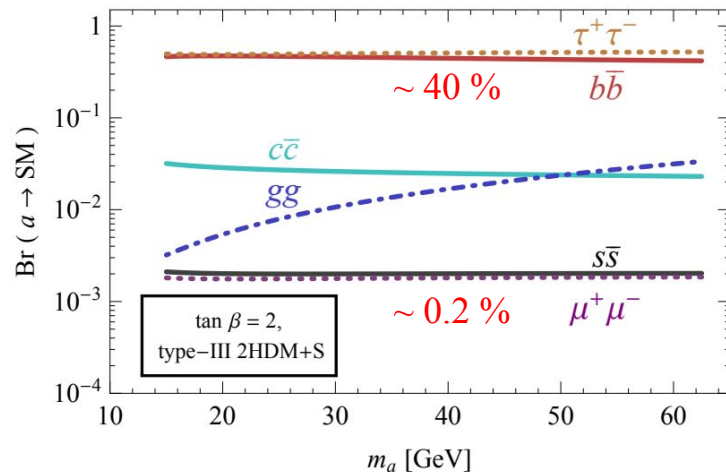
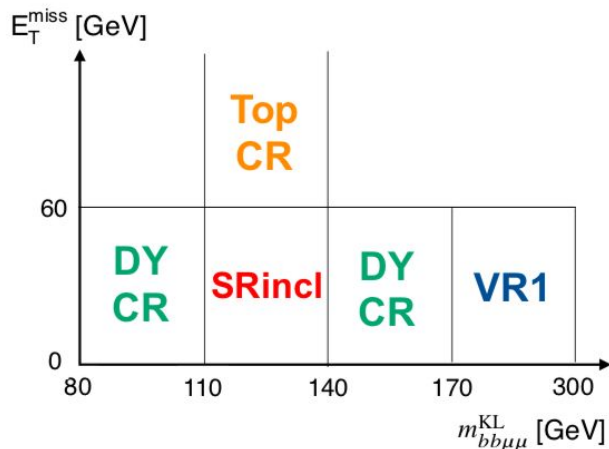
# $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4b$ ( $a$ long-lived)

- Background estimated from CR with  $n_{DV} < 2$ 
  - Extrapolated to SR using the probability  $P_{DV}$  to fake a DV (depending on jet  $p_T$  and b-tagging score)
- No events observed in SR
- Limits set on  $BR(H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bbbb)$



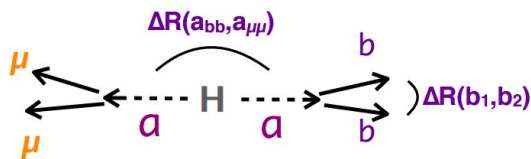
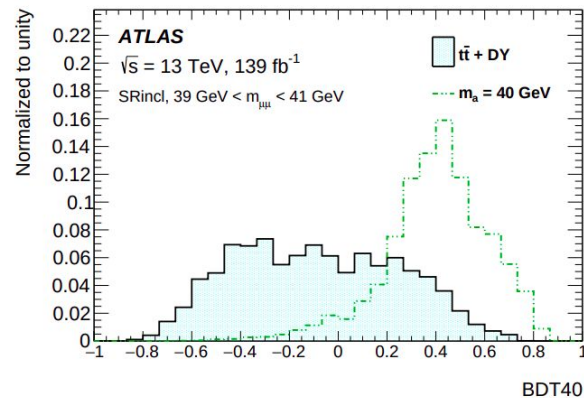
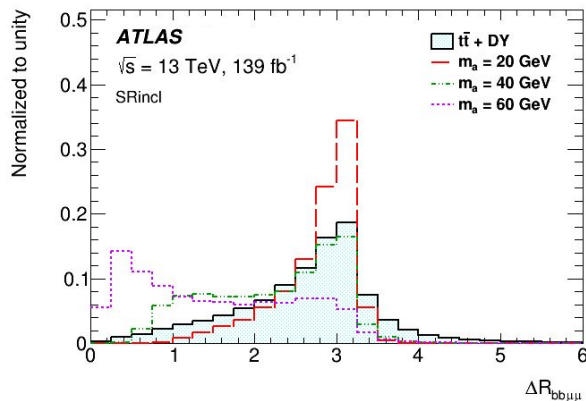
# $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bb\mu\mu$

- Large BR from  $bb$ , clean signature from  $\mu\mu$
- **Main backgrounds**
  - **ttbar**: obtained from simulation.
  - **Drell-Yan**: estimated from data driven method.

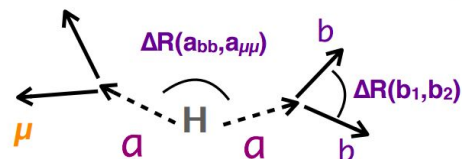


$$H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bb\mu\mu$$

- Train BDTs to separate signal from backgrounds.
- Several input variables go into BDT training.
- Separate BDTs trained for different signals.



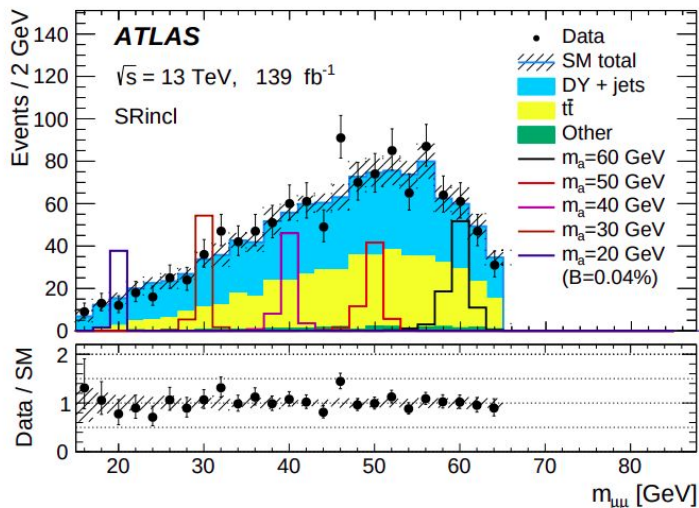
low-mass topology



high-mass topology

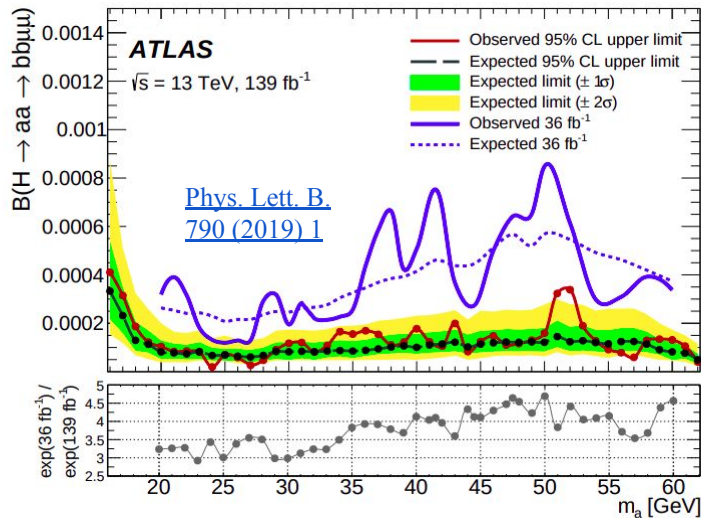
# $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bb\mu\mu$

- Looking for excess in  $m_{\mu\mu}$  distribution.



[ATLAS-CONF-2021-009](#)

September 21, 2021



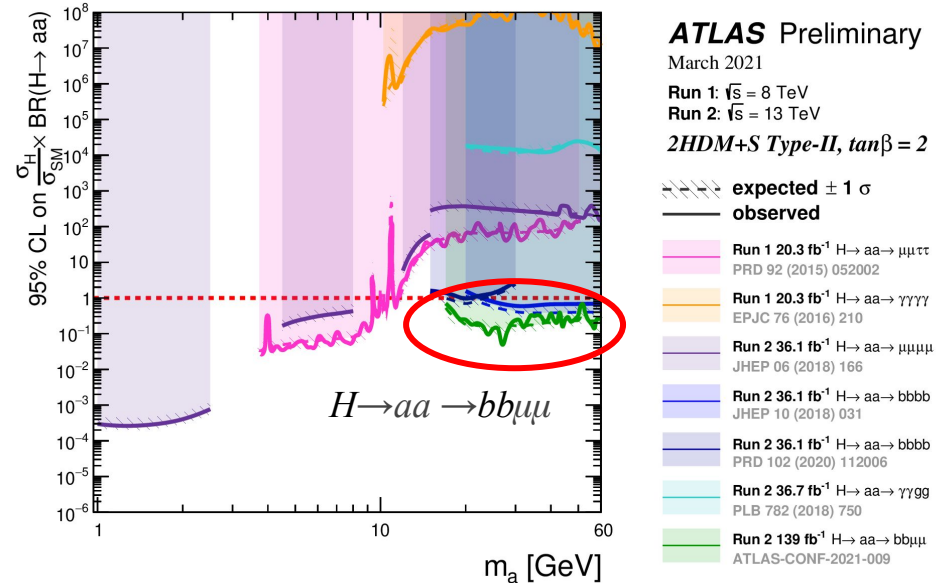
- Limit significantly improved wrt. 36  $\text{fb}^{-1}$
- ➔ Factor  $\sim 2$  from increased luminosity
- ➔ Factor  $\sim 2$  from employing BDTs
- Excess of  $3.3\sigma$  ( $1.7\sigma$ ) local (global) observed at  $m_a = 52 \text{ GeV}$

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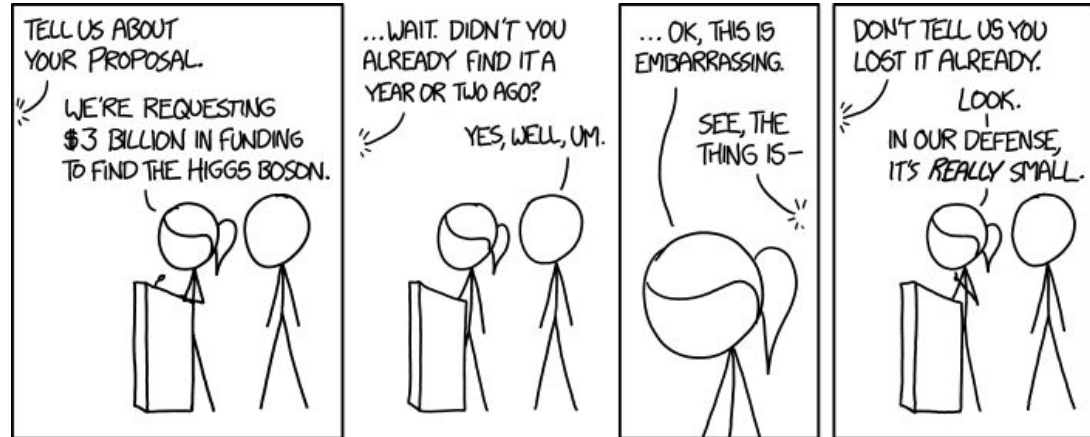
# $H \rightarrow aa$ summary plots

- Model independent limits on  $BR(H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow xx yy)$  (from [1312.4992](#) & [1802.0215](#)) translated into limits on  $BR(H \rightarrow aa)$
- For this plot particular **2HDM + S** scenario that determines  $BR(aa \rightarrow xx yy)$  was assumed.
- $\tan\beta$  = ratio of vacuum expectation values of the 2 Higgs-doublet



[ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-008](#)

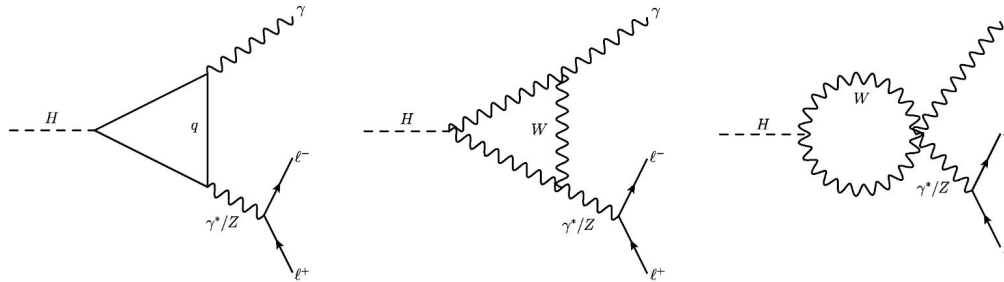
- With Run 2 data it is possible to start exploring rare Higgs decays.
  - Low  $m_H H \rightarrow ll\gamma$  showed first evidence of  $H \rightarrow ll\gamma$  decay at  $3.2 \sigma$
  - $H \rightarrow Z\gamma \rightarrow ll\gamma$  still very statistically limited
- $H \rightarrow aa, H \rightarrow Za$  decays
  - Started exploring **long-lived decays** in this category.
  - $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bb \mu\mu$  improved limit by factor of 4 (due to higher luminosity and usage of multivariate techniques)
  - No significant excess observed.
- For Run 3 more data will be available to
  - Probe **Higgs boson properties** more precisely.
  - Search for **BSM couplings**



# Backup

# $H \rightarrow ll\gamma$

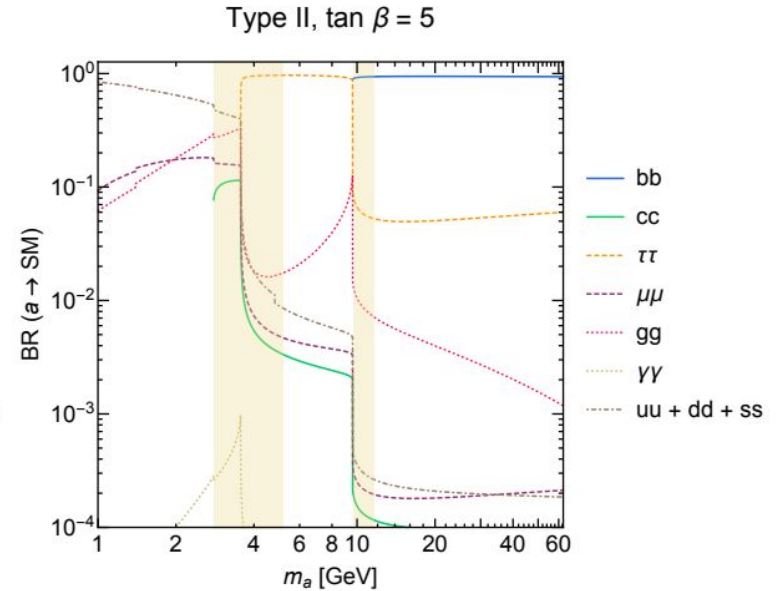
- $BR_{SM}(H \rightarrow Z\gamma) = (1.54 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-3}$
- Probing this coupling can give a hint to possible extensions of the SM, i.e.
  - The Higgs is a neutral scalar of different origin, or a composite state.
  - There are additional colourless charged scalars, leptons or vector bosons that couple to the Higgs, due to their contributions via loop corrections.
- $H \rightarrow ll\gamma$  dominated by the following diagrams.



[Phys. Lett. B 819 \(2021\) 136412](#)

# 2 $HDM$ + $S$ inspired searches

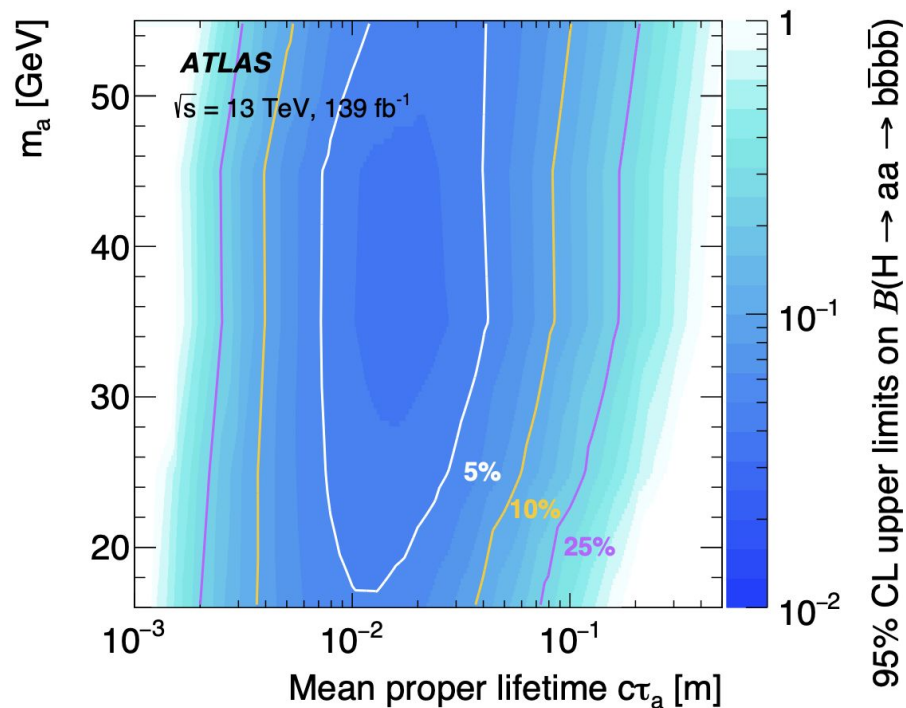
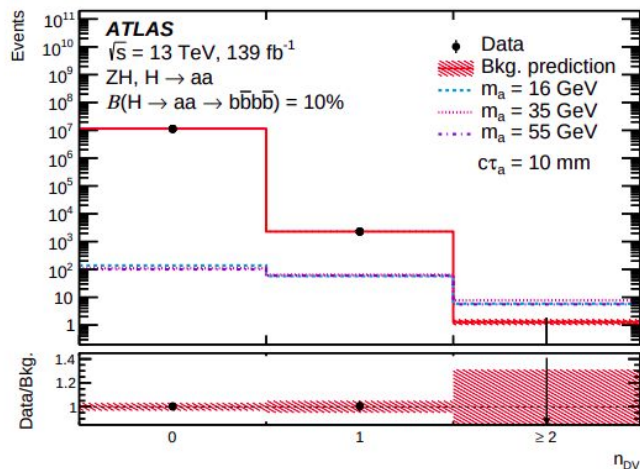
- Mediator is singlet (pseudo)scalar
- Couplings Yukawa-like; proportional to mass
- Large BRs to  $b$ 's and  $\tau$ 's



[1312.4992](#)

# $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4b$ ( $a$ long-lived)

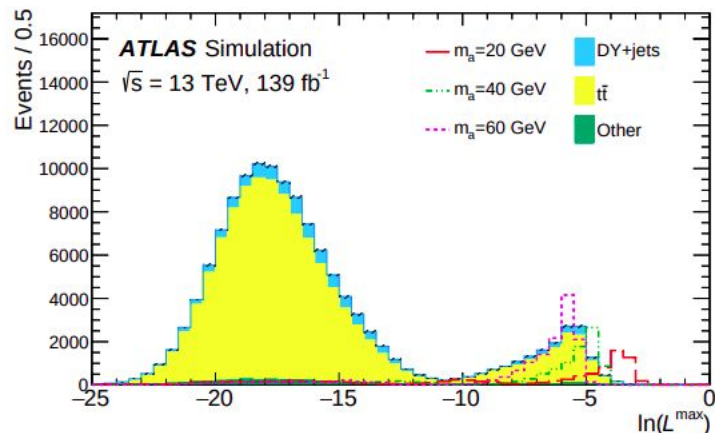
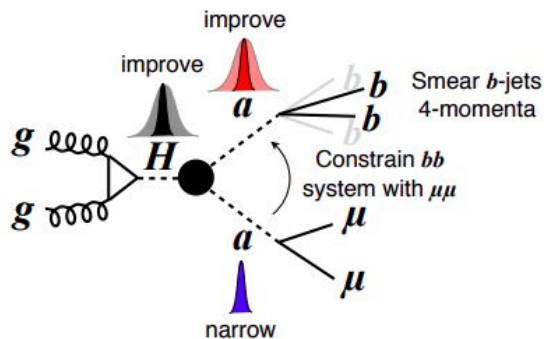
- Background estimated from CR with  $n_{DV} < 2$ 
  - Extrapolated to SR using the probability  $P_{DV}$  to fake a DV (depending on jet  $p_T$  and b-tagging score)
- No events observed in SR
- Limits set on  $BR(H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bbbb)$



$$H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bb\mu\mu$$

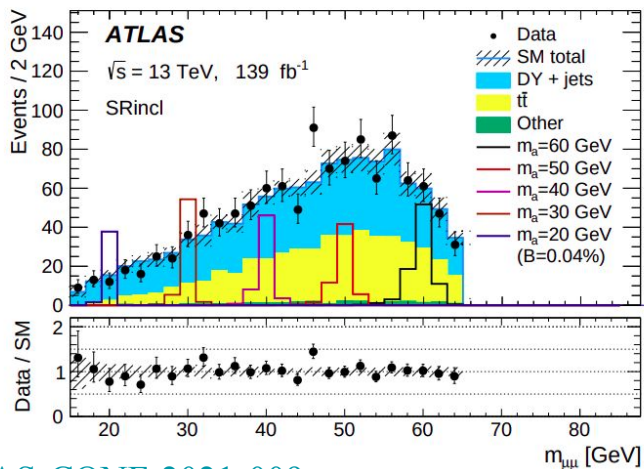
- **Kinematic likelihood (KL) fit**

- Used to constrain the  $m_{bb}$  to the  $m_{\mu\mu}$  mass and improve the resolution of the  $m_{\mu\mu bb}$  peak.



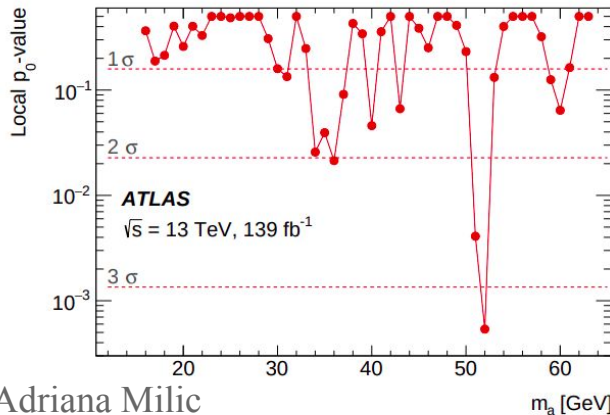
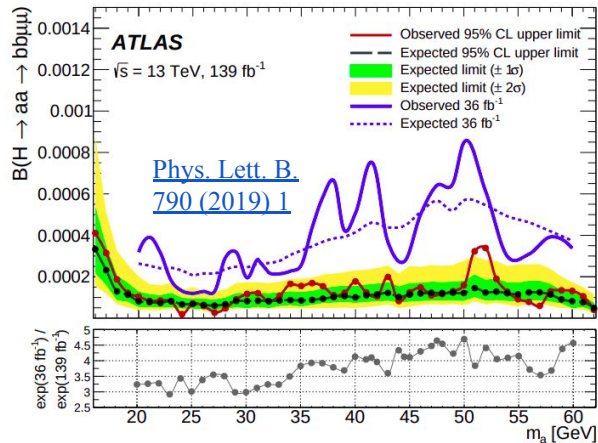
# $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bb\mu\mu$

- Looking for excess in  $m_{\mu\mu}$  distribution.
- Main backgrounds
  - **ttbar**: obtained from simulation.
  - **Drell-Yan**: estimated from data driven method.



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- Limit significantly improved wrt.  $36 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- Factor  $\sim 2$  from increased luminosity
- Factor  $\sim 2$  from employing BDTs
- Excess of  $3.3\sigma$  ( $1.7\sigma$ ) local (global) observed at  $m_a = 52 \text{ GeV}$
- Corresponding to local (global)  $p_0$ -value of 0.0005 (0.048)

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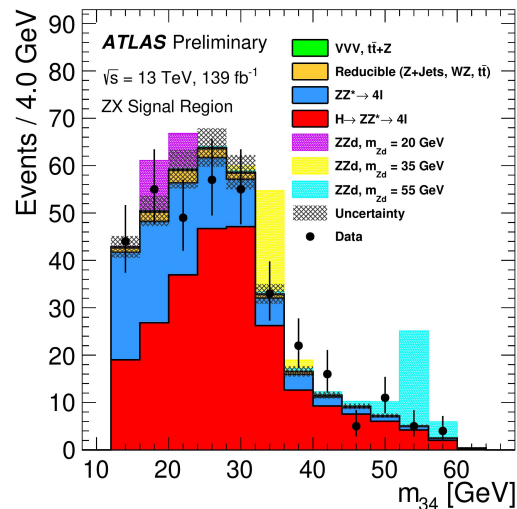
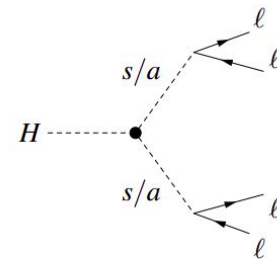
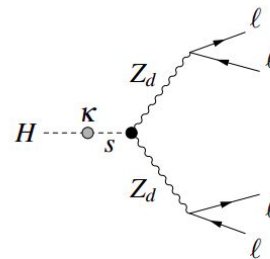
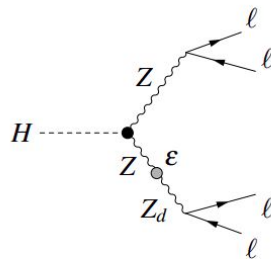


# $H \rightarrow XX/ZX \rightarrow llll$

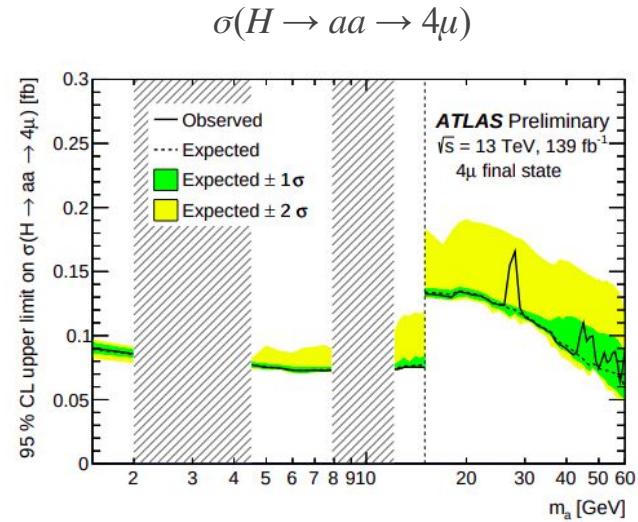
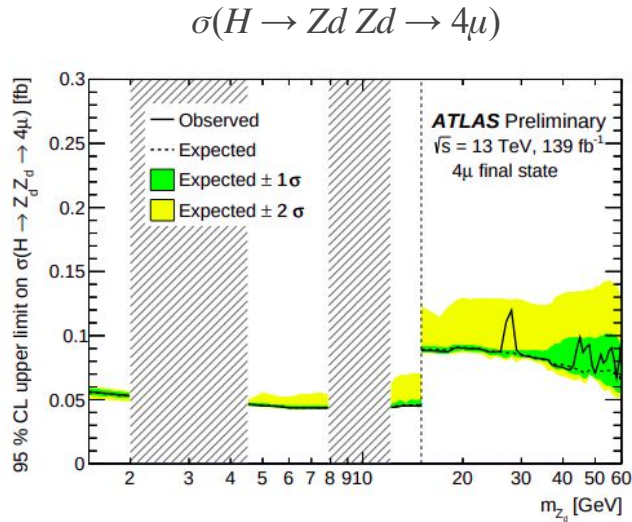
Analysis divided into three channels:

- High-mass (HM):  $H \rightarrow XX \rightarrow 4l$   
( $15 \text{ GeV} < m_X < 60 \text{ GeV}$ )
- Low-mass (LM):  $H \rightarrow XX \rightarrow 4\mu$   
( $1 \text{ GeV} < m_X < 15 \text{ GeV}$ )
- Single Z boson (ZX):  $H \rightarrow ZX \rightarrow 4l$   
( $15 \text{ GeV} < m_X < 55 \text{ GeV}$ ).

- Main background contributions:
  - $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$  (~ 72%)
  - $ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$  (~ 24%)
  - $Z$ +jets estimated from data

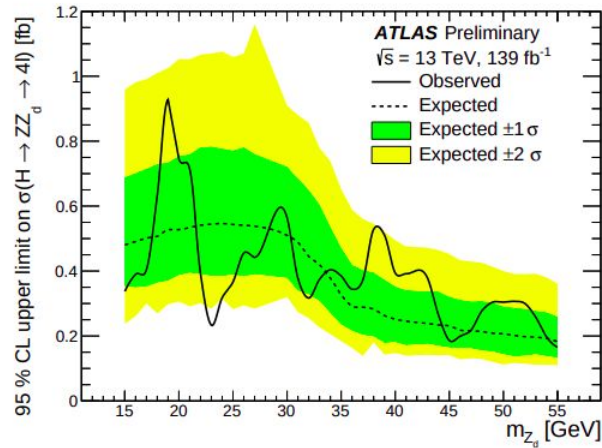


Combined high-mass + low-mass limits on:



Combined high-mass + low-mass limits on:

$$\sigma(H \rightarrow Z_d Z_d \rightarrow 4\mu)$$



$$\sigma(H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4\mu)$$

